

# The Corvallis Times.

WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY.

Vol. XVI--No. 1.

CORVALLIS, OREGON, FEBRUARY, 14, 1903.

B. F. IRVINE  
Editor and Proprietor

## NEW GOODS

Will be arriving all

During February.

We have bought

A Big Line of Dress Goods

In all the New Weaves.

Our Gents Clothing Department

Will be more than doubled. Will carry a larger line in all Departments than ever before. Have

Added 750 Feet Floor Space

And will offer inducements for your trade.

J. H. HARRIS.

## HOME-SEEKERS!

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR SOME REAL good bargains in stock, grain, fruit and poultry Ranches, write for my special list, or come and see me. I shall take pleasure in giving you all the reliable information you wish, also showing you over the country.

HENRY AMBLER,

Real Estate, Loan, and Insurance.  
Philomath, Oregon.

### FAIR MILLIONS

HEIRS OF MRS. CHARLES FAIR TO CARRY SETTLEMENT INTO COURTS.

Discovery of Evidence in Their Favor—Judge Decides Picketing by Strikers is Legal—Eggs Thrown at Women—Other News.

New York, Feb. 11.—A most important point has, according to the American's Paris correspondent, been scored for Mrs. Hannah Nelson, of New Jersey, and the other claimants to the estate of Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Fair by the filing by the United States consul here of the affidavit of Dr. Perriquet, the physician who examined the bodies of the Fairs after the fatal automobile accident, that Charles Fair died before his wife.

This affidavit is at variance with the doctor's original statement that both the Fairs were killed instantaneously and simultaneously, but the doctor now claims that his affidavit is backed up by medical evidence beyond dispute, and it is declared that his first statement was made upon the impulse of the moment, and without regard to the greatness of the interest at stake.

In all there are eleven witnesses whose evidence will be of material use to the contestants for the Fair millions, and the lawyers here say that the proof is incontestable. Several of these witnesses will be sent to New York and the depositions of the others will be sent, properly attested, to the lawyers in that city.

Boulder, Colo., Feb. 11.—Charles J. Smith, half brother of Mrs. Chas. Fair, who with her husband, was killed in an automobile accident in Paris, says that the compromise arranged between his mother, Mrs. Nelson and Mrs. Herman Oelrichs and Mrs. Vanderbilt, sisters of Charles Fair, and in possession of the estate of Mr. Fair, will be reopened on the ground that Mrs. Nelson was influenced through fraud and false representation into accepting the settlement. Mr. Smith asserts that his mother was very ill and in no condition to transact business when she went to San Francisco after her daughter's death and that it was falsely represented to her that cablegrams had been received to the effect that Mrs. Fair and her husband died at the same time, whereas it is known, Mr. Smith declares, that Mrs. Fair lived 30 minutes after Mr. Fair had passed away.

Mr. Smith declared that the case would be fought to the end. His family proposes to have its share of the Fair estate, all that Charles Fair was entitled to or nothing. He announced his intention of applying for a new appraisement of the estate. Mr. Smith also said that the sale of certain property at Riverside, N. Y., would be contested because Mrs. Fair did not join in the transfer.

Mr. Smith promises great surprises to the other side when affidavits taken from Mrs. Fair's maid, the chauffeur, the gatekeeper and the people living at the house where Mrs. Fair was taken after the accident was made public.

New York, Feb. 11.—Supreme Justice Gainer, sitting in Brooklyn, has ruled that a police officer has no right to arrest a strike picket who is not obstructing the streets or interfering with public traffic. The opinion was rendered in a suit for damages brought by James M. Flanagan, a labor union member, against two policemen who had arrested him at different times while he was on picket duty in front of a Brooklyn factory in which there was a strike. The justice said to the jury:

"This man says he was a picket for a labor union. He has a right to be, under the law. Capital has a right to organize, and so has labor. It is not an obstruction of the highway to go about in the streets or to stop in it.

Lynn, Mass., Feb. 11.—Eggs flew thick and fast last night when about a dozen women stitchers brought here by the Boot & Shoeworkers' Union to take the places

of Knights of Labor stitchers, who are on strike at the George F. Nicholson Company's factory, left work to go to their boarding places. The women left the factory under escort of the union cutters, and all at once were surrounded by a crowd of men and boys. The police anticipating trouble at other places, were not near the Nicholson factory, and the women and their escorts ran quite a distance in the shower of eggs. The crowd melted away as soon as the police appeared.

Washington, Feb. 12.—Twenty-nine of the 45 states have declared through their legislatures in favor of direct election of United States senators.

If 30 states demand it, congress must call a constitutional convention on the question; but all 30 states must make the demand in one year.

The question has come up in the senate in the form of resolutions, but a direct vote has been dodged, or the resolution has been buried in the committee, or the issue has been confused with others so as to insure its defeat.

When Senator Mitchell was a member of the committee on privileges and elections he tried to secure a vote on the question. When he returned after an interval he was refused a place on that committee because of his known advocacy of direct election.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Senator Mitchell continues to improve. He is gaining strength, and was able to sit up longer today than yesterday. He is still prohibited from attending to his correspondence or from receiving visitors.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Germany has renounced the agreement made by her representatives at Washington, and demands a cash payment of \$340,000 from Venezuela, or a lien on the customs receipts of one Venezuelan port, as a condition of raising the blockade.

Mr. Bowen says that, if Germany is willing to go on record as repudiating her agreement, he is willing to pay this sum when the protocol is signed.

Great Britain and Italy stand by their agreement to accept \$5,500 each on signing the protocol, and regret Germany's action.

The action of the German foreign office is said to be due to a misunderstanding of the agreement made at Washington.

Minister Bowen denies that he receives any compensation for his services to Venezuela, saying that only his expenses are paid.

Pittsburg, Penn., Feb. 11.—The building of the new bridge across the East River at Hell Gate, N. Y., by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, was made public last night by Colonel Joseph U. Crawford, engineer of the branch lines of the Pennsylvania system. It is estimated that the new bridge will cost over \$8,000,000. When work will be started has not yet been definitely decided on. It will require about three years to complete the work.

The bridge and its approaches will be two miles long. The central span will be 840 feet in length. The bridge will be erected 135 feet above the water. It will extend from Port Morris, Harlem, to Randall's Island, thence to Ward's Island and from that point to Long Island where the Pennsylvania lines will be connected with the New York & Hartford railroad. This connection will form a direct line between the New England and Middle Western states. Most of the structural steel will come from Pittsburg and 61,000,000 pounds of steel will be required. This alone will cost over \$3,250,000.

Springfield, Mass., Feb. 11.—Mrs. C. C. Chaffee died in this city today, aged 83 years. She was the widow of the late Dr. C. C. Chaffee, and was at one time the owner of the slave Dred Scott, over whom the famous legal controversy was waged which practically annulled the Missouri Compromise.

Salem, Feb. 11.—The Dalles-Celilo portage railway bill passed the Senate yesterday with practically no opposition, and as soon as the bill is enrolled it will go before the Governor for his approval.

No one spoke a word against the measure, and only four Senators voted "no"—Daly, Miller, Smith of Yamhill and President Brownell.

### PATTI'S PAY.

FAMOUS DIVA IS TO SING IN AMERICA AT FIVE THOUSAND A NIGHT.

And Additional Percentage of Receipts—The Ex-slave Pension Bill—Hooper Young Pleads Guilty—Other News.

London, Feb. 9.—It is learned that \$300,000 is the guarantee that induced Mme. Patti to sign a contract with Mr. Grau for a six-months' concert tour in America next fall. By the terms of the agreement the famous diva is to appear in 60 concerts, for each of which she is to receive \$5,000, and an additional 50 per cent of the receipts over \$7,500 for a concert. The sum of \$10,000 has been deposited in a London bank by Mr. Grau's representative to bind the contract.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The bill to pension ex-slaves was drawn and indorsed by the Afro American League, recently in session here.

The bill provides that ex-slaves less than 50 years of age shall receive \$4 a month; between 50 and 60 years \$100 cash and \$8 dollars a month; between 60 and 70 years, \$300 cash and \$12 per month, and over 70 years, \$500 cash and \$15 per month. There is no chance that the bill will pass.

New York, Feb. 9.—William Hooper Young submitted a plea of guilty of murder in the second degree when his trial was resumed this morning.

The court accepted the plea immediately and passed sentence. Young was sentenced to life imprisonment.

The change of plea came as a surprise to the entire court this morning. Young, when brought in, appeared pale and haggard.

Attorney Hart said his client was ready to submit a plea of guilty in a lesser degree than the first. The accused man was removed to the jury room and Attorneys Hart and Jerome held a consultation. After a short conference Jerome said he was willing to accept a plea of guilty of murder in the second degree.

Young was then brought in. He immediately pleaded guilty to murder in the second degree.

The jury was then excused and the prisoner called to his feet for sentence. Young was sentenced to life imprisonment at hard labor in Sing Sing.

It is believed that the change of action by Young was due to the influence of Mrs. Willard who arrived from her home in Loomis, Wash., on Saturday.

Seattle, Feb. 9.—William Hooper Young, now on trial for the murder of Mrs. Anna Palitzer in New York, is well known here and in Portland. He was formerly connected with the Court News, a weekly publication of doubtful character, which was suppressed by ex-Chief of Police Meredith, who was later murdered by John Conside. Hooper was the advertising solicitor, and it is claimed that he

had the levying of blackmail in charge for the paper. The paper was run, so the police state, solely for the purpose of blackmailing citizens.

Young was a tall fellow, with stooped shoulders. He had the facial appearance of being afflicted with consumption, and he coughed and acted as one stricken with that dread disease. He is the last man one would suspect of a dastardly murder like that with which he is charged. He was a man of very few words, and seemed to live apart from those with whom he was associated. He was rather inclined to be eccentric, and expressed peculiar views on subjects of religion.

New York, February 12.—Concerning the great increase in the number of divorces, the World says editorially:

"Its mills are slowly but surely grinding the domestic altars of the nation. Husband and wife are separated on the most flimsy pretenses. And as if the different states of the Union were not sufficiently accommodating in this respect, South Dakota has the unenviable distinction of granting a divorce for the mere asking of it, on the sole condition of a brief sojourn within her borders."

The imperative need of a system of uniform laws on the subjects of marriage and separation could not be declared more tersely or forcefully. It is too late to stop divorce, even were such a step advisable. It is high time to adopt such general regulations that "flimsy pretenses" will no longer avail in any courts in the union—regulations which may even serve to prevent many hasty and therefore unwise marriages.

One has not far to look for evidence which seems to justify the severe words of the cardinal. New Hampshire, to take the example of a single state, has increased her divorces three-fold in twenty-two years without changing her laws. A young clergyman of the Granite state whose experience is told in the current Pilgrim finds seven couples divorced out of eleven whom he married six years ago in one pastorate.

Rigidly regulated under uniform statutes divorce need be no scourge. Under present conditions its privileges are certainly and dangerously abused.

Chattanooga, Feb. 11.—If Judge Alton B. Parker accepts the invitation that is to be tendered him, a great Southern banquet will be given here in his honor at a date to suit his pleasure. It is intended that the banquet shall voice the sentiment of the Southern democracy, and that reason, the governors of Tennessee, Kentucky, Missouri, Arkansas, Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, Florida, North and South Carolina and Virginia will be invited to be present. In addition, a number of Southern senators will be invited.

So strong is the movement here for Judge Parker that the Hamilton county democratic club is also planning to give a banquet in his honor.

For Sale: Choice clover seed, in any quantity at 12 cents per pound. Corvallis Flouring Mills.



### Watches, Clocks and Jewelry

I have watches from one dollar up; gold, gold filled, silver, silverline and cheap ones for the boys. Rings of all kinds—Wedding rings, set rings, band rings.

If you are having trouble with your eyes or glasses and have tried all the so-called traveling opticians without success, come and see me, get a fit that's guaranteed and by one who will always be on hand to make good his guarantee.

Notice—After Feb. 1st the store will close at 6:30 p. m. except Saturdays.

PRATT,  
The Jeweler and Optician.



### DON'T CRY!

We are sure we can match it if your china gets broken, and it won't cost you much either. We have so many patterns and designs to select from that if your china or glassware porcelain, or crockery gets demolished you can buy a new supply from our fine sets, and from our open stock, at prices you couldn't begin to match a year ago.

P. M. ZIEROLF.

Times Office for Job Printing.

### THE OLD RELIABLE

# ROYAL



# BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE