

# The Corvallis Times.

WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY.

Vol. XV.--No. 50.

CORVALLIS, OREGON, JANUARY 28, 1903.

R. F. IRVINE  
Editor and Proprietor.

1902.

During above year our sales exceeded the sales of any previous year. To make

1903

Our banner year we propose to start the first month by an increase in trade by making

A Sweeping Reduction In Our Entire Stock.

BIG LINE OF GOODS TO SELECT FROM. MAKE THIS YOUR MONTH TO BUY STAPLES, ETC.

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IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR SOME REAL good bargains in stock, grain, fruit and poultry Ranches, write for my special list, or come and see me. I shall take pleasure in giving you all the reliable information you wish, also showing you over the country.

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### CONZALES ATTACK.

WHAT HIS NEWSPAPER SAID THAT BROUGHT ON TILLMANS TERRIBLE REVENGE.

Boy Sent by Freezing Mother to Pick up Coal—Shot in Back by Railroad Watchman—Panama Canal Treaty Signed—Other News.

Columbia, S. C. Jan. 25.—The fatal shooting of editor Gonzales by Lieutenant Governor Tillman, recalls the terrible newspaper attack recently made on the latter by the Columbia State, owned and edited by Gonzales.

On Aug. 25, 1902, the day before the primary election, the State said: "It was necessary that Jim Tillman, who two years ago succeeded in getting himself elected Lieutenant-Governor because the majority of voters did not know his character, should this year have his character made known, when his candidacy for Governor menaced South Carolina with supreme injury and disgrace.

"The interest of the public having been concentrated in 1900 on the fight for the Governorship, he literally lied his way into the secondary office, and it was somebody's duty to stand forth and show his falsity and depravity. The State Senate has missed its opportunity and resigned its right to do this, and on the hustings a new rule of courtesy had been adopted, whereby the worst and most indefensible man who ever sought the Democratic nomination in South Carolina was exempt from a custom of criticism which had not spared the best of gubernatorial candidates since the primary system was adopted.

"Therefore it was obvious if the press were not to undertake the duty it would not be performed; that the name and methods which had won at the last might win again and Carolina be cursed with blackguardism, debauchery and dishonesty in her highest and most responsible office.

"It happened that the State possessed larger proofs of the criminality of James H. Tillman than any other newspaper, and although it would have preferred for tactical reasons, and knowing the verbal unpleasantry of an issue with a blackguard, to second the efforts of another journal rather than take the initiative. Its knowledge of the case prompted it after months of reticence and the actual opening of the campaign to bring out the facts it held in store."

Chicago, Jan. 24.—Martin J. Ward was a little hasty in his act, which in all probability will cost William Stehne, or his life. The victim, who is only 12 years old, lies in the Alexian Brothers' Hospital with a big bullet in him that the surgeons have been unable to find. He was shot in the back.

The man who shot him, was employed as a watchman by the Chicago & Northwestern Railway. He is in jail at the Sheffield-avenue station and is glad to be in jail. It would be perilous for Ward to appear in the neighborhood of 518 Wolfram street, where the boy lived. The people thereabout show an ugly temper. The Stohmeyers are poor.

To keep his mother and the children from further suffering from the cold the boy went to the railway tracks to pick up coal. He was busy at it when he saw the officer and ran. Ward fired one shot. At the crack of the revolver the child pitched upon his face and was still.

Ward went to him and was stooping over him when angry citizens, who had seen the tragedy, rushed at him. Then Ward ran.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The text of the Panama Canal treaty was made public by the senate yesterday.

Columbia grants the United States a zone six miles wide, with the ports of Colon and Panama and guarantees title against all other concessions.

All material, machinery and men are to be admitted free of duty and port dues.

The United States is given power to preserve order in the canal zone and to protect the canal, and for that purpose is to create tribunals.

The canal is to be neutral in perpetuity. Colombia has the right to transport vessels, troops and munitions of war free of charge; also its government employes and police.

The sovereignty of Colombia over the canal zone is reserved.

Colombia agrees not to cede or lease to any foreign power any islands or ports adjacent to the canal terminals, and the United States agrees to give material support to prevent their occupation by foreign powers.

Colombia agrees to furnish forces to protect the canal when necessary, but if it cannot do so, the United States shall, when called on by Colombia. In case of imminent danger, the United States may act without first obtaining Colombia's consent.

Work must begin within two years and be completed in 12 years more, but the time may be extended for another 12 years.

The United States is to pay \$10,000,000 in gold on ratification, and \$250,000 a year, beginning nine years later.

A joint commission is to establish regulations to govern the canal zone.

New York, Jan. 23.—An action is to be brought into the courts here to have the 18-story structure occupying the "V" formed by the crossing of Broadway and Fifth avenue, at Twenty-third street, and known as the "Flat-iron building," declared a public and private nuisance. The complainant is the occupier of a store on Broadway, opposite the high building, whose plate-glass windows have been broken twice by the wind during the past three months. In his complaint he holds the building responsible for the antics of the wind, the current striking the structure and being deflected to the streets and against his windows. Among witnesses will be experts on air currents, architects and people who, in passing have been roughly handled by the wind, some being thrown to the sidewalk. Mr. Vincent also asks damages for losses on stock, and for loss of business, alleging that people avoid the vicinity since the building was erected and the wind commenced its pranks.

Philadelphia, Jan. 23.—Dr. Leonard Pierson, dean of the veterinary department of the University of Pennsylvania, today announced that experiments covering a period of more than two years had proved conclusively that cattle may be rendered immune from tuberculosis by vaccination. The experiments, Dr. Pierson stated, were conducted by Dr. S. H. Gilliland and himself. The vaccination consisted of injecting into the vein of the animal a small quantity of a preparation of tubercle bacilli, nonvirulent for cattle. This procedure was repeated several times with gradually ascending quantities. The immediate effect was to produce a passing fever following each injection, which did not seriously annoy the animal.

To prove the efficacy of this treatment, four healthy animals were seized, and two were vaccinated. The four were inoculated with virulent tubercle bacilli. At the expiration of nearly a year the inoculated cattle were killed. The two animals that had been vaccinated were perfectly sound, while the unvaccinated animals were extensively tubercular. Dr. Pierson stated that he intends devoting his energies to perfecting the method used in the vaccination.

Charlestown, S. C., Jan. 23.—An earthquake shock was felt here at 11 o'clock tonight. There was one distinct shock, which was not sufficient to cause any damage to property nor to occasion serious alarm. Reports from all points near the city indicate that the shock was felt through Lower South Carolina.

Columbus, S. C., Jan. 23.—A decided earthquake shock was felt in this city and suburbs at 8:56 o'clock tonight.

Augusta, Ga., Jan. 23.—A slight earthquake shock was felt here tonight at 8:13 o'clock. No damage resulted.

### TELLER ELECTED

WOLCOTT CONCEDES THAT CERTIFICATE SHOULD BE ISSUED TO HIM.

The Colorado Senatorial Muddle—Teller Admits That There May be a Contest—Wolcott Asails Both Parties—Other News

Denver, Jan. 24.—At 5 o'clock this afternoon the democratic members of the senate and house of the Fourteenth assembly of Colorado, cast their ballots, 51 in number for Henry M. Teller to succeed himself as United States senator, and he was declared elected by President W. H. Adams, who presided. The result was reached after a week of untiring effort on the part of the democratic leaders, during which many rumors of treachery had been circulated, and many delays had occurred by reason of the absence of rolloft of different members of the assembly.

Since Monday morning the democratic branch of the assembly had been in practically continuous session, and since Wednesday at noon the joint session of the democratic members of both houses has been continuous. From yesterday morning all the democrats were ready to cast their ballots for Mr. Teller except Representative M. J. Madden, of Denver. The absence of Madden was unaccounted for until this afternoon, when it was learned that he was at home ill with grip, and had been forbidden to leave his house by his physician. In spite of his condition, however, he decided to attend this evening, and at the hour named was in his seat and cast his vote for Mr. Teller. There were no republican members of either house present, and the legality of the election is not admitted by republican leaders.

The session today had been uneventful, and when, at 4:45, Representative Madden came into the senate chamber, he was greeted with a burst of applause. This was renewed when, on the rolloft for a ballot, he cast his vote for Mr. Teller, and when the call was finished and the result announced the cheering was prolonged.

Senator Teller was escorted to the platform and expressed his thanks for the patient zeal of his friends, which had won for him a victory. He was elected six years ago by a practically unanimous vote of the legislature, and he disclaimed the belief that any act of his since then had turned the sentiment of the people of Colorado against him.

United States Senator Thomas M. Patterson followed in a speech in which he declared that the democracy of the state is now more closely united than ever before. He declared that he did not think it likely that a contest would be made against Senator Teller.

These speeches were followed by congratulatory remarks from ex-Governors Adams and Thomas C. Hughes, J., and T. J. O'Donnell, all of whom have been talked of as candidates for the senate, and Democratic State Chairman Milton Smith. The joint session then adjourned.

While the election of Senator Teller by the democratic portion of the general assembly has removed one element of uncertainty of the situation, it has not, by any means, cleared the atmosphere. The election is declared illegal by the republican leaders, and the dual senates are still maintained.

The democratic session resumed its session immediately after the adjournment of the joint session, and its leaders announced that they would continue to occupy the senate chamber until Monday morning at least.

As a result of a conference between republican senators and representatives of the two factions, a proposition will be submitted in the House Monday to recognize the republican senate as regular. The Wolcott men hope that a sufficient number of anti-Wolcott republicans will join them in support of this proposition to secure its adoption. In that event it is proposed to hold a joint session of republicans next week to vote upon a United States senator. Should they succeed in

agreeing upon a candidate, he will contest the seat with Mr. Teller.

The secretary of state today recognized the democratic senate as regular by sending it a bill for printing. Republican senators and a committee of five each from the Wolcott and anti-Wolcott factions in the House met in secret conference this afternoon in the supreme court chamber.

The republican senators demanded recognition of their organization, by the House. The members of the House committee said they had no power to bind the House in this matter, but agreed to bring the question before the House at its session Monday morning. The conference adjourned until 4 o'clock Monday afternoon.

Several democratic members of the legislature declared today that overtures on the part of the anti-Wolcott republicans for a change in the situation which would deprive the democrats of the majority, they now hold in the joint assembly by unseating one more democrat have been rejected.

"We have a bare majority and we propose to keep it," said President pro tem. Adams, of the senate. "We started out with a majority of 10, and when the House threw out some of our members we secured a bare majority by unseating members here.

Denver, Jan. 25.—The climax in the senatorial fight in Colorado came tonight, when ex-Senator E. W. Wolcott, the candidate of the so-called "stalwart" wing of the republican party, announced his practical withdrawal from any further contest and urged the people of Colorado to accept the situation as it stands by the election yesterday of Senator Harry M. Teller to succeed himself by the joint session of the democratic senators and representatives. The announcement was made in a signed statement in which Mr. Wolcott charges certain republican leaders associated with the anti-Wolcott forces in the republican ranks with treachery, deliberate and continuous, although he disposes of others of the anti-Wolcott crowd by characterizing them as "dupes" of the main conspirators. He refers to the refusal of the anti-Wolcott members of the House to unseat the democratic members of Arapahoe county and calls it "a crime against the republican party and justice."

Mr. Wolcott declares that Lieutenant Governor Haggott, when he withdrew from the senate chamber and with less than a dozen senators, whose seats were undisputed, organized another senate, was assured of support by his associates in the state government, which support "fell away from him," however.

Continuing, Mr. Wolcott says: "There were three joint sessions of the general assembly. At the last one 51 democrats voted for Teller. No other joint session had been held, and no republicans had voted in a joint session. The election of Mr. Teller was tainted with fraud; first, in the trickery of adjournment by the democrats of the House; second, in the arbitrary and fraudulent expulsion of two legally elected senators. There is, however, now no other legally constituted senate, as might have been but for this conspiracy (referring to the alleged combination between democrats and anti-Wolcott republicans), and it is now too late to undo the wrong, and by unseating the fraudulently elected members from Arapahoe county insure the valid election of a republican senator.

"Wicked and unforgivable as is the wrong done the republican party, yet from the point of view of the highest citizenship there is but one thing to be done and that is for the people to accept the deplorable situation and the Governor of the state to issue a certificate of election to Mr. Teller."

Speaking of Mr. Teller, the ex-senator says that in no sense was he a party to the frauds above referred to, although he was the beneficiary. He pays the following tribute to the senator-elect:

"He has served Colorado nearly a generation at Washington and whatever may be our regret that he no longer marches in the ranks of the party which has so highly honored him, every citizen of the state wishes him health and strength and believes that he is single-minded in his devotion to the material interests of the state."

Mr. Teller left the city last night for his country place at Grand

Concluded on Fourth Page.



## ENGRAVING

HAVING the only facilities in the city for First-Class Engraving, when so desired, all Christmas goods sold by us will be engraved absolutely FREE OF CHARGE.

**BRANT,**  
The Jeweler and Optician.



## DON'T CRY!

We are sure we can match it if your china gets broken, and it won't cost you much either. We have so many patterns and designs to select from that if your china or glassware, porcelain, or crockery gets demolished you can buy a new supply from our fine sets, and from our open stock, at prices you couldn't begin to match a year ago.

Times Office for Job Printing.