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Boys' Suits, \$3.50, other stores sell at \$4.00.

Nobby Line Men's Suits, \$9.75.
Great Line Men's Suits, \$15, others get \$18 Suit.

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Every Pair
Guaranteed.



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Furnish abstracts of title, lend you money and lend your money on first mortgage.
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Will practice in all Courts in the State. Circuit and District Courts of the United States. Insolvent debtors taken through bankruptcy.
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Used to Cramped Quarters.
Husband (inspecting house and lot, with a view to purchase)—The lot is absurdly small, my dear; scarcely big enough for a flower bed.
Wife (fresh from fat)—Er—couldn't we have a folding flower bed?—Smart Set.

Why the Preacher Failed.
"So the Rev. Mr. Goodley was a failure at that church, eh?"
"Yes, he tried to bring the congregation into harmony with his ideas instead of bringing his ideas into harmony with the congregation."—Exchange.

SUMMONS.
Is the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Clackamas.
K. R. Graham, plaintiff,
vs.
F. H. Marley and Jessie K. Marley, defendants.
To P. H. Marley and Jessie K. Marley the above named defendants:
You and each of you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein on or before May 21st, 1903, or judgment for want thereof will be taken against you and each of you in accordance with the relief demanded in plaintiff's complaint. The relief demanded in said complaint being that you and each of you are required to set up in your answer to plaintiff's complaint the exact nature of your adverse claim to the following described property to-wit: The NW 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of Section 18 T. 5. S. R. 1. E., of the Willamette Meridian, also the following described tract in section 13 T. 5. S. R. 1. W. of the W. M. beginning at the S. E. corner of the Wm. Elliot D. L. C. in the east line of said Section 13 and running thence South 14 chains; thence West 7.30 chains; thence North 14 chains; thence East 7.30 chains to the place of beginning in all containing 55.68 acres for a decree of the Court decreeing that plaintiff is the absolute owner in fee of the above described property and every part thereof, and that the defendants be forever barred from claiming any right, title or interest therein, or to any part thereof, and for plaintiff's costs and disbursements of this suit.

That the first publication of this summons is April 9th, 1903, and the last publication thereof is May 21st, 1903.
That this summons is published by order of the Hon. Thos. F. Ryan, County Judge of Clackamas county, in the absence of Hon. Thos. A. McBride Circuit Judge of the 5th Judicial District.
G. B. DIMICK and G. L. STORY, Attorneys for plaintiff.

SUMMONS.
In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Clackamas County.
Isaac S. Miller, Plaintiff,
vs.
Seaver B. Roop, Defendant.
To Seaver B. Roop, defendant above named.
In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled action by the first day of the next term of the above entitled Court, following the expiration of the time prescribed in the order for publication of this summons, which first day will be Monday, the 20th day of April, 1903, and if you fail to so appear and answer, for want thereof plaintiff will apply to said court for the relief demanded in his complaint.

The relief so demanded is a judgment against you for the sum of \$89.41 together with interest thereon at the legal rate from the date of filing of complaint in above entitled action, to-wit, from February 13, 1901, until paid, and for the costs and disbursements of this action.
This summons is published by order of Hon. Thos. F. Ryan, County Judge of said County, in the absence from this County of the Hon. Thos. A. McBride, Judge of the above entitled Court, made and entered on the 9th day of March, 1903, and the date of the first publication of this summons is March 12th, 1903, and the date of the last publication is the 23d day of April, 1903.
O. W. EASTHAM, Attorney for Plaintiff.

SUMMONS.
Is the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Clackamas.
K. R. Graham, plaintiff,
vs.
F. H. Marley and Jessie K. Marley, defendants.
To P. H. Marley and Jessie K. Marley the above named defendants:
You and each of you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein on or before May 21st, 1903, or judgment for want thereof will be taken against you and each of you in accordance with the relief demanded in plaintiff's complaint. The relief demanded in said complaint being that you and each of you are required to set up in your answer to plaintiff's complaint the exact nature of your adverse claim to the following described property to-wit: The NW 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of Section 18 T. 5. S. R. 1. E., of the Willamette Meridian, also the following described tract in section 13 T. 5. S. R. 1. W. of the W. M. beginning at the S. E. corner of the Wm. Elliot D. L. C. in the east line of said Section 13 and running thence South 14 chains; thence West 7.30 chains; thence North 14 chains; thence East 7.30 chains to the place of beginning in all containing 55.68 acres for a decree of the Court decreeing that plaintiff is the absolute owner in fee of the above described property and every part thereof, and that the defendants be forever barred from claiming any right, title or interest therein, or to any part thereof, and for plaintiff's costs and disbursements of this suit.

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G. B. DIMICK and G. L. STORY, Attorneys for plaintiff.

Taken at His Word.
When dealing with black servants in India, it is necessary to be very careful in the wording of one's instructions, for they are sometimes taken very literally. A missionary voyaging on a river boat with primitive accommodation was compelled to use a bucket as a wash-bowl. One morning his boy servant was bringing the bucket to his master when he spilled some of it over the latter's feet. "Why don't you throw it all over me?" said the missionary irritably. "Aha!" exclaimed the boy and promptly did so.

Concerning Mistletoe.
In "Wild Fruits of the Countryside" the author gives some interesting information about mistletoe. As a parasite it possesses many curious peculiarities, among others the fact that it is the only plant whose roots refuse to shoot in the ground. Another point about mistletoe is that it is supposed to grow on the oak tree. Mistletoe rarely grows on oaks. Most of it is gathered from apple trees.

Cut Out.
Girl—Who was that distinguished looking foreigner that was announced just now? I didn't quite catch the title.
Other Girl—You won't either. Lil Bulion has made a catch of that.—Chicago Tribune.

The Best He Could Do.
Wigg—Before they were married he said he would be willing to die for her.
Wagg—Well, he has partially proved it. At any rate, he doesn't seem able to earn a living for her.—Philadelphia Record.

If we are long absent from our friends, we forget them; if we are constantly with them, we despise them.—Hazlitt.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.
Notice for Publication.
United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon.
May 2, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892, Albert Pasold, of Molalla, county of Clackamas, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 6112, for the purchase of the sec 1/2 of section No. 32, in township No. 5 S, range 4 E, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Monday, the 20th day of July, 1903.
He names as witnesses: Albert Pasold, of Molalla, Oregon, S. A. D. Hungate, of Molalla, Oregon, Henry Yelkiss, of Molalla, Oregon, Frank Pasold, of Molalla, Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before the said 20th day of July, 1903.
ALGERNON S. DRESSER, Register.

Timber Land Act June 3, 1878.
Notice for Publication.
United States Land Office,
Oregon City, Oregon.
April 29, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all Public Land States by the act of August 4, 1892, George W. Cook, of Portland, county of Multnomah, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 6107, for the purchase of the 1/2 sec 1/2 and sec 1/2 of section No. 6, in township No. 3 south, range No. 7 east, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Monday the 20th day of July, 1903.
He names as witnesses: John F. Blaker, of Portland, Oregon, Ferner J. Walker, of Sandy, Oregon, Joseph Untermyer, of Salmon, Oregon, John H. Cook, of Portland, Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 20th day of July, 1903.
CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

Beattie & Beattie, dentists, Weinhard building, rooms 16, 17 and 18.
Clackamas County Record \$1.75.

Daily River Excursions
of
Oregon City Boats.

TIME CARD
STEAMER "LEONA"
Daily and Sunday.
Leave Portland Leave Oregon City
8:30 A. M. 7:00 A. M.
11:30 A. M. 10:00 A. M.
3:00 P. M. 1:30 P. M.
6:15 P. M. 4:30 P. M.
Steamer "Leona" makes no way landings except Sundays.

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THE TRUE VAMPIRE.

An Experience With the Blood Sucking Animal in India.

Chancing one evening to observe a rather large bat enter an outhouse from which there was no other egress than by the doorway, I was fortunate in being able to procure a light and thus to proceed to the capture of the animal. Upon finding itself pursued it took three or four turns around the apartment, when down dropped what at the moment I supposed to be its young and which I deposited in my handkerchief. After a somewhat tedious chase I then secured the object of my pursuit, which proved to be a fine female megaderma. I then looked to the other bat which I had picked up and to my considerable surprise found it to be a small kind of pipistrelle, which is exceedingly abundant throughout India.

The individual now referred to was feeble from loss of blood, which it was evident the megaderma had been sucking from a large and still bleeding wound under and behind the ear, and the very obviously suctorial form of the mouth of the megaderma was itself sufficient to hint the strong probability of such being the case. During the very short time that elapsed before I entered the outhouse it did not appear that the depredator had once alighted, and I am satisfied that it sucked the vital fluid from its victim as it flew, having probably seized it on the wing, and that it was seeking a quiet nook where it might devour the body at leisure.

I kept both animals separate till next morning, when, procuring a convenient cage, I first put in the megaderma, and after observing it for some time I placed the pipistrelle with it. No sooner was the latter perceived than the other fastened upon it with the ferocity of a tiger, again seizing it behind the ear, and made several efforts to fly off with it; but, finding it must needs stay within the precincts of the cage, it soon hung by the hind legs to one side of its prison and after sucking its victim till no more blood was left commenced devouring it and soon left nothing but the head and some portions of the limbs.—"Beast and Man in India."

POULTRY POINTERS.

Everything in the poultry house should be dry.
Ducks will not thrive on sloppy food nor on cornmeal alone.
Boiled potatoes, turnips and other vegetables may be fed to ducks to advantage.
A good food for fattening fowls can be made by mixing cornmeal with mashed potatoes and milk.
In dry picking poultry the picking must be done while the fowl is warm—as soon as possible after the fowl is killed.
The nests should never be fastened to the poultry house in such a way that they cannot be readily removed and cleaned.
Fowls are very fond of raw vegetables. Beets, carrots, turnips and especially cabbage may be fed to advantage. The best plan is to chop them fine.
A dressed fowl may be made to look plump by dipping it for ten seconds in water that is nearly boiling hot and then holding it until chilled in cold water.

The Dog.
Man is the best friend of the dog. Horses come next, but between the dog and all other farm animals, from the house cat to the cow and the beef steer, there seems to be a natural enmity. Dogs, however, are fond of sheep and goats, but as diet, not as living friends. Cows and sheep and goats should be kept as free from association with dogs as is possible, with the exception of the trained shepherd dog. A dog walking through a cowpen will often cause a decrease in milk flow that amounts to more than the cash value of the dog. Many dogs are worth considerably less than nothing.

An Odd Pulpit.
The oak pulpit in the Seamen's church at Sunderland, England, is a curio in the way of pulpits. It is built of wood in the shape of a boat's bow and bears on the gunwale in letters of gold the inscription, "Nevertheless at thy word I will let down the net." The pulpit was the gift of the naval officers and men of the Dedway flotilla of torpedo boat destroyers in acknowledgment of the kindnesses received during their visit to Sunderland in May, 1901.

To Make Him Happy.
Old Peterby is rich and stingy. In the event of his death his nephew is to inherit his property. A friend of the family said to the old gentleman: "I hear your nephew is going to marry. On that occasion you ought to do something to make him happy."
"I will," said Mr. Peterby; "I'll pretend that I am dangerously ill."—London Telegraph.

Too Much.
Mrs. Marryat—Mamma is talking of closing her house and coming to live with us. Do you think you could support both of us?
Mr. Marryat—My dear, I can support you very nicely now, but I'm afraid your mother would be ineupportable.—Catholic Standard and Times.

Still More Exclusive.
Mrs. Woody—There's nothing like a college education to open the way to exclusive society. Since my son started to go to the university he's got into the Four Hundred.
Mrs. McGinty—My son's doing even better at college. He's on the nine.—Philadelphia Press.

Up in the World.
"Are they progressive people?"
"Well, a few years ago they were no-bodies, and now they can snub whom they please."—Detroit Free Press.

The Way to lose a friend is to have him get rich while you stay poor.

THE CITY OF MEKINEZ.

One of the Royal Residences of the Sultan of Morocco.

There is no more interesting city in Morocco than Mekinez. Founded and built by Mulai Ismail, the tyrannical sultan who reigned through the middle of the eighteenth century, it still displays the extraordinary buildings which he caused to be erected, largely by the aid of Christian slaves. Today it is impossible even to guess the purposes for which many of these masses of masonry were constructed. Walls of great thickness, some wide enough to drive a carriage and pair along, are met with in the most unexpected places, running here parallel, and at right angles to one another, and seeming as though built for no purpose except for the employment of the vast number of forced laborers that Mulai Ismail always kept at his court. Here and there are gateways of great beauty, such as the delicate tiled gate of "Mansur el-Ajj," with its large marble columns and Corinthian capitals, supporting buttress of gray stone and arabesques, but on the whole it is rather the vastness of the buildings than any artistic value that is remarkable.

The old palaces of Mulai Ismail are in ruins today, and each sultan in his turn has erected new residences till the Imperial palace today consists of a collection of buildings of every shape and size, scattered among gardens enclosed by high walls. A tower, which was uncompleted at the time of the late sultan's death, remains today just as the workmen left it, with the scaffolding still standing. Adjoining the palace is a large park, in which are kept a number of mares, ostriches and gazelles.

The city itself is tolerably clean, and possesses no particular features that are not common to all Moorish towns. The entrance of the principal mosque is striking, with great bronze doors said to have been brought by the Moors from Spain. The shops are comparatively few, and the trade never large.—London Times.

OUR FIRST FREE SCHOOL.

It Was Established in Massachusetts in the Year 1641.

The first free school established in the United States was in the province of Massachusetts Bay in the year 1641 by order of the general colonial court. In 1647 the same authority declared that free schools should be established within every town having fifty householders under penalty of a fine of £5. This fine was doubled by a declaration made in 1671 and again doubled in 1683. Connecticut established free schools in 1644 and levied a tax for their support. Maryland established free schools in 1684 and levied a tax on negroes, pelts, furs and beef and pork for their support. Governor Berkeley declared in 1649 the hope that free schools would never be established in Virginia, but the towns of Charleston and Elizabeth did establish them in that year, and Elizabeth set aside 200 acres of land and eight cows, the increase from which was applied to support the schools. Four years later the number of cows had increased to forty. Pennsylvania was settled by Penn on the Delaware river in 1681, and the same year a free school, which is still conducted under the auspices of the Friends, or Quakers, was established in Philadelphia. Among the declarations of Penn in his "frame of government" he asserted this immortal truth, long since forgotten by the men who have been responsible for the government of the commonwealth: "Any government is free to the people under it, whatever be the frame, where the law rules, and the people are a party to those laws. More than this is tyranny, oligarchy and confusion." This sentence is inscribed in a bronze tablet placed in the walls of Independence hall.

Older Still.
Major Pond, the lecture manager, was negotiating with John Kendrick Bangs for the latter's talk on "The Evolution of the Humorist." The major made some inquiries as to the scope of the lecture, and Bangs replied that it began with Adam and Eve and came down to the present day.
"Can't you give 'em something older than that?" the manager asked jokingly.
The funny man reflected for a moment and then said, "I might work in some of your jokes if you think the audience will stand it."

Opprobrious.
Mrs. Nuritch—Mrs. Betterdaze told me she was going to send her boy to you for a job.
Mr. Nuritch—Yes, she sent him, and I turned him down proper. You'd oughter seen the high handed letter she sent with him; said she sent him to me because he "must have work of some kind, even if he had to work for a mere pittance." The nerve of her callin' me names like that!—Philadelphia Press.

Not True to Nature.
"How did you like that play of rural life?"
"It's a fraud," answered Mr. Trullfrud. "Tain't true to nature. I understand all them farm folks on the stage stays up till 11 or 12 o'clock every night of their lives."—Baltimore Herald.

A Fish Story.
"There are as good fish in the sea as were ever taken out of it," remarked Small to Young, who had been refused by Moneybag's daughter.
"Yes, I know, but they are not gold-fish."—New York Times.

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All chronic functional and nervous diseases such as have resisted all ordinary methods, and all drug or other bad habits successfully treated by the latest scientific methods of drugless therapy devoid of all fog or mystery. Diseases of women a specialty.
Office hours: 8 to 11 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m. Consultation free.
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Prices reasonable. [Work guaranteed.]

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