

# Clackamas County Record

Twice a Week,

Published Every Monday and Thursday by THE RECORD PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Subscription Per Year \$1.75

Advertising Rates on Application.



## HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY.

Some 30 years ago the "Evergreen" blackberry came to Oregon, probably from the mountains of Tennessee. It found here a very congenial habitat, it thrives and bears abundantly.

As the roots and canes become large it was noticed that in moist situations it could be picked for from 60 to 70 days as it continued to bloom and ripen for that period. This long period for harvesting gives abundant employment, and that to labor which cannot be used in heavier vocations—women, children and old people. The work can be done at home where children can remain under parental control and family discipline can be maintained.

On the Padding River bottom near Hubbard, there are vines or bushes, from a single root which are 40 feet across and from each of which there can be gathered a ton of berries by picking every two days for 60 days. The berries can be picked for 75 cents a hundred. In the fall of 1901 I took the matter of the canning qualities of the "Evergreen" up with Professor Knisley, the chief chemist at the Oregon Agricultural Experimental Station, and Mr. Holmes, of the Portland Canning Company.

Professor Knisley in his annual report for 1902, page 58, gives the following analysis of the berry:

Evergreen blackberries—Firm, but not too hard; color very good; flavor better than cultivated berries; fruit acid, 0.43 per cent; sugars, 58.53 per cent; protein, 9.17 per cent.

He says it would seem that the evergreen blackberry might be used commercially.

The analysis of the cultivated berry, water free, is:

Fruit acid, 4.90 per cent; sugars, 45.92 per cent; protein, 8.98 per cent.

R. J. Holmes, manager of the Portland Canning Company, reports as follows:

"Last fall I received quite an amount of the fruit and put it in cans with very satisfactory results.

"I have no doubt in regard to the worth of these berries.

"I had no trouble in disposing of those I canned, and have had no complaints whatever from them.

"I believe they can be used for any purpose nearly as well as the cultivated fruit, and there is hardly a limit to the amount that can be handled by the canners, provided they can get them at a reasonable price and in sufficient quantities to undertake the preparation of them for the market."

Both Professor Knisley and Superintendent Holmes, were very kind in this matter and took hold of it with much interest.

The bushes, or canes, are very easy propagated and need little cultivation, no one knows yet how large the roots will become or how long they will last without replanting, they will make good fences and hedges.

I suggest that each neighborhood and each Grange take up the matter of marketing these berries by correspondence with the fruit canneries and that the matter of local canneries be investigated. It looks as if fruit canneries could be operated on the same scale that creameries are now conducted.

George W. Dimick, of Hubbard, Or., an intelligent and responsible fruit-rasler, is operating a fruit cannery at his farm and from his statements, it requires but little capital or skill to can acid fruits.

From careful investigation carried on for two years past I believe that the "Evergreen" blackberry can be made as great and valuable an industry in Western Oregon as dairying.

It will not require anything like the capital that dairying does. Blackberry ground must be moist.

## BENTON KILLIN.

Benton Killin, well known to many Clackamas County farmers, writes the Oregonian an interesting letter regarding the feasibility of canning, for the Eastern trade, the "Evergreen" blackberry.

This question is certainly entitled to the closest investigation. If a market can be had for the product, we predict that this is destined to become one of the greatest enterprises of the West.

Great as are the resources of Oregon, the most profitable enterprises are the growth of a few years.

Production of lumber is just getting well under way. The Southern market for potatoes is becoming but recently well enough known to make "spud" raising a great business.

The profits of dairying are beginning to be revealed, and Oregon, within a dozen years, has become known the World over for her unparalleled hop fields.

Do we see in the future great areas dotted with huge clusters of the well known "Evergreen"?

Do we see the stretches of berry pickers' tents as now we see them of the hop pickers?

Do we see the bands of children—faces berry stained, tattered, pictures of health?

From the little seed Mr. Killin has sown, we hope to see an industry grow up that will rival Oregon's greatest enterprises.

## NO OBSTACLE TO GROWTH.

We are waiting expectantly to hear from that board of trade. Oregon City is the best little town in the state but she might as well be twice as good. An active board of trade should be able to add continually to the city's manufacturing enterprises. Why not have a meat packing establishment? Why not have canneries, and a condensed milk plant?

The complaint is heard on every hand that Oregon City is too close to Portland to prosper. Did you ever hear a Portlander say that Portland couldn't be a city with Oregon City so close?

St. Paul some eighteen years ago, was the capital city and metropolis of Minnesota. Minneapolis was a near by village of two or three thousand population. A dozen or fifteen years later St. Paul woke up one morning to find herself only a suburb of Minneapolis. Think of it, Minneapolis only seven or eight miles from St. Paul. Once a village out a little way, from St. Paul—now the chief city of the great state of Minnesota.

Let us quit playing baby and play man awhile.

There is a prospect for a good transportation system on the upper river. We hope it will be a system competing with other boats, also with the Southern Pacific.

Exorbitant freight rates are the greatest barrier to Oregon's development. The tribute paid the transportation companies by Oregon farmers amounts to about the difference between the price and cost of production of an article.

The hope of the farmer is that these lines will be competing and that they will not immediately form a combination, making it necessary for the traffic to support and enrich two companies instead of one.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

E. P. Rands left yesterday morning for Eugene to attend the convention.

J. Nelson Wisner and bride returned yesterday morning from their honeymoon.

James Dickey, of Molalla, left Tuesday morning for Eugene, to attend the convention.

C. G. Huntley went to Eugene last night to attend the convention, to which he is a delegate.

T. W. Fouts left on yesterday morning's train for Eugene to observe the proceedings of the convention.

Mrs. William Galloway left yesterday morning for Eugene and last night organized a Women's Club to aid the Lewis and Clark Exposition.

Judge T. F. Ryan left last night for Eugene to take in the convention. He will also attend the Democratic Congressional convention at Albany.

E. E. Brodie left on this morning's train for Eugene to visit relatives. He will return Sunday and will stop for a day at Albany en route for home.

J. L. Kruse, W. W. Smith, C. B. Moores, Geo. C. Brownell, Frank Jaggar, J. U. Campbell, D. W. Kinnaird and W. H. Howell left yesterday morning for Eugene to attend the congressional convention.

H. Leighton Kelly and Mr. O'Malley, of the U. S. Fish Commission, arrived yesterday to spend a day or two. They will take examinations for promotions while here. Both are attached to Baker Lake, Wash., station.

John Post died Tuesday at Highland, of pneumonia, aged 82 years. He leaves one daughter, Mrs. George Cummings, of Highland. The funeral was held at Highland this afternoon. The deceased had been a resident of Clackamas County for 21 years.

Meade Post, G. A. R., has appointed L. W. Ingram, Geo. A. Harding, C. H. Dauchy, J. Doremus and F. H. Beach a committee to arrange for Decoration Day services. This committee will work in conjunction with a committee for the Women's Relief Corps.

## CURRENT EXPENSES

INCOME OF Y. M. C. A. IS NOT SUFFICIENT.

Financial Statement For March Shows Indebtedness—Running Expenses Were Greater Than Receipts.

W. H. Beach, general secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association, has prepared a statement showing the receipts and disbursements of the association for the month of March. The statement follows:

Cash on hand March 1, 1903 . \$ .49  
Receipts:  
Locker rent . . . . . \$ 2.50  
Memberships . . . . . 30.50  
Subscriptions and sustaining members . . . . . 72.30  
Educational and music class fees . . . . . 5.00  
Towels . . . . . 8.50  
Total . . . . . \$118.80

Disbursements:  
Salaries . . . . . \$ 24.05  
Lights . . . . . 10.80  
Laundry . . . . . 1.53  
Water . . . . . 1.25  
Interest on notes outstanding . . . . . 14.80  
Recording . . . . . 1.20  
Printing . . . . . 1.50  
Expenses of basket ball team to Salem . . . . . 10.85  
Stamps . . . . . .40  
Magazine . . . . . 1.50  
Soap . . . . . .25  
Matches . . . . . .05  
Total . . . . . \$ 67.80

Cash on hand March 31, 1903 . \$ 51.49  
Total . . . . . \$119.29

Indebtedness March 31, 1903:  
Gen'l Sec'y salary for March . . . . . \$50.00  
Portland Gen'l El. Co. . . . . 8.80  
E. L. Johnson (laundry) . . . . . 1.85  
Total . . . . . \$60.65

Minus cash on hand . . . . . \$51.49  
Actual Indebtedness . . . . . \$ 9.16

The finest hosiery in town for ladies and children. Racket Store.

Federal Labor Union met Monday night and discussed the matter of shorter hours and more wages in the paper mills. No action was taken and the business was postponed until next Monday evening. The sentiment of the men seems to be in favor of a bi-weekly pay day and four hours overtime on the night shift.

Have you seen the beautiful wraps at the Racket Store?

Spiritualists will meet at Willamette Hall, Sunday April 12, at 2 o'clock P. M. Speaking and music will be on the program.

## THE COOKBOOK.

Dip sliced onions in milk before frying.

Use bacon fat for frying chicken, game, oysters and clams.

A ham is greatly improved if, after being boiled, it is wrapped in buttered paper and baked for an hour.

In making sauces always dissolve the butter in the saucepan, add the flour first and after that the water or stock.

A mingling of clove and lemon flavors in the afternoon tea is delightful. Drop a whole clove in each cup just before serving.

In taking a pie with a meringue from the oven, if it is left in the warm kitchen the meringue will remain fluffy, but if taken into the cold it falls.

If turnips are parboiled twenty minutes in water to which a little baking soda has been added and then this water is thrown off and fresh water used to finish cooking, they will cook more tender and be of much better flavor.

## The Bite of the Sea Lion.

The bite of the sea lion is poisonous; besides, it is an ugly wound from the manner in which it is inflicted. Although the creature moves painfully and slowly on land, the motion of its head and neck is extremely quick. The neck seems to have an almost elastic quality. One is surprised at its reach. The sea lion is like a bulldog. When he has caught hold, he does not let go at once, but sets his teeth firmly in the flesh. Then he twists his head, the teeth being still embedded in the flesh, and, without relinquishing his grip, he gives a quick jerk. The result is to pull out a ragged piece of flesh if the animal has taken a deep hold.—Leslie's Weekly.

A hen in Bromley, England, is alleged to have laid an egg which weighs a quarter of a pound.

## Where He Located.

Stuffer (at the end of Simpkins' ball)—Do you know, I can't find my overcoat anywhere.

Simpkins—Have you looked in the refreshment room?

Stuffer—Why, no! How could it be in there?

Simpkins—You haven't been anywhere else during the evening, have you?

## Fate's Injustice.

Nocash (disconsolately)—The rich are getting richer and the poor poorer.

Friend—What's wrong now?

Nocash—Miss Fullpurse has refused me and is going to marry Mr. Coupon.

—New York Weekly.

If you are fat, be good natured. The people just naturally expect it.—Atchison Globe.

## THE BRAVE WOLVERENE.

Not a Little Wolf, but a Dignified Forest Monarch.

Not "little wolf," as the ignorant think, is the significance of wolverene, but something of greater dignity—an embodiment of the terrible spirit of the wild fire of the prehistoric forests. Wonderful in its strength and courage, a tree climber on occasion, not immense of size, but with limbs and claws great, out of all proportion to its size, with a muzzle almost hoglike, but with great white fangs, the beast had still an element of the grotesque in its makeup, with its sweeping, bushy tail and the broad hands of yellow white upon its back and shoulders. Woe to the smaller beast or the deer upon which it dropped from some great low hanging branch or before which it suddenly appeared in the dense windfalls!

Of all the continent, the Michigan peninsula was the chosen habitat of the wolverene, and he struggled long before backwoodsmen drove him from his heritage. So enduring was he, so desperately courageous, that his name became a synonym for pluck and prowess, and proudly the people of Michigan accept the nickname which has been given to him.—Outing.

## What is a Well Dressed House?

"What in theatrical parlance is a well dressed house?" said a dramatic writer, and after a silent pause he continued: "I want the other night to a show, and as I passed in the doorkeeper said to me, 'We have a well dressed house tonight, sir.' I supposed he meant that the audience was sporting its best clothes, but I found on looking about that this was not true, and so between the acts I asked him what he had meant. He answered: 'I meant that the house had been seated by the box office man very cleverly, so that it balanced well, and so that the fact that it was not small was not perceptible. To dress a house is to distribute an audience all over it so it looks full when it is, as a matter of fact, far from being so. There are here enough people to fill about the first seven rows of the orchestra, but the house is well dressed, and on looking at it you have the impression that it is fairly well filled. Every ticket seller should see to it that his house is dressed properly. That is why you so often fail to get seated as far up front as you would like.'"—Philadelphia Record.

## Why Shakespeare Endures.

What interests us in Shakespeare's plays is not the plays themselves, but the (strictly irrelevant) truth and beauty that he poured into them. We love them for their matchless poetry and their matchless insight into the human soul. "Hamlet" is for us nothing but the study of a contemplative man distracted by the necessity to be up and doing, "Macbeth" the study of a noble mind degraded by ambition, "The Merchant of Venice" the study of racial strength against contempt and persecution. Nothing to us now the actual framework of these studies; everything the studies themselves and the language in which they are set forth. Our pleasure in the production of a Shakespearean play is according solely to the illuminative rightness of the conception of the chief character or characters and to the sonorous beauty with which the verse is declaimed by all.—Saturday Review.

## The Spanish Schoolteacher.

The teacher of any land may be overworked. He may suffer from the parsimonious policy of the powers and be underpaid even in our own enlightened country, but in few countries, certainly not in the United States, could such a story as the one which follows be truthfully told:

In the streets of a Spanish city, says the author of "The Land of the Dons," a police officer stumbled on the corpse of a ragged and emaciated pauper. In making out his report he asked what he should enter as the dead man's profession.

"What did he die of?" asked the magistrate.

"Starvation," replied the policeman. "Put him down as a schoolmaster," replied the magistrate.

## Tonsillitis.

An attack of tonsillitis can usually be warded off by painting the inflamed tonsil with tincture of iodine. If you are unsuccessful in the attempt and the tonsils ulcerate, swab them at once with guaiacum and repeat in five or six hours. This I learned from a well known throat specialist of St. Louis, and I find I can almost always recover without the services of my physician.—Good Housekeeping.

## Pigeon's Milk Not a Joke.

The joke about pigeon's milk has a foundation in fact. After the incubation of the young has been completed, the crops of the parent bird become thicker and secrete a sort of curd, with which the young are fed. This description of nourishment is necessary for them, for if the young pigeons are deprived of it during the first week or two after hatching they are sure to die.

## As the Stork Sees It.

First Stork—I just left a baby at that millionaire's house.

Second Stork—Funny things, these human beings! I've just delivered three to one woman in a tenement house, and her husband's out of work, and they haven't a cent.—Brooklyn Life.

## All Kinds.

Customer (to grocer)—How much is your butter a pound?

Grocer—Do you mean sweet butter, dairy cream butter, best butter, fine butter or butter?—Stray Stories.

The man who doesn't amount to much usually has his sign out.—Atchison Globe.

## Great Alteration Sale

# Strain Tailoring Co.

285 Washington Street, 4 Doors Below Perkins Hotel  
PORTLAND, OR.

### TAILOR MADE SUITS.

**\$7.50** to \$15 for choice of our stock of 2,000 Custom-Made Suits from the Royal Tailors, Lamm & Co., High-Art McCarty, the \$50-no-more-no-less tailor of Chicago. We are the sole agents for all undelivered goods from these tailors. Union journeymen tailor-made (see label), sewed with double-test pure silk, all thoroughly sponged and shrunk, all hand made throughout, with broad shoulder effects, suits that were made to order at from \$20 to \$60. They come in every color and style of material known.

### SPRING OVERCOATS.

**\$7.50** and up to \$15 for choice of all our \$20 to \$50 uncalled for, spring or winter, short box, medium length box, or form-fitting garments. This includes our elegant full satin and silk lined from the Royal Tailors, Lamm & Co., and High Art McCarty in all colors of correct cloth, Vicunas, Stocknets, soft worsteds; also meltons, dress weight Kerseys and chevots.

### PANTS.

**\$2.50** to \$3.50 for choice of over 2,000 pairs that were made to order at from \$5 to \$12 a pair. Black, blue, nobby stripes, checks, plaids, and mixtures; a list of trousers that would please a king.

### MADE TO ORDER.

**\$25** Choice of 200 styles in tweeds, chevots, worsteds and cassimeres that all Portland tailors charge you \$35 to \$40 for. Strain Tailoring Co. wants your trade by deserving it.

## BANK OF OREGON CITY

The Pioneer Bank of Oregon City. Established in 1891.

Deposits received subject to check.  
Interest paid on Time Deposits.  
Money to loan on favorable terms.  
County and City Warrants bought.

We buy and sell drafts and exchange on all parts of the United States and Europe.

CHARLES H. CAUFIELD, Manager. E. G. CAUFIELD, Cashier.

## Williams Bros. Transfer Co.

'Phone 1833

### FREIGHT AND PARCELS

Delivered to All Parts of the City.

Pianos, Safes and Furniture Moved  
Prices Reasonable and Satisfaction Guaranteed

## J. W. COLE

### Fine Whiskies and Cigars

All goods bought in bond. Purity and quality guaranteed.


### Some Famous Old Brands

James E. Pepper, Kentucky Bourbon  
Old Sam Harris, Kentucky Bourbon  
Old Roxbury Rye

Cor. Railroad Ave. and Main Street, Oregon City

## THE FAY SHOLES


OUR LEADER



SINGLE KEYBOARD  
Send for Booklet.

## THE JEWETT

OUR LEADER



DOUBLE KEYBOARD  
Send for Booklet.

### Typewriters of All Makes

## SOLD — and — RENTED

Expert Repairing at Reasonable Prices.  
Parts and Supplies for all Machines.

### RUBBER STAMPS, SCALES, ETC.

Your Orders Solicited.

231 Stark Street, COAST AGENCY CO., Portland, Oregon.

## Big Mining Deal.

Mining deals involving six hundred and ninety-two thousand dollars were filed for record at the court house Thursday by the Northern Light Mining and Milling Company. The transfers include eleven claims in the Northern Light and Bonanza Quartz Lode, which is situated in the Shena Creek Mining District, about six miles above the mouth of Salmon River. The company purchased the claims of the following persons for the amounts named below: T. B. and O. H. West, \$17,500; Fred Roberts, 17,500; H. Gerhardus, \$70,000; Edward Ranfer, \$70,000, Charles Frazier, \$25,000; V. Schmid, \$35,000; August Pautz, \$35,000; T. S. West, \$35,000; N. B. Hall, \$35,000; Albon O. Meinig, \$23,333; August Hornsecker, \$116,667. The headquarters of the company are in Portland.

R. L. Holman, leading undertaker, Oregon City, Or. County coroner.

Clackamas County Record, \$1.75.

## Large Families

Are commended by the President of the United States and we are commended by hundreds of fathers and mothers as

### "Feeders of Large Families"

Pure Goods and Low Prices—that's all.

HEADQUARTERS FOR  
White House Coffee  
Eastern Buckwheat Flour  
Elk Brand Maple Syrup  
"Preferred Stock" Canned Vegetables and Fruits, Etc.

## A. Robertson,

The 7th Street Grocer.