

MR. HENRY PECK AND HIS FAMILY AFFAIRS

By Gross

HENRY JR. SAYS



MORNING ENTERPRISE OREGON CITY, OREGON

E. E. BRODIE Editor and Publisher

Entered as second-class matter January 9, 1911, at the postoffice at Oregon City, under the Act of March 2, 1879.

Table with 2 columns: Terms of Subscription, Price. Includes rates for one year, six months, four months, and per week by carrier.

CITY OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER

HEALTH BOARD'S Officially, the state board of health has taken the investigations stand that the typhoid fever epidemic that has so long baffled the health authorities of the city can be traced either directly or indirectly, to the Star Dairy.

Facts are startling in the light they throw on the way that disease may be spread through an entire community by the negligence or lack of information on the part of one man as revealed by the board's report.

One-third of the customers of the dairy have fallen victims to the typhoid germs. Practically all of the cases that have been reported are traced either directly or in a round-about way to that center of the scourge.

Wells have been tested and analyzed by the officers of the board. Some of them have been found pure and others have been condemned. The board declares, however, that no well is safe even after it has passed the examination successfully.

Now that the board has officially located the source of the contamination and has placed its ban upon the dairy, it behooves the people of the community to follow its recommendations to the letter and to co-operate with the city authorities in stamping out the epidemic that has raged so long unchecked here.

Only by giving to the city's authorities that co-operation that will make their work effective, can they hope to stamp out the disease in the city and to place the epidemic under control.

Mayor Jones has followed the suggestions that the board has made, and has called upon the people to study the conditions surrounding their milk supply; to boil every drop of well water that they use, and to wash their vegetables in water that has been thoroughly boiled.

For more than a year, those who have fallen victims to the disease will be unable to work in any dairy in the county. The physicians tell us that typhoid victims carry about the germs of the disease that has afflicted them for a period of at least 12 months, and that they may again infect a dairy in which they work.

Under the supervision of the health officers, a most rigid inspection of all of the dairies should be made. Though the board has accounted for the cases of disease that have appeared thus far, dairies should be inspected as a matter of principle whether there is the slightest danger of contamination there or not.

The city should, and doubtless will, see that the property owners keep their yards and surrounding buildings, in the best of condition, for there is no surer carrier of disease than the ever-present fly. An insect that lives and thrives on filth, it carries on its legs the germs of all of the diseases on the calendar and is responsible, in many cases, for typhoid and kindred epidemics that have spread through cities and have defied the most energetic efforts of the health authorities.

"Swat the fly" is a good campaign slogan for Oregon City, as it is for every other city. The carrier of disease multiplies with amazing rapidity

Women Not Fitted Temperamentally to Run Autos

By MITCHELL MAY, Secretary of State of New York



WOMEN WHO ARE FITTED TEMPERAMENTALLY TO RUN AUTOMOBILES ARE SO FEW AS TO PROVE BUT EXCEPTIONS TO THE RULE. IT IS UNNATURAL FOR A WOMAN TO HANDLE POWERFUL MACHINERY, AND IT IS UNNATURAL FOR HER TO ACT IN AN EMERGENCY WITH THE SAME COOLNESS AND JUDGMENT TO BE EXPECTED IN THE AVERAGE MAN OF A MECHANICAL TREND OF MIND.

Of course almost any woman can learn to run an automobile when the COAST IS CLEAR and she is not confronted with the necessity for the quickest sort of thinking and the coolest harmony between brain and hand, combining in the action of a second the possibility of averting a grave accident.

If I had my way it would be IMPOSSIBLE FOR ANY WOMAN TO GET A LICENSE TO DRIVE A CAR unless she had passed the SEVEREST SORT OF TEST and shown the same capacity for quick thinking, coolness and judgment that the most expert man chauffeur could show.

It is a crying shame that there is so little proper regulation of the automobile driving privilege in this country. There are over a million persons driving cars throughout the country, and thousands upon thousands of them are UNFITTED MENTALLY, PHYSICALLY AND MORALLY TO BE ACCORDED THAT PRIVILEGE. They should all be under the jurisdiction of the state and should get a license to drive only after being put through the STIFFEST SORT OF EXAMINATION.

and spreads the contagion through communities whose milk and water supplies are pure.

The board's positive identification of the source of the disease and its determined stand for the purity of the city water is gratifying to those who have been, in the past, just a little skeptical. The officers have rallied well to the support of the city in its emergency and have given it the use of all of the resources of the state in the campaign for the extermination of the disease source.

Twice a week the city has called upon the officials of the state for reports as to its water supply. It has kept sterilized bottles on the train most of the time either going to or coming from the state laboratory. The best known experts of the state have given the city's needs their time and attention and have devoted their best efforts to co-operate with the local authorities in bringing the source of the trouble to the light.

Still, their work is not yet done. When Dr. Norris makes his reports every few days, they will trace down the sources of the contagion for each new case and will keep a constant check on the progress of the disease through the city. If the people give the officers their hearty support, if every energy is bent to follow the suggestions that have been made, if every precaution is taken to prevent the spread of the disease and to clean up those sources that are now known, there is no reason why, in a few weeks, Oregon City should not come out from under the epidemic with flying colors and be free again from the demoralizing fear of the contagion.

It means simply strict obedience to orders and a determination on the part of every householder, restaurant keeper, hotel man, and others that may spread a disease of this kind to follow out the instruction that have been given to the letter.

The board has found the source of the disease. It now develops upon the authorities and people of the community to benefit by the information that has been placed in their hands.

RIFLEMEN In tests that have been recently conducted under the supervision of Oregon vision of the regular army officers, Oregon has made third place in marksmanship.

Both as gunners and as riflemen, this state has an excellent body of men in its organized militia, men whose skill with their weapons will be an important factor in military campaigns were this country ever to be called into another conflict.

There is nothing that better preserves the peace than a general knowledge of one's ability to make a mark for himself were he called into action. The school boy who is handy with his fists is in fewer fights than his chums who are less notorious rough and tumber artists. The other fellows know that he can make himself understood in a fisty argument and they concede to him the position that his fists have earned for him.

The same rule applies in national emergencies. Not that it is so necessary for the United States to have a large standing army in constant readiness, as it is for that force to be in such a condition as to form a working nucleus for the volunteer and militia divisions. A thoroughly trained, well organized, completely equipped militia force with a high marksman average is a factor around which the nation may group its volunteer forces in times of emergencies with perfect safety and assurance.

The militia no longer consists of boys. It no longer contains men who want to shine in their local communities with brass buttons and gold braid. It consists of soldiers—men who want to learn the game of war, who want to prepare themselves for national and state crises, who believe that they can, by constant drill and regular rifle practice, become efficient enough to perform for their state and for their country valuable service in times when that state or nation may find that it needs those services.

Military training does not create imperialistic tendencies nor does it arouse in the boy or young man the demand for war. The bravest and best trained men that the country has ever had in all its years of history have been men who most dreaded armed conflict and who shrank from carnage and from the field of battle like a woman.

One of the greatest generals of American history, a man whose military standing ranks close to the top in the annals of this republic, whose reputation for courage was the best, whose judgment in action and whose strategic foresight was unexcelled by the commanders of his day was William T. Sherman. With his characteristic emphasis, Sherman declared that "War is hell."

He was trained in the school of war almost from the cradle. Through some of the fiercest battles with the Indians that are marked on the pages of our history, through campaigns that are fascinating as the best fiction, he conducted himself a soldier that had been trained.

Real military training, whether it is ever called into play or not, is a valuable asset to a man. It teaches him self confidence. It develops in him the faculty and power to use his own brains and to depend upon his own energies and judgment for success. There is no better training than that that develops out of the school boy a successful man of affairs, to take from him that girlish modesty that keeps him to the rear and that makes him stand back and allow others more aggressive to take their places in front of him in the battle for success.

Advertisement for The Bank of Oregon City, Oldest Bank in Clackamas County. Includes text: 'If you are afraid of Prosperity, don't try a bank account.'

New York's First Elevator. The first passenger elevator in New York was located in the old Fifth Avenue hotel. The car was propelled up and down the elevator shaft slowly by the revolution of a large steel screw inside a sleeve or jacket in the center of the car. The movement was smooth and ordinarily comfortable, and the elevator served its purpose for many years.—New York Tribune.

WILLAMETTE WE make a specialty of Willamette property close to the car line. The price ranges for— Lots \$62.50 to \$300.00. Houses and lots \$150.00 to \$3000. Acreage \$300 to \$1090 per acre. We will sell for a small amount down, the balance on easy terms.

DILLMAN & HOWLAND Aug. 30 in American History. 1791—The first patent was issued by the United States government. 1813—At Fort Mims, Ala. Creek Indians led by Weathersford, a half breed Seminole in British employ, massacred 500 whites, including women and children. 1877—Admiral Raphael Semmes, noted Confederate naval commander, captain of the cruiser Alabama when she was sunk by the Kearsarge in 1864, died; born 1809. 1910—Lewis Addison Howland, scholar and educator, died in Columbus, O.; born 1839.

ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS. Evening star: Jupiter. Morning stars: Saturn, Mercury, Venus, Mars. Planet Mercury in conjunction with the moon 5:45 p. m.

Heart to Heart Talks TWO TEETH LEFT. There's a poorhouse in a little town in one of the central states. It is a well kept institution, better than many others of its kind. In it the keepers do not treat their charges as human drift wood, hopelessly astray on the ocean of life.

THE ENCHANTED LAND. Oh, everything is sweet and fair In the place we never have seen! The flow'rets wild perfume the air, And there's never a hint of grief and care In the place we never have seen!

Our Tobacco. In America, up to the time of the Revolution, nearly all the tobacco was grown in Virginia, Maryland and the Carolinas. New England began the commercial growing of tobacco about 1600, but, finding the industry unprofitable, it languished, and was finally discontinued. Early in the nineteenth century tobacco planting became the chief pursuit in Kentucky and Tennessee, and continued to be the main crop in Virginia and Maryland.

Wants, For Sale, Etc. Notices under these classified headings will be inserted at one cent a word, first lines. One inch card, \$2 per month; half inch card, (4 lines), \$1 per month. Cash must accompany order unless one insertion, half a cent additional insertion has an open account with the paper. No financial responsibility for errors; where errors occur free corrected notice will be printed for patron. Minimum charge 15c. Anyone that is out of employment and feels he cannot afford to advertise for work, can have the use of our want columns free of charge. This places no obligation on any sort of person, who simply wish to be of assistance to any worthy person. HOW would you like to talk with 1400 people about that bargain you have in real estate. Use the Enterprise.

ELECTRICAL WORK Contracts, Wiring and Fixtures WE DO IT Miller-Parker Co.

FOR RENT. FOR RENT—Two clean rooms nicely furnished, with sleeping porch, patent toilet, electric lights, hot and cold water. Mrs. Henry Shannon, 505 Division St. back of Eastham school.

FOR SALE. FOR SALE—Bicycle, cheap, used 3 months. 617 Main street.

FOR SALE—Furniture of 7-room house, used only three months. Will sell all or part. These rooms are all rented to steady people. A very good buy. Call The Enterprise office.

FOR SALE—5 acres land joining city limits of Willamette, 1/2 cleared; family orchard, several varieties berries; 4-room house, chicken coop and small barn; all fenced; 5-passenger auto. Owner an invalid. Address, Box 8, Willamette.

HELP WANTED—MALE WANTED—Man to work on farm. House and wood free. Enquire 617 Main St., Oregon City.

WOOD AND COAL COAL The famous (King) coal from Utah, free delivery. Telephone your order to A56 or Main 14, Oregon City Ice Works, 12th and Main Streets.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED—A few fresh cows. Christ Nageli, Hazelwood Dairy Farm, Rt. No. 1, Phone Farmers 5x.

CLACKAMAS COUNTY FARMS WANTED—To trade good Portland property for Clackamas county farms. Inquire P. A. Cross, Gladstone, Oregon. Office phone Main 1982, residence Main 1994.

NOTICES NOTICE OF MEETING OF VIEWERS to assess damages and benefits for establishing a street on the bluff between Sixth and Seventh streets.

Notice is hereby given that the city council of Oregon City, Oregon, at special meeting thereof held on the 29th day of July, 1913, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., appointed three disinterested free holders, of said Oregon City possessing the quality of jurors of the Circuit court of said Clackamas county, to-wit: O. D. Ely, John Lewellen and Fred McCausland to view the following described proposed street, to-wit: All of the property lying between and west of the following described line: and the bluff lying in lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, block 34, Oregon City, Clackamas county, Oregon.

Beginning at a point two (2) feet southerly from the N. E. corner of lot 1, block 34, and on the property line of High street; thence 5 feet on a line 45 degrees to the right from High street to the B. C. of a curve having a radius of 331.1 feet; thence on said curve 245.2 feet, more or less to the E. C. (said curve to have a central angle of 42 degrees, 36 minutes); thence on a tangent to said curve at said E. C. 48 feet more or less to the north line of Sixth street, at a point 103 feet from the west line of High street.

And make an assessment of the damages to the property proposed to be appropriated therefor and also an assessment of benefits to said property benefited by the opening of such street, and the said city council assigned Thursday the 11th day of September, 1913, at 1:00 o'clock p. m. at lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, block 34, as the time and place of such meeting and directed that notice should be given as required in Section 60 of the city charter by publication in the Morning Enterprise Saturday, the 30th day of August, 1913.

By order of the Council of Oregon City, Oregon. L. STIPP, Recorder. D. C. LATOURETTE, President. F. J. MEYER, Cashier. THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF OREGON CITY, OREGON CAPITAL \$50,000.00 Transacts a General Banking Business. Open from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.