

Republican Candidates



E. C. HACKETT.

To my fellow citizens:

I was born and reared in your midst and feel that with my varied experience in office matters, that I am fully equipped to give the people of Clackamas County the best service possible.

During the year 1910, it cost the people of Clackamas County \$4375.06 to run the Sheriff's office; during the year 1911 it cost \$6314.58.

With my practical experience along these lines I am sure I can improve on the above showing and save the people money. If you desire my services, they are at your command, and you know how to get them.

Your obedient servant,
E. C. HACKETT.



T. J. GARY.

To the voters of Clackamas County:

In asking for your support at the November election, I wish to say that the progress of the schools of this county during the last four years shows that someone has been active. While I do not claim credit for all that has been done, I do know that in many instances I was the direct cause of the progress that was made.

Four years ago there were many schoolhouses and grounds in the county that were a discredit and in some instances a disgrace to the community. Now almost every district has a reasonably good building and many have improvements that would be a credit to any community.

Believing that the teacher is the most important factor in any school, I have labored to rid the County of teachers who would not or could not do good work. In this I have known neither friend nor foe. As a consequence, I have made some enemies. (The public official who does not usually weep) but I have the satisfaction of knowing that the teaching force of the County is far superior to what it was when I began as Superintendent. Every official act of mine has been for what I considered, the best interest of the girls and boys.

I taught for several years in the one room country school and afterward in the graded schools of the County—seven years at Milwaukie, five at West Oregon City, and three at Willamette. This experience, together with my work as Superintendent of the schools of the County should qualify me for good work.

Realizing that the greatest problem that we have is the rural schools, I visited all of them with the exception of two, (they were not in session at the time), and studied their condition. I have since visited most of them many times. I hope to continue to make these schools what they should be.

The fact that I received the nomination in the recent Primary Election from both the Republican and Democratic parties shows, I think, that I have been Superintendent for the whole people. I purpose being Superintendent of the Schools for all the people, if elected in November.

Thanking you for past favors, I am Cordially,
T. J. GARY.



JAMES F. NELSON

Mulino, Or., September 20th, 1912.

To the Legal Voters of Clackamas County:
Gentlemen:

On the 19th day of April, 1912, our primary election was held in accordance with the provisions of the primary nomination Law now in force in this state, and at said primary nominating election the undersigned was nominated for the important office of County Assessor for Clackamas County, Oregon.

The office of County Assessor is one of the most important offices in the County for the reason that the entire revenue for County and State government is raised by direct taxation upon the property of the tax payer, and it is necessary that the assessments be made with due regard to the value of the property assessed, and in doing so no favoritism should be shown.

I served in the capacity of County Assessor for Clackamas County prior to this time and am familiar with the duties pertaining to the office and the values of property in the several parts of the County. Owing to the rugged conditions of Clackamas County, it is necessary to be familiar with the nature of the soil and the value of the property in order to make a fair and equitable assessment, and being familiar with those requirements I feel that I have a reasonable claim to the election, and for a further reason that I was fairly nominated by members of my own party.

In order to show that I was fair to the farmers of Clackamas County during the time that I formerly served as County Assessor, I call your attention to the following assessments:

The Oregon, California Railroad Company was assessed previously to my term of office at \$229,000.00, and the assessment was raised by me during my term of office to \$270,000.00.

The O. W. P. Railway Company, now known as the Portland Railway, Light and Power Company, was assessed at \$1400.00 per mile when I assumed said office, and the assessment on said property was raised by me to \$20,000.00 per mile, and assessments on other corporations were raised in proportion.

I mention these matters for the purpose of calling your attention to the fact that I was fair and reasonable and will pursue the same course should I be elected to the position for which I am now nominated.

I was always ready and willing to assist anyone on any matter pertaining to their assessment or description of their land, and if elected I will exercise my best endeavors to render honest and faithful service to the people of Clackamas County.

Trusting that I will receive your support in the coming general election, I am,

Yours very truly,
JAMES F. NELSON.



WIL LIAM H. MATTOON.

William H. Mattoon, candidate on the Republican ticket for commissioner, formerly from Viola and now from Estacada. Chosen in the primaries to succeed himself. Mr. Mattoon has many qualifications for the office to which he has been nominated and one of these is the success he has made of his own private interests. He favors good roads, and an economical administration of the affairs of the county. The people's interests will be as carefully guarded by Mr. Mattoon during the coming four years as they have been in the past should he be returned to the office.



D. T. MELDRUM.

D. T. Meldrum, the Republican nominee for County Surveyor, is particularly well qualified to occupy that position. He has been faithful during his first term and merits re-election. He comes from a family of surveyors, being a son of Judge John W. Meldrum, one of the pioneer surveyors of Clackamas County. The Republican candidate is a competent man, a graduate of Cornell University and should receive the vote of every Republican.

Finance.

Many words of most august sound prove to be of quite commonplace ancestry when traced to their origins. "Finance" is really only "settling up." Literally, it is just "ending" and was formerly used in that very simple sense in the English language. Then it came to signify settling up with a creditor and acquired the special sense of ransom.

W. H. TAFT AS HIS OPPONENTS SEE HIM

Democrats and Progressives Give Praise to President.

The most severe test that the record and character of any man can undergo is the criticism of his opponents. The following tributes to our great President speak for themselves:

Democratic—
John Sharp Williams, Democratic Senator from Mississippi and one time floor leader for his party in the House of Representatives, in a recent speech declared: "I never knew a man so bitterly attacked for so little cause as William Howard Taft."

Harper's Weekly, a Democratic newspaper, now supporting Woodrow Wilson, has said: "If there is a squarer man in these United States than William Howard Taft, we do not know his name or where he lives."

Senator Stone, of Mississippi, in a speech in the Senate, August 12, said: "The President is a high class man, his ideas and impulses are naturally good. I believe him to be a patriotic American, devoted to the interests of his country and his people."

William Jennings Bryan, the great Democrat, in a speech made September 5, at his home in Lincoln, Nebraska, declared that "more reforms have taken place during Taft's administration than during any other in recent years," although of course he declined to give the President credit for these reforms. In this same speech he spoke of Taft as a "high minded man of great integrity."

Woodrow Wilson in a recent speech at Minneapolis said: "I want to pay my tribute of respect to the President of the United States. I do not believe that any man in the United States who knows his facts can question the patriotism, or the integrity, or the public purpose of the man who now presides at the executive office in Washington."

Progressive—
Senator Robert LaFollette, leader of the Progressives, recently declared on the floor of the Senate that President Taft had been far more active and aggressive than President Roosevelt in the prosecution of the Sherman anti-trust law.

Theodore Roosevelt, who is at present bitterly attacking President Taft, said of him, June 18, 1908: "I do not believe there can be found in the whole country a man so well fitted to be President. He is not only absolutely fearless, absolutely disinterested and upright, but he has the widest acquaintance with the nation's needs, without and within, and the broadest sympathies with all our citizens. He would be as emphatically a President of the plain people as Lincoln, yet not Lincoln himself would be freer from the least taint of demagoguery, the least tendency to arouse, to appeal to class hatred of any kind." Mr. Roosevelt also, in a speech before the New York State Republican Convention on September 27, 1910, after Mr. Taft had been President for nearly two years, and after reviewing the acts done by the present administration, said: "These and similar laws, backed up by executive action, reflect high credit upon all who succeeded in putting them in their present shape upon the statute books; they represent an earnest of the achievement which is yet to come; and the beneficence and far-reaching importance of this work done for the whole people measure the credit for which is rightly due to the congress and to our able, upright and distinguished President, William Howard Taft."

LaFollette No. 4.

THE ROOSEVELT WAY.

"HOW DO you stand on ME?" is Roosevelt's sole test of qualification for a Progressive. Imagine a Congress elected on this basis. Of course, it would be reactionary. Roosevelt is not concerned about a progressive Congress. An Aldrich Senate and a Cannon House are satisfactory to him. If he can win more easily with that kind of a combination. What would become of the progressive movement under such leadership? And yet, it is exactly the plan Roosevelt pursued when President. It is the Roosevelt way. He supported Lodge for United States Senator two years ago, and Penrose for United States Senator four years ago. He has always played this kind of a political game.—Senator LaFollette in LaFollette's Weekly Magazine, August 10, 1912.

Gov. Johnson Not Hopeful.
When Governor Johnson left California to begin a stumping tour for the third term candidate, he practically acknowledged that he was entering upon a hopeless task. "I am not going to resign," he said, "and after the November election it is quite possible that I shall return to the office I now occupy." Like a great majority of the Bull Mooseers, Governor Johnson is discouraged.

He Laid.
"Don't waste your time in clipping off the branches," said the woodman to his son, "but lay your ax at the root of the tree." And the young man went out and laid his ax at the foot of the tree, like a good and dutiful boy, and then he went fishing. Truly there is nothing so beautiful as filial obedience.—Strand Magazine.

If you saw it in the Enterprise it's so.

BAPTISTS BEGIN WORK IN EARNEST

(Continued from page 1)

open at 9:15 and the day's program will be as follows:
9:00—Devotional, Rev. A. B. Waltz.
9:15—Worker's conference, "The Local Church in the Three Million Dollar Campaign of the Northern Baptist Convention," conducted by Rev. F. P. Haggard, D. D.
11:30—Bible reading, Dr. W. B. Hinson.
2:00—Devotional, Rev. W. R. Howell.
2:15—Report on the missionary undertakings of the Denomination, Rev. Robert Gray.
2:30—The missionary outlook, plans and purposes for the new year.
a.—A. B. P. S., Rev. Geo. L. White
b.—A. B. H. M. S., Rev. H. E. Marshall.

ESSENTIALS OF GOOD PAVING.

The great growth of the good roads movement on this continent has brought the important matter of paving material strongly to the attention of the public. The public demand better pavements than formerly, and municipalities realizing the importance of well-paved, well kept streets, are more exacting in paving requirements than they used to be.

What is demanded now in paving which will approximate as nearly as possible the combination of durability, non-slipperiness, noiselessness, resiliency or elasticity, dustlessness, easy drainage and economy. The pavements most in use are brick, granite blocks, wooden blocks, and bituminous compositions. All of these have their merits and also their drawbacks. None of them approach the ideal pavement as closely as that which is known as bitulithic.

The brick pavement for instance, is noisy, and must be laid with special skill and care to prevent, under the action of heat and cold, a heaving up and settling down, leaving many cracks. Granite blocks are also durable but noisy, and lack the quality of rebound. Wooden blocks, since the discovery of the creosoting process, have good wearing qualities, but become slippery when covered with mud or frost and require such large tribute from the forests that their use is disapproved by those who believe in the careful conservation of natural resources.

Bitulithic pavement, which is composed of hard rock broken fine, and a specially prepared bituminous cement, seems to solve the problem of paving approximating the ideal combination of qualities mentioned above. For ten years it has withstood the most rigid tests of usage and has so commended itself to municipal engineers that it has been adopted in over two hundred cities in the United States and fifteen in Canada. The many beautiful boulevards and avenues upon which it has been laid prove that it has a fine appearance, and the fact that these thoroughfares are practically immune from the necessity of repair under normal conditions proves that bitulithic has that staunch durability which means economy.—Vancouver, B. C. World.

If it happened it is in the Enterprise.

It's There All Right.
Cityite—You advertised that there was a fine stream of water on your farm. Farmer—Well, so there is. Cityite—I don't see it. Farmer—You will if you work the pump handle a few seconds.—Boston Transcript.

A Born Champion.
"I understand your boy has the makings of a champion pugilist."
"I really believe he has. He positively won't fight with anybody he isn't sure he can whip."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Some Fan.
A small boy from Chicago, who was sent to the country by the United Charities and who had never seen a windmill before, exclaimed: "Gee, mister! That's some electric fan you've got out there cooling the hogs."

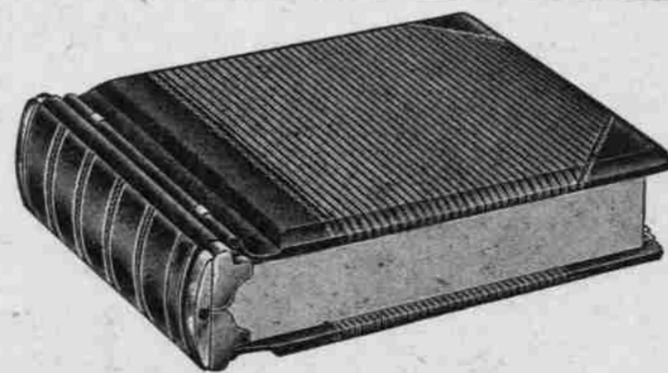
The Best Light at the Lowest Cost

ELECTRIC LIGHT is the most suitable for homes, offices, shops and other places needing light. Electricity can be used in any quantity, large or small, thereby furnishing any required amount of light. Furthermore, electric lamps can be located in any place thus affording any desired distribution of light.

No other lamps possess these qualifications, therefore it is not surprising that electric lamps are rapidly replacing all others in modern establishments.

The Portland Railway Light & Power Co.

MAIN STREET in the BEAVER BLDG.



Unqualifiedly the Best

LEDGER

The De Luxe Steel Back

New improved **CURVED HINGE** allows the covers to drop back on the desk without throwing the leaves into a curved position.

Sizes 8 1/4 to 20 inches

OREGON CITY ENTERPRISE

Headquarters for Loose Leaf Systems