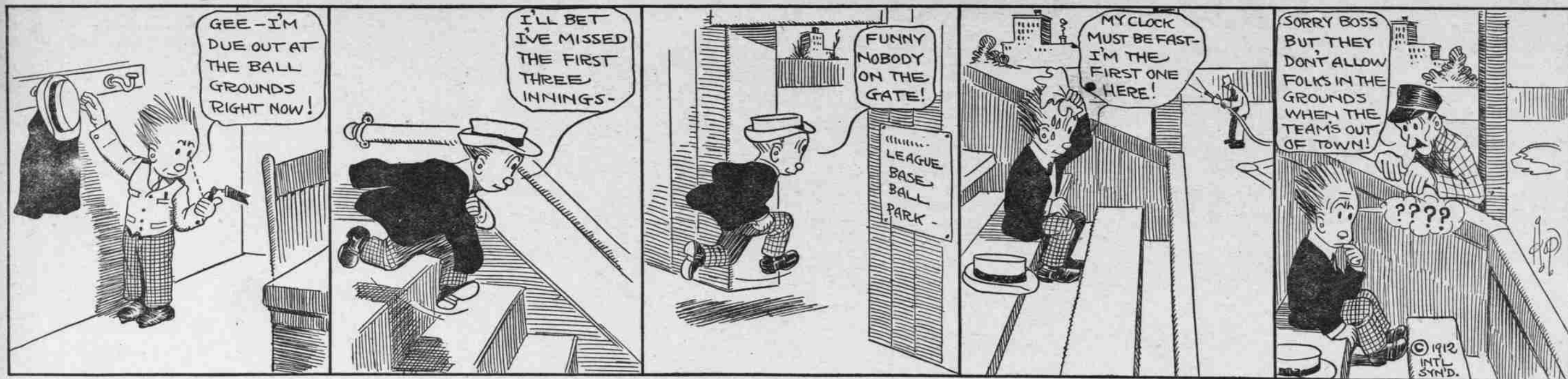


SCOOPE THE CUB REPORTER



By "HOP"

MORNING ENTERPRISE
OREGON CITY, OREGON

E. E. BRODIE, Editor and Publisher.

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CITY OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER

THE MORNING ENTERPRISE is on sale at the following stores every day:

- Huntley Bros.—Drugs
- Main Street.
- J. W. McAnulty—Cigars
- Seventh and Main.
- E. B. Anderson
- Main, near Sixth.
- M. E. Dunn—Confectionery
- Next door to P. O.
- City Drug Store
- Electric Hotel.
- Schoenborn—Confectionery
- Seventh and J. Q. Adams.

Aug. 13 In American History.
1512—The American frigate Essex, commanded by Captain David Porter, captured the British ship Alert.
1808—The Spanish surrendered Manila to the American army after a naval and land bombardment, followed by an attack by troops.
1908—Mrs. D. Sankoy, widely known evangelist and hymn writer, died; born 1840.

ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS.
(From noon today to noon tomorrow.)
Sun sets 7. rises 5.00. Evening stars: Mercury, Venus, Mars, Jupiter. Morning star: Saturn.

TARIFF ISSUE FAIRLY JOINED

It is seldom indeed that the opposing position of the Republican and Democratic parties on the all important question of the tariff are so clearly presented and so strikingly exemplified as in the two bills directed to the revision of the sugar schedule which have been passed by the two houses of Congress at the present session. Of all the tariff measures passed by the Democratic majority in the House of Representatives the free sugar bill is the only one in which an attempt has been made to put into effect the free trade theory to which the influential members of the controlling party in the lower House of Congress are committed. It provides, therefore, an excellent opportunity to consider the workings of free trade and one to which the Dem-

ocratic statesmen themselves cannot object since it is for their own selection. Unwittingly or intentionally the Democratic leaders selected for the first object of their free-trade experiment the greatest revenue-producer of the entire list of imports. The duty on sugar pays into the Federal Treasury some \$53,000,000 a year, or approximately one-seventh of the entire customs revenue. This the Democratic bill proposed to sacrifice. It proposed also to sacrifice the domestic sugar-producing industry—the growing of cane in the southern states, and the raising of sugar beets for manufacture into sugar by local factories in the North and West. The investment in these two branches of the domestic industry amounts to about \$200,000,000.

It is not necessary to accuse the men who shape the legislature policy of the Democratic party of any personal hostility to the farmers, laborers and manufacturers engaged in producing sugar from American soil. Their argument is the stock free trade argument, namely, that if the farmers and laborers of this country cannot produce sugar in competition with the yellow and black men who grow the sugar cane of the tropics and who are forced to work for one-fifth of the established American wage, the domestic production of sugar should be discouraged. As for the growers of sugar cane and sugar beets, let them grow other crops. Let the beet sugar manufacturer abandon his factory and go into some other business. Let his workmen find other jobs—if they can. Let the stockholders in the local sugar factories scattered throughout the country pocket their losses.

This is a fair statement of the position which the Democratic party has taken in this matter of the sugar tariff. From the viewpoint of the theoretical free trader it is a perfectly correct position. It assumes that the destruction of the American sugar-growing industry by the removal of the tariff would mean cheaper sugar for the American consumer. Practically, however, there is a serious flaw in this claim. The removal of the sugar tariff and the consequent destruction of the domestic sugar-producing industry would leave the sugar market of the country entirely in the hands of the big sugar refiners. The refining industry is said to be controlled by not more than six men. It is a familiar fact and one brought out by the investigations of a Democratic congressional committee that the refining business is dominated by the so-called Sugar Trust and that of the

few refining concerns that are not actually in the Trust all but one or two are on exceedingly friendly terms with it. How much of any possible reduction in the cost of raw sugar such a combination as this would hand on to the customer may be judged from the reputation which its members—who have been engaged for the past two or three years in repaying vast sums out of which they had swindled the government—have established for philanthropy. Their probable action is indicated by the course that they adopted in 1890 when the removal of the sugar duty was followed by an advance of forty-five cents a hundred pounds in their charge for refining. Applied to the present sugar consumption of the country this would enable the refiners to pocket \$33,500,000 of the \$53,000,000 revenue taken away from the national treasury while the consumers of the country would still be under the necessity of making up the latter sum in other taxes.

The Republican policy with respect to sugar is equally well illustrated by the bill passed by the votes of Republican senators as a substitute for the free sugar bill of the House. This bill makes the substantial reduction of thirty cents per hundred pounds in the full rate of duty in the belief that this cut does not seriously endanger the prosperity of the domestic sugar-producing industry. The protection policy seeks to assure a stable supply of cheap sugar for the American consumer but aims to do it by encouraging the production of this sugar at home under conditions that will assure fair competition and prevent monopoly or the manipulation of prices. What the effect of this policy has been is shown by a few facts regarding the progress of beet sugar production in the United States within recent years.

The real growth of the industry dates from the enactment of the Dingley tariff in 1897. In that year the output of beet sugar was 84,000,000 pounds. In 1911 the production was in excess of 1,000,000,000 pounds, an increase of nearly 1,200 per cent. There are at present seventy-one beet sugar factories in operation scattered throughout seventeen states and the growing of sugar beets is an important farm industry in all these states. The amount disbursed to American farmers and laborers by it is \$45,000,000 a year. The most prominent agricultural authorities in the country agree that with a continuation of the policy of reasonable protection the United States ultimately will produce all the sugar it uses which will mean the annual distribution of \$250,000,000 a year to American industry.

BURGLARS DYNAMITE SAFE IN THEATRE

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., Aug. 12.—After shattering the safe in the Royal Theatre with charges of nitroglycerine, the strength of which was evidently underestimated, the safe-blowers who perpetrated the trick were so frightened by the heavy explosion that they were too bashful to take the money which lay in plain sight in the shattered safe.

Fire followed the explosion, which took place at 2:40 this morning and was so heavy it alarmed the whole downtown district. The amount in the safe was estimated at about \$150 or \$200, as Manager A. W. Gillis, of the Royal Theatre had banked most of the day's receipts on Saturday night. The fire was extinguished without much damage.

The scene of the burglary is only two blocks from the police station and an equal distance from the Bank of Montreal, where last September robbers secured \$257,000.

Heart to Heart Talks.
By EDWIN A. NYE.

N. C. HANKS.
Death comes with a crawl or he comes with a pounce. And, whether he slow or spry, it isn't the fact that you're dead that counts. But only, how did you die?

Edmund Vance Cook, author of the lines printed above, tells the brave story of N. C. Hanks.

Hanks lost both hands and both eyes in an accident. That was when he was a miner. Now he is a popular lecturer on Shakespeare and modern writers.

This is the story:

At twenty-one he and his partners leased a claim near Nephel, Utah, and prospected for ore. The claim proved a valuable one. Hanks was as happy as a man could be who has good red blood, a fine financial prospect and a letter from his sweetheart in his pocket.

One day at noon, just after reading his sweetheart's letter, which some one had brought up the hard mountain trail to the lonely cabin, Hanks picked up a box of dynamite caps which had lain in the sun. The slight jar did the rest.

By a miracle he escaped instant death.

He was thrown ten feet away and when he arose both eyes were gone and where his hands had been were bleeding stumps. His partner, looking upon him, screamed and cried like a child. Recovering himself, he got Hanks to the cabin, where he bound his arms tightly above the elbow to stop the bleeding.

It was six miles to a telephone. All that afternoon Hanks lay alone, having as sole companion a little dog. When help came they got him to a hospital at Provo, where they saved the remnant of him. His sweetheart came to see him, and he released her from their engagement. What woman would want both a cripple and a blind man for a husband?

And then?

Had it been you? N. C. Hanks, cripple and blind, went to work to make a lecturer out of a miner—and succeeded. He makes return dates, which tells the story of his popularity.

And you?

You have two eyes and two hands, and yet you whine because you have no chance? Doesn't the dauntless spirit of N. C. Hanks make you ashamed?

And if you have been unfortunate doesn't the spectacle of Hanks going about, keeping sweet and serene, hearten you some?

The Fata Morgana.
The celebrated Fata Morgana, a presentation of natural moving pictures on an immense scale which is occasionally seen in the strait of Messina, is explained by a scientific writer as being a mirage, such as frequently occurs in various parts of the world. "In fact," he says, "one may see a mirage any day by looking through the stratum of air overlying a hot stove or adjacent to the side of a wall heated in the sunshine." Young scientists will be interested in verifying this statement.

Pluto's Safety Valve.
A round, smooth hole in the side of a granite monument about nine miles out from the City of Mexico is locally known by a term which signifies "Pluto's safety valve." The hole is about nine inches in diameter at the opening, which is polished in a manner which suggests human workmanship. That man had nothing to do with drilling or polishing this hole will be readily surmised when it is known that it has occasionally emitted hot air and smoke during a period extending over 300 years.

LILLIE GETS SON AND MOTHER DAUGHTER

County Judge Beattie Monday awarded the custody of Hazel Lillie, fifteen years of age, to her mother, Cornelia Lillie, and Donald Lillie, ten years of age, to his father, William Lillie. The order is a temporary one, the court reserving the right to make a change at any time. The couple were divorced in 1898, the mother being awarded the custody of the two children. Through attorney N. B. Hicks the father complained that the children were not receiving the proper care and asked that he either be given the custody of them or that a guardian be appointed. After Judge Beattie had issued the order the father filed a complaint charging delinquency against his son, Garland Lillie, seventeen years of age. Judge Beattie will have a hearing Friday.

DARROW FIGHTS AS LAWYER LASHES

(Continued from page 1)

The jury to take the assistant district attorney's statements as an argument only, and in no wise as evidence, and Ford was allowed to continue.

"Poor little Jim, McNamara, the miserable wretch!" continued Ford. "When he blew up the Los Angeles Times, he profited by the example of men like Darrow."

"I object!" shouted Appel, leaping to his feet. "I assign that an error." Ford stood with arms folded glaring fiercely at the defendant.

"Imagine the distressed women and children standing at the fire lines on the morning of the disaster, while their husbands and fathers burned! Imagine them stretching out their hands to this defendant, who says there is no such thing as crime as the word is generally understood, and praying him 'give, Oh give us back our protectors.'"

Ford advanced pleadingly toward Darrow, stretching out his arms appealingly. Darrow leaped to his feet. "Can Ford say anything he likes here, your honor?" he demanded. "What have I to do with the Times dynamiting?"

Ford went on:

"Shortly after the McNamaras were arrested Darrow knew that the case against them was hopeless, and—" "There is no such evidence," coolly interrupted Darrow. "I take an exception."

The prosecutor then assigned bribery as Darrow's motive, declaring that the defendant had a great reputation to preserve, and that he was determined to preserve it by any means at his disposal.

"He knew that Ortie McNamara had testified against the McNamaras before the grand jury, so he brought Mrs. McNamara to California to commit crime to make her persuade her husband to change his testimony. George Behm was brought out here for the same purpose."

Ford then went into the collateral matters against Darrow, endeavoring to bolster up the charges of "whole-sale bribery and corruption" in the McNamara trial, which the state has built up.

Making a personal appeal to Juror F. E. Golding, Ford today attempted to talk Golding out of the belief that the case against Darrow was a frame-up. When examined for jury duty, Golding admitted a suspicion that the case might be a frame-up.

WANTS, FOR SALE, ETC.

Notices under these classified headings will be inserted at one cent a word, first insertion, half a cent additional insertions. One inch card, \$2 per month; half-inch card, (4 lines), \$1 per month. Cash must accompany order unless one has an open account with the paper. No financial responsibility for errors; where errors occur free corrected notices will be printed for patron. Minimum charge 16c.

WANTED
WANTED:—2 or 3 high school boys or girls to work during vacation Address E. B. care Morning Enterprise.

WANTED:—Boarders, will take men work nights. Quiet part of city, Address 616, Eleventh street.

WANTED:—To rent house, furnished or unfurnished, must be modern and close in. Will take lease. Address given, description and location E. B. care Enterprise.

WANTED—Female Help.

WANTED:—Strong person for general housework, only competent wanting steady position need apply, in country. Telephone Farmers 18X.

LOST
LOST, on Oregon City car Saturday a Stewart Speedometer. Leave at Enterprise office. Reward.

THE FATA MORGANA.
The celebrated Fata Morgana, a presentation of natural moving pictures on an immense scale which is occasionally seen in the strait of Messina, is explained by a scientific writer as being a mirage, such as frequently occurs in various parts of the world. "In fact," he says, "one may see a mirage any day by looking through the stratum of air overlying a hot stove or adjacent to the side of a wall heated in the sunshine." Young scientists will be interested in verifying this statement.

PATENTS
Peter Haberlin, Patent Attorney, Counselor in Patent and Trade Mark Causes. Inventors assisted and patents obtained in all countries. Manufacturers advised and infringing litigation conducted. Expert reports. Briefs for counsel. Validity searches. Trade marks designed and protected. Labels, designs and copyrights registered. Preliminary consultations without charge. 326 Worcester Bldg., Portland, Ore. Send for free booklets.

FOR RENT
HOUSE FOR RENT, 7 rooms, unfurnished, centrally located in Oregon City. Ralph Miller at Adams' Department Store.

FOR RENT:—One Modern 5-room house on Taylor street, also one 5-room house on Fifth street. Close in. Apply Geo. Randall, 801, Fifth and Jefferson streets, city.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HOW would you like to talk with 1400 people about that bargain you have in Real Estate. Use the Enterprise.

F. B. FINLEY, Taxidermist, Tanner and Furrier. Fur Rugs and Game Heads in stock. Glass Eyes, 249 Columbia St., Portland, Ore.

DRESSMAKING, Hairdressing and shampooing. Room 5, Willamette Building.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FRUIT AND FARM LAND FOR SALE in all parts of Clackamas County. One acre tracts up. I carry some city property that you can buy at a good figure and on terms.

S. O. Dillman, Room 1, Weinhard Building, Telephone Main 3771.

FOR SALE:—Or will rent to right party, furnished house, Address C. W. Evans, 407 Center Street, city.

HOMESEEKERS TAKE NOTICE
Here is your Opportunity
A red hot bargain, one acre square, all fenced, and every inch under cultivation. Small house, woodshed, several cords wood, light house keeping outfit, and only 15 minutes walk from Oregon City, must sell or trade. Phone Farmers 19X1.

WOOD AND COAL.

OREGON CITY WOOD AND FUEL CO., F. M. Blum. Wood and coal delivered to all parts of the city. SAWING A SPECIALTY. Phone your orders Pacific 2502, Home B 170

INSURANCE
FOR THE BEST INSURANCE always get
Oregon Fire Relief Association of McMinnville
Geo. W. H. MILLER, Local Agent.
Tel. Pacific 1771. Home A64

FOR SALE
CHEAP
TWO lots 66x105 on improved street, in good location. Price \$550 for both. Owner living away and must sell. Terms, see S. O. Dillman, Room 1, Weinhard Building.

Sawed slab-wood for sale \$1.00 a load, come quick while it lasts. Geo. Lamers, Beaver Creek.

FOR SALE:—Good Medium farm team, well matched. Harness and wagon. Call 149 Ninth street.

FOR SALE:—Launch, first class condition, 4 H. P. Fairbanks-Morse Engine. Address A. C. care Enterprise.

FOR SALE OR TRADE:—Will trade for improved place near Portland, 48 room house, sleeping and housekeeping, furnished, money-maker, splendid location. Call or write 322 1/2 E. Burnside Portland.

NOTICES

Ordinance No. —
An ordinance dedicating the Second Addition to Mountain View Cemetery, of Oregon City, Oregon.

Section 1. The hereinafter described tract of land which has been properly platted and marked off in lots and blocks, with streets and alleys as shown on the plat of the same, which is hereby ordered to be properly filed together with a copy of this ordinance, with the recorder of conveyances of Clackamas County, Oregon, according to law, shall be known and officially designated as the "Second Addition to Mountain View Cemetery."

Section 2. All streets and alleys and lots and blocks in said Second Addition area of the dimensions as shown on the plat of the same, and the said streets and alleys are hereby dedicated to the public forever as highways for cemetery purposes.

Section 3. The description of the said Second Addition to Mountain View Cemetery is as follows:

Beginning at the North 9 inches x 6 inches 18 inches set at the S. W. Corner of First Addition to Mountain View Cemetery, said point being 1019.50 feet South and 244.40 feet East of the Sec. corner on the North line of Sec. 5 T. 3 S. R. 2 E. W. M., thence North 9 degrees 04 minutes E 122.50 feet to a stone thence South 88 degrees 35 minutes W. 240 feet to an iron pipe, which pipe is 902.45 feet South and 4.60 feet East of the 3 Sec. cor., on the N. line of Sec. 5 T. 3 S. R. 2 E. W. M., thence South 0 degrees 04 minutes, W. 10 feet to an iron pipe; thence N. 89 degrees, 26 minutes, E 208.10 ft. to a stone, thence South 65 degrees, 17 minutes, E. 35.10 feet to a stone and place of beginning.

Section 4. Whereas the law of the State of Oregon provides a penalty for using a burial lot in a cemetery until the same is properly dedicated, and whereas the present cemetery cannot longer furnish places of burial, and it is necessary for the uses of the public that other ground should be immediately provided for such purposes; and whereas the public health and safety demand that this should be done without delay; therefore an emergency is declared to exist and this ordinance shall take effect and become the law of the city immediately upon its passage by the council and approval by the mayor and safety demand that this should be done without delay:

Read first time at a regular meeting of the council held on the 7th day of August, 1912, and ordered published.

L. STIPP, Recorder.

Summons.
In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Clackamas.

Mary E. Case, Plaintiff vs.
E. V. Moore and wife Anna Houston Moore and all known and unknown heirs of the said E. V. Moore and Anna Houston Moore and W. W. Kimball Company, a corporation, defendants.

To E. V. Moore and wife, Anna Houston Moore and all known and unknown heirs of the said E. V. Moore and Anna Houston Moore and W. W. Kimball Company, a corporation, defendants.

In the Name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before August 14th, 1912, and if you fail so to answer, plaintiff will take decree adjudging that the plaintiff is the rightful owner in fee simple of Lots 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 in block 9 of Falls View Addition to Oregon City. That the defendants nor either of them have any right, title or claim in and to said property or any part thereof. For such other relief as to the Court may seem just and equitable hereinafter.

Service of this summons is made upon you by publication in pursuance of an order of the Honorable J. U. Campbell, Circuit Judge of Clackamas County, made July 1st, 1912, directing such publication in the Morning Enterprise once a week for six successive weeks, the first publication being July 2nd, 1912, and the last August 13th, 1912.

B. N. HICKS,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

The Present Unrest In The World Is Due to Our Complex Civilization
By Dr. MAX G. SCHLAPP, Professor of Neurophysiology of the Cornell Medical School

In his view the exactions of industry on the nerves and powers of endurance of the industrial workers are the cause of mental diseases and physical degeneration, which are becoming more and more advanced in each succeeding generation in the last thirty or forty years and WILL BECOME MORE ACCENTUATED UNTIL EITHER CONDITIONS ARE CHANGED OR THE POPULATION OF THE WORLD IS DESTROYED.

We have entered upon a time when the workers of the world are driven to distraction, and their employers are none the less driven themselves by the industrial system of which they form a part, being COMPELLED TO DO THEIR PART OR BE CRUSHED. It is not so much a race for wealth on their part as doing their duty to their associates and that all things depending upon them individually may go on without interruption and the horrible system of CEASELESS ENDEAVOR which the modern world has built up may continue unbroken.

IT IS THIS REMORSELESS GRIND THAT IS AFFECTING EVERY CONDITION OF LIFE. EVERYBODY KNOWS HOW INTERWOVEN ARE THE INTERESTS OF ALL CLASSES OF SOCIETY IN THIS COMPLEX CIVILIZATION. NO ONE IS ENTIRELY FREE. EVERY ONE IS DEPENDENT ON THE WILL, THE CAPRICE OR WHIM OF SOME ONE ELSE—THE LAWYER ON HIS WEALTHY CLIENT, THE DOCTOR ON HIS WEALTHY PATIENT AND THE WOMEN AND CHILDREN ON THEIR HUSBANDS AND FATHERS.

Men of finance are harder driven if possible than the manufacturers and the sellers of products, and so in these centers of civilization we are all indissolubly bound and governed by a monster that simply DEMANDS WORK AND EFFORT TO THE LAST OF OUR STRENGTH.

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This Bank
is well prepared to furnish its customers the facilities and service which assure accuracy and promptness in the handling of their banking business.

THE BANK OF OREGON CITY
OLDEST BANK IN CLACKAMAS COUNTY

D. C. LATOURETTE, President. F. J. MYER, Cashier.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF OREGON CITY, OREGON
CAPITAL \$50,000.00
Transacts a General Banking Business. Open from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.