

THE WEATHER.
Oregon City—Fair; Easterly winds.
Oregon—Fair today; north to easterly winds.

MORNING ENTERPRISE

WEEKLY ENTERPRISE ESTABLISHED 1866

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OREGON CITY, OREGON, THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1912

PER WEEK, 10 CENTS

NEW PARTY CALLS OLD ONES TOOLS

PLATFORM ADVOCATES REFORM AND ABRIGATION OF ALLEGED ABUSES.

RULE OF PEOPLE IS ITS KEYNOTE

Equal Suffrage And Everything Else Favored By Colonel Roosevelt Is Included In Platform

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—The platform adopted today by the Progressive party convention begins with a preamble which says:

"The conscience of the people, in a time of grave National problems, has called into being a new party, born of the Nation's awakened sense of justice.

"We of the Progressive party dedicate ourselves to the fulfillment of the duty laid upon us by our fathers to maintain that Government of the people, by the people and for the people whose foundations they laid.

"We hold with Thomas Jefferson and Abraham Lincoln that the people are the masters of their Constitution to fulfill its purposes and to safeguard it from those who, by perversion of its intent, would convert it into an instrument of injustice.

"This country belongs to the people who inhabit it. It is time to set the public welfare in the first place."

The platform further declares that the old parties have become the tools of corrupt interests, which use them impartially to serve their selfish purposes, and that the "new party offers itself as the instrument of the people to sweep away old abuses, to build a new and nobler commonwealth."

Declares, under the heading "The Rule of the People," for direct primaries for the nomination of state and National officers and candidates for President and for the popular election of United States Senators, and urges on the states the use of the short ballot, "with responsibility to the people secured by the initiative referendum and recall."

Pledges party to provide "a more easy and expeditious method of amending the Federal Constitution."

Advocates National jurisdiction of problems which have expanded beyond reach of individual states.

Pledges party to secure equal suffrage and all other things for which Mr. Roosevelt stands.

HIGH SCHOOL IN NEED OF SCIENCE TEACHER

The Oregon City High School is in dire need of a new instructor in sciences, to fill the vacancy due to the resignation of E. Earle Felke, who is going to teach at Salem. The Fall term of school opens here September 23, and with the exception of an instructor in physics, chemistry and laboratory work, the corps of teachers has been obtained.

Are You a Patriot?

THE MOST PATRIOTIC PICTURE

Ever shown in this city is now at

THE GRAND

If you are not a patriot, don't see it.

The Lennes Sisters
Child Impersonators, Singing and Dancing Act.

Note

THE ELK'S PARADE will be shown here Aug. 22nd and 23rd and not on this coming Saturday as advertised.

ROOSEVELT AND JOHNSON NAMED

PROGRESSIVE PARTY NOMINATIONS UNANIMOUS AND EULOGIES ARE MANY

ACCEPTANCES ARE MADE AT ONCE

Enthusiastic Speakers Declare Illinois And Pennsylvania Will Give Large Pluralities To New Ticket

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—Singing "Onward, Christian Soldiers," and the "Battle Hymn of the Republic," the delegates to the first National convention of the new Progressive party tonight proclaimed Theodore Roosevelt of New York, as their candidate for President and Hiram W. Johnson, Governor of California, as their choice for Vice-President.

Marking a departure in the proceedings of National conventions, the two candidates then were notified of their nomination, and in the midst of deafening cheers they appeared before the delegates to voice their acceptance and to pledge their best efforts to the coming campaign.

For several hours during the afternoon and early evening the Coliseum had listened to a flow of oratory in nominating and seconding speeches in which the dominant note expressed was the belief that victory would come to the new party in November.

Raymond Robbins, of Illinois, pledged a 100,000 majority for the National ticket in Illinois, and Gifford Pinchot predicted a 300,000 majority for Colonel Roosevelt and Governor Johnson in his home state of Pennsylvania. These statements were cheered to the echo.

The party formally christened itself "the Progressive party," leaving off the prefix "National," by which it has heretofore been known but provision was made for the recognition of "real" progressives in any state by whatever name they should be locally designated because of state laws.

The convention adjourned at 7:24 P. M. with the delegates singing the "Doxology" in lusty voice. During the three days it was in session there was not a rollcall or a ballot. The delegates asked no such formalities, either in placing their candidates in nomination or in voting for them.

There was not a voice of opposition either to Colonel Roosevelt or Governor Johnson. The delay in nominating them was due to the large number of seconding speeches allowed.

After a series of partial disappointments in the conduct of its business, the progressive convention met this afternoon, and after the adoption of new rules for the new party and the announcement that its platform was complete, the roll of the state was called. Alabama, first on the list, gave way and New York was recognized.

Comptroller Prendergast of New York City was absent, and the convention awaited his return with impatience. Finally he was found, and in a speech replete with praise, formally announced his nomination.

During Prendergast's oration the Coliseum listened intently to his rolling periods. Now and again he spoke, a sharp, short yell of applause broke through the current of his speech, cheering literally drowned out the hands which joined in with the wave of shouting.

It was just 2:11 o'clock when Prendergast's oration started the outburst which followed his speech. The delegates stood on their chairs waving handkerchiefs and cheering. A woman in the crowd lowered a big American flag, to which had been attached a big lithograph of Colonel Roosevelt. Then pandemonium broke loose, the din of the demonstration being deafening.

The New York delegates started a procession of standards through the aisles. New Hampshire, North Carolina, Arizona, West Virginia, Ohio and Texas followed, the delegates keeping step to martial airs furnished by a veteran fife and drum corps. General McDowell, a Confederate officer, led the cheering, waving an American flag.

After the cheering had lasted 20 minutes the fife and drummers fled into the aisles and headed the procession, adding to the enthusiasm of the "Dixie" and "The Star Spangled Banner." When 30 minutes of uproar had passed a new American flag with a circular arrangement of the stars, was dropped from the riggers of the Coliseum and the entire assembly stopped cheering and sang "America." The enthusiasm, however, redoubled as the song ended, and Beveridge, who had tried for order dropped back into his chair all agarin.

At the height of the demonstration Mrs. Roosevelt entered the hall and was given the Chautauqua salute with "O, You Beautiful Doll," and Mrs. Roosevelt smiled although greatly embarrassed.

When the convention reassembled at 1 o'clock, Medill McCormick of the rules committee, read a compromise plank which provided that the name should be the Progressive party. It contained the stipulation, however, that in other states where another name had been adopted the name should be subject to the approval of these states. In Pennsylvania, the new party is designated as the Washington party, and McCormick, for the rules committee, accepted an amendment ruling that the Pennsylvania branch should be an adjunct of the Progressive party. After the rule-making convention representation had been changed fixing the basis of representation instead of 10,000 the report of the rules committee was adopted without division.

THE OUTLET

PERPETRATED BY WALT McDUGALL



TERMINAL RATES TO BE CONSIDERED

The Terminal Rate Association has further assurance from railroad authorities that terminal rates will soon receive consideration and that the granting of such rates to other localities is aiding the petition of the association. Within the next thirty days something definite should be known.

MAN WHO "PLAYED POLICEMAN" FREED

George Pease, who for about an hour Tuesday night composed the "bridge squad," of the Abernethy bridge, and ordered pedestrians to "step lively," and "hurry up," was released from jail Wednesday. Pease said he was a plumber and lived at Third and Montgomery streets, Portland. He explained that he had been crawling Tuesday, and that his "catch" had been stolen. This worried him, he said, and he was not accountable for his actions at the time. He declared that he had no intention to impersonate an officer and did not remember ordering persons to cross the bridge in a hurry. Pease tried to halt Policemen Green and Frost at the approach to the bridge when they went to arrest him.

ROADS ARE ORDERED SURVEYED BY COURT

The County Court Wednesday ordered routes surveyed for roads to be named as follows: Gacoupland, J. R. Cornog, John Lewellen and Carl A. Fosberg. The court decided to close two old roads near Oswego, the Oregon Iron & Steel Company, having promised to open new ones which will be satisfactory to all persons concerned. The resignation of B. Sullivan, road supervisor in District No. 20 was received, and John Putz was appointed to succeed him.

CURFEW LAW TO BE RIGIDLY ENFORCED

Mayor Dimick notified the night policemen Wednesday that the curfew law must be rigidly enforced. The law provides that all children under sixteen years of age, unless with parents or guardians, must keep off the streets in the summer after 9 o'clock. Mayor Dimick said that the law had been enforced on Main and other downtown streets, but that reports had been made of children being in the parks after the ringing of the curfew bell. Mrs. Parker, court matron, and Mrs. Luella Andrews, President of the local Women's Christian Temperance Union, urged the mayor to issue the order.



Woodrow Wilson, Who is Notified of his Nomination for President by the Democratic Party.

WILLIAM RAMBO DIES AFTER YEAR'S ILLNESS

William Rambo, for twenty-eight years a resident of Oregon City, died at his home, 511 Adams street at 8 o'clock Wednesday morning. He had been ill of Bright's disease about one year. Mr. Rambo was born near Dayton, Ia., in 1855. He and Miss Etta Buckles were married in Parsons, Kan., January 1879, and came to Oregon City in 1884.

Mr. Rambo is survived by his widow, his mother, Mrs. M. Kayes, of Lents; sister, Mrs. Greenley, of Lents; sister, Mrs. Murrow, of Hillsboro; sister, Mrs. Forest, of Oklahoma; brother, Henry Rambo, of Oklahoma and a nephew, J. Hammer, of Oregon City.

The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at the home, Sixth and John Adams streets, Rev. E. A. Smith officiating.

INTOXICATED SMITH HAS FUNNY NOTION

An intoxicated man who refused to give his name, entered Thomas' blacksmith shop on Main street Wednesday, and announced that he had been appointed foreman of the place. Mr. Thomas took exceptions to the statement. However, the man insisted upon going to work. Thomas called E. L. Shaw, and while he was taking the man to jail, his prisoner tried to escape. He also showed fight. Shaw, however, had little trouble in subduing the man, and was aided in taking his prisoner to jail by Arthur Williams. The fellow after being placed behind the bars insisted that he was a blacksmith, but refused positively to tell his name. He may today when given a hearing by Recorder Stipp.

A small classified ad will rent that vacant room.

WORK OF DEEPENING CHANNEL STARTED

Government dredges are at work at Jennings Bar deepening the channel to Portland. Oregon City will soon have a channel five feet deep to Portland, insuring water transportation by deep river boat the year round.

The Clackamas Bar should be removed within two weeks. The work is being done upstream to give water in the lower lock at Oregon City as long as possible, after which transportation up river will be cut off until the winter rains commence.

SHOE LACES USED BY SUICIDE FOR NOOSE

The body of an unidentified man, who evidently committed suicide, was found hanging to the limb of a tree in a canyon about a mile southeast of Oswego Wednesday. The man was about fifty years of age, and was five feet eight inches tall. He wore a blue serge suit, and a cream colored shirt. There was nothing about the man or his clothing through which an identification could be made, and Coroner Wilson had the body brought to this city and buried. The man hanged himself with his shoe laces and handkerchief. R. Hartley, of Portland, while driving cattle found the corpse.

MILLWORKER'S HAND IS BADLY MANGLED

The right hand of James Viabos, nineteen years of age, was mangled early today at the Crown-Columbia Pulp & Paper Company. The man was feeding one of the wet machines when his hand was caught between the screens. He called for assistance but before aid reached him had extricated his hand. The thumb was torn off and the fingers were broken and bruised. Earl Script went with Viabos to the offices of Drs. H. S. and Guy Mount, who rendered surgical assistance.

STEP-MOTHER BLAMED BY WANDERING BOY

Herman Sigmund, fourteen years of age, who ran away from his home in Vancouver, Wash., and came to this city, will be taken home by his father today. The boy said he left home because his step-mother treated him cruelly. He was found at the home of Frank Cross in Greenpoint by E. L. Shaw. The lad had no money and said he had walked from Portland to Oregon City.

"Father left me with my mother in Germany several years ago," he said. "He came to this country and soon after mother died. Then father, who had remarried, sent for me. My step-mother would not let me go to school so I thought the best thing to do was to run away."

WILSON NOTIFIED OF NOMINATION

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE CALLS TARIFF AND TRUSTS LEADING ISSUES

SELF-RESTRAINT IS ADVOCATED

"Thought And Conscience Of People Must Be Satisfied," Says Erstwhile College Professor

SAGHRT, N. J., Aug. 7.—Governor Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey, was officially informed today that he had been chosen by the Baltimore convention as the nominee for the Presidency on the Democratic ticket.

Briefly and simply Governor Wilson was notified of his nomination by Senator-elect Ollie James of Kentucky, who emphasized, as he said, that the Governor had obtained the honor untrammelled by obligations and unembarrassed by affiliations of any kind.

After thanking the committee of notification and expressing his profound sense of responsibility in accepting the nomination, the Governor said he realized he was expected to speak plainly, to talk politics and open the campaign "in words whose meaning no one need doubt." And he was expected to speak, he added, to the country as well as to the committee.

"We must speak," he continued, by way of preface, "not to catch votes, but to satisfy the thought and conscience of a people deeply stirred by the conviction that they have come to a critical turning point in their moral and political development."

"Plainly, it is a new age," he went on. "It requires self-restraint not to attempt too much, and yet it would be cowardly to attempt too little. In the broad light of this new day we stand face to face with what? Plainly, not with questions of party, not with a contest for office and with a petty struggle for advantage. With great questions of right and of justice, rather—questions of National development, of the development of character and of standards of action no less than of a better business system. We have furnished the main arena asserting themselves against every form of special privilege and private control, and are seeking bigger things than they have ever heretofore achieved.

"There are two great things to do. One is to set up the rule of justice and of right in such matters as the tariff, the regulation of the trusts and the prevention of monopoly, the adaptation of our banking and currency laws to the very uses to which our people must put them, the treatment of those who do the daily labor in our factories and mines and throughout all our great industrial and commercial undertakings, and the political life of the people of the Philippines, for whom we hold governmental power in trust, for their service, not our own. The other, the additional duty, is the great task of strengthening our people and our resources and of keeping open to the whole people the doors of opportunity through which they must, generation by generation pass if they are to make conquest of their fortunes in health, in freedom in peace and in contentment. In the performance of this second great duty we are face to face with questions of conservation and of development, questions of forests and waterpowers and mines and waterways, of the building of an adequate merchant marine.

"We have gone into trouble in recent years chiefly because these large things, which ought to have been handled by taking counsel with as large a number of persons as possible because they touch every interest and the life of every class and region, have in fact been too often handled in private conference. They have been settled by very small and often deliberately exclusive groups of men, who undertook to speak for the whole Nation, or, rather, for themselves, in the terms of the whole Nation—honestly, it may be, but very ignorantly sometimes, and very shortsightedly, too, a poor substitute for genuine common counsel. No group of directors, economic or political can speak for a people. They have neither the point of view nor the knowledge. Our difficulty is not that wicked and designing men have plotted against us, but

(Continued on page 2.)

HARD SURFACE ON 7TH ST. OPPOSED

SEVERAL PROPERTY OWNERS PETITION COUNCIL TO USE MACADAM PAVEMENT

MAIN STREET WORK STARTS SOON

Hawley Pulp & Paper Company Gets Franchise For Spur—Three Horse Carts And Hoses To Be Ordered

A petition protesting against the hardsurfacing of Seventh street, and asking that it be macadamized, signed by influential property owners, was considered at a meeting of the city council Wednesday evening. The petition, and an opinion of City Engineer Story, regarding the assessments for building the street, were referred to the committee on streets, which will report at the next meeting of the council. The city attorney decided if an assessment of one-half the value of a lot would not pay for the part of the street in front of it, the city would have to pay the difference and that a certain per centage could not be charged against all the lots. The petition follows:

Gentlemen—We, the undersigned property owners on Seventh street, hereby respectfully petition your Honorable body to have Seventh street repaired in the following manner:

First. Have the present surface of the street broken up and brought to a uniform grade and thoroughly rolled.

Second. Place crushed rock on the surface sufficient to bring the street to a finished grade after the same has been thoroughly rolled.

Third. Oil the street and have it regularly cleaned and kept in repair.

Fourth. Inasmuch as the property owners on said street have paid the full cost for the improvement of said street and it is now 21 years since the improvement was made and there has been very little repairs made so that the street has been allowed to become rough and unsightly we believe that it is no more than justice to let the property owners who have furnished the main cost of the traffic to have the same repaired without further cost to them and we further ask that the same be made from the Permanent Street Improvement Fund.

As the matter of hard surfacing Seventh street has been brought before the council, we would further ask that the same be not considered at this time, as the bid on Main street at \$1.55 per square yard would mean that each lot on Seventh street would be taxed \$27.00, and corner lots \$45 besides the extra cost of curbs and sidewalks where necessary.

Trusting your Honorable Body will act favorably on the matter and have said repairs made under suitable specifications and contract, is the prayer of your petitioners.

Matilda Charman, Elizabeth A. Shively, H. H. Shively, Richard Schoenborn, Henry Schoenborn, Geo. Reddaway, Martin G. Christensen, Mrs. Fred McCausland, Mrs. S. C. Miller, Mrs. Henry Cooke, Mr. and Mrs. M. Amrine, Wm. E. Estes, Mrs. Maggie Cross, Mrs. Annie Jones, Mrs. Sarah Sears, S. Hughes' Sattas, Mrs. Mary Grasier, T. L. Charman, John Welch estate by C. H. Dye, agent, H. C. Stevens, Chas. H. Canfield.

The meeting was called to order at 8 o'clock by Mayor Dimick, the following councilmen being present: Horton, Albright, Holman, Hall, Pope, Roake, Meyer, Beard and Toosa.

Mr. Eddy of the Tax Department of the Southern Pacific Railway Company protested against the company paying a \$450 street assessment for work at the Fourteenth and Center streets. The protest was referred to the finance committee. A petition that Van Buren street, between Seventh and Ninth street, be improved was filed. A request of the Oregon City Ice Company that it be allowed to erect coal bunkers on property of the Southern Pacific Railway Company, was given to the finance committee. The company was instructed to furnish a plan of Twelfth street between Main and Water so the Oregon Engineering & Construction Company may proceed with the paving.

J. A. Confer was reelected city sexton. Three councilmen did not vote. J. M. Gillette, a candidate did not receive a vote. Councilman Beard asked

(Continued on page 2.)

A Summer Special in Brown and White Cooking Ware

This week we place on sale a shipment of Brown and White Cooking Ware at prices so low that every woman can afford several pieces. Only this shipment at these prices.

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| 3 in. Ramekins 8c each, 80c doz. | Mixing Bowls, 30c. |
| 3 in. Custards, 9c each, 90c doz. | Covered Casseroles (Handles) 50c. |
| Shirred Egg (Handles) 18c each, \$1.80 doz. | Covered Casseroles—Nickle Mounting 65c. |
| 4 in. Cocottes (Handles) 12½ cents each, \$1.25 doz. | Bean Pots Nickle Mounting 50c |
| 1½ Pt. Bean Pots, 35c. | 9 pc. Set (Mounted Casseroles, Pudding, Nappy, 6 Custards) \$1.98. |
| 6 in. Nappies, 20c. | |
| 6 in. Pudding Dishes, 15c. | |

If you have used this cooking ware—enough said; if not, you have a pleasure in store. See window display.

HUNTLEY BROTHERS CO.
The Rexall Store Quality Goods