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OREGON CITY ENTERPRISE

The Enterprise is the only Clackamas County newspaper that prints all of the news of this growing county.

FIFTY-SECOND YEAR—No. 45.

OREGON CITY, OREGON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1918.

ESTABLISHED 1866

CITIZENS ARE WILD OVER NEWS OF PEACE

The greatest ovation ever held in the history of Oregon City started at 2 o'clock Monday morning when word came that the armistice had been signed and that the war had come to a close. Miss Ada Bedwell, the faithful night operator of the Pacific Telephone Company, being notified by one of the employees of the Portland Railway, Light & Power Company at the electric plant, of West Linn, at once notified the night operator, who in turn placed out the red light for the police to give the news to the people, who have been anxiously awaiting word as to the effect of the same. The night police pressed the button that rang the fire bell that has been for many a year in this city. The Baptist church bell came second, and then all bells. As soon as the steam was gotten up at the manufacturing plants of the city, there was great din. People commenced thronging Main Street at 2 o'clock Monday morning, and at 2:30 a parade was formed. A similar parade was held at 5 A. M., and continued all day. Neighboring sections of the county were well represented, and one of these was Willamette. From all indications most of the population of that little city was represented here. One of the largest demonstrations of the day was a parade at 1 o'clock, when there were over 100 automobiles in line. Each automobile was decorated with flags, and to the machines were attached cans that were battered by passing over the streets. Tin cans, and even water tanks that had been detached from stoves, found a conspicuous place on the automobiles. With cowbells, whistles, horns and band music there has never been such merrymaking in Oregon City.

Among the impressive features of the 1 o'clock parade was the carrying of the handsome large American flag that waved over the Oregon building at the Panama-Pacific Exposition in San Francisco. This flag, which is 36x56 feet, was the largest flag on the fair grounds, and as it was carried by several dozen people from Gladstone and was shown the greatest respect by all. From the tiny boy to the gray haired men all removed their hats and cheered.

Another feature of the parade was the marching of the Home Guards, who led with a band composed of musicians from the Moose band and the Home Guards. The Stars and Stripes played a most important feature, and never before has there been seen more flags on a street in Oregon City than on this occasion.

The Oregon City Poultry turned out in a body. With this delegation was the old time cannon that had been in possession of the Roake family for the past 25 years. These men, some of whom appearing as if they had just come from their daily toils, were cheered by the crowds as they passed by. Several of their banners brought much comment. Among these was a large envelope, with a black border with the return to "Mrs. Hohenzollern, Potsdam," while the address was "To the Allies, Versailles, France." There were other placards carried by these men announcing the great war campaign now started in this city.

The draft board rode in a large automobile truck, and was fully decorated with the National colors. Judge Anderson had a prominent place in the truck, and he was cheered along with the remainder of the board. All court house officials and employees took part in the parades.

One large truck containing members of the I. O. O. F. Lodge and Rebekahs added to the parade, when they were attired in fancy costumes, and all wearing white caps.

Red Cross nurses, all employees of the paper mills and the Oregon City Woolen Mills were in the marching delegation, and all received an ovation.

Canby people, headed by a fine band, came down in a body during the afternoon, all decorated with the National colors. Mayor W. H. Blair led the automobiles the cheering people were given an ovation in Oregon City, when they arrived. Bearing the service flag spotted with stars of the boys now in service from that little city, and a number of golden stars was shown a great respect as the car bearing it passed along Main Street.

A most impressive feature during the day was a parade at 10:40 when eleven young men on their way to enter service, marched down Main Street, each carrying an American flag, and were escorted to the Southern Pacific Depot, where they left on the train for their destination. Farewells were given the young men, and there was the wildest cheering as they left on the train. The draft board and many court house officials and em-

OREGON TROOPS ARE FRENCH PAPER

(From Herbert Bailey.)

With the American Army. The great events in Champagne and in the north, in which the Americans take a very keen interest, have completely overshadowed their own efforts to the west of Verdun. Yet it must be remembered that the Americans are playing an important part in the fighting, even if this merely consists in retaining opposite to their sectors a certain number of German divisions that might otherwise be transferred to any of the now active fronts.

The Americans, however, have no intention of sitting still, and there is little doubt that the Germans opposing them are in difficulties. How well the Americans have been fighting recently is illustrated by the work of a certain unit, the majority of whose troops hail from Oregon.

This unit had never been under fire before starting from just to the east of Yauquois. It astonished the whole army by advancing to the extent of 5 1/2 miles in the first day of the drive. Vergy and Epinville fell to it, while it met and defeated one of the Guards divisions on the way, and then again fought with another Guards division held in support.

Apparently its progress was irresistible. It reached and fought on that formidable system of defenses, the north Hogan Stellung, and despite all the machine-gun fire and counter-attacks that the Germans in their desperation threw at it, held tenaciously to its gains, refusing to yield anything under pressure, and only finally withdrawing a very short distance in conformity with the rest of the line.

Yet its task was far from easy. The men had to wade through the Bois de Cheppy and the Bois de Vergy, and then ascend the slopes just south of Epinville. That they, a unit without the slightest experience, and unacquainted with the sound of bullets and shells, could accomplish their mission with such speed and decisiveness forms a fine testimonial to the qualities of the fighting men now arriving from America.—Paris Edition American Daily Mail.

SOLDIERS XMAS PARCELS ARE BEING PREPARED

The boxes have arrived in the Red Cross rooms for the Christmas packages to be sent to the boys "over there." The labels have also commenced to arrive here. From France, these being from boys requesting articles to be sent them. As the boxes are somewhat small it will take some figuring to pack these articles. Boys who have just gone overseas have also been given the privilege of sending for parcels, and the labels have commenced to arrive.

The parcels can be sent as late as November 20, the time having extended to prepare the parcels and for the labels to arrive here. No parcels can be sent the boys "over there" unless a label arrives.

There will be sub-stations for the Christmas boxes at Colton, Cherryville, Marquam, Molalla, Mount Angel, Needy, Estacada and Oregon City.

BENNETT LEADS

Additional returns, including both the official and unofficial count in a number of counties, failed yesterday to make any material change in the relative strength of the four candidates for Supreme Justice, Judge A. S. Bennett maintaining the lead with a margin of 722 votes over Judge Coke.

The vote so far stands: Bennett, 11,433, Coke 10,641, Olson 9859, and Campbell 5859.

plays marched to the train with them to say farewell.

"The Wild Man of Germany" was one of the features of these parades. Wearing a devil's suit and with various kinds of silver crosses, medals of all sizes and shapes, and with a helmet adorned with a bird with flaring long white tail, made a hit. He was fastened by a large rope, and was led along the way.

Another demonstration was held in the evening, and closed one of the most exciting day that the old pioneer city has ever experienced, and one long to be remembered.

At the St. Paul's Episcopal church Rev. C. H. L. Chandler, rector, officiated at a communion service at 6 A. M., and a large number partook of the communion.

At the Liberty Temple following the 5 o'clock parade, Rev. W. T. Miliken, pastor of the Baptist church, gave a brief address, and Rev. E. E. Gilbert, pastor of the Methodist church, followed in prayer. There were many in attendance.

Members of Allied War Council Now Deciding Germany's Fate



GERMANS WANT IMMEDIATE PEACE

LONDON, Nov. 12.—Germany has requested the president of the United States, according to a German wireless message from Berlin, to arrange immediately for the opening of peace negotiations, there being a pressing danger of famine.

Defeated on the battlefield, deserted by their emperor and subjected to terms tantamount to unconditional surrender, the German people made an appeal to President Wilson. Conditions described as "fearful" prevail, and Dr. W. S. Solf, the foreign secretary, says in his appeal that millions face starvation if the allies do not take steps to overcome the danger.

Mutinous sailors who are in control of most of the units of Germany's navy may, even at this late date, risk battle against the allied fleets rather than surrender their vessels, under the terms of the armistice.

Wireless messages to the various units have been picked up, calling upon the sailors to "defend the country against this unheard-of presumption." This message directed that the units assemble in Saanicht harbor on the east coast of the Island of Ruegen, off the Prussian coast.

Holland is said to be preparing to intern William Hohenzollern and his son, the former crown prince, as well as other military officers who sought refuge with them by crossing the Dutch frontier. This action may prevent the former emperor from returning to Germany should events take a sudden turn and following the example of Napoleon in 1810.

Allied warships have entered the Dardanelles and British naval forces have occupied Alexandretta.

Field Marshal von Hindenburg, who was reported to have fled to Holland with his royal master, has joined the revolutionary forces. He has asked the Soldiers' and Workmen's Council to send delegates at once to main headquarters.

Everywhere in Germany the momentum of the revolution which swept the old regime out of power seems to be increasing.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 12.—Out of

the political chaos in Germany a republic appears to be emerging. Control at present is vested largely in soldiers' councils, but progress toward substantial government is indicated by the fact that Philipp Scheidemann, the Socialist leader, has proclaimed from the steps of the Reichstag building that the foundation of a German republic has been established. The revolution continues to spread and kaiserism appears to be capitulating the length and breadth of the country.

Germany's new provisional government will be all red, that is to say, the bourgeoisie parties will not be represented in it. This will not be because of their unwillingness to participate, but because the Socialists definitely refused to permit the bourgeoisie to enter the new government.

The plan is to give the Independent Socialists the Vice-Chancellorship and two other secretarial positions. There are indications, however, that independentists will demand more.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—The man who, since December, 1916, has been occupying the throne of Austria-Hungary, is today plain Charles Hapsburg, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, quoting private advices from Vienna. The exact date and the immediate circumstances of the abdication of the last of the Hapsburg dynasty were not given in the advices, but the relinquishing of the throne had been portended by recent events in the dual monarchy.

Kick Kaiser Bill Is A New Game Here Portland Gets Busy

A. E. Joyner, A. J. Bell and Charles Lyons, prominent men in this city, in order to get their vengeance out on the Kaiser have made a dummy, and tied this to their automobile in this city and dragged it through the streets Thursday night. A large number also desired to get their vengeance on the Kaiser by beating and kicking the dummy, and before the battle was over he was without a head. A new one was furnished the men on Friday, when G. L. Hedges, who has made quite a reputation as a cartoonist, especially in drawing the likeness of old Bill, did the art work, and the new head was put on, and taken to Portland in the evening, where Kaiser Bill was dragged through the prominent streets of that city. Before returning the head was battered and muddy, and even the outline of the face could not be seen.

OFFICIALS CANCEL DRAFT FOR NOVEMBER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Almost the first action of the War Department today after announcement of the signing of the armistice with Germany was the cancellation of all army draft calls, under which more than 300,000 men had been ordered to entrain for camps before November 30.

Urgent telegrams, prepared three days ago at the direction of Provost Marshal-General Crowder, were sent to all local draft boards directing that the movement of 252,000 men under orders to entrain between today and Friday be stopped immediately.

The telegrams reached most of the boards in time, but a few are known to have started for camp. Secretary Baker said, however, that wherever possible their immediate return to civil life would be arranged.

"I have suspended further calls under the draft and inductions," Mr. Baker said. "There will be for the present no additional men brought in under the draft, and to the extent that we can we will turn back those men who have been entrained and have not yet reached training camps."

The Provost Marshal-General's office had no estimate of the number on trains before the cancelling order was issued. All men assembled for entrainment discharged from the army and paid accordingly.

FORTUNE FOR CONSTABLE

After a close and exciting race for constable in which the result was in doubt until the final count was made, Ed. Fortune, Democrat, won the contest over Henry H. Hughes, Republican, by a majority of 143 votes. The contest first gave one the lead and then the other would have the majority, it being this way throughout the entire contest, until Thursday night when Fortune took the lead.

Eugene—Big walnut crop harvest this year.

JAMES GERARD SAYS TO HANG HUN EX-KAISER

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Extradition for former Emperor William of Germany from Holland and his trial in England on the charge of murder for which he has been indicted there was urged here last night by James W. Gerard, former American ambassador to Germany, in an impromptu address before a theatre audience.

Asking whether a man shall be allowed to escape who had "killed so many people that if they were stretched on the ground they would form a line almost around the entire world," Mr. Gerard answered his own question with an emphatic "I should say not."

"There is a treaty between Holland and England," Mr. Gerard declared, "by which they can extradite the ex-kaiser who has been indicted in England, and try him before an English court. I guess we all know what the verdict would be. When the hangman drops the trap he will be doing away with one of the world's greatest murderers."

NEW HIGHWAY IS OPENED TO PUBLIC MONDAY

With the completion of the highway between Canby and Oregon City, has been an inducement to many motorists to travel over the new roadway. This, who have taken this delightful ride, speak highly of the construction of the roadway. By improving this road, it has lessened the distance to Canby, and done away with several steep grades.

There were over 100 automobiles making the trip over the new highway on Monday afternoon following the parade in the afternoon. T. A. Roots, road master, headed the procession over the fine new roadway and those making the trip thoroughly enjoyed the ride. The scenic beauty at this time of the year is most interesting. With autumnal beauty and mountains in the distance it was a trip that was worth taking. Many went as far as Barlow, where patriotic meetings were being held. Also Canby was visited, and it was at that time when the Canby delegation came down and accompanied the Oregon City motorists to this city, headed by the band. It was many motorists first trip taken over this scenic highway.

The big motor truck with hand-some American flags flying in the breezes, thoroughly impressing many who saw the parade. This truck contained the draft board and officials and employees of the court house, and was festooned with bunting.

Gold Hill—Canal work on irrigation project progressing; 25 men employed.

MUCH PAVEMENT IS CONSTRUCTED AT LOW COST

Clackamas county constructed 4.95 miles of standard 5-inch hard-surface pavement during the season just closed, at a cost per square yard of \$1.01 1/2. These figures have just been made known by the county court and Roadmaster Tom Roots, who is just completing his third year as supervisor of the Clackamas county's celebrated "home-made" pavement campaign. In spite of the fact that the average haul from the mixer to the operations was 4 3/4 miles, and in spite of the fact that materials, and labor have gone skyward during the past year, the county was able to turn out a high-grade product that received the official "O. K." by the Portland city engineering department as first-class pavement at an amazingly low figure.

With the completion of the final unit a few weeks ago, the county now boasts of 12 miles of hard surface constructed during the past three years. Last year the cost was 91 cents and in 1917 the cost was 87 cents per yard, averaging for the three years on the 12 miles built, the sum of 93 cents per yard. These figures are exclusive of grading, but include operating charges, upkeep, overhead and everything else.

The county constructed six units during the past summer, the Concord unit, a piece between Milwaukie and Rusk hill, a tract through Gladstone, 1500 feet in District No. 12 near the Lewthwaite place, 1700 feet near Clackamas station, and a tract on the Ardenwald-Wichita road. As the plant is located at Bell station, it can readily be seen that a long haul was necessary on most of the work. The cost including grading was \$1.19 1/2.

In all \$38,198.77 was spent in hard surface manufacture, and a standard 5-inch pavement known as "Clackamas County Pavement" is the product built by Roadmaster Roots, who finds time to keep the "hot stuff" going, in addition to supervising some 1100 miles of county roads.

CANVAS OF OFFICIAL VOTE IS COMPLETED

The canvass of the votes of Clackamas county is finished and shows some very close and interesting races. The one that has created the most interest was between W. J. Wilson and H. W. Koehler. The latter started in the lead on the night of the election but the following morning Wilson was in the lead and remained so, winning by a majority of 53 votes. Another close race was that for constable of the Oregon City precinct, between Fortune and Hughes, the former winning by a majority of 134.

Judge J. U. Campbell carried the county by a vote of 2449 to 847 for his three opponents for the race or the Supreme Court to fill the unexpired term caused by the death of Justice Frank A. Moore.

Governor Withycombe polled a good majority over Pierce, the final vote being 3674 to 3312 in favor of Withycombe. Senator McNary won over West by a vote of 3816 to 3255, giving him a majority of 561.

For State Senator, 12th District Walter A. Dimick polled the largest vote of any candidate in the county. His total was 5705 against 1197 for his opponent, Ginther.

Cross received the largest vote of any of the candidates for representative, 5210, all the Republicans winning by good majorities. The increase of tax levy was defeated in this county by a vote of 3438 to 1862.

The following is the official vote of Clackamas county:

For United States Senator, short term—1347, Mulkey, 4975, for long term, McNary 3816, Slaughter, 577, West, 3255, for representative in Congress, Hawley, 5606, Talbert, 1186, Governor, Withycombe, 3674, Pierce, 3312, Ramp, 649, state treasurer, Hoff, 4218, Mason, 2223, Sears 761, Supreme Justice, Evans, 1416, Johns 4729, Justice to fill unexpired term, Campbell, 2449, Coke, 124, Olson, 249, Bennett, 474, Attorney General, Brown, 5447, Cannon, 1096, public instruction, Churchill, 5628, Lusk, 1084, Commissioner of labor, Gram, 5632, Nikola, 1023, Commissioner of public service commission, Johnson, 1163, Williams, 5334, Senator, 12th district, Dimick, 5705, Ginther, 1197, Supt. water, Copper, No. 1, Burgholzer, 1083, Copper, 5261, Senator, 14th division, Banks, 5322, Small, 1091, representative, 16th district, Cross, 5210, Dedman, 4809, Schuebel, 4308, Neely, 1241, Schuebel, 1350, Thomas, 1338, representative, 17th district, Aylsworth, 1371, Loftgren, 4793, county commissioner, Fieldrich, 1393, Harris, 5135, sheriff, King, 577, Koehler, 3411, Wilson, 3464, Clark, Howard, 1344, Miller, 5339, recorder, Noe, 4848, Rayner, 1628, treasurer, Dunn, 4697, Sawyer, 1956, Thomsen, 728, coroner, Johnson, 4767, Imel,

RED FLAG WAVES IN STRICKEN GERMANY

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 13.—The revolution in Germany proceeds with the Socialists and non-Bolsheviks apparently in control. A Berlin dispatch to the Tidende declares that the Spartacus group, or Bolsheviks, is still a minority factor in the government.

The dispatch adds that the soldiers' representatives at the meeting Sunday of the Soldiers' and Workers' Council energetically opposed the plans of the Bolshevik element.

After the formation of the new cabinet Herr Barth, the Spartacus member, resigned and induced Deputies Haase and Dittmann, Independent Socialists, to follow his action. Later Haase and Dittmann withdrew their resignations.

Fresh fighting broke out in Berlin on Monday, according to messages received here from the German capital. Loyal officers opened fire from the royal stables and attacked the revolutionaries with machine guns on the Unter den Linden. Several persons were killed.

German Austria has been proclaimed a part of the German republic by the State Council, says a dispatch from Vienna.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—The most serious question of the hour, in the opinion of some newspapers here, is how far Europe is infected with Bolshevism.

Some German newspapers and some in neutral countries continue to warn the allies not to push Germany too far to the wall lest she be driven into anarchy. Some English newspapers consider this as German propaganda to gain leniency.

Newspapers in Sweden, Spain, Holland and even Norway express apprehension over the spread of the red flag movement.

The trouble in Switzerland also is causing uneasiness.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 12.—Popular joy in Holland over the end of the war is overshadowed by indefinite apprehensions of Bolshevik troubles and doubts whether a partial demobilization of the army, with an increase in the bread ration, will suffice to stave off subversive infection.

The revolutionary Socialist party has already issued a manifesto advocating Russian methods. Moreover, a new republican party has arisen, aiming at the abolition of the court, army, navy and diplomacy.

While there are no immediate prospects of trouble, there is plenty of combustible material. For the moment, however, joy reigns supreme, especially at The Hague.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 13.—Russian Bolshevik forces are marching on Finland. They are threatening the Finnish seaport of Viborg, 72 miles north-west of Petrograd.

BERNE, Switzerland, Nov. 13.—A general strike has begun throughout Switzerland.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—Switzerland's general strike, which commenced this week, has objects which are revolutionary and political, rather than economical, and has had direct incitement from the Bolshevik organization in Russia, according to Hans Sulzer, Swiss Minister to the United States.

FIRST WOMAN MAYOR

Clackamas county has its first woman mayor, or mayores, which ever it may be.

Mrs. Blanche Shelley was elected to that high office in the recent supporters predict that she will make election at Sandy and her friends and a successful official.

Mrs. Shelley is a well known and a very capable woman and will undoubtedly have the best wishes of the entire community in her new and responsible position.

DEMURRER SUSTAINED

In the case of Harrie Morehouse vs. R. L. Badger the demurrer was sustained and plaintiff allowed ten days to file amended complaint. It was further ordered the defendant thereafter have 10 days to plead said amendment.

1148, surveyor, Johnson, 5208, Normal schools, Yes, 1976, No, 3027, Williamette river fish bill, Yes, 2759, No, 2980, delinquent tax notice, Yes, 3429, No, 2130, publication legal notice, Yes, 2600, No, 2771, increase state tax, Yes, 1862, No, 3438.