

ADAMS DEPARTMENT STORE'S QUIT BUSINESS SALE

Now on Second Week of Savage Selling and Cutting of Prices

Without an equal standing forth as the greatest sale in the history of Oregon City, the great Adams Department Store's closing out sale is now on the second week of savage selling with a firm determination to clear the store of every vestige of merchandise in the shortest time possible. HERE IS A MATCHLESS OPPORTUNITY. Our great stock of dry-goods, clothing, shoes, furnishing goods, furniture, carpets, rugs, linoleum, draperies, stoves, ranges, trunks, bags, graniteware, and all useful wearing apparel and household necessities is acknowledged by everyone as the largest, most complete, and up-to-date store in Oregon City and Clackamas County. In fact one of the largest stores between Portland and San Francisco. SO THINK WHAT THIS SALE MEANS TO YOU. When other stores are reaping their harvest of profits and compelled to sell you merchandise at war prices, we announce this sensational sale of merchandise you need right now at prices to defy any competition or sale ever advertised and which means a saving no person or family can afford to miss. Remember the good things were not for one day only, but each and every day of this mighty sale you will find new and attractive bargains, so come expecting to save money and you will not be disappointed.

THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS WORTH OF NEW FALL MERCHANDISE TO BE SOLD AT A GREAT SACRIFICE.

Adams Department Store

Oregon City's Largest Store

UNCLE SAMMY MAKES CHICAGO WHEAT MART DULL WITH ONE PRICE

CHICAGO, Sept. 4.—There was just one buyer in the Chicago wheat market today, and he didn't even visit the board of trade. He was Uncle Sam, and he had an office in the Otis building, two blocks from the board.

There was one basic price, \$2.20, fixed by President Wilson. The methods pursued were very simple. The man who received the wheat had it placed in an elevator, obtained a receipt from the elevator, took his receipt to the Otis building, and got his money.

Through a misunderstanding a little spot wheat sold at slightly above the government basis, but the local representative of the food administration issued a warning that there must be no repetition of the offense.

RATTLESNAKE BITE PROVES FATAL TO TWO-YEAR-OLD GIRL

DAVENPORT, Wash., Sept. 5.—Eather, 2-year-old daughter of Jacob Wolt, while playing in a shed near the house was bitten by a rattlesnake which refused to let go of the little tot's finger until beaten off by a sister 5 years old.

The little girl was rushed to a doctor, but soon died from the poisonous bite.

FANCY PRICE FOR HOGS

CARLTON, Or., Sept. 4.—F. J. Canfield delivered 85 head of hogs to George Zimmerman here yesterday, for which he received a total of \$2035. The average weight of the hogs was 175 pounds. All were of Mr. Canfield's own raising and they were raised on clover and other forage and finished with grain.

RUSSIAN DUKE ARRESTED

PETROGRAD, Sept. 4.—Grand Duke Michaelis Alexandrovitch, brother of the former emperor, and his wife have been placed under arrest in connection with the counter revolutionary plot recently discovered.

According to the Den, Grand Duke Dmitri-Paulovitch also has been arrested.

Canyon City: Chrome iron is now bringing into the country many thousands of dollars of new money.

Department of Justice Is Making Close Inquiry of Several Large Magazines

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Searching inquiry into the utterances of German language newspapers in the United States, Socialistic magazines and literature of so-called peace societies and associations, regarded as likely to lead to prosecution in some instances, is being conducted by the department of justice.

The department considers its position strengthened by the recent decision of Federal Judges Hough of New York, and Speer of Georgia, in sustaining the action of Postmaster-General Burleson in refusing the privileges of the mails to "The Masses" and "The Jeffersonian."

Recent utterances and activities of Mayor Thompson, of Chicago, and The Republican, a newspaper which indorses him, in connection with the convention there of the People's Council of American for Democracy and Peace, also are being scrutinized.

The department has held repeatedly that it is not its function to prohibit or to break up pacifist meetings or conventions, but a close scrutiny of the utterances of speakers and others at such meetings is maintained to determine possible violations of the espionage act.

Included in the investigation of alleged seditious publications and others of a character regarded as open to question, are individual newspapers and magazines published in German in this country and the advertising and other literature of the American league against militarism, the People's council, the league of conscientious objectors, and other organizations affiliated with them or of a similar character.

The time is not far distant, however, in the opinion of some officials, when the government will begin prosecutions. Hundreds of newspapers and magazine articles whose propriety admittedly is open to two interpretations have been placed before officials here. In most instances, it is said, these articles have been cleverly worded so as to bring them virtually within the law while at the same time creating the effect desired.

A large number of the articles and editorials under investigation do not attack the government, but center their criticism upon allies of the United States. What proceedings, if any, can be taken in these instances, it was said, depends wholly upon the wording of each individual article.

RUSSIAN GENERAL IS EXILED AFTER BEING HELD FOR TREASON

PETROGRAD, Sept. 5.—General Gurko, former commander on the southwestern front, charged with treasonable conduct toward the revolution, will be exiled from Russia. General Gurko, according to reports, is the first person against whom such a measure has been taken by the revolutionary government. He will be permitted to choose the place of his residence.

A commission has been appointed by the government to draft a law for the summary punishment of treasonable acts "in the rear" which is intended to include all Russia.

TWO AMERICANS KILLED

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 3.—H. W. Griesbach, Sweet Grass, Mont., and J. R. Brennan, Tacoma, Wash., were listed as killed in action in the Canadian casualty list issued today. Among the gassed is named R. J. McAdam, Butte, Mont.

Oregon is asked to double grain crop for next year.

GERMAN AIRMEN KILL 108 IN NIGHT RAID OVER ISLE OF THANET

LONDON, Sept. 4.—One hundred and eight persons were killed and 92 injured in last night's German air raid over the Isle of Thanet, Lord French announced today.

The raid covered the Chatham-Sheerness area of England. Chatham is a naval base and Sheerness is a military and naval depot.

Of the casualties 107 dead and 86 wounded were announced in an admiralty statement as "naval casualties."

The civilian casualties were one killed and six wounded.

"About six enemy airplanes followed the south bank of the Thames from 10:40 to 11:30 last night," the official statement said. "Our machines arose and anti-aircraft guns were in action without results."

RAILROADS DECLINE TO ARBITRATE THEIR STRIKE DIFFERENCES

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 30.—Formal refusal of the United Railroads to arbitrate differences which led to a walk-out of 1789 employees was dispatched to the San Francisco board of supervisors by President Jesse W. Lillenthal late yesterday, coincident with the first operation of steam trains by the city administration in an effort to alleviate inconvenience caused by the strike.

"This is no controversy to arbitrate," said the president to the supervisors. "Certain of our employees, without giving any notice of making any complaint, abandoned their cars. We have proceeded to fill their places. With adequate police protection or if permitted to provide open armed guards ourselves, we are prepared to operate ever car on a normal schedule."

The steam trains were routed from a large industrial district to make transfer connections with various municipal car lines. Only one fare was charged. Immediate operation of automobile bus lines by the city was ordered by the board of supervisors, who appropriated \$5000 for this purpose. The motor buses will start as soon as possible, probably within two or three days, it was announced. Scattered cases of violence were reported to the police in the course of the day. No one was seriously injured.

DRY FARMING WINS IN LANE COUNTY'S FIGHT FOR MORE FOOD

EUGENE, Or., Aug. 30.—Lane county farmers are beating the drought. They are raising corn with stalks 10 to 12 feet in height and well developed ears of grain without rainfall or irrigation. Cultivation has not only saved the crop in a dry year, but has produced a good crop through the retention of moisture in the ground since early spring.

Rival exhibits of "dry farming" corn were made in Eugene this week. W. W. Potter, who lives near Creswell, exhibited stalks 12 feet tall and the ears well filled. It was grown on "Moble" land. W. J. Lee, farming near Mac's station, between Eugene and Springfield, brought in stalks of corn 10 feet in height, with two well-formed ears of corn to the stalk. His crop will average between seven and eight feet in height.

AMERICANS IN CASUALTY LIST

Marshallfield: Coos Bay Shipbuilding company is installing a 250 horsepower motor which will be served by the Oregon Power company.

NEARLY A BILLION DOLLARS A DAY FOR A MONTH FOR WAR

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—An average of nearly \$700,000,000 daily will have to be authorized by congress from now on until October 1, when leaders hope to adjourn, to carry out the war plans.

Representative Kitchin, chairman of the house ways and means committee presented the administration's \$11,535,000,000 bond bill Saturday.

The war and navy departments sent in deficiency estimates of \$659,642,000, including \$350,000,000 for the new destroyer fleet.

With the \$935,000,000 asked by the shipping board and the estimates expected from other government branches, a total of about \$20,000,000 will be asked in addition to \$7,000,000,000 previous war appropriations. A billion will be needed to start soldier insurance.

The urgent deficiency bill alone this year is expected to be upwards of \$6,000,000,000 in itself, a half dozen times the amount spent by a congress a few years ago.

The house will begin work Tuesday on the \$11,535,000,000 war bond bill. This will provide means by which a man with only \$5 may add his government by buying a bond.

Two billion dollars of war savings bonds will be placed on sale through the postoffices. Interest will be paid in advance—that is, for \$4.10 one may purchase a \$5 five-year bond. Not more than \$1000 worth of these may be bought by any one person.

If the purchaser is pressed for money after buying the bond the government will permit him to turn it in for cash. He will then be paid also 2 per cent for the use of the money.

Passage in the house of the soldier insurance bill, which permits any enlisted man to take out government insurance at \$8 a thousand is expected before the end of the week. Opposition is scattering. The army asked \$53,490,000 for field artillery and \$77,182,000 for ammunition for this branch; \$168,000,000 for machine guns and for target practice \$11,000,000.

DIAMOND JIM'S JEWELS PLACED UPON THE BLOCK

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—Thirty complete sets of jewels, the entire collection of the late "Diamond Jim" Brady, aside from those bequeathed in his will, are on the market today. Bids are being received from jewelers throughout the country.

The collection includes 12,000 diamonds. The gems are valued at more than \$750,000. It required nearly three full newspaper columns to list them.

POPE SHOWS BITTER DISAPPOINTMENT ON RECEIPT OF U. S. NOTE

ROME, Aug. 31.—It is stated at the vatican that Pope Benedict on receiving President Wilson's reply to his peace proposals did not attempt to conceal his bitter disappointment and that he regards the president's answer as leaving little room for further peace efforts at present. It has been no secret that the pope hoped for a more favorable response from the United States than from anywhere else.

Before President Wilson's reply was read it was said at the vatican that the responses from the various governments were expected to be more favorable than the tone of the press comment. At the same time the pope was reported to have signified his intention of issuing a reply after receiving answers from all the belligerents, pointing out questions in regard to which all the nations at war might be in agreement and others concerning which it would be necessary to hold discussions.

JAMES W. GERARD IS EXPECTED TO VISIT PORTLAND IN OCTOBER

PORTLAND, Or., Sept. 4.—Replying to an invitation to visit Portland, extended to him in a telegram a week ago by the Portland Ad club and Chamber of Commerce, James W. Gerard, former ambassador to Germany, in a telegram received at the chamber today, says that his schedule is somewhat indefinite at present, but that it might be possible for him to visit Portland about the middle of the month. He added that he would advise the chamber definitely later on.

Mr. Gerard is at present in the middle west and has planned to come to the coast. He has already accepted an invitation to visit Spokane, extended by the Ad club of that city.

AUTOMOBILE JOBBERS INDICTED ON CHARGE OF CORNERING TRADE

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The members of the National association of Automobile Jobbers were indicted by the federal grand jury here this afternoon for alleged violation of the Sherman law. The indictments contain two counts—conspiring to restrain interstate trade in automobile accessories and attempting to monopolize it.

The charges date back from the formation of the association in Chicago on May 11, 1915, to the present time. The association numbers among its members men prominent in the trade throughout the country. Bench warrants have been issued for the persons named in the indictments.

OHIO WHEAT CROP IS ESTIMATED AT FORTY MILLION BUSHELS

TOLEDO, Ohio, Aug. 31.—Ohio raised nearly 40,000,000 bushels of wheat this year, according to Frank I. King, a Toledo grain dealer.

"Farmers have disposed of nearly 5,000,000 bushels at an average of about the fixed price of \$2.20," he said today. "On the balance they will hardly realize more than \$2.10 per bushel. Part of it is poorer than the No. 2 red grade. The total crop should net them around \$85,000,000."

LOWER FLOUR TO BE RESULT OF WHEAT PRICE-FIXING ACT

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 31.—Flour prices will come down as a result of the fixing of wheat prices on the basis of \$2.20 for No. 1 northern spring, according to millers here today. They were uncertain how great the drop would be.

"The price fixed will naturally mean some reduction in the price of flour," said John Crosby of the Washburn-Crosby company. "How much it will be reduced depends upon the government. The government will determine finally how much we are to be allowed for cost of manufacture."

A. C. Loring, president of the Pacific Flouring Mills company, said the reduction in the price of flour would "make it a great deal less than this spring."

HEAVY BRITISH CASUALTIES

LONDON, Sept. 4.—British casualties in the last week are 15,614. They are divided as follows:

Killed or died of wounds: Officers, 364; men, 3880. Wounded or missing: Officers, 846; men, 10,524.

SENATE IN A SCRAP OVER WAR TAX GIVES HIGH TAXERS A RAP

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The senate spent Monday's holiday in the sharpest clashes of its fight over war profits taxation and again decisively defeated proposals of the high tax advocates.

Senator La Follette's maximum amendment for war profits taxes proposing a flat increase of 70 per cent over existing rates, was rejected by a vote of 55 to 29. Another by the Wisconsin senator for a 65 per cent increase was defeated 53 to 17.

Senators voting for the La Follette amendment were: Ashurst, Borah, Brady, Gore, Gronna, Hollis, Husting, Johnson of California, Johnson of South Dakota, Jones of Washington, Kenyon, King, La Follette, McKellar, McNary, Norris, Thompson, Trammell, Vardaman.

The final vote on the war profits section is to be taken Wednesday, but an increase of about one-third to \$1,050,000,000, is expected to stand. Tomorrow another amendment by Senator La Follette will come up, for a 60 per cent gross levy, together with a complete substitute proposed by Senator Hollis for the finance committee's compromise provision.

But three recruits were gained in today's voting by the high tax advocates in addition to the 17 who voted Saturday for Senator Johnson's maximum proposal of an 80 per cent tax. Senators King, McKellar and Trammell voted for both the La Follette proposals.

A few additions are expected on other pending amendments for various flat taxes down to 48 per cent, but Senator Borah said today, after the vote on Senator La Follette's maximum amendment, that the bill probably would go to the president bearing its present total tax levy of \$2,500,000,000.

WILSON INTERVENES TO SAVE THOMAS J. MOONEY FROM DEATH

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 1.—President Wilson intervened to save Thomas J. Mooney, who is under sentence of death for murder as one of the five conspirators in the preparedness parade bomb plot.

Thomas O'Connor, attorney for Tom Mooney, received word from Sacramento Friday that Governor Stephens had received a telegram from President Wilson asking that the governor either commute the sentence or take other steps to stay execution until such time as an investigation could be made into the charges against Frank C. Oxman of Durkee, Or., and other phases of the case that have resulted in charges of a frame-up against Mooney.

Oxman is under indictment for attempted subornation of perjury as a witness against Mooney for endeavoring to secure F. E. Rigall, of Grayville, Ill., to come to San Francisco and corroborate his identification of Mooney.

President Wilson's message to Governor Stephens was received in Sacramento on May 11, six days before the date set for Mooney's execution, but was made public only Friday.

HOUSE CONSIDERS GREATEST EXPENSE BILL IN ITS HISTORY

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The house today began consideration of the \$11,535,945,460 war bond and certificate bill, the biggest measure of its kind ever presented to congress. It has, in the main, the support of both Republicans and Democrats.

In outlining the bill, Democratic Leader Kitchin declared there was no way of avoiding an allied loan if the United States was to remain in the war.

Mr. Kitchin began fortifying the bill against possible Republican attacks on the grounds that its convertibility and tenure features should be changed, by declaring that most of those burdens would be assumed by the allies.

Arrangements would be made, he said, so that every time a United States bond was converted into one of a higher interest, the interest in allied bonds given in exchange for them would be similarly advanced and that the tenure of allied bonds would be the same as those issued here for allied loans.

HOOVER IS NOW IN CHARGE OF SUGAR INDUSTRY

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Control of the sugar industry in the United States was placed voluntarily in the hands of the food administrator today by refiners' representatives, who agreed to import all raw sugar through a committee to be named by Herbert Hoover.

BE CAREFUL IN USE OF SUGAR SO EUROPE MAY HAVE HER SHARE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—Reduced consumption of sugar is asked of the American people by the food administration that a threatened shortage in the allied countries may be averted. Lack of ships to move the Cuban and Hawaiian crops promptly, it is declared, makes it necessary that this country share its sugar supply with Europe.

"The conservation asked of the American people," the administration's statement says, "does not necessarily demand great sacrifices. It only needs the careful use of sugar to enable America to make up the difference required by the needs of the allies."

The sugar supply is estimated this year at 18,669,792 tons, against an average production of 18,712,997. American consumption for the first half of the present year was slightly larger than last year, which the food administration attributes to hoarding within the household. Both the American cane and beet crops will be larger than normal.

PEACE MEETING SET

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 5.—Austrian and Hungarian delegates will discuss peace in Vienna in December.