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Advertising Rates on application.

ROAD CONSTRUCTION, although presenting local problems and difficulties, is a nation-wide question and is receiving the attention of communities in every part of the country.

In discussing this subject, the St. Louis Globe-Democrat says: "A leading reason for this welcome fact is the practical realization of the truth that permanent common highways are gilt-edged investment."

"The Hollanders have a proverb that paint costs nothing. They do not mean that the materials for painting or the labor required costs nothing, but that the preservative properties of paint are more than an offset for the expense."

"Votes on bond issues for scientific road construction show, in all parts of the country, this important change in the attitude of the average citizen on this subject."

THE PEOPLE OF THE ESTACADA DISTRICT and the Portland Railway, Light & Power company are cooperating in a practical and common sense way to increase the profits of farming in that district.

The railroad and the company have definite aims for their co-operative work. They intend to acclimate alfalfa to the eastern section of the county, to lower the cost of hog production and to promote the welfare of the farmers of the district in other ways.

According to the Eastern Clackamas News it costs the farmers of that district 6 cents to produce one pound of pork. In a recent talk at the Portland Union Stock Yards, an agricultural expert of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railroads declared that the prosperity of the Willamette valley depended largely upon the ability of the farmers to cut the cost of hog production.

IN AN ADDRESS before the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, President Wilson said: "I am not interested in any doctrine of protection and I am not interested in any doctrine of free trade."

Nothing in either! What fools we all have been! How absolutely silly for Alexander Hamilton, Benjamin Franklin, Thomas Jefferson, Abraham Lincoln, Horace Greely, James G. Blaine and William McKinley to advocate protection.

About the time of his election, President Wilson said that he would dislike to think that the success of an administration depended upon one man. Upon this also he has apparently changed his mind.

SAVES TRAVELING. "I don't believe in banks," says Mr Grouch, they don't do me any good. The Bank of Oregon City. THE OLDEST BANK IN CLACKAMAS COUNTY.

Thomas B. Kay Shows What Is Wrong With Newest Bond Plan

(By Thomas B. Kay.) In answer to many requests for an expression as to the proposed initiative bill to amend the constitution which will provide for the state for irrigation, drainage and rural credits, not to exceed two per cent (which would mean \$18,000,000), I have to say that I am opposed to the proposed measure for several reasons.

The proposition to initiate this amendment first came from the irrigation congress which met in Portland in December and, therefore, came from people particularly interested in reclaiming desert lands. A similar measure, which came from the same source, was put on the ballot two years ago, which provided for bonding the state for irrigation and road building, the latter being the more popular issue of the two, yet the amendment did not carry in a single county in the state, it being defeated by one hundred thirty-five thousand (135,000) against as for forty-nine thousand (49,000) for.

There is a popular demand for some system of rural credits and the people interested in irrigation have taken advantage of this, and propose to amend the constitution, which will link together the bonding of the state for irrigation, drainage and rural credits, thinking that the later issues will carry the former one through.

Now, in my opinion, there is absolutely no demand at this time for the state bonding itself for irrigation purposes, inasmuch as there are now on the market thousands of acres of reclaimed lands ready for settlement for which there is absolutely no sale.

In proof of this, I have to say that three years ago the state appropriated \$450,000.00 to reclaim twenty-two thousand five hundred acres of land, known as the Tumalo project. There were seven thousand acres of this amount owned by settlers on the ground, who had vested water rights, together with parties who had contracts in the old Columbia Southern company, which the state permitted the renewal of, their receiving credit for same on new contracts for the amount paid the Columbia Southern company.

All subdivisions of the state, such as counties, cities and school districts, can bond themselves and many of them are now bonded to the limit. Therefore, to provide for state bonds would simply amount to re-bonding the same property and adding to the already excessive burden of taxation.

The state of Oregon is one of the few states which has no bonded indebtedness. In case the constitution is amended whereby we can bond for one purpose it will not be long until it is bonded for many other purposes and once the bars are thrown down it will be but a few years until we have tens of millions of dollars worth of state bonds, which will add greatly to our already high taxes and will not be conducive to good results.

Section 20, article 4 of the state constitution provides that "every act shall embrace but one subject, and matters properly connected therewith, which subject shall be expressed in the title." This constitutional provision was intended to protect the members of the legislature, and on initiative bills, the general public from having to vote for a bill or appropriation which they do not endorse, in order to vote for one in which they are in favor, or, in other words, to keep from putting a "rider" on a good measure.

Irrigation and drainage, being the two methods of reclaiming waste lands, could properly be included in one measure, but rural credits, having nothing in common with the other two subjects, should not be included in the bill.

I believe in some system of rural credits and think I am entitled to the privilege of voting on that measure without having to vote for bonding the state for irrigation and drainage, which I am not in favor of at this time.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS. The following real estate transfers were filed by County Recorder Dedman Wednesday:

R. B. Bowman to Ida M. Cook, lots 1 and 2 of block 6, George Gregory's First addition to Molalla; \$10. Robert H. Hunt and Clara E. Hunt to Pleasant Deakens and Clara Keakens 32 1-100 acres of section 4, township 4 south, range 1 east; \$1500.

Northwestern Trust company to Mary B. Mansberger, lots 37, 38, 39, 40, block 2, Bell View; \$10. Carl J. Ritter and Della Ritter to Jos. W. Ritter, lots 1 and 2 of block 1, Metzler & Hart's addition to Molalla; \$10.

Frank Langens to Emanuel Karten, lot 3 of block 2, Otto Meinig's Second addition to Sandy; \$100. Fred D. and Lillie M. Simmons to Bedonia Shaw, beginning at southwest corner of lot 5; also southwest corner of lot 5 of block 101, Oregon City; \$1.

James Monroe Mark and Amanda R. Mack to Fred D. and Lillie M. Simmons, part of lot 5 of block 101, Oregon City; \$10. C. B. and Alice D. Russell et al to Enoch and Lucy D. Jenson, tract 6 of Wilson Acres; \$10.

Dorothy Laszek to Kilmelina Laszek, lot 45, Sellwood Garden; \$1. Charles B. and Sarah E. Moore to Albert Henke, lot 40 of Bellwood; \$10. John W. and Grace E. Loder to Ernest and Gertrude Wilke, lots 3 and 4 of Orchard Hill; \$650.

The Oregon Iron & Steel company to Pearl M. Hulbert, tract 5, Rosewood; \$10. Boscoe and Bertie Card et al to Elvora Miller, 40 acres of section 15, township 4 south, range 3 east; \$1. Harry Gray to Grace E. Loder, lots 15, 19, 20, block 17, Gladstone; \$10.

Amanda Deetatur to Grace E. Loder, tract 16, Lawton Heights; \$10. The following real estate transfers were filed by County Recorder Dedman Monday: Oregon Iron & Steel company to Pearce M. Hulbert, 5 acres of Rosewood; \$1.

Christian A. and Alice Pearl Johnson to Anna and Hans Johnson, 50 acres of section 20, township 3 south, range 3 east; \$1, love and affection. C. E. and Bessie M. Garbett to David E. Lofgren, northeast quarter of northeast quarter of section 36, township 4 south, range 3 east; patent.

N. P. and Ida C. Holt to Charles E. and Hulda C. Nelson, northwest quarter of southwest quarter of section 22, township 4 south, range 3 east; \$2000. United States of America to Harry E. Worden, 160 acres of section 8, township 5 south, range 4 east; patent.

C. L. McGahuey and Ethel Alice McGahuey, to Wilhelmina Wieck, land in Fendel C. Canon D. L. C., township 2 south, range 2 east; \$1. W. H. and Amanda Stone to Portland Railway, Light & Power company, land in section 23, township 2 south, range 3 east; \$100.

The following real estate transfers were filed with County Recorder Dedman Wednesday: G. W. and Lillian Terwilliger to Olive F. Ivey et al, one acre in Feirge L. Crow D. L. C., No. 49, township 2 south, range 1 east; \$10.

Northwestern Trust company to Robert R. Anderson, lots 11 and 12 of block 5, Brichley tract; \$10. C. C. and Adeline Christner to Henry Nofziger and Amelia Nofziger, 6 acres of section 2, township 5 south, range 1 east; \$900.

STATE FAIR CARD MADE

SALEM AND PORTLAND DAYS TO BE FEATURES THIS YEAR. HALEM, Ore., Feb. 24.—After an all day meeting the speed committee of the state fair completed its program of racing events for the six days of the state fair this coming fall. The new program is declared to be one of the best ever prepared and according to the belief of the members of the committee and the state fair board is calculated to appeal to the general public more than past programs.

Reason for the added attractiveness of this year's program it is stated, is that the card will contain nine running races, which form of equine competition has been found to excite greater popular interest than other kinds of racing events. The futurity events which have been part of past programs have been eliminated from the card this year.

The two big days of the state fair this year as has been the case in the past, will be Salem and Portland days. These days are Wednesday and Thursday, respectively, of state fair week. The fair this year begins Monday, September 25.

The speed committee announces that the races this year will cost \$18,500 in prize money. With this big sum offered for the winners in the different contests, it is figured that some of the classiest horses on the Pacific coast will be on hand to try for the money.

The program of races follows: Monday—Two-year-old trot, 2 in 3 \$200; 2:10 pace, 3 heats, \$750; 2:35 tract, 3 heats, \$600; 5-8 handicap dash, \$200.

Tuesday—2:15 trot, 2 heats, \$700; 2:18 pace, 3 heats, \$750; 2-year-old trot, 3 heats, \$400; 5-8 for 2-year-olds, \$250; 7-8 mile, \$250.

Wednesday—3-year-old pace, 3 heats, \$400; 2:30 trot, 3 heats, \$600; 2:08 pace, 3 in 5, \$2,000; one mile, \$350; 3-8 mile, \$100.

Thursday—3 minute trot, 2 in 3, \$200; 2:12 trot, 3 in 5, \$2,000; 2:20 pace, 3 heats, \$750; 1 1/4 mile, Portland derby, \$500.

Friday—2:18 trot, 3 heats, \$700; Free-for-all pace, \$750; 2-year-old pace, 2 in 3 \$200; 5-8 mile, \$250; 1/4 mile, \$200.

Saturday—Consolation trot, 3 heats, \$500; consolation pace, 3 heats, \$500; 2:25 pace, \$750; one mile handicap, \$350.

ORCHARDS DAMAGED BY STORM. OREGON AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, Corvallis, Feb. 24.—(Special)—That the recent severe weather conditions have seriously affected Oregon orchards of peach, pear and cherry trees is evidenced by the large number of inquiries received by the department of horticulture of the Oregon Agricultural college within the last week.

Professor Lewis declared before leaving Corvallis that the unusually deep snow of the past month caused rabbits to attack not only young fruit trees, but also trees 5 or 6 years old.

MORE WED IN VANCOUVER. Two more Oregon City couples have gone to Vancouver, Wash., to get married. They are: James Coleman, 31, and Miss Audrey M. Dodson, 18, and Herbert H. Hayden, 20, and Mrs. Elta Verville, 18.

FOR RHEUMATISM. As soon as an attack of Rheumatism begins apply Sloan's Liniment. Don't waste time and suffer unnecessary agony. A few drops of Sloan's Liniment on the affected parts is all you need. The pain goes at once.

O. W. EASTHAM OUT FOR REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY

OREGON CITY LAWYER, WITH CHARACTERISTIC VIGOR, DECLARES AGAINST EXTRAVAGANCE AND FOR SAVING WAYWARD BOYS AND GIRLS.



O. W. EASTHAM.

Say to your readers for me, that I want my friends and acquaintances and all the other fellows' friends and acquaintances to decide the real issue, which is not, who is a "good fellow" or a personal friend; but instead, who will give to the public that employs him, untiring effort and the best and most satisfactory service.

This year, as a fair estimate, the office will cost between \$5000 and \$6000. The amount should be \$2100 and no more; and if the district attorney, under the new arrangement, is going to spend the public money like a drunken sailor, I favor going back right now to the former plan of one such official for four counties.

The expense of the office will be just \$2100 if I am on the job. I will expect to retain the confidence of the county court and other county officials; and succeeding in this, pussy-footed sleuths of the Levings type will not unload their "green goods" and "gold bricks" on the taxpayers at \$2000 per package.

In my opinion it is the duty of the District Attorney, though not required by law, freely to serve and advise those needing counsel in legal matters and lacking means with which to employ an attorney. They should be made to feel heartily welcome and that the community pays the bill as a part of the liberal salary attached to the office.

All moral forces may count on me to join hands with them to make useful citizens instead of confirmed criminals out of young offenders. Our penal institutions are filling up with boys, and for this regrettable condition public prosecutors bear half the responsibility. A deep concern for wayward boys and girls may disqualify me in the eyes of some who hold very severe ideas of justice. I would be the last to close the door of hope on them and cannot expect support that is not given with the understanding that, in such matters, my duty will be to save and not to destroy.

I have carefully considered the grave responsibility of the office, and have faith enough in myself to feel that if I am chosen for the place and given such great opportunity for the accomplishment of good, no power on earth can make me disloyal to the trust.

(Paid Advertisement.)

The Penalty for a Good Reputation

When an article has been on the market for years and has given complete satisfaction when used in thousands of homes it creates for itself a valuable reputation, yet at the same time this good reputation has its penalty.

Foley's Honey and Tar Compound enjoys a splendid reputation, for it has been used for three generations. Its fair name and high repute have created a demand for it, and to supply this demand at a greater profit limitations and substitutes are offered.