

RUSSIAN FORCES ARE CAUGHT IN MOUNTAIN TRAP

RETREAT IS CUT OFF BY WEST GALICIAN ARMY-ANNIHILATION PREDICTED.

50,000 TROOPS OF CZAR ARE CAPTURED IN DRIVE TO EAST

Austro-Germans Batter Way Across Wislaka River and Take More Positions - Tensions at Last Take Tarnow.

VIENNA, via London, May 6.—The strategic achievement of rolling up a hostile battle front by a flanking attack, of which Chancellorsville is one of the few successful examples in modern history, is now in full progress in West Galicia. Favored by continued good weather, mile after mile of the Russian Carpathian front has been rendered untenable by the steady unchecked Austro-German advance.

The Austrian cavalry and infantry followed the Gorlice turnpike and have already reached the Wislaka river. The supporting artillery dropped shells on the road from Zmigrod to Jaslko, one of the principal lines of retreat for the Russians in the Kukla region.

The Russian forces have been in full retreat since dawn of May 5, and are being closely followed by the Austrian Carpathian army, according to official advice reaching here. More than 50,000 prisoners have already been captured by the Austrians in West Galicia.

Field Marshal von Hoetzendorf's plan is working out with precise regularity with respect to this section of the front. Confidence is expressed by headquarters that the principal portion of the Russian army under General Radko Dimitrieff, which is attempting to defend positions in the Carpathians to the west of Lupkow Pass, cannot make good its retreat.

Detachments of this army may work their way out, but it is declared that the bulk of the army, with the heavy artillery and baggage, can scarcely succeed in avoiding capture, in view of Field Marshal von Hoetzendorf's rapid advance through the Gorlice breach in the lines.

Progress on the northern half of the front is slower. The Russians are holding desperately to Wal Mountain—a fortified crest 1500 to 2000 feet high, between the Biala and Dunajec rivers—to enable them to get great quantities of stores accumulated behind Tarnow away and cover the retirement of the armies to the southward.

The question as to whether the Russians can make a successful stand on the line of the Wislaka river is the important one from the Austro-German viewpoint. If they cannot, the breach in the Russian line is considered complete and the situation for the Russian Carpathian armies would undoubtedly be critical.

The heaviest artillery was employed in these operations. The 42-centimeter mortars in action were, however, not the noted German guns, but of Austrian make. They were designed originally for coast defense purposes, but have been found exceedingly valuable for land warfare.

MANDAMAS SERVED ON SECRETARY LANE

WASHINGTON, May 11.—Secretary Franklin K. Lane of the department of the interior, has been ordered by the district supreme court to show cause why a mandamus should not be issued to restore to office William F. Arant, of Kalama, Ore., formerly superintendent of the Crater Lake national park in Oregon. The court proceedings were brought by Arant, who claims he was illegally ousted from his position, and that the U. S. marshal for Oregon "violently and with force of arms" seized Arant and removed him from office.

The right of cabinet officers to remove government employees in the classified civil service is questioned by Arant. He seeks a mandamus to compel Secretary Lane to restore him to his position, from which he was removed June 28, 1913. He had held the job for eleven years.

At the time for the removal, the petitioner claims, he was held and recognized by the civil service commission to be a person in the classified service, and by act of 1912, congress provided that no person in the classified service should be removed unless charges in writing were formally made against him and an opportunity afforded to answer personally the charges. That no such charge was ever made against him, is the claim of Arant, who says the first intimation that reached him was a request for his resignation. That he protested in vain, and was forcibly ousted by the marshal with his posse, and that his family was driven from the superintendent's headquarters in the park, is also claimed by Arant.

JITNEY ACCIDENT FATAL.

PORTLAND, Ore., May 6.—Eberhardt W. Otten was killed when a jitney threw its left front wheel and turned turtle at Sixteenth and Hawthorne avenue today. W. Rossman, driver of the jitney, sustained a cut over the right eye and numerous bruises. Three other passengers of the car, a man and two women, who were riding in the rear seat at the time, were thrown clear of the machine when it upset and were unhurt.

SUSITNA MINES WILL RIVAL CALIFORNIA

GOVERNMENT'S ALASKA RAILROAD WILL OPEN WAY TO GREAT ORE DEPOSIT.

SEATTLE, Wash., May 6.—Unfold wealth in gold, silver, copper and other ore deposits in the Susitna region in Alaska, perhaps as much has been produced from the mineral belts of either California or Montana, will be made available by the construction of the government railway which is now being begun. The road will open a mineralized region, now practically unexplored, that covers an area of 190 miles long by 250 miles in width. Such is the opinion of Phil Hickey, a mine operator, who for the past four years has been doing development work in Alaska.

The belt which Hickey describes is situated near the head of the Susitna river and extends across the country toward Knik from Mount McKinley. The outer edge of the region has been opened by William Martin of Seattle, who last year, after paying a dollar a pound for the delivery of freight to his claims, cleaned up \$100,000 with a small mill. His output was \$250,000, but a large portion of his profits was expended in freighting.

Hickey spent a year in this region, prospecting, and discovered some antimony ores, some high grade quartz veins, high grade copper, and some silver-lead ore. Because of the great difficulty of getting freight into the country, he abandoned his claims until transportation was made easier. Hickey says that the Susitna district is no place for a man short of money.

GULFLIGHT FLEW THE FLAG WHEN ATTACKED

OFFICER TESTIFIES THAT ENSIGN FLUTTERED AS SHIP WENT DOWN.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—The state department late today made public a sworn statement by Ralph E. Smith, ex-chief officer of the American steamer Gulfight, now her captain, describing the torpedoing of that vessel May 1 off the Selly Islands. When torpedoed, the officer says, the Gulfight was flying a large American ensign, six by 10 feet in size. He said he saw the submarine, but "could not distinguish or see any flag flying on her."

Chief Officer Smith further says that shortly before the submarine was sighted two British patrol boats, the Isco and Fley, took positions on either side of the Gulfight and ordered her to follow them to the Bishop Lighthouse.

"I personally observed our flag was standing out well in the breeze," the officer said.

SEWARD, ALASKA, IS SWEEPED BY BIG FIRE

CHANGE OF WIND, HOWEVER, MAY SAVE TOWN - RAILROAD IS LOSER.

SEWARD, Alaska, May 11.—The roundhouse, machine shops, car shops and half the rolling stock of the Alaska Northern railway, as well as several residences were destroyed by the fire which started yesterday in the timber on the Poland homestead and was blown toward Seward by a strong north wind.

A shift in the wind at noon today changed the direction of the spreading flames and the town now apparently is safe.

MUNITIONS OF WAR TO AVENGE DEATH

BROTHERS OF ISAAC TRUMBULL WILL MAKE SUPPLIES FOR THE ALLIES.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn., May 11.—Thousands of German lives may be lost to the Lusitania's passengers. To avenge the drowning of his brother, John H. and Henry Trumbull, president and treasurer, respectively, of the Trumbull Manufacturing company, will begin at once the manufacture of arms and ammunition for the allies.

Isaac B. Trumbull, treasurer of the American Cycle Car company of Bridgeport, was a member of the trio of Trumbulls who have attained prominence in Connecticut as manufacturers. He was on his way to England as representative of the Bridgeport concern when he met his death.

Since the beginning of the war the Trumbulls have received offers of several contracts to manufacture munitions of war. Large profits were assured, but they refused to accept the offers for humanitarian reasons.

"The death of our brother at the hands of the Germans has settled that matter," John H. Trumbull said, "and we expect to announce action in the immediate future."

MRS. CARMAN ACQUITTED.

MINEOLA, N. Y., May 8.—A verdict of acquittal was returned after a short deliberation late today by the jury trying Mrs. Florence C. Carman on the charge of murdering Mrs. Louise Bailey at Freeport on the night of June 30 last.

CHINA AGREES TO DEMANDS; CRISIS BELIEVED PAST

DELICATE SITUATION IN FAR EAST SUDDENLY RELIEVED BY AGREEMENT.

SUPERVISION OVER CHINESE OFFICIALS NOT INSISTED ON

Pekin Government Confident That No Outbreak Will Follow—People of Capital Unaware of Situation.

PEKIN, May 8.—Japan's ultimatum was presented to China yesterday, but in a modified form, which the Chinese government is prepared to accept.

Japan omits all items in group V of the amended list of demands. Group V includes the stipulations against which China raised the most vigorous objections. The decision of Japan to defer these matters is made known in an official communication of 2500 words, which was issued here today in regard to the Japanese ultimatum.

The principal provisions of group V have to do with the appointment of Japanese military and political advisers for China and for Japanese supervision over the manufacture or purchase by China of munitions of war.

The Japanese government instructed Fki Hioki, Japanese Minister at Peking, to advise China to give due regard to Japan's wishes and to the conciliatory spirit of the Tokio government, in view of which Japan believes China had given a satisfactory response.

The attaches of the foreign office were at work all night translating Japan's ultimatum and drafting the terms of China's compliance with the demands, which will be submitted to Yuan Shi Kai and the state council this morning at 10 o'clock.

The reply will be delivered to M. Hioki, the Japanese minister, tonight or Sunday morning. The Chinese note will review China's case, answer the charges contained in the ultimatum and accept the demands without qualification.

The government expects no serious revolutionary outbreak from the people. The military leaders have assured Yuan Shi Kai that their support would continue.

STORM HINDERS ALL SOUTHERN TRAFFIC

SACRAMENTO RIVER IS RISING AT RATE OF ONE FOOT AN HOUR.

REDDING, Cal., May 10.—A second storm swept down upon the Upper Sacramento valley this afternoon and added to the devastation caused by the cloudburst of last night. The Sacramento river is reported to be rising at the rate of a foot an hour at Kennet, where it was 20 feet at sundown.

Property damage was reported in Kennet, where the foundations of one house was washed out and many doorknobs washed away. Many washouts on the Southern Pacific between Kennet and Motion were reported. In one place it was reported the track was shoved off the mountain in stretches of 100 feet nearly to the water's edge.

Keswick and Coram also were in the center of this afternoon's storm. The water is reported to be running through the depot at Keswick.

LEADERS OF CHARITY DISCUSS PROBLEMS

BALTIMORE, Md., May 12.—The largest charity convention in the history of the United States is that which opened here this morning. For eight days the big convention will take up in succession the problems that are today faced by charity and social workers. More communities, organizations and private charity work is represented this year more than ever before, and the speakers secured will cover the phases of charity work far better, it is expected, than ever before.

Among the questions to be considered at the conference are unemployment, inebriety, the curriculum for schools for social workers, outdoor relief, illegitimacy, the social evil, the relation between public and private charities and feeble-mindedness.

For the second time in its history of 42 years, a woman is presiding. She is Mrs. Mary Wilcox Glenn, of New York, wife of the director of the Russell Sage Foundation.

COLLEGE TO FIGHT TYPHUS.

BOSTON, May 12.—Fifteen college students, from Harvard, Mass. Institute of Technology, and Brown University, will sail for Serbia, where they will engage in sanitation work to fight the big typhus fever epidemic which is wreaking havoc in that country. They have answered the appeal of Dr. Richard P. Strong, the Harvard biologist, who is now in charge of the forces fighting the disease under the American Red Cross auspices. All of the college men selected are fitting themselves for this sort of work. Many applications were received from students in medical schools, despite the great risk that attends the fighting of this dread disease.

STEFANSSON ALIVE BELIEVES EXPLORER

CAPTAIN ANNEVIK SETS SAIL FROM SEATTLE TO RESCUE LONG-LOST PARTY.

SEATTLE, May 7.—That Vilhjalmar Stefansson, the daring Arctic explorer, may be alive among the blond Eskimos of the north, is the belief of Captain O. A. Annevik, a famous commander of frozen north expeditions, who has sailed from Seattle in his famous little steamer Corwin for the Arctic circle. That there is a mystery in the Stefansson expedition, which was sent out by the Canadian government two years ago, is Captain Annevik's belief, a mystery which can be cleared up only by Stefansson himself.

The Corwin will go into the walrus hunting section, and will keep a constant lookout for Stefansson. Captain Annevik has little hope of finding the lost explorer, for he believes that if Stefansson is alive he is living with the blond Eskimos, studying their race and habits for a scientific report of their origin.

In addition to the walrus tusks and hides which the steamer will gather, the meat of the walrus will be taken. A small cannery is aboard the ship, and Captain Annevik expects that a new industry can be established in the frozen north which will give a plentiful new meat supply to the temperate countries farther south. He will carry a large amount and bring it to Seattle for tests by experts and to find out whether the popular taste will demand the new food.

FRENCH BANK SUES WEALTHY BURGLAR

BOSTON, May 12.—After being dependent for a lifetime on his earnings as a professional burglar, and receiving last year, at the age of 72, an estate valued at \$300,000, Clark Parker, until recently of Winthrop, Mass., now finds himself defendant in four suits for a total of half of his fortune.

The latest of these suits is filed here by La Banque de France, and is for \$250,000. The bank alleges that Parker took from it on July 2, 1888, \$47,672.90, that it has expended many thousands of dollars looking for Parker, and that the interest on its losses brings the damages to a quarter of a million. The alleged bank robbery took place at Lyons, France, when Parker "by means of a fraudulent trick or device" secured the money and absconded with it.

Parker received his fortune under the will of his brother, Benjamin Parker, a molasses broker. Clark Parker was as wild as his brother was steady-going. He visited all parts of the world, and the rogue's galleries everywhere record his visits.

ENGINEERS PREPARE FOR NEW WAGE FIGHT

CLEVELAND, O., May 12.—Nearly a thousand delegates were present when the convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers opened here today. The engineers from the west were in no happy mood, and roused the big arbitration at Chicago which resulted in scant recognition of their demands against the western railways.

It was freely stated that the convention will authorize preparation for a renewal of the battle for higher wages and better working conditions on the 98 western roads involved. The decision of the arbitrators is to hold for one year, but at that time insistent demands will be made.

One of the interesting points of the international convention is whether the railroad workers of the east will stand by the declarations of the western engineers that Charles Nagel of the federal board of mediation was unfit for service as a mediator because of his trusteeship of an estate which own railroad stocks.

Foley's Honey and Tar Stops those Night Coughs

They Are Weakening, and Disturb the Whole Family.

Coughs and colds usually grow worse at night. Keep a bottle of FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR COMPOUND at hand. Use it freely—there is nothing in it that can possibly harm you. But it clears the throat of phlegm and mucus, stops the coughing and tickling, and heals the raw inflamed surfaces.

Geo. D. CORBES, Many, La., says: "My wife was troubled with a terrible cough, and we could get nothing to relieve her until I asked Dr. Belf of Hornbeck, who recommended FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR so strongly that I purchased a 25c bottle. Before the contents of this bottle were used, the cough had completely disappeared and her health was completely restored."

PHIL. DESOBRIEREAU, Schaffer, Mich., writes: "Last winter I could not sleep at night on account of a bad cough. It did not bother me during the day, but started up at bedtime and kept me from sleeping. I was very weak and in bad shape. I started using FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR and was greatly pleased to find that the cough left me entirely, my appetite improved, and I slept soundly at night."

EVERY USER IS A FRIEND. Jones Drug Co. (Adv.)

PEACE FIRST IS PLEA OF WILSON AT PHILADELPHIA

PRESIDENT MAKES NO DIRECT REFERENCE TO LUSITANIA IN ADDRESS.

EXECUTIVE INDICATES THAT CONFLICT WILL BE AVOIDED

Think First of Humanity as Well as of America, He Declares—Speech Meets With Applause From Audience.

PHILADELPHIA, May 10.—President Wilson gave to a gathering of 4000 naturalized Americans tonight the first intimation of what course the United States government will pursue in the situation resulting from the loss of more than a hundred American lives on the British liner Lusitania.

He spoke by implication, but his hearers interpreted his remarks as meaning that while the United States will remain at peace it would seek to convince Germany of the injuries to mankind of the tragedy of last Friday. "America," said the president, "must have the consciousness that on all sides it touches elbows and touches heart with all nations of mankind. The example of America must be a special example and must be an example not merely of peace, because it will not fight, but because peace is a healing and elevating influence of the world, and strife is not."

"There is such a thing as a man being too proud to fight. There is such a thing as being so right that it does not need to convince others by force that it is right."

These remarks precipitated a tumult of applause and patriotic enthusiasm emphasized by waving of small American flags. The president made no direct reference to the Lusitania tragedy, but the audience did not hesitate to read the application of his statement.

"While you bring," he said, "all countries with you, you come with a purpose of leaving all other countries behind you—bringing what is best of their spirit, but not looking over your shoulder of seeking to perpetuate what include leave us in them. I would not certainly be one who would suggest that a man cease to love the place of his origin. It is one thing to love the place where you were born and another thing to dedicate yourself to the place where you go. You can't be an American if you think of yourself in groups. America does not consist of seeking to a national group is not yet an American."

"My advice to you is to think first not only of America, but to think first of humanity, and you do not love humanity if you seek to divide humanity in jealous camps."

MOTHERS' CONGRESS MEETS IN PORTLAND

MANY PROMINENT WOMEN GATHER AT NATIONAL CONFERENCE.

PORTLAND, Ore., May 12.—The 19th annual convention of the National Congress of Mothers and Parent-Teacher associations opened tonight in Library hall with an attendance that taxed the capacity of the auditorium. Intense interest was shown by those attending. Mrs. Frederic Schoff, of Philadelphia, the National president, who gave one of the principal addresses of the evening, was greeted with enthusiastic applause.

Cordial greetings from Governor James Withycombe bespoke the hospitality of the state of Oregon. He assured the delegates of his loyalty in the cause of child welfare.

Others from whom greetings came were Mayor Albee, J. A. Churchhill, state superintendent of schools; Mrs. Kate Waller Barrett, Mrs. Sarah A. Evans, Mrs. Jennie M. Kemp, Mrs. E. L. Taggart, representing leading organizations of the state. Mrs. Orville T. Bright, of Chicago, one of the national vice presidents, graciously responded to the words of welcome.

THREE ARE HELD FOR POSTOFFICE ROBBERY

PORTLAND, Ore., May 11.—Uncle Sam believes that the robbers of post-office station "A," at East Alder street and Union Avenue, have been captured, and this afternoon federal complaints charging robbery and forgery of postal money orders were sworn out against J. C. Mack, alias James C. Clark; Bruce Granville, alias Glenn Forrest, alias Jim Rogers, and J. C. Donville. Mack and Granville, it is charged, were the actual holdup men, and Donville the "lookout," probably Mack is held at Detroit, Mich., where he was caught recently while attempting to cash one of the money orders stolen in Portland; Granville, a barber, is held at Seattle, where he was arrested Friday an hour after he returned from the east, and Donville is in the Oregon penitentiary serving an indeterminate sentence of from one to five years for forgery committed at Salem in March, following the sensational robbery of the postoffice station here February 12.

The present week of seven days was adopted by Egyptian astronomers more than 2,600 years ago.

J. A. FARRELL BRINGS A MESSAGE OF JOY

HEAD OF STEEL INDUSTRY SAYS THAT BUSINESS IS MUCH BETTER.

PORTLAND, Ore., May 11.—Business in iron, steel and allied trades has increased more than 100 per cent since the first of the year and is continuing to increase.

This is the cheerful message brought to Portland today by James A. Farrell, president of the United States Steel corporation. Armed with a brand-new rod and reel, a wad of trout leaders, a reinforced line and an ample supply of spoons, hooks and flies, he departed last night for the Deschutes river. He was the guest of Thomas D. Honeyman and was accompanied by a few friends, and the party was under the guidance of Curtis G. Rutherford, of the O.-W. R. & N. company, than whom no one is better informed on the habit of the trout that doesn't want to be caught.

"I never fished for trout in my life," confessed Mr. Farrell tonight, "and if I catch anything on this trip I'll be tempted to come to Oregon to try my luck again."

COUNTY COURT

(Continued from page 7.)

L. Mattoon	30.00
G. W. Patterson	16.00
M. S. Stewart	6.00
C. Axford	16.00
Fred Bosa	28.00
W. Harvey	8.00
L. J. Novotney	10.00
C. Stokes	10.00
District No. 16	
Coast Culvert & Flume Co.	16.50
W. G. Randall	2.50
Geo. Kelland	27.50
H. Engel	34.85
W. Randall	21.00
E. Anthony	4.00
M. Huiras	19.00
District No. 17	
Stefani Lumber Co.	.57
Coast Culvert & Flume Co.	9.50
W. S. Maple	4.00
H. Balke	9.80
Canby Concrete Co.	15.45
E. Conrad	31.00
F. A. Needham	8.00
H. Balke	8.00
H. J. Atkins	16.50
M. S. Thurston	8.00
A. J. Carlson	3.00
D. R. Dimick	38.75
Ed Brown	22.00
Harry Brown	16.00
Clifford Brown	18.00
Fred Molson	24.00
Herman Pipkey	24.00
Henry Pipkey	16.00
Almon Johnson	1.00
Geo. Koehler	52.50
Adam Bany	20.00
E. E. Burgess	30.00
Alvin Phelps	.50
Chas. Thomas	15.00
John Butler	4.00
Wm. Beeson	4.00
O. F. Frenzes	5.00
District No. 18	
W. E. Jones	2.25
J. F. Switzer	8.00
Dix Bros.	10.37
G. A. Schubel	57.00
Walter Schubel	21.00
Alvin Hornshuh	36.00
John Blum	38.00
Abel Thomas	13.00
A. Babcock	6.00
Fred Bohlender	2.00
Henry Henric	2.00
J. W. Pond	4.50
John Moehnke	4.00
Frank Grossmueller	4.50
Albert Moehnke	4.00
Hugo Hansen	4.00
C. G. Wetmore	3.50
Cary Pond	7.00
J. P. Strain	7.00
Wm. Daniels	3.00
Roland Edwards	6.00
District No. 19	
R. Schuebel	1.35
Hodson-Feenoughy Co.	1.00
Howard-Cooper Corp.	26.25
John Anderson	4.00
J. C. Anderson	8.00
Percy Smith	4.00
Harvey Schuebel	16.00
R. Schuebel	30.50
R. Bullard	9.00
Dan Graves	8.00
George Anderson	6.00
Fred Weiman	2.00
Fred Bratzle	34.00
Ren Adkins	12.00
Orin Adkins	12.00
Lewis Churchill	33.00
Lewis Churchill	33.00
W. S. Dennis	15.50
A. Seanson	8.00
Mae Huas	6.00
Lee Adkins	2.00
Jot Mallatt	13.00
Thomas Fish	21.00
Fred Murry	11.00
Ernest Mallatt	4.50
Sam Holsten	10.00
W. Tallman	9.00
District No. 20	
H. Gebson and Granville	6.00
Ed Harms	6.00
M. Adams	2.00
S. Ganke	2.00
T. Kummer	20.00
J. Lamor	8.00
C. Burke	12.00
B. Klaus	15.00
Ray Stevens	8.00
C. Stevens	2.00
District No. 21	
Alfred Danelson	25.50
J. I. Case T. M. Co.	10.05
Coast Culvert & Flume Co.	9.55
Port. Ry. L. & P. Co.	.35
Howard-Cooper Corp.	88.90
Schafer Lumber Co.	3.84
P. E. Bonney	15.00
Lewis Penelton	11.00
Erick Frygg	16.00
Fred Carlson	13.00
Charley Beckman	23.00
Victor Bockman	23.00
Emile Peterson	18.00
A. N. Swanson	1.00
John Wicklund	10.50
Alax Erickson	4.00
Oliver Fisher	5.00
E. A. Swanson	4.00
O. G. Nyquist	2.00
John Erickson	4.00
W. H. Blocher	1.00
W. E. Bonney	10.00
Peter Westburg	3.00
Matt Peterson	18.00
W. S. Gorbett	36.25
Erick Asplund	14.00
J. D. Croford	38.00
A. J. Johnson	12.00
Nels Lundmark	4.00
Geo. Williams	10.00
Claud Winslow	12.00
Milton Chindgreen	6.00
R. D. Ball	3.00
John Comer	4.00
A. M. Cooper	4.00
Frank Arquette	24.00
J. W. Carlson	24.00
Everett Erickson	14.50
O. M. Halverson	22.00
Alfred Swanson	1.02
A. Johnson	14.00
District No. 22	
Chas. Livesay	100.83
F. M. Henriksen	4.80
W. G. Masterton	11.75
Robbins Bros.	14.45
Earl Hunter	11.00
Bert Palmer	11.00
Herbert Pendleton	18.00
C. C. Edwards	3.00
Clay Hungate	10.00
Clyde Pendleton	3.00
George Ball	6.00
Birtley Ball	