

A Message To Women

Those of Middle Age Especially.

When you have found no remedy for the horrors that oppress you during change of life, when through the long hours of the day it seems as though your back would break, when your head aches constantly, you are nervous, depressed and suffer from those dreadful bearing down pains, don't forget that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the safest and surest remedy, and has carried hundreds of women safely through this critical period.

Read what these three women say:

From Mrs. Hornung, Buffalo, N. Y.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—"I am writing to let you know how much your medicine has done for me. I failed terribly during the last winter and summer and every one remarked about my appearance. I suffered from a female trouble and always had pains in my back, no appetite and at times was very weak.

"I was visiting at a friend's house one day and she thought I needed Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it and have gained eight pounds, have a good appetite and am feeling better every day. Everybody is asking me what I am doing and I recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. You may publish this letter if you wish and I hope others who have the same complaint will see it and get health from your medicine as I did."—Mrs. A. HORNUNG, 91 Stanton St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Was a Blessing To This Woman.

So RICHMOND, VA.—"I was troubled with a bearing down pain and a female weakness and could not stand long on my feet. Of all the medicines I took nothing helped me like Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I am now regular and am getting along fine. I cannot praise the Compound too much. It has been a blessing to me and I hope it will be to other women."—Mrs. D. TYLER, 23 West Clifton St., South Richmond, Va.

Pains in Side, Could Hardly Stand.

LODI, Wis.—"I was in a bad condition, suffering from a female trouble, and I had such pains in my sides I could hardly move. Before I had taken the whole of one bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I felt better, and now I am well and can do a good day's work. I tell everybody what your medicine has done for me."—Mrs. JOHN THOMSON, Lodi, Wisconsin.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No one sick with woman's ailments does justice to herself if she does not try this famous medicine made from roots and herbs, it has restored so many suffering women to health.



Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

25 INDICTMENTS RETURNED BY JURY BOOSTERS OF VALLEY GATHER AT SALEM

BAKER COUNTY TROUBLES COME TO HEAD DURING THE MEETING

COPPERFIELD OFFICIALS ARE IN NET

Many Charges Are Made at Stormy Session of Grand Jury—Agent of West Appears Before Body

BAKER, Ore., March 24.—Today's session of the grand jury in Baker was the most spectacular in the history of Baker county. Twenty-five indictments were returned. Every Copperfield saloon man was indicted and Frank H. Snodgrass, special investigator for Governor West, appeared before the grand jury in a stormy session at which he and the grand jurors shouted at each other at the top of their voices and at which the spokesman for the governor made general and sweeping charges against Sheriff Rand and District Attorney Gering.

LITTLE GIRL IS NOT AFRAID OF LONG TRIP

SEVEN YEAR OLD MISS TRAVELS FROM KANSAS TO OREGON CITY, ALONE

DENVER, Colo., Mar. 26.—(Special)—"I'm not afraid, I am going home to my papa in Oregon City and he is going to meet me at the depot when I get there." These were the brave words of little Miss Violet Wing, age 7 years, who, labeled with tags and supplied with a big roll of tickets, passed through this city today on her way from relatives in Kansas to her father in Oregon City. The little girl said that her parents name was William Wing.

PENDLETON GAMBLERS PLEAD GUILTY, FINED

PENDLETON, Ore., March 26.—Judge Phelps scored today in the anti-gambling crusade when a majority of the gamblers indicted by the grand jury appeared before him and pleaded guilty.

He imposed a total of \$1450 in fines upon them and warned them that if they appeared again before him he would without hesitation give them the maximum penalty. "Gambling will no longer be tolerated in this country," he said, "and I warn all of you to stop it, or go some place else."

STATEMENT MADE BY WATER LEAGUE

RECOMMENDATIONS TO VOTERS RESULT OF SEVERAL MONTHS OF WORK

ESTIMATES ARE CHECKED OVER

Plan of Paying Bond Issue is Explained—Editorial in Portland Paper Quoted—Other Features Included

In a statement to the voters of Oregon City by the Pure Mountain Water League, every side of the water situation is taken up and thoroughly discussed. The estimates given in the report have been checked over by a committee of 14 business men and has met with their approval. The plan is the result of several months' work on the part of the water league. The statement follows:

To the Voters of Oregon City:

In issuing this statement to the voters of Oregon City, the Pure Water League hopes to impress upon each voter, not only the importance of going to the polls and casting their vote for a pure, wholesome water supply for our people, but the further responsibility of seeing that their relatives, friends and acquaintances do the same.

In considering the question of the new water supply, we will first take up the financial side, not because it is more important than the human side, but because one of the first questions asked is: "What will it cost?"

The figures submitted by the engineers show that the total cost, including pipe, excavation, back filling, right of way, roads, laying of pipe, trenches, etc., and construction of a new reservoir of 5,000,000 gallons capacity at Elvillie, also first year's interest on bonds will not exceed \$255,000.

After Mr. Rands' report was made, many of the opponents of the proposed pure water supply, stated that the figures were too low. The city council then employed Mr. D. C. Heeny, consulting engineer for the U. S. Reclamation service, an engineer whose reputation on matters of this nature is accepted by all bonding houses and reputable banking institutions in the United States. Mr. Heeny during his career has constructed many pipe lines, has managed water systems and is probably one of the ablest men that could have been secured to check up the survey and estimate. After going over Mr. Rands' data and personally inspecting the proposed route of the pipe line from Oregon City to the falls on the south fork of the Clackamas, he made his report in which he stated that he considered Mr. Rands' figures somewhat high, but would allow that amount to remain in the estimate as an additional margin of safety.

When the move was first started the opponents of pure water said: "It can't be done." After Mr. Rands' figures were submitted showing that it could be handled by the city they said: "Mr. Rands is a good engineer, but you had better have his survey checked up by an expert." That was done and still you hear the same old plaint: "It can't be done." It can be done and the water will cost the ordinary consumer who now pays \$1.25 not more than \$2.00 per month and the rate will gradually be reduced and by five years the rate should be down to the present rate of \$1.25 per month and less from that time on.

The following figures show how the proposition can be handled and the pipe laid for in 2 1/2 years. The present water equipment and property not needed for the proposed system, excluding the water rights and wheels, as an asset would offset the present warrant outstanding indebtedness of the water department as a liability.

The income would be made up as follows: Present yearly water collection \$18,338.00 Add 50 per cent on present cost of ordinary household water \$29,340.50 Rent of present water power rights 5,000.00 Total \$52,678.50

Interest 5 per cent and sinking fund 2 per cent on \$255,000 \$26,000.00 Interest on present warrant \$225,000 at 4 1/2 per cent \$1,800.00 Balance for operating expenses and care pipe line 6,540.50 The New System.

Outside of the cost of operating the filter plant and that part of the present system which should be disposed of and extensions, the present system does not cost anything like \$5,000.00 per year.

No extensions should be made that will not pay 5 per cent on the cost from the beginning and eventually pay out on the principal.

Method of reducing the cost of water to consumers. 1st. At the end of the payment of the \$255,000 of proposed bonds, the yearly charge for interest and retirement may be reduced from \$25,000 per year to \$22,500.00 which could be taken from charges to water consumers. 2nd. The cost of operation will be less than \$5,340.50 which would also lessen the charge. 3rd. Increase in the number of the consumers in sections of the city already served, and which add no extra cost. 4th. Sale of water to consumers outside of city who would build their own pipe line to the reservoir.

The proposed pipe line would bring in upwards to 3,000,000 gallons per 24 hours, and Oregon City does not consume beyond 1,900,000 per day at present, so it readily can be seen, that when two thirds of the supply is used, either by sale to outsiders or in Oregon City itself, the cost to individual consumer can be correspondingly reduced.

Their calculations show that a charge of 5 per cent would pay the interest on this bond issue and at the end of the fifth year this might be reduced to seven per cent and still pay the interest on the bond issue and retire all of the bonds at the end of the 24th year and they recommend that the bonds should be issued in such form that they might be retired.

While we are considering the financial side of the question let us go back to about one year ago when at the lowest estimate of the doctors of the city there were over 150 cases of typhoid fever in Oregon City. These cases at a moderate estimate cost for physicians, nurses, hospital fees, loss of time, not considering the suffering, anxiety and deaths, cost at least \$70,000—nearly one fourth of the cost of the proposed pipe line, and yet people will say that they cannot afford good water. The city, from a financial standpoint alone, cannot afford to pass up this opportunity of securing pure water and thus gain the confidence of its citizens and the country at large where Oregon City now has the unenviable reputation of having a typhoid infected water supply.

What person is unwilling to pay 70 cents per month for the assurance that their family is not in constant danger from typhoid. The new system to our city would be the cheapest health insurance that we can conceive of.

A much more important question to the people than that of mere finance is that of humanity. We are too apt to figure everything in dollars and cents, forgetting the human element, which is much more important.

As long as we continue to use the present supply from the Willamette river, which in the last analysis is nothing more than filtered sewage, we are imperiling the lives of our citizens, our children and our homes.

The principal objectors to having pure water for Oregon City are not the small property owners, and the working people, but the chief objectors are those who have the money and the property, those who apparently place the dollar sign above human life, health and happiness.

The following editorial from the Portland Daily Journal of recent date on the water situation in Oregon City is most appropriate:

Oregon City is in the midst of an agitation for a mountain water supply. The present source of supply is the Willamette river. A filtering plant of modern design purports to provide average purity. There are, however, many people in Oregon City who insist that filtering system is not always dependable and that whenever there are chances to be a lapse in its efficiency customers are drawing their water supply directly from the great sewer of the Willamette valley.

The Pure Mountain Water League is an organization which heads the movement for a gravity water system for the city. From contributions of its members it has financed a survey of the head waters of the Clackamas as a probable source of supply. The engineer reports that perfectly pure water can be delivered to consumers in Oregon City through a pipe line 25 1/2 miles in length, and at a total cost of \$250,000. The league proposes a bond issue to cover the cost, and points to the fact that the system could be put into operation in about one year from the beginning of work on the pipe line. A proposed special election for voting bonds is a part of the plan.

It is almost inconceivable that Oregon City will reject such a program. Such water at such a moderate cost would seem to be reason for the city to jump at the chance and to gratefully accept it. It is not to be placed in the class alongside other Oregon cities which have constructed many pipe lines, has managed water systems and is probably one of the ablest men that could have been secured to check up the survey and estimate. After going over Mr. Rands' data and personally inspecting the proposed route of the pipe line from Oregon City to the falls on the south fork of the Clackamas, he made his report in which he stated that he considered Mr. Rands' figures somewhat high, but would allow that amount to remain in the estimate as an additional margin of safety.

How can any city justify itself in affecting inferior water? How can any city defend itself for using questionable water when absolutely pure water can be had for a very small sum if any advance in cost? How can any city afford to pay 10 or 25 or 50 cents a month increase in water cost against the health and lives of human beings?

How can any city excuse itself for playing a dollar against a man? Following are answers to some of the arguments put up by those who object to citizens having pure water to drink: "That it will increase taxes." This is one of the stock arguments used against the projected supply. The new system can be installed and operated without increasing the general taxes one cent. It will increase the water rates temporarily but this increase in rates together with the reduced running expense of a gravity system will pay all expenses, paying off the whole debt in 2 1/2 years.

"That the source is not protected and is liable to contamination." This is untrue as all branches of the stream lie within the government forest reserve and as soon as Oregon City starts officially to secure the water it can have a special municipal water reserve created by the government which will be protected from campers, etc., by the forest rangers of the district.

"That the present supply is good water." The epidemics of typhoid we experienced about a year ago and the several analyses made of the water by the state board of health showing that many samples of water sent down by private individuals, physicians and Superintendent Howell, were contaminated, containing colon bacilli, answers that question. There is no question but at that time our water was as clean and as safe as the little confidence that the people place in statements to the contrary is evidenced by the fact that about two thirds of our people hold their drinking water today, and as our secretary of the board of health tersely expressed it as short time ago: "They are a wise lot of people."

"That West Linn and other communities will get water at reduced rates after Oregon City has gone to the expense of bringing it in." That Oregon City will bear the burden while adding towns will get the benefit. This is not so in the charter amendment which is a clause that prohibits the city authorities from selling water to the other communities without the people voting on the same at an election. So the matter of rates to outside towns is solely in the hands of the voters of Oregon City.

Other actions have about the same merit as the above. The members and officers of the water league are willing to answer honest criticism and are more than willing to meet with any individual or groups of individuals and go into all phases of the project, feeling sure that the average individual who does not place his pocketbook above all else on earth will be for the new water.

The question is up to the voters—there are two propositions to consider. Do you want clean, cold, mountain water, sparkling in purity, laden with health, free from contamination, or do you want filtered sewage, laden with the excreta of the thousands of human beings up the Willamette, doped with chloride of lime, a menace to health and a disgrace to the city?

Voters, it is up to you. PURE MOUNTAIN WATER LEAGUE.

FIGHTER'S HAND BROKEN

CHICAGO, March 26.—With an X-ray examination showing that three small bones in his left hand were broken, Ad Wolgast, former light-weight champion, announced today his temporary retirement from the ring.

"Add it may be permanent," he added. "All I have had since reaching the top of the ladder has been hard luck and I am about diagnosed with the prize ring."

REBELS BEATEN AT TORREON-REPORT

ROUTED WITH GREAT SLAUGHTER. ER, IS OFFICIAL WORD FROM MEXICO CITY

FEDERAL AID ADDS TO VICTORY

Villa's Forces Said to Have Suffered Loss of 2000 Men—Defeated Army is Shelled by Armored Autos

EL PASO, Tex., March 26.—An authoritative telegram was received here tonight stating that all foreigners in the battle zone at Tarron were safe.

MEXICO CITY, March 25.—The war department makes the assertion that the rebels under Villa were routed at Torreón with great slaughter early today.

Eight hundred men under General Joaquin Maas and General Javier DeMoure, it is announced arrived opportunely from Saltillo in time to add greatly to the federal victory. The rebels are said to be retreating northward, with the federals pounding at the rear.

It is admitted that Villa's men entered Lerdo, a suburb of Torreón, but it is explained that this was a ruse on the part of General Velasco to ambush them.

As soon as they were well into that territory the federal artillery shelled them, the cavalry charging as the rebels started to retreat.

General Maas and DeMoure are reported to have made the distance between Hipolito and Torreón in 50 armored automobiles, which they were carrying, the railroad having been cut at Hipolito.

The rebel losses in dead and wounded are reported to be 2000.

CHAMBERLAIN BEGINS WAR ON CANAL TOLLS

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Senator Chamberlain, of Oregon, was prevented from speaking today on his resolution to repeal the tolls exemption on inland waterways created by the Rivers and Harbors bill of 1884. Senator Tolman assumed consideration of the resolution, and it went over until tomorrow, after being referred to the commerce committee.

Chamberlain, one of the opponents of repeal of the Panama tolls exemption, introduced his resolution, he explained to make the practice of tolls for American ships uniform on all American waterways. It promises to become an element in the Panama debate.

Chairman Henry of the rules committee was unable to bring in a special rule for immediate consideration of the repeal bill, with 15 hours of general debate, and barring any amendments or other intervening motions except a motion to recommittal to the committee on interstate commerce.

Senator O'Gorman had read in the senate chamber today letters and telegrams commending his opposition to the repeal.

SEASON IS EXPECTED WILL APPLY FOR INJUNCTION TO KEEP HIM FROM FEDERALS

WILMINGTON, N. C., March 21.—When informed that application for an injunction to restrain Killifer from playing with the Philadelphia Nationals had been filed at Grand Rapids, Charles Dooin, manager of the club, said the move had been anticipated, and his course of action had been clearly outlined by legal counsel for the club.

"We have no fear whatever of losing Killifer and we expect Tom Seaton to return to the club before the season opens. We shall ask for an injunction restraining him from playing with the Federals. I understand he has joined the Chicago training squad at Shreveport."

HUSBAND ASKS FOR DIVORCE

CHARGE CRUEL AND INHUMAN TREATMENT. J. A. Locke has filed a complaint against his wife, Jessie Locke, asking for a divorce. The marriage took place November 7, 1879 at Egan, Ind. The father asks for the custody of the two children.

BUSINESS FORCES R. L. STEVENS TO QUIT RACE

PORTLAND, Ore., Mar. 26.—Robert L. Stevens, former sheriff of Multnomah county, who had entered for the primary race has unexpectedly announced his withdrawal after expressing to his friends his appreciation of their efforts in his behalf.

As a consequence of his abandonment of the contest Mr. Stevens assigned a conflict between his business and his political interests.

He has left for Detroit, Mich., in response to a telegram requesting his immediate presence there in connection with an invention in which he is interested.

The withdrawal of Mr. Stevens from the race leaves eight aspirants in the field for the Republican nomination—George C. Brownell, of Oregon City; Gus C. Moser, of Portland; A. M. Crawford, of Salem; Dr. James Wilby-Corvallis; Grant B. Dimick, of Oregon City; T. T. Geer, of Portland; Charles A. Johns, of Portland, and W. A. Carter.

DIVORCE GRANTED

A divorce was granted to Elizabeth Ulen from Claude Ulen, Tuesday.

REAL ESTATE

Real estate transfers filed for record with the county recorder Friday are as follows:

Western Transportation and Towing company to Crown Columbia Paper company, lot 2 and portions of lots 1, 7, 8, block 44, and lots 1 and 2, block 43, and a strip of land 60 feet wide from block 14 to block 44 all being in Oregon City; \$10.

Elizabeth Grimm et vir to John C. Logan, James A. Merriman, Jack Stanfield, Alfred J. Franklin, 25 acres in section 27, township 2 south, range 7 east of Willamette meridian; \$10.

T. C. Howell et E. J. Hubert, lots 5 and 6, block 167, Oregon City; \$10. H. B. Rockwell to S. O. Dillman, tract of land on 10th street, Oregon City; \$10.

Mollala Clackamas and Improvement company to Louis A. Ritter, lot 1, block 4 Metzger and Hart's addition to Molalla; \$10.

Louisa Poyer et ux, Haron Poyer et ux to Thomas F. Ryan, tract of land near Redland; \$1.

Real estate transfers filed for record with the county recorder Thursday are as follows:

Hilda Lindborg et ux to Lester L. Schwartz and Frank Schwartz, tract 8 of "Elida"; \$3000.

John P. Newton et ux to Frank E. Dodge et ux, 625 acres in the Champaign Pendleton donation land claim in sections 29, 30 and 32, township 3 south, range 1 east of Willamette meridian; \$3700.

George H. Brown et ux to J. R. Pitts, 20 acres in the section 34, southwest 1/4, northeast 1/4, section 4, township 4 north, range 1 east of Willamette meridian; \$1.

Anna E. Higgs et vir to Fred Strang, lots 11 and 13, "Pinehurst"; \$25.

Fredrich and H. W. Peters to Wilhelm Uppendahl, tract of land in the John Mark's donation land claim in township 4 south, range 1 east of Willamette meridian; \$100.

R. G. Keene et ux to Frank Wright, 19 acres in the southeast 1/4, northeast 1/4, southeast 1/4, section 14, township 2 south, range 6 east of Willamette meridian; \$10.

Whole Family Benefited By Wonderful Remedy. There are many little things in life, under present conditions of life. The hurry, hard work, noise and strain all tell on us and tend to provoke nervousness and irritability. We are frequently worn out we can neither eat, nor work with any comfort, nor are out of line with ourselves or others as well.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills

to relieve the strain on the nerves. Mrs. J. B. Hartsfield, 33 Corps Atlanta Ga, writes:

"I have on several occasions been relieved by the use of your pills, especially the Anti-Pain Pills, which I keep constantly on hand, the use of myself, husband and sons. Nothing in its way equals it as a headache remedy. Often I am enabled by the use of one or two of the Pills to continue my housework when otherwise I would be laid up. My husband often uses them when he has a headache and I am sure of Anti-Pain Pills and Balm."

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills

are relied upon to relieve nervousness and irritability in the hands of households. Of merit after twenty years' use, can have no reason for being without them.

At all Druggists, 25 cents per box. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Doernbecker Manufacturing company to J. F. Davies, 160 acres, south 4, section 6, township 2 south, range 3 east of Willamette meridian; \$1.

Charles H. Dye to T. L. Chilton, 10, 12, block 8, South Oregon; \$10.

Real estate transfers filed for record Monday are as follows: Roland B. Curtis et ux to J. W. O'Brien, 50 acres in the north 1/2, section 19, township 2 south, range 6 east of Willamette meridian; \$1.

George Hoffman et ux to R. L. Dye, 40 acres in north 1/2, section 10, township 2 south, range 1 east of Willamette meridian; \$1.

H. P. Mitchell et ux to Charles Harris et ux, lots 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, Windsor; \$1500.

C. H. Gale et ux to H. C. Hays, 15 1/2 acres in the William Haman donation land claim in section 1, township 3 south, range 2 east of Willamette meridian; \$4500.

Phillip Schmidt et ux to J. Loder, block 53, Clackamas; \$1.

John W. Loder et al to J. Schmidt, lots 2, 4, block 1, Sub addition to Gladstone; \$1.

John W. Loder et al to A. C. lot 5, block 2, Schooler's addition to Gladstone; \$1.

A. Conover et ux to Peter H. Lin, lot 3, block 2, Schooler's addition to Gladstone; \$1.

C. A. Elliott et ux to A. C. lot 3, 4, 8, block 2, Schooler's addition to Gladstone; \$1.

Thomas R. A. Bellwood et ux to Stephen Carver, lots 12, 13, 14, 15, addition to Milwaukee; \$1800.

Charles H. Moore et ux to J. Morgan, 5750 square feet in the north 1/2, section 10, township 2 south, range 6 east of Willamette meridian; \$582.

Ten Brock Whipple to Anna Benson, north 1/2 lot 1, Hood View; \$1.

Real estate transfers were filed with the county recorder Wednesday are as follows: Wm. Hammond et ux to P. K.mond et ux, lot 7 and block 68, stone; \$10.

Luella W. Anderson et vir to W. D. Andrews et ux, lots 8, 6, 7, 5, block 21, Falls View addition to Oregon City; \$1.

J. F. Spigler et ux to D. F. Moore et ux, lots 1 and 2, Opportunity, Oregon & California Railroad company to city of Portland, tract of land in section 5, township 2 south, range 5 east of Willamette meridian; \$1.

H. E. Jaggar et ux to S. C. Hays, 1.5 interest in lot 2, block 1, of lot 1, block 2, Marshfield; \$1.

Oscar E. Grant to Erick A. Sanderson, tract of land in section 5, township 5 south, range 3 east of Willamette meridian; \$1100.

W. M. Hammond et ux to Phillip Hammond, lot 9 and 10, block 68, stone; \$10.

Allen M. Sutton et ux to G. G. Green, lots 8 and 11, block 1, Side addition to Oregon City; \$1.

W. M. Gantz to A. E. Scott, lots 3 and 4, block 1, Dover Park; \$1.

J. H. Snyder et ux to Laurence J. H. 7, block 1, L. T. Meek addition land claim; \$10.

Oregon & California Railroad company to city of Portland, tract of land in section 5, township 2 south, range 5 east of Willamette meridian; \$1.

Oregon & California Railroad company to city of Portland, tract of land in section 7, township 1 south, range 5 east of Willamette meridian; \$1.

Real estate transfers filed for record with the county recorder Wednesday are as follows: Pete Horazko et ux to J. J. Gerty one half acre in William Hales donation land claim in township 4 south, range 2 east of Willamette meridian; \$10.

Luella D. Kimball et vir to S. D. Dunlop et ux, 10 acres in the J. W. Palmater donation land claim in township 3 south, range 4 east of Willamette meridian; \$550.

Luella D. Kimball et vir to S. D. Dunlop et ux, 20.60 acres in J. W. Palmater donation land claim in township 3 south, range 4 east of Willamette meridian; \$500.

Robert Ainstrop to David Gross, 14, block 18, Windsor; \$1.

H. E. Werner to Mrs. J. J. Baker, 3, tract "O" Willamette Falls addition; \$10.

CLACKAMAS ABSTRACT & TITLE COMPANY. Land Titles Examined. Abstracts of Title Made. Office over Bank of Oregon City.

Stubborn, Annoying Coughs Cured. "My husband had a cough for ten years and my son for eight years. Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured them, for which I am ever thankful." writes Mrs. David M. Sargin, Ala. What Dr. King's New Discovery did for these men, it will do for you. Dr. King's New Discovery should be in every home. Stops and relieves coughs, relieves a gripe and throat and lung ailments. Break it if it fails. All druggists, 50c and \$1.00. H. E. Buckler & Co., Philadelphia, Pa. St. Louis.