

OREGON CITY ENTERPRISE

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FORTY-SEVENTH YEAR—No. 11.

OREGON CITY, OREGON, FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1913.

ESTABLISHED 1866

RAMSEY, McNARY NEW JUSTICES

ONE REPUBLICAN AND ONE DEMOCRAT NAMED BY GOVERNOR

HOLEMS IS MADE CIRCUIT JUDGE

Report That Judge Reames of Medford, Would Get One of Places Proves to be Unfounded

SALEM, Or., March 6.—(Special.)—Governor West today appointed Judge W. M. Ramsey, of McMinnville, and C. L. McNary, of this city, as additional justices of the Supreme Court, to round out the number to seven. A bill having been passed by the recent Legislature increasing the personnel of that tribunal to that number. In a way the appointment came as a surprise, as it was generally believed that Judge A. E. Reames of Medford, Democrat, and a staunch supporter of the Governor, would be one of the justices appointed.

Judge Ramsey is a Democrat, and is known as a leading lawyer of the state. He has held a number of public offices, and was at one time a candidate on the Democratic ticket for justice of the Supreme Court. Bert Hanes, chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, is his nephew by marriage. He had the endorsement of Judge M. L. Pipes, of Portland, James McCain, of McMinnville, Judge Callaway, of this city, Judge P. R. Kelly, of Albany, and many other jurists. He has a son, Horace Ramsey, who is pastor of an Episcopal Church in Portland, and a wife, Fred, who is an officer in the Marine Corps.

Judge McNary is a Republican in politics, and for a number of years has been identified with his brother, John H. McNary, who, until the recent session, was district attorney for this district. In the practice of law, he is young, but is considered one of the best lawyers in this section of the state. He has known the Governor since his boyhood days, and, during West's administration, has been the Governor's close personal adviser in many matters, and practically in all those of a legal character.

Governor West also appointed Judge Weston Holems, of Tillamook, as Judge of the Twelfth Judicial District. This district was created during the present session of the Legislature. Judge Holems is a brother of Frank Holems of this city, and a nephew of William Holems, formerly a lawyer here, but now in Portland. He is a Democrat.

YOUTH WHO BREAKS PAROLE, ARRESTED BY SHERIFF

Henry Walters, sentenced to serve one year in jail several weeks ago by County Judge Hentle for contributing to the delinquency of a girl, and who was paroled, was arrested Friday night by Sheriff Mass. The sheriff says the young man has since served a term in jail at Salem. He is said to have broken his parole frequently.

APPOINTEES OF WILSON OPPOSED

REPUBLICANS INSIST THAT NAMES BE ACTED UPON BY COMMITTEE

DEMOCRATS ARE AGAINST NEILL

Tillman and Overman Say Report Made by Commissioner on Labor in South is Not Fair

WASHINGTON, March 11.—A hint of opposition to President Wilson's appointments came in an executive session of the Senate today, when Republican senators insisted that appointments be acted upon by the senate committee before being taken up for confirmation. As a result, no appointments were confirmed, although those of Daniel C. Roper, Alexander N. Dockery and James L. Blakeslee, and fourth Assistant Postmaster-General, were ready for action.

Opposition also developed among Democratic senators to the confirmation of Dr. C. P. Neill, who was reappointed by President Wilson as commissioner of labor statistics. Neill's chief opponents were Senators Tillman, of South Carolina, and Overman, of North Carolina, who took umbrage at a report Neill made in 1911 on the conditions of labor and the character of women and child laborers in the Southern cotton manufacturing states. A meeting of the committee on education and labor to consider the appointment of Dr. Neill has been called for Thursday by Chairman Borah. Several Democratic senators have asked that no action be taken on the Neill appointment until the senate committee named the new commissioner. Senator Borah said today that he would not take the responsibility for such an action, but would submit Dr. Neill's appointment to the committee as it now exists.

MILWAUKIE WOMEN TO DECIDE ELECTION

The women in Milwaukie are taking more interest than the men in the special city election March 18, and they may decide the fate of the five measures pending. The Suffrage Association is composed entirely of property owning women. They favor two measures: the bond issue of \$20,000 for a municipal water plant and the amendment for opening streets. Mrs. Maggie L. Johnson said here Friday that the women want plenty of water and more streets. The library, which was taken over by the School Board from the Mothers and Teachers' Circle, and moved from the city hall into the schoolhouse, united the libraries of the circle with that of the school, making a circulating library of 1200 volumes. The Milwaukie Woodmen are contemplating erecting a hall on the site of the former building on Main Street.

PUBLIC DOCK IS URGED BY CLUB

COUNCIL WILL BE ASKED TO MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR ONE AT ONCE

MERCHANTS MEET WITH COMMITTEE

Consensus of Opinion is That Dock Should be Located in North End of City

The city council will be asked to take immediate action looking to the establishment of a free public dock in Oregon City, following a meeting of merchants Tuesday night at the Commercial Club. The council will be asked to take into consideration the urgent need for a public dock and to proceed to arrange for its construction and maintenance.

The meeting Tuesday night was held at the instance of the free dock committee of the Live Wire, the members of which are B. T. McJannet, J. Brown and E. E. Brodie, and at the conference many expressions of the inadequacy of the city's present shipping facilities were forcibly presented upon.

The point was brought out that the city will be the gainer through the increased trade of the farmers, who would come here in large numbers if better shipping facilities were afforded them.

There will be no suggestion made to the council as to where the proposed dock should be located, although the consensus of opinion favors the North end of the city, between Eleventh and Thirteenth Streets, because of the fact that the natural advantages lie at those points.

The following were present at the meeting: Councilman L. P. Horton, James Hoaks, Oregon City Foundry, Theodore Omand, Hawley Pulp & Paper Co., C. C. Babcock, superintendent of streets; Dr. J. A. Van Brakle.

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WILSON PUTS BAN ON HIS RELATIVES

PRESIDENT ANNOUNCES THAT HE WILL NOT COUNTENANCE NEPOTISM.

PORTLAND COUSIN DENIED PLACE

Chief Executive Declares That Appointment of Kinsman to Office Would be Serious Handicap.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—President Wilson has passed the word along the line that it is his wish that no member of the Wilson family and no relative have a position in the present administration.

It does not mean that the President underestimates the talents of his cousins, brothers and others near to him, but it does mean that he feels that it will be better for everyone if the government "is kept out of the family." He is said to have expressed the belief that the practice of nepotism, especially at the outset of his administration, would tend to weaken the administration. His wishes became known today in rather startling fashion to Captain M. Wilson, a cousin who lives in Portland, Or. Captain Wilson aspired to be a member of the Philippine Commission. He came on here yesterday, and today went to see Mr. Garrison, secretary of war, to talk the subject over with him. Secretary Garrison shocked him by saying that President Wilson had sent him word that no relative of his in the new administration should have a position in the new administration. It was not an order; it was merely a suggestion, but it was to the same thing. There are several relatives of the President throughout the country, and some of them, it is rumored, have been looking forward to berths in the diplomatic or consular service.

SCHUEBEL CALLS LAST SESSION BEST

CLACKAMAS REPRESENTATIVE PRAISES LABOR BILLS WHICH BECAME LAWS

GOVERNOR IS LAUDED BY SPEAKER

Legislator Declares That Before End of Year Oregon City Mills Will Have Three Shifts

Declaring that the recent session of the legislature was the best and most substantial one in the history of the state, Representative C. Schuebel made an address at the Presbyterian Brotherhood banquet Tuesday night. Mr. Schuebel stated that more bills were introduced in the last legislature in the interest of humanity than all of the other legislatures heretofore. It was his opinion that the session had gone on record as one which had accomplished much toward common decency and good citizenship. Mr. Schuebel paid a high tribute to Governor West and stated that most of the humane laws were prepared in his office, but were introduced by other persons. Most of his humane bills were passed, said the speaker. Mr. Schuebel told of the narrow escape which several bills had and of the hard fight which himself and friends of the bills had to save them. He said that he believed before the end of the year was reached the mills at Oregon City would be operating three shifts.

The meeting was largely attended by members of the Brotherhood and a few of their friends. A fine dinner was served by the women of the church. During the early part of the evening before Mr. Schuebel spoke, music was furnished by the mandolin club composed of Clyde Green, Lyle McCoy, Carl Vonderahne and Lyle Howard. The Brotherhood will have charge of the evening service to be held next Sunday evening.

Mr. Ford has issued an invitation to the members of the Presbyterian Church to attend his revival services this evening at the First Methodist Church, and he urges all members of the church to attend.

Mr. Schuebel said the following important labor bills were passed at the last session of the legislature: HOUSE BILL, NO. 27.—This is a law recommended by the Commission appointed by the Governor and provides for a state Industrial Accident Commission consisting of three persons to be appointed by the Governor at a salary of \$3,500 per annum; the Commission to employ necessary clerks and experts. The total expense not to exceed \$25,000 per annum. It is optional with the employer and employee to receive under this act. Any person not wishing to take under this act must notify the Commission in writing. There are two classes of employment: Class "A", Hazardous employment. Class "B", Non-hazardous employment.

How Money is Raised. The employer pays 10ths of one per cent of his wages but not less than 25 cents per month. The employer to pay 6 times as much as is collected from the employees, not to exceed 3 per cent of his annual pay roll and the State to appropriate a sum equal to 1-7th of the total sum realized. The State appropriated \$50,000 to start the fund.

In case of death the widow or invalid widow to receive \$30 per month during life or until re-marriage and \$5 per month for each child under the age of 16 years, the total not to exceed \$50 per month. If the workman leaves no wife or husband each child under 16 years of age to receive \$15 per month, but the total of all children not to exceed \$50 per month. If the workman leaves dependent parents they to receive 50 per cent of the average monthly support actually received by such dependent from the workman during the 12 months next preceding the injury, the total amount not to exceed \$30 per month.

For permanent total disability, if unmarried, to receive \$30 per month during disability. If married, the sum of \$35 per month and \$6 additional for each child under 16 years of age, total amount not to exceed \$50 per month.

The law also provides fixed sums for permanent partial disability: Loss of an arm above the elbow, 96 months' wages. Loss of one hand or above the wrist joint, 76 months' wages. Loss of one leg at or above the knee, 88 months' wages. Loss of one foot at or above the ankle joint, 64 months' wages. Loss of hearing, both ears, 96 months' wages. Complete loss of hearing, one ear, 48 months' wages or \$900 in cash. Loss of sight, one eye, 40 months' wages or \$550 in cash. Loss of thumb, 24 months' wages, or \$600 in cash. Loss of first finger, 16 months' wages, or \$350 in cash. Loss of second finger, 9 months' or \$200 in cash. Loss of third finger, 8 months' wages, or \$175 in cash. Loss of great toe, 10 months' wages or \$250 in cash. Loss of any other toe, 4 months' wages or \$100 in cash.

HOUSE BILL, NO. 38.—Section 1 declares it the public policy of the state that no person should be permitted to work for longer hours than is consistent with his health and physical well-being and ability to promote the general welfare by his increasing usefulness as a healthy and intelligent citizen; that the working of any person more than ten hours

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ENTERPRISE BEST PAPER IN CLACKAMAS COUNTY

Without in any way belittling our own paper, we are perfectly frank in admitting that the best paper in this county is the Oregon City Enterprise, says the Clackamas Irrigator. That is our personal opinion and we believe we are qualified to pass judgment on such matters—sort of expert testimony, so to speak. Extreme modesty prevents our telling which is the next best paper; we might be thought too conceited. However, by special clubbing arrangements we are able to offer the Enterprise with that great paper which is published at Canby once a week, The Irrigator, at greatly reduced prices. Ordinarily, the two papers would cost \$2.50, but under this clubbing arrangement they may be secured for \$1.75. If you feel that you need a county seat paper, you do not take advantage of this offer?

STOCKMEN ENLIGHTEN AT AURORA MEETING

At a meeting of the residents of Aurora and persons living in the neighborhood Saturday afternoon the raising of stock was discussed extensively. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Aurora Commercial Club. It was the unanimous opinion that the farmers should raise more stock than they are raising at present. It was added that the dairy business and the raising of swine would be more profitable than other lines. Dr. James Withycombe, of the Oregon Agricultural College, delivered an interesting address, and State Dairy and Food Commissioner Mickel told of what could be accomplished in the dairy industry in this state. Grant G. Dimick, manager of the Western Stock Journal, spoke upon the swine industry explaining what he had accomplished at his farm in this county. Manager Brown, of the Brownville Stock Farm, delivered an instructive address upon poultry and swine.

CITY PUPILS TO AID JUVENILE FAIR WORK

The board of education of the Oregon City schools Monday night authorized City Superintendent Toozie to cooperate with County School Superintendent Gary in the work of holding a juvenile fair in the district embracing Oregon City. Last year 10 juvenile fairs were held in different parts of the county for the purpose of encouraging the youth in industrial work, and in some places these fairs were a great success.

If possible the Oregon City schools will give an exhibit of work at the same time the juvenile fair is held here. It is tentatively planned to show the work that is being done in the departments of manual training, domestic science and domestic art. Such an exhibit took place here two years ago and excited much favorable comment, being inspected by hundreds of parents and school patrons and others interested in educational work.

The school board disposed of a mass of routine work at its regular meeting and discussed plans for beautifying the school grounds. It is probable that the district board will work in conjunction with the city in its projects for systematizing the improvement of the various parks in Oregon City.

P. E. & E. R. R. TO SUE FOR RIGHT OF WAY

Condemnation proceedings will probably have to be brought by the Portland, Eugene & Eastern Railroad Company against a few owners of land bisected by its survey for the company's main line between Oswego and Oregon City. It is known that the company has about exhausted its patience in trying to arrive at an understanding with some of these property owners as to the value of the strip necessary for the construction of the road.

President Robert E. Strahorn, of the company admitted that the delay in contracting for the construction of the Portland-Salem link of the immense system was due to the position taken by some owners of land, principally between Oswego and Oregon City, and he admitted, too, that unless an early settlement can be effected the company will have to take the matter into court.

While President Strahorn would not go into details as to the causes of the delays, it is understood that certain property owners who are in a position to profit most by the building of the line are holding tightest to the strip required for the right of way. Of course these some are said to have been heretofore far and wide the beneficiaries that will follow from the building of the road. At the same time they are said to have been trying to extract every drop of blood they possibly can from the railroad company, in some cases asking \$5000 for a strip that without the railroad would not be worth more than \$500.

It is readily agreed that without the promise of the rail transportation facilities there would have been no such increases in land values as in the investment in rails, and this notwithstanding the company's right of way men are confronted with propositions that are anything but encouraging.

(Continued on page 4)

IMPORTANT BILLS LOST-C. SCHUEBEL REPRESENTATIVE DECLARES THAT SENATE DEFEATED MANY OF BEST MEASURES

HOSPITAL RELIEF FUND ONE OF THEM

General County Salary Bill, Representative Asserts Should Have Become Law of State

C. Schuebel, Clackamas County Representative in the Legislature, says the following bills defeated by the Senate should have been passed: SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL, NO. 12.—This bill amended the School Supervisors' law so as to make it optional with each county.

HOUSE BILL, NO. 51.—This is a bill relating to the hospital relief fund maintained by any person or corporation and providing for an accounting of all the money collected and to give the persons from whom the money was collected a voice in the management and expenditure of the money.

HOUSE BILL, NO. 52.—This bill provided for instruction in manners and morals of sexual hygiene in the grammar and high schools of the State.

HOUSE BILL, NO. 83.—This bill made it unlawful to maintain in any tent or building, boat, ship or vessel or any place a house of ill fame, and also made it a penalty for any person except an officer of the law in the performance of his duties, to go into such a place. The bill further provided that all fines collected against any person should be made a lien against the property and the owner of the property held liable for the conduct of his tenants.

HOUSE BILL, NO. 183.—This is a bill declaring road districts to be municipal corporations; providing for the election of a board of directors in the same manner as school directors. The Board of Directors to employ the road supervisors and to authorize the district to bond itself for the purpose of constructing permanent roads.

HOUSE BILL, NO. 184.—This bill is known as the general county salary bill, classifying the counties into first, second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth classes. The object of the bill was to take all local salary questions out of the hands of the legislature for all time.

HOUSE BILL, NO. 448.—This was a bill authorizing the County Courts of the various counties to fix the salaries of the county officers excepting those of the county judge and county commissioners.

HOUSE BILL, NO. 503.—This was a bill limiting the hours of labor of women to 8 hours per day and 48 hours a week, employed in manufacturing, mechanical or mercantile establishments, laundries, hotels or restaurants, telegraph or telephone establishments, express or transportation companies, and to provide suitable seats for the female employees during the time when they are not actually engaged in the duties of their employment.

HOUSE BILL, NO. 321.—This bill required the owner or owners of property used as a hotel, apartment house, rooming house, lodging house, boarding house, tenement house or saloon to maintain a sign giving the names and address of the owners of the property.

HOUSE BILL, NO. 322.—This bill provided for the support and maintenance of illegitimate children and children born out of lawful wedlock and defined the duties and obligations of the father and mother of such children.

HOUSE BILL, NO. 343.—This bill made it unlawful for any state bank to accept deposits continuously for six months in excess of ten times the paid in capital stock and surplus funds of such bank.

HOUSE BILL, NO. 390.—This was an act to regulate the employment of legislative counsel and agents and to prohibit them from attempting to influence members of the legislature other than by appearance before the committees. This bill provided that any person wishing to appear as a lobbyist must register his name with the secretary of state also the name of his employer. The bill also provided that at the close of the session all persons employing lobbyists must file a statement with the secretary of state, under oath, showing the amount of money actually expended for such purposes.

HOUSE BILL, NO. 392.—The bill provided that any officers who failed to enforce the local option laws within his jurisdiction was subject to a fine of not less than \$50 nor more than \$100, in addition to having his office declared vacant.

HOUSE BILL, NO. 402.—This bill provided that where there are several charges against a person for the same act or transaction they might be joined in one indictment in separate accounts.

HOUSE BILL, NO. 410.—This bill provided that two or more road districts, upon a petition of 10 per cent of the legal voters, might call a special election for the purpose of levying a special tax for the improvement of the county road.

HOUSE BILL, NO. 462.—This was a bill creating a school text book Commission and providing for receiving bids and making contracts for school books at not to exceed prices fixed in the bill. It further provided that in the event the Commission did not receive bids to furnish the books at the price provided for, the Text Book Commission were authorized to acquire copyrights and have the books published by the State printer. The passage of this act would have saved the coal fields of that territory.

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MOLALLA HAS BOOM, SAYS BROKER BECK

W. A. Beck, the prominent Molalla realty dealer, is in this city for a few days and is registered at the Electric Hotel. He is the agent for Kayler and Gregory Additions to Molalla and states that the lots have been selling well, and that within the last two or three days he has sold two lots in Kayler Addition and three lots in Gregory Addition. He says Molalla is in a thriving condition and that much building is going on and more is planned for the coming Spring and Summer. Work will be commenced in a few days on the concrete building to be erected for the Molalla State Bank. Dr. Derby and the Molalla Pioneer are both preparing to erect buildings on the lots bought by them from Mr. Beck. Mr. Beck states that the growth of that busy little town is remarkable.

E. H. COOPER'S SON STRANGELY GONE

YOUNG MAN THOUGHT TO HAVE BEEN SHANGHAIED OR SLAIN BY ROBBERS

DETECTIVE TRYING TO FIND CLUE

Bride and Parents of Missing Lineman Almost Prostrated—Seen Last at Rainier Talking to Stranger

Ray Cooper, 25 years of age, son of E. H. Cooper, collector for the water board of this city, has been mysteriously missing from his home in Clatskanie since February 17. His father believes the young man has been foully dealt with or has been shanghaied. Young Cooper, who was employed as a telephone lineman by the Pacific Telephone Telephone & Telegraph Company, bade his young wife goodbye the morning of his disappearance, saying he would return that evening. He was in charge of the line between Rainier and Westport and said he was going to Rainier to do some work.

He was seen at the station at Rainier at 8 o'clock that night talking with another lineman and a stranger. It is believed that the stranger had something to do with the young man's disappearance. Cooper wore his working clothing and did not even have on a coat, so it is not probable that he disappeared of his own volition. He had no money when he left home, but cashed a check at Rainier for \$5. It is supposed that he wanted the money for incidental expenses. The young man's father has employed a detective to make an investigation.

Young Cooper was married several months ago, and immediately after the wedding ceremony he and his bride went to Clatskanie to live. Mrs. Cooper, who is here with her husband's parents, said that she and her husband never had a cross word and when her husband left home he promised to return early in the evening after bidding her goodbye. Mr. Cooper was reared in this county and his friends are confident that he has either met with foul play or been shanghaied. It is believed that the stranger with whom he was seen talking at Rainier induced him to go aboard a ship bound for the Orient.

The parents and bride of the young man are almost prostrated.

Bank Sues for Rent.

The Commercial Bank, of Oregon City, has filed suit for \$33.33 against D. C. Clark, alleged to be driver on a farm near an island in township 2 south, range 1 east.

CONGRESS BALKS AT WILSON PLAN

PROGRAM TO CONSIDER TARIFF ONLY NOT RECEIVED WITH FAVOR

CURRENCY BILL IS TO BE ASKED

Heifner Says That He Wants President to Urge Legislation for Benefit of Alaska

WASHINGTON, March 10.—President Wilson may find a harder task before him than Democratic leaders expected, to carry their plan to restrict Congress to the consideration of the tariff alone at the special session announced for April 1.

Representative Glass, prospective chairman of the House committee on banking and currency, urged the necessity for immediate consideration of currency reform and former state Chairman Heifner, of Washington, asked the President to consider a recommendation for the immediate enactment of legislation looking to the development of Alaska.

Mr. Heifner was assured of a further hearing at which Senators and Members of the House interested in Alaska would have an extended hearing. Their efforts will be directed toward having the Alaskan Railways Commission for the construction of several railroads designed to open the coal fields of that territory.

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DELEGATES NAMED FOR GRANGE MEET

COUNTY COURT URGED TO APPROPRIATE MONEY FOR DEMONSTRATION WORK

GARY PLEADS FOR JUVENILE FAIRS

State Grange Master Spence Tells of Bills Passed by Legislature that Will Aid Farmers

The granges of this county at a meeting in the county court room Tuesday elected J. L. Jones and Mrs. J. L. Jones, Abernethy Grange, Park place; R. A. Whight, No. 40, Molalla; Mrs. Hannah Mudgett, Highland Grange, No. 261; M. B. Thomas, No. 392, Sandy and Mrs. O. A. Swallow, No. 269, Maple Lane delegates to the state convention to be held in Albany the second Tuesday in May. The meeting was presided over by J. D. Chitwood, M. J. Lazelle being the secretary. Seventeen of the 18 granges in the county were represented.

A resolution, urging the county court to appropriate funds for agricultural demonstration work in this county as provided in a bill passed at the last session of the legislature, was adopted. The state will give a sum equal to that appropriated by the county for the work. A demonstration farm will be provided and experts from the Oregon Agricultural College will be in charge.

T. J. Gary, superintendent of county schools, spoke upon the juvenile fairs and urged that they be given more consideration. C. E. Spence, state grange master, said that among the bills passed by the legislature which would be of great benefit were the compensation, minimum wage, widows' pension and agricultural college extension measures. George Randall said the agricultural extension work would be of great advantage to the farmers.

A. J. Lewis, of Maple Lane, said the farmers were in more need of a better system of marketing their products than of demonstration work. Mrs. Mary S. Howard, of Mulino, state secretary, and C. C. Borland, state gatekeeper, were in attendance.

The meeting was attended by the following: Molalla, No. 40, R. A. Whight, Mrs. S. Howard; Tualatin No. 111, T. L. Lewis, H. A. Kruse and Oliver Barnes; Warner No. 117, Fred Chinn, M. J. Lazelle and George Randall; Harding No. 122, H. S. Anderson, L. Funk and Fred Gerber; Oswego, No. 175, C. C. Borland and C. Milen; Rasmusus No. 260, J. D. Chitwood and A. Newell; Highland No. 261, Mrs. Hannah Mudgett, George Stevens and Edward Traylor; Springfield No. 263, J. H. Shibley and J. T. Moger; Milwaukie No. 268, M. J. Hanson, H. G. Starkweather and C. B. Hanson; Central No. 276, A. A. Spangler, E. E. Gunther and C. E. Spence; Maple Lane No. 296, O. A. Swallow, Mrs. Spitzer and A. J. Lewis; Eagle Creek No. 297, H. H. Hoffmeister, E. W. Bates and Homer Goerer; Clackamas No. 298, L. D. Jones, Emery Jones and J. R. Landis; Molalla No. 210, H. J. Rastal, J. W. Thomas and J. N. Harless; Garfield No. 317, H. D. Trapp and M. M. Meade; Abernethy No. 346, J. L. Jones and J. T. Apperson; Sandy No. 392, M. V. Thomas, Mrs. Maggie Edwards and James Bell.

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EXTRA SESSION TO BEGIN APRIL 10

SPEAKER UNDERWOOD URGES POSTPONEMENT AT MEETING WITH PRESIDENT

TARIFF TO BE FIRST CONSIDERED

Wilson Gives Careful Consideration to Appointment of Collector of Customs at Port of New York

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Representative Oscar Underwood, the Democratic majority leader of the White House, had his first conference at the White House today with President Wilson.

President Wilson was urged by Representative Underwood to postpone the date of the extra session of Congress at least one week. As a result of Underwood's suggestion recently the President had fixed upon April 1. Underwood advised the President that the ways and means committee would require more time in preparing the new tariff bills.