

One-Third of all Cars made in America in 1912 are Fords

—WHAT A VALUABLE MESSAGE TO THE WORLD—

THAT OLD RELIABLE 4-CYLINDER, 5-PASSENGER MODEL T TOURING CAR, UNCHANGED DURING ITS FOUR YEARS BEFORE THE PUBLIC, EXCEPT FOR A FEW REFINEMENTS, PUT ON THE MARKET NOW FOR \$785—EQUIPPED TO THE LAST DETAIL. THE MODEL T COMMERCIAL ROADSTER FOR \$685. THESE PRICES INCLUDE FULL EQUIPMENT: EXTENSION TOP, AUTOMATIC BRASS WINDSHIELD, GAS LAMPS, GENERATOR AND SPEEDOMETER. IS THERE ANY WONDER THAT "WHEN FORD SPEAKS THE WORLD LISTENS."

If this were the announcement of a new model you might be skeptical of the car's merits, but Ford Model T is the best known car on earth. More of them are on the highways of Clackamas County than there are of any other motor car. This is the fifth season of the Model T and its absolute reliability has been proven by 80,000 satisfied Model T owners. Think how that car has been tried and tested in four years of hard service. Ford owners in every quarter of the globe will tell you today that their Model T Cars are reliable in every emergency and of surprising efficiency and utility under any and all conditions. After all of the millions of miles those cars have traveled, everybody knows the Ford Model T is right. And that's the same sterling car that is built for 1912—75,000 of them—with added features which go to make it even more convenient and valuable for users.

"Mr. Farmer, this is your car." It is especially adapted to Clackamas County. Light, neat and powerful it will climb any hill we have. Old Mt. Hood and the sand road and are like paved streets to it. The upkeep of the Ford is but a trifle to what other makes cost. You will want a car some day, why not look now? We will be pleased to give a demonstration any time or place.

H. H. HUGHES

Clackamas County Representatives

A. C. HUGHES

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BIG HOG SUPPLY MAKES PRICE LOWER

The Portland Union Stock Yards Company reports as follows: Receipts for the week have been Cattle 588; Calves 42; Hogs 3455; Sheep 6214.

Cattle receipts have fallen off about half since last week, but the supply has been equal to the demand so no

advance in prices. Poorer grade is off about 25 per cent, but trade steady on good stuff. 7c on good steers. Calves still around 6c. Good heifers \$6.55 and sprayed stuff \$6.60. Seven cars of good mixed Herefords on the market Monday.

The big receipts of hogs knocked the price from \$25 to \$26.50. Some stubble fed California hogs were received and sold for less than local hogs and if the heavy arrivals continue the price may go to \$25.50.

The sheep supply has been heavier also, but the demand is good and good weathers are selling all the way from

\$4.50 to \$4.60. Trimmed fat lambs \$5.50 to \$5.75 and a few extremely fat at 6c, weighing 99 lbs.

PRUNE MARKET SLOW; SUPPLY NEAR AVERAGE

Leading prune handlers do not estimate the production of prunes in the Pacific northwest above 12,000,

000 to 15,000,000 pounds against a full crop of perhaps 28,000,000 pounds. California is credited this year with a crop of about 300,000,000 pounds, therefore the shortage in the Pacific northwest sinks into insignificance when the total output of the coast is concerned.

Market for prunes at the present time is slow. Buyers are taking hold sparingly on the basis of \$ 1.35 for 35s to 40s and 6c for 40s to 45s. The former is practically the largest size produced here this season.

There is an entire lack of demand for prunes from the east. Everone

there was badly stung on prunes last season and none care to repeat the performance this year. Mail advices received by handlers indicate that the retail trade is quite well stocked with prunes carried over from last year and even the offering of supplies by coast parties at materially reduced values fail to influence the buyers.

A cable from Europe stated that buyers there were not anxious to take hold of Pacific coast prunes this season owing to the glutted trade.

Mayor Dimick attended the fair Wednesday.

FRUIT MARKET IS BEING WELL SUPPLIED

The apple market is well supplied, and with receipts from the country steadily increasing, the outlook is for plenty of the fruit with a relatively easy market throughout the remainder of the year. The varieties now most in evidence are the Gravenstein, King, Wealthy, Waxen, Swaar and Grime's Golden, and the best of them are selling in the wholesale market at \$1.25 to \$2.50 generally. Common to fair grades of the varieties named are going at 50 cents to \$1 a box.

Peaches still figure in the fruit market to some extent, and will for a month to come, but the demand for the fruit now is light as compared with that of two weeks ago.

Grapes are still reported on an easy basis, \$1 a crate being the general top quotation on Southern Tokays and Malagas. Local Concordos were held at 17 cents a basket. Best can. taloupes sold at \$1.25 to \$1.50 a crate.

BEETLE OR FLEA IS INJURING POTATOES

A controversy has sprung up in the potato trade regarding the cause of the damage to the crop, as well as the extent of the loss in the Willamette valley.

According to a Tillamook authority the damage is caused by a flea, which works just as the elements outside and the cleaning and scrubbing inside.

LIME FOR SOILS

Crop Growth Indicative of Condition of the Soil—Lime is Important for Growing Leguminous Crops—Manure Spreader May Be Used for Applying Lime

Mr. O. C. Rostel, Marble, Washington, writes as follows: "Please let me know if our mountains of lime rock here in Stevens county could be utilized for commercial fertilizer by grinding it fine without first burning." Unburned but finely ground limestone is best for correcting soil acidity. The use of lime on soils is beneficial in places where calcium is deficient. Some crops require more calcium than others. This is especially true of clovers, alfalfa, and other leguminous crops.

Whether the soil requires calcium depends upon its condition, and this can be determined by one of two methods—either by a close examination of the plant growth or by the use of litmus paper. If you find horse manure present in large quantities it indicates that your soil requires calcium; also, if clovers do not grow well that is an indication that calcium is lacking.

By the use of litmus papers, which may be purchased at almost any drug store, you will be able to determine whether your soil is acid. Take a small quantity of moist soil and press it around the paper for ten or fifteen minutes. If the blue paper is turned to a pinkish or reddish color, it will indicate that your soil is acid and an application of lime will be beneficial.

There are several (at least ten) forms of commercial lime on the market. The best form to use is finely ground limestone. First: because it is cheapest, and, second: the effect on the humus is not so serious as with other forms of lime—especially caustic or quick lime. The action of finely ground limestone in its attack on the vegetable matter is less noticeable than with other forms of lime. The amounts to apply depend on how badly your soil requires calcium, and also upon the available supply of limestone. We have known of instances where as high as eight tons have been applied to the acre with good results, and as low as a ton or a ton and a half has been used very satisfactorily. The usual amount varies from three to six tons to the acre. This material should be supplied to the surface after the seed bed is prepared, and harrowed in by the use of a peck-tooth or disk harrow. It may be scattered by the use of a manure spreader; in fact, this is the usual machine for applying finely ground limestone.

wise a grower, contends that the insect is no other than the beetle flea, which generally appears early in the season when the weather is cool. This authority says that while the present visit of the flea is rather later than usual, the long stay is probably due to the cool weather that continued so long here this summer.

Some other authorities of the Willamette valley say that the insect talk is all bosh, and that the damage is the direct result of too much rainy weather, with its lack of sunshine. They say that the damage is blight, pure and simple.

In any event the blight is noticed all through the Willamette valley, and even along the extreme coast sections. The extent of the damage cannot be told for some time, or until after digging is concluded.

HOP CROP IN OREGON HAS BEEN PICKED

With the exception of fragments of the crop here and there, the most of which will be taken tomorrow, the pickers have finished the harvest of the Oregon hop crop. Last week was all that could be desired by either the growers or pickers and the work of getting the product under cover has proceeded without interruption. There are no developments of any kind to affect adversely the quality of the output and in the yards where the hops at the opening of the picking season showed up well the harvest has been completed in the best of shape.

The size of the Oregon crop is not yet to be accurately determined but the chances are that it will run little above or below the present general estimate—115,000 bales. In quality the 1912 output compares fairly well with those of recent years, according to samples of the new crop thus far received by local dealers. A portion of the crop of course is moldy and otherwise inferior but it believed that close to 50,000 bales of this year's growth will grade as choice to prime. This estimate, however, is subject to revision but in any event the portion of this year's crop that will pass muster as good to choice will probably equal the total output of last season.

ARIZONA DEMAND FOR SPUDS SMALL

A few carloads of potatoes are being shipped from Oregon to Arizona, but the business has scarcely started. Prices continue very low and this together with the unsatisfactory demand as well as the fear of quality, has given the trade a very quiet appearance.

For a few carloads that are being sent forward, dealers here are paying 50c per cental, f. o. b. country shipping points. They say they are able to get more than they need at this figure.

Advice from the country state that the blight is even more severe than had been anticipated. Most of the late potatoes are said to be affected, although only in isolated instances have the early growths been touched.

Owing to the blight, it is not expected that there will be any material increase in the outside business, and even local handlers are not inclined to stock up just now. In about a month it will be easy to see what stock is affected and then sorting can proceed. Blighted potatoes generally rot within 30 days.

Prevailing Oregon City prices are as follows:

- DRIED FRUITS—(Buying), Prunes on hands 6 to 8 cents.
- HIDES—(Buying), Green hides 6c to 7c; salted 7c; dry hides 12c to 14c; sheep pelts 30c to 35c each.
- EGGS—Oregon ranch eggs 30c case count; 24c candeled.
- FEED—(Selling), Shorts \$27; bran \$25; process barley \$38 per ton.
- FLOUR—\$4.50 to \$5.50.
- POTATOES—New, about 50c to 60c per hundred.
- POULTRY—(Buying)—Hens 11c; spring 12c, an droosters 8c.
- HAY—(Buying), Clover at \$9 and \$10; oat hay, best \$10; mixed \$10 to \$12; alfalfa \$15 to \$16.50; Idaho timothy \$20; whole corn \$40, cracked \$41.
- OATS—(Buying) \$22; wheat 90c bu.; meal selling about \$55; Shay Brook dairy feed \$130 per hundred pounds.
- Butter, Poultry, Eggs.
- BUTTER—(Buying), Ordinary country butter 25c and 30c; fancy dairy 30c role.
- Livestock, Meats.
- BEEF—(Live Weight), Steers 5 1-2c and 6 1-4c; cows 4 1-2c; bulls 3 1-2c.
- MUTTON—Sheep 3c to 3 1-2c.
- VEAL—Calves 10c to 12c dressed, according to grade.
- MOHAIR—33c to 35c.
- Fruits
- PRUNES—1c; apples 75c and \$1; peaches 40c and 50c; Damsons plums 2c lb.; crab apples 2c lb.
- VEGETABLES
- ONIONS 1c lb; peppers 7c lb; tomatoes 40c to 50c; corn 8c and 10c doz.



SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS & VARNISHES

Here are some Brighten Up materials which will help to make your home cozy and cheerful for the Fall and Winter months. The days won't seem so dreary if everything in your home is bright and pleasant—and it's really astonishing what a lot you can accomplish at a small outlay. A touch of paint and varnish here and there—the floors refinished, the stove-pipes enameled, the picture frames renewed—will make you and your family bright and cheerful, too.

Your Cupboards

That old cupboard of yours can be made attractive and sanitary for a few cents and a few moments of your time by giving it a coat of Sherwin-Williams Enamel. This enamel comes in 16 beautiful colors, is put on with a small brush and dries with a brilliant and lasting gloss. Sherwin-Williams Enamel is a splendid material for use on worn furniture, cupboards and kitchen tables. A small can goes a long way.

1/4 Pints, 30c; 1/2 Pints, 50c; Pints, 75c; Quarts, \$1.25.

Tables and Chairs

Chairs, tables and woodwork easily get scratched and worn. But you mustn't let them remain like that during the long Winter months to be spent indoors—especially when it's so easy to make them look almost like new again.

Sherwin-Williams Brighten Up Stain is made so the housewife can quickly make her home bright and cheerful. It comes in small cans—is put on easily with a small brush—and stands many hard knocks. You can refinish your furniture in many natural wood colors—oak, mahogany, walnut and six other attractive shades.

1/4 Pints, 20c; 1/2 Pints, 30c; Pints, 45c; Quarts, 75c.

Your Walls

You can have sanitary, washable and attractive walls in your home by using Sherwin-Williams Flat-tone. This material is made in liquid form, is applied direct to the plaster, and dries with a flat, velvety finish. In Flat-tone there are 24 soft, restful shades to choose from—you can match the other decorations without trouble. Then when housecleaning time arrives, all you have to do is wash the surface with soap and water—and it's clean and fresh again. We shall be glad to tell you all about this splendid decorative finish.

Your Floors

Many housewives prefer to have their floors finished with a tough, wear-resisting paint instead of the usual varnished effect. When children scratch up the floor, or the tramping of many feet wears through the finish, you can solve the problem by using Sherwin-Williams Inside Floor Paint.

A quart can is sufficient for the ordinary floor—just a half-hour to put it on. Can be stenciled with attractive border designs. Ten sensible, artistic colors, which withstand scrubbing and hard wear. Let us show you how simple it is. Call for complete directions, and color-card.

Quarts, 60c; Half Gallons, \$1.10; Gallons, \$2.00.

Your Buggy

After a hot and dusty Summer, your buggy is probably worn and weather-beaten. Buy a can of Sherwin-Williams Buggy Paint—it comes in 9 bright, serviceable colors—also get a small brush. Wash off all the dirt and dust, apply a coat of Buggy Paint and let it dry. If you feel energetic, sandpaper the surface before applying the paint.

Then, give the buggy-top a coat of Sherwin-Williams Enamel Leather Dressing. It is applied with a brush and renews the finish making it smooth and soft. Does not scratch.

1/2 Pints, 35c; Pints, 65c; Quarts, \$1.00

The Outside of Your Home

Winter's on its way. Soon the rains and snows and chilly winds will be here again. Before the season gets too late, paint your home with Sherwin-Williams Paint (SWP). It's scientifically made from pure lead, pure zinc and pure linseed oil, combined with the necessary driers and colors. SWP is the most durable and economical paint made. It spreads easily and covers the greatest number of square feet to the gallon. Color-card showing 48 permanent colors on request. Price, \$2.25 per gallon—the cheapest in the end.

HUNTLEY BROS. CO.

THE REXALL STORE

OREGON CITY, OREGON



SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT, PREPARED

A durable and economical house paint. Made of pure lead, pure zinc, and pure linseed oil, thoroughly mixed and ground in scientific proportions. One quality only—the best—48 colors.



SHERWIN-WILLIAMS KOPAL

A perfect varnish for general use. Can be used inside or outside. It will withstand the sun and the elements outside and the cleaning and scrubbing inside.



SHERWIN-WILLIAMS SHINGLE STAIN

A stain that brings out the natural beauty of the wood and adds to it a rich coloring. Sinks in thoroughly and permanently, staining and protecting the wood.



SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PORCH AND DECK PAINT

A pure linseed oil paint that dries with a tough, elastic film, capable of resisting the most trying weather and wear. Made in 7 colors.



SHERWIN-WILLIAMS BUGGY PAINT

A varnish gloss paint made to stand wear and tear and outside exposure. Colors and varieties as one operation. Can be washed.

POLK'S OREGON and WASHINGTON Business Directory

A Directory of each City, Town and Village, giving descriptive sketch of each place, location, population, telegraph, shipping and banking points; also Classified Directory, compiled by business and profession.

H. L. POLK & CO., SEATTLE