

# OREGON CITY ENTERPRISE

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The Enterprise is the only Clackamas County Newspaper that publishes all of the news of this growing County.

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## 1520 LOST; 675 SAVED AS BIGGEST SHIP SINKS

### TITANIC CRASHES INTO ICEBERG AND GOES DOWN BEFORE AID SUMMONED BY WIRELESS ARRIVES—MAJORITY OF RESCUED WOMEN

NEW YORK, April 15.—More than 1500 persons, it is feared, sank to death early today when, within four hours after she crashed into an iceberg, the mammoth White Star steamer Titanic from Liverpool to New York on her maiden voyage, went to the bottom off the New Foundland banks. Of the 2200 persons on board some of them of world-wide prominence, only 675 are known to have been saved. The White Star offices in New York, while keeping hope to the last, freely admitted that there had been "horrible loss of life."

Accepting early estimates of the fatality list as accurate, the disaster is the greatest in marine history.

Nearest approaching it in magnitude were the disasters of the steamer Atlantic in 1873, when 547 lives were lost, and to La Bourgoin in 1895, with a fatality list of 671.

Should it prove that other liners, notably the Allan liners Parisian and Virginian, known to have been in the vicinity of the Titanic early today, had picked up other of her passengers, the extent of the calamity would be greatly reduced. This hope remains.

The steamer Olympic reported at Cape Race that the steamer Carpathia reached the Titanic's position at day-break today, but found boats and wreckage only. She reported that the Titanic had foundered at about 2:20 o'clock A. M. in latitude 41 1/2 north and longitude 50 14 west. The message adds that all the Titanic's boats were accounted for and "about 675 souls saved, crew and passengers, later nearly all women and children."

The report from the Olympic says that the Leyland liner California was remaining and searching the vicinity of the disaster. The Carpathia, it was said, was returning to New York with the survivors.

Vice-President Franklin at 8:40 o'clock conceded that there had been "a horrible loss of life" in the Titanic disaster. He said that he had no information to disprove the advice from Cape Race to the effect that only 675 of the passengers and crew had been rescued. He said that the monetary loss could not be estimated, although he intimated that it would run into the millions.

"We can replace the money," he added, "but not the lives. It is horrible."

Mr. Franklin continued: "As far as we know it has been rumored from Halifax that three steamers have passengers on board, namely, the Virginian, the Carpathia, and the Parisian. Now we have heard from Captain Haddock that the Titanic sank at 2:20 o'clock this morning. We have also learned from him that the Carpathia had 675 survivors on board. It is very difficult to learn if the Virginian and the Parisian have any passengers on board. We have asked Captain Haddock and our agent at Halifax to ascertain if there are any passengers aboard the two steamships.

"We very much fear, however, that there has been a great loss of life, but it is impossible for us to give further particulars until we have heard from the Parisian and the Olympic. We have no information that there are any passengers aboard these two steamships."

Mr. Franklin said there was a sufficient number of life boats to take all the passengers from the Titanic.

Bound for New York, the Titanic, the largest vessel afloat—slightly larger than her sister ship, the Olympic—left Southampton, England, Wednesday, with a large list of distinguished passengers, 330 in the first cabin, 330 in the second cabin, 700 in steerage, and with a crew of 800, on her maiden voyage. She carried \$5,000,000 worth of bonds and diamonds, and her cargo was insured by Lloyds on a 50 per cent appraisal.

The Titanic was due in New York Thursday. Among the 350 passengers in the first cabin were: Alfred G. Vanderbilt, Colonel and Mrs. John Jacob Astor, Mrs. Albert, Major Archibald Butt, military aide to President Taft; Dr. Washington Dodge, assessor of San Francisco; Mrs. Dodge and her son; Mark Fortune and wife, Colonel Archibald Gracie, Benjamin Guggenheim, Henry Harner and wife, Henry Harper and wife, Henry B. Harris and wife, C. M. Hays, president of the Grand Trunk Railway; Inlay J. Bruce, chairman of the White Star line; Colonel Washington Roebling, who with his father, designed the Brooklyn Bridge; Countess Booth, Adolph Salsfeld, Frederick Spedden and wife, and F. D. Miller, president of the American Academy of Rome.

## CASES DOCKETED FOR APRIL TERM

The following cases have been set for trial during the April term of the Circuit Court:

April 20, Sunerard against the Oregon Electric Company; April 20, Schooley against the Portland Railway Light & Power Company; April 23, McKillean against McKillean; April 23, Dick against Boland; May 1, Moyers against Tebbetts; May 3, Cross against Oregon Engineering Company; May 6, Timmons against the Portland Railway, Light & Power Company; May 8, Lott against Thomas; May 9, Ambler against Mott; and May 10, Rosenkrantz against Wendt.

## ONLY SURVIVORS ARE ON CARPATHIA

### SEA KEEPS LAST SECRETS OF HUNDREDS WHO PERISHED ON TITANIC

### WIRELESS GIVES LIST OF RESCUED

### Exposure To Cold And Fog Supposed To Have Killed Scores Who Tried To Escape On Wreckage

NEW YORK, April 16.—Nothing came from the sea today mitigated in any degree the horror of the Titanic tragedy. There are no known survivors that are not on the Carpathia.

In icy, fog-mothered seas, where the Titanic sank, exposure must soon have destroyed those who were left to life belts or wreckage when all the boats were gone and no help had come and the great ship had foundered. The wrecking Olympic, whose powerful wireless began on Tuesday morning to recite the names of the living, continued the work today of relaying the Carpathia's dispatches, and successive bulletins posted at the White Star office kept many despairing men and women waiting all day and sent others away thanking God.

It is practically certain now that nearly all the men of the Titanic's company went down with the ship when she plunged two miles toward the ocean's floor, or that they perished miserably while clinging to wreckage of life servers in the icy waste that betrayed them. They gave up life within sight of the little rock-rudder boats that held their women and children.

It cannot be doubted now that among these were Colonel John Jacob Astor, Isador Straus, Major Archibald W. Butt, aide to President Taft; George D. Widener, of Philadelphia; Karl H. Behr, tennis champion; Jacques Futrelle, writer; William T. Stead, London editor; Francis D. Millet, American artist; and many more who were known both sides of the Atlantic. Toll of the Titanic's disaster will be felt all over the world.

The names of the survivors wireless here by the Olympic include a small number of men who were able to find a place with the women and children in a few boats. Such good news as there is places among the living Henry Sleeper Harper, of the publishing firm, and Mrs. Harper; Dr. and Mrs. Henry Fruehthal and Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Fruehthal, Mrs. John Jacob Astor, with her maid, are on the Carpathia, which is hurrying the survivors to this port and which should arrive Thursday night.

## MEN GO TO DOOM TO SAVE WOMEN

### RICH AND POOR ON ILL-FATED SHIP GALLANTLY SUR-RENDER LIVES

### COMPANY IS BITTERLY DENOUNCED

### White Star Officials Accused Of Purposely Withholding Facts And Issuing False Statements

NEW YORK, April 16.—All New York was stunned today by the appalling loss of life to passengers aboard the wrecked White Star liner Titanic, which was supposed to have been virtually unsinkable.

From daylight a long line of hysterical men, women and children besieged the offices of the White Star line begging for some definite information. The company officials, however, were unable to hold out hope, explaining that they were in the dark concerning the fatalities, and that nothing will be definitely known until the arrival here of the Virginian, and the Carpathia, the two ocean liners first to reach the side of the ill-fated vessel.

Relatives of the missing passengers as well as their friends, bitterly denounce the company, charging the officials with having deliberately withheld news of the disaster when they were reasonably certain that the Titanic had gone down with hundreds of passengers.

The White Star officials are bitterly censured for issuing false reports and comforting relatives and friends by assurances that all passengers had been transferred to other vessels, and been transferred to other vessels, and been transferred to other vessels. (Continued on page 8.)

## COUNTY DIVISION IS NOT SETTLED

### OREGON CITY COMMERCIAL CLUB COMMITTEE IS ENTER-TAINED IN ESTACADA

### PROPOSITION HAS ITS DRAWBACKS

### Visitors, However, Have Fine Time And Have Nothing But Praise For Their Hosts—Report To Be Made

The proposition to divide Clackamas into two counties was discussed at a meeting of a committee of the Oregon City Commercial Club and the Estacada Commercial Club at a conference in Estacada Wednesday. As was expected nothing definite was decided upon. Many residents of the Eastern end of the county favor seceding on the ground that it would be advantageous to Clackamas County and the part which desires to have an independent government. The advocates of county division say that the county seat is too far from their section of the county, and that the formation of a new county with Estacada as the county seat, would not only be more convenient, but would save that section a great deal of money. While the Oregon City Commercial Club, as yet, has not opposed the proposition, it will not favor it until arguments are produced showing that a division would be advantageous.

B. T. McEain, President of the Oregon City Commercial Club; O. D. Eby, William Sheehan, T. J. Gary, George Randall, L. Adams, Major C. S. Noble, M. J. Lazelle, J. E. Jack, Livy Stipp, W. L. Mulvey and C. G. Huntley were the members of the committee which went to Estacada.

Two enthusiastic meetings were held in Estacada. The first meeting was called to order at 3 o'clock and adjourned at 4, after one hour of argument on the part of the Cascade missionaries. The Power House at River Mill station was visited and the Oregon City committee made a thorough examination of it from bed rock to crest of the dam.

The second meeting was called to order at 8 o'clock after an excellent repast at the Estacada Hotel. Plans were laid for fifty and it is safe to say Oregon City's committee of twelve secured its share. It not more, of the good things both wet and dry.

After another hour of interesting and instructive talks by Messrs. Bellis and Bartlett for Estacada and Messrs. Sheehan, Huntley, Noble and Eby for Oregon City the meeting adjourned.

All agreed that the plan was a good proposition for Estacada and that Estacada is certainly a royal host.

The report to the home club will be made next Tuesday.

## WEST PLANS CHANGE OF PRISON CONTROL

### SALEM, Or., April 13.—Announcing that he is heartily in favor of placing the control of the state penitentiary in the hands of the state board, where the control of all of the other state institutions now reposes and that he is engaged in preparing a bill to be introduced in the next legislature which will bring the change into effect, Governor West today answered those who have been attacking his prison policy on the ground that he is trying to bolster up his administration by use of the state prison.

The governor said the bill would provide for general revision of laws governing state institutions and would cut the institutions loose from much of the red tape that now hinders the state board from bringing them up to the highest efficiency.

The bill Governor West is preparing it enacted into law, will provide for cooperation between the various institutions that is impossible under the present laws. It will permit the exchange of commodities among institutions and thus give opportunity for great savings to the state. Now, if one institution has a surplus of products of any kind, any revenue received by disposing of it must be turned into the state's general fund.

"I believe that the management of the state prison should be in the same hands as the management of the insane asylum and other state institutions," said Governor West. "If the management of other institutions is in a board, that is where the management of the state prison should be. But inasmuch as the people have placed control of that institution in the hands of the governor, I purpose to conduct its affairs in accordance with my own ideas."

## FIGHT AGAINST SINGLE TAX STARTS

With the organization of the Oregon Equal Taxation League, a state-wide campaign will be conducted against the single tax measure. Charles H. Shields, president of the Anti-Single Tax League of Washington and a business man of Seattle, has been appointed secretary of the Oregon association, and will have charge of the campaign. The office of the league are at 706-708 Board of Trade Building.

## JUDGE CAMPBELL PRAISES TONGUE

### COURT, IN GRAND JURY CHARGE, PAYS DISTRICT ATTORNEY COMPLIMENT

### C. W. RISLEY APPOINTED FOREMAN

### Prosecutor Is Called One Of The Ablest And Most Conscientious State Has Ever Had

In instructing the April grand jury, composed of C. W. Risley, foreman; Charis Muralt, Otto Aschoff, Henry Gibbons, Bert McArthur, J. V. Harless, and Thomas Mooney, Judge Campbell Monday paid District Attorney Tongue a high compliment. The court said: "If at any time during your investigations you have doubts whether the facts produced constitute a crime in



District Attorney Tongue, Called By Judge Campbell, In Charge To Grand Jury, Ablest Prosecutor In State.

law, whether if a crime, it has ceased to be punishable by reason of lapse of time, or a former acquittal or conviction, you may make a presentment of facts to the court without mentioning the names of individuals and ask for instructions. I, however, do not apprehend that you will have any trouble along this line as you will have with you the district attorney, who has had much experience and is one of the ablest and most conscientious prosecutors that this or any other district in this state has ever had, so far as I have been able to observe. In your investigation of any charge you should only hear competent evidence that is, you shall receive no other evidence such as might be given on the trial of the person charged. If you should indict a person on hearsay or incompetent evidence when we should come to trial it would be impossible to convict on that class of testimony, and the county would be put to a great deal of expense without accomplishing any result.

"You are not bound to hear any evidence for the defendant, but it is your duty to weigh all the evidence submitted to you and when you have reason to believe that other evidence within your reach will explain away the charge you should order such evidence to be produced for that purpose may require the district attorney to issue subpoenas for witnesses.

## COFFERDAMS MAY KEEP RIVER OPEN

### McINDOE PLANS BUILDING CANAL WITHOUT INTERRUPTING TRAFFIC

### OLD LOCKS AVAILABLE FOR USE

### Tests Being Made Of Material For Dividing Wall—Survey Of Property Finished

### Cofferdams similar to those used in raising the bulk of the Battleship Maine may be used in connection with the construction of the concrete wall at the locks at the Falls of the Willamette, which will divide the property taken over by the government from that of the Portland Railway, Light & Power Company.

A survey of the property has been completed and Assistant Engineer Thomson, of the staff presided over by Major McIndoe, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., will check over the corners to satisfy himself that they are correct.

Tests are being made of material that may form the foundation of the wall. If the cofferdam scheme is deemed practical it will be a boon to steamboat men as the building of the wall under other methods will necessitate the locks being closed to navigation and Major McIndoe is making every effort to avoid interrupting river traffic.

A decision will be made in a few days.

## TONGUE AND MASS LAUDED BY JURY

### REPORT SAYS OFFICIALS DID THEIR BEST TO FIND SLAYER OF HILLS

### COURT HOUSE ADDITION APPROVED

### Improvement Of County Jail And Padded Cell For Insane Recommended—21 True Bills Found

"On account of the many, various and conflicting reports in the newspapers concerning the investigation of the murder of the Hill family, we take this opportunity to commend District Attorney Tongue and Deputy Stipp, in their honest, careful, cautious and unbiased method pursued in conducting a thorough investigation of testimony of all witnesses not only in the Hill case, but in all other matters coming before us during our deliberative session. We also wish to commend Sheriff Mass in his efforts to apprehend the murderer of the Hill family."

The above is part of the final report made Friday afternoon by the November Grand Jury, which was composed of A. M. Kirchem, foreman; H. J. Rasmussen, William H. Sturwe, A. Bremer, Charles Sharkey, C. Krigbaum, and W. F. Lehman.

Other part of the report follow:

"We have examined the construction of the addition to the court house the remodeling and repairing of the old portion thereof. We have investigated the cost of material, cost of labor, of architecture, plumbing, etc., and it is our opinion that the county court exercised its best judgment in the selection of the material, which in every instance was purchased with as good economy as was consistent with good business principles; and further the work was carefully and skillfully superintended. We wish to recommend, by way of further improvement, that the jail be improved in such a manner as to properly accommodate the prisoners, and that a padded cell for the retention of the violent insane be installed, and we further recommend that it be so arranged as to afford proper ventilation.

"We further recommend that all instruments of record filed in the clerk's office be not taken or removed therefrom, unless the record of the borrower be made thereof, except on such occasions, as the same may be required by court."

The jury returned 21 true bills and dismissed three cases.

## DEADLOCK IS NOW HOPE OF LAFOLLETTE

PENDLETON, Or., April 15.—"I will not be wearing a crepe on my hat if Roosevelt wins out in Pennsylvania," declared Senator Robert M. La Follette this morning, talking to a private audience of friends and newspapermen. "Every delegate who goes to the national convention instructed by Roosevelt increases the probability of a deadlock between him and Taft and such a deadlock can only mean one thing, the election of your humble servant."

"I have 36 delegates now and every one of them has iron in his system. They are not the compromising kind and every one will fight to the last ditch for me. It neither Taft nor Roosevelt can win on the first few ballots, their delegates will commence to switch and with pieces of each other's skin and hair beneath their finger nails it is not likely they will get together either on the president or ex-president."

Speaking of the results in Illinois Senator La Follette declared he was not a bit discouraged. "I was advised not to enter in the primaries," he said "unless I could make a personal campaign but I knew there were many who wanted to vote for me and I had my name put on the ballot. I got something like 40,000 votes and every one was from a true progressive heart."

"Illinois is not a progressive state and Roosevelt's victory was not a progressive victory. He won because certain interests would rather have him in the presidential chair than the other man."

La Follette arrived here on the early train this morning from the east and retired immediately to his room, where he slept until 11:30. He is accompanied by his wife who made a ten minute talk for woman suffrage on the streets.

## PENNSYLVANIA HAS SPLIT DELEGATION

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.—At midnight reports indicate that Theodore Roosevelt has carried about half of the Congressional districts in Pennsylvania. In addition there is a probability that Roosevelt men will control the state convention, which will name 12 delegates-at-large.

Woodrow Wilson apparently had little opposition and he will have almost a solid delegation from this state to the Democratic National convention.

## FARMER DIES IN CANBY HOTEL FIRE

### SEVERAL PERSONS HAVE NARROW ESCAPES AS BUILDING IS DESTROYED

### LITTLE GIRL, FLEEING, FALLS

### Brave Woman Climbs Down Post And Saves Man—Business Section Of City Is Threatened

A disastrous fire occurred at Canby Saturday morning about 4 o'clock, the City Hotel, with its contents being destroyed. Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Mosley, who lived in the hotel were awakened about 3:30 o'clock by fire, which started in the kitchen on the east side of the building, and they gave the alarm. The boarders were aroused and hurried to the street. Many of them were half clad not being able to save their clothing, as the structure was soon a mass of flames.

Erasmus Rosencrans, of Liberal, who had been spending several days in Canby and making his headquarters at the hotel, was burned to death. He was ninety-one years of age, and owing to his feeble condition was unable to escape, although he was awakened and had thrown part of his clothing out of a window of the second story, and had probably intended jumping but was overcome by the smoke.

Mr. Rosencrans had been a resident of Liberal for some time. He is survived by a widow, and eight children, one daughter living at Liberal. He was born in Syracuse, New York. Opposite Mr. Rosencrans' room John Strickland occupied an apartment and escaped by jumping from the second story window. The little 13-year-old daughter of Mrs. A. Bradburn, proprietress of the hotel, had a narrow escape from death. She was making her escape from the building when she fell down stairs, and those following her not knowing she had fallen in their excitement trampled her, and she is suffering from severe bruises. She also inhaled smoke. Her condition is not serious.

A woman, who was among the cooled-headed persons in the building at the time the fire started, saved a man's life. She was in the second story, and escaped by climbing down one of the posts of the front porch, and hastened into the burning building and aroused the man, who had a room on the first floor. He had a narrow escape, as his room adjoined the room where the fire originated.

Most of the rooms of the city hotel were occupied Friday night, there being a theatrical company in the city. The Cottage Hotel, which is in the same block had a narrow escape from destruction, and many of the residents of Canby, as well as the boarders saved the building by carrying water from a well. Had there been a wind blowing the loss would have been much greater, as the water supply at Canby is limited, the city water having been brought from the Mack home on the east side of the Southern Pacific railroad track, and pumped from a well by means of an engine.

The City Hotel has changed hands several times during the past year. It was located on C Street about two blocks from the station. Mrs. A. Bradburn took possession of the hotel several months ago.

Coroner Wilson was called to Canby soon after the body of Rosencrans was removed from the building, but decided it was unnecessary to hold an inquest.

## GENERAL GRANT DIES EARLY TODAY

### COMMANDER OF DEPARTMENT OF EAST VICTIM OF HEART TROUBLE

### UNEXPECTED NEWS SHOCKS CITY

### Son Of Famous Civil War Leader Had Not Complained Of Being Ill—Trouble In Getting Physician

NEW YORK, April 12.—Major-General Frederick D. Grant, son of the famous General of the Civil War and himself commander of the East, died at the Hotel Buckingham, in this city about 12:40 o'clock this (Friday) morning.

Between 9 and 10 o'clock last night General Grant was brought to the Buckingham from St. Luke's Hospital. He was accompanied by Lieutenant Horner, from Governors Island, and General Grant's wife. He was attended by Dr. Robert Abbey and Dr. Edward B. Beach. The cause of the General's demise was not made known when word of his death was sent to the hotel desk.

The news flashed from the apartments of General Grant sent a shock through the city such as that which startled the whole country upon the death of his father 27 years ago.

The news was far more sudden. It came less than an hour after the first alarm had been sounded that General Grant was seriously ill. The alarm itself had come before it had been generally known that General Grant was in the city, as his presence here had been kept a secret. (Continued on page 4)

## DEMOCRATS HAVE BIG LOVE FEAST

### ROOSEVELT AND TAFT ARE EX-CORATED BY CANDIDATES FOR SENATOR

### TRUSTS VEHEMENTLY DENOUNCED

### Pierce, Lane And Coshaw Deliver Interesting Addresses At Big Banquet—Hedges Pleases Crowd

Hailing Thomas Jefferson as the greatest constructive American statesman, leading Democrats of Oregon Saturday night at a banquet given by the County Democratic Central Committee at Woodmen Hall, pleaded with their audience of more than 200 that the principles for which the founder of the party stood be their inspiration and guide in the campaign now in progress. It was not only a Democratic Party dinner, but a Democratic feast, for at least one third of the banquets were Republicans and adherents of other political parties. The banquet was held in honor of the birthday of the founder of the party, and the principal speakers were Walter A. Pierce, Dr. Harry Lane and P. Coshaw, candidates for the Democratic nomination for United States Senator.

Gilbert L. Hedges, who is the Democratic candidate for District attorney in this district, was toastmaster. Each speaker was fittingly introduced and Mr. Hedges convulsed the crowd with several "telegrams" which it is believed were originated by himself.

While the arguments were pretty much the same as have from time immemorial been the members of the party, and have time and again trailed its banner in the dust, the orators were just as sure they were right as was William Jennings Bryan in 1896 when he tried to foist upon the American people the free silver theory, acclaiming it the only savior for all the ills that afflict it. He, too, were presented in an interesting way and brought forth rounds of applause.

Mr. Pierce, who was in particularly good voice, made a forceful address. He declared that the Democratic party had nothing to be ashamed of, and that the really important achievements of the Roosevelt and Taft administrations had been suggested by Mr. Bryan and other Democrats.

The speaker justified the fight that was made for bimetallism on the ground that the increased supply of gold had proved that the quantitative theory of money was correct. He declared that Mr. Roosevelt was now advocating measures that would have put the Democratic party to shame in 1896 so radical would they then have appeared.

"We would have been called anarchists if we had advocated them," said Mr. Pierce. "The Democratic party, has, in fact, become the conservative party. It is proved when the troops have to be called out to suppress a riot in a Republican convention in the great state of Michigan. The combinations of wealth have grown under Republican rule. From time immemorial the law of supply and demand ruled, and never until our lifetime have men been able to take business by the throat through combinations of capital and throttle it. I tell you it is a revolution and not an evolution. The trusts dictate the prices they pay and the prices the people pay them. There are not many markets where competition rules. The steel trust, for instance, controls 60 per cent of all the raw iron and sells steel at 10 or 50 per cent higher here than it does in foreign markets. That trust has paid 18 per cent interest annually for nine years on a billion and half of stock, half of which is watered stock."

Mr. Pierce in speaking of the absorption of the Tennessee Coal & Iron Company by the United States Steel Company became facetious. He declared that the trust asked President Roosevelt if it could absorb the big southern company, and that the President replied, "De-lighted."

The speaker said the crime of the age was the control of the markets by the trusts which killed competition and sounded the death knell of supply and demand. He said its continuance would result in the wrecking of the nation. Mr. Pierce recommended jail sentences for the rich offenders declaring that would be more efficacious than large fines. He also paid his respects to the express companies, and declared that they and the telegraph lines should be under the management of the postal department. Mr. Pierce made a fine impression, and was enthusiastically applauded throughout his address. He was given a round of applause when he pledged his fealty to the nominee of the party no matter which one of the candidates was the nomination.

Toastmaster Hedges read telegrams (Continued on page 4)

## PROPOSED LAW WOULD BE RAILROAD BLOW

### WASHINGTON, April 12.—Washington is just beginning to realize that the railroad and steamship legislation pending in congress presents an issue almost as important as the tariff. The most radical proposals made since the enactment of the Hepburn bill are contained in the Adamson bill, forbidding railroads to own any interests in steamship lines with which they may compete for traffic, and in the Huspberry bill, excluding from American ports any foreign ships which may be part of a foreign steamship pool.