

Oregon City Enterprise
Published Every Friday
E. E. BRODIE, Editor and Publisher.
Entered at Oregon City, Or., Post
office as second-class matter.

Subscription Rates:
One Year \$1.50
Six Months75
Trial Subscription, Two Months25

Subscribers will find the date of expiration stamped on their papers following their name. If last payment is not credited, kindly notify us, and the matter will receive our attention. Advertising Rates on application.

TWENTY-SIX IMPORTANT QUESTIONS SETTLED.

The following twenty-six important questions of public policy appear to have been definitely settled by direct vote of the people of Oregon on sixty-four proposed laws and constitutional amendments, in the last four general elections:

1. That they will not tolerate a return to anything like the convention method of making nominations, but will retain their direct primary system until something better is offered.
2. That they will enforce election by the legislature of that candidate for United States Senator in Congress who receives the highest number of the people's votes.
3. Complete prohibition of railroad passes for all persons except employees of the railroads.
4. Abolition of the power of city councils to give away public franchises.
5. Abolition of the temptation and opportunity to buy or sell votes in the legislature.
6. That the people of every city or town shall have power to make and amend their city charters on all local matters at their own pleasure, absolutely free from special acts by the legislature.
7. That they will retain the initiative and referendum in law making.
8. That they will have power to recall any elected public officer from Constable to Governor, including Judges of the courts.
9. That they approve the principle of election of members of the legislature by proportional representation, though they have not yet agreed on the method.
10. That they will provide liberally by taxes for support of higher education in the State University.
11. That they will maintain one efficient Normal School. At the same election they voted to abolish two others created by the legislature some years ago.
12. That corporations having little or no tangible property should pay a gross income and license tax.
13. That the expenditures of any candidate for public office shall be limited to practically one-fourth of one year's salary of the office he seeks, and the state will provide the greater part of the expense for publicity of the merits of candidates and of political parties.
14. That edible fish, especially salmon, shall be conserved in the navigable rivers of the state.
15. That matters of chiefly local interest will be referred if submitted to the voters of the whole state.
16. Abolition of the convention system of electing delegates to national conventions, establishing direct election of such delegates by the voters of the great parties, and permitting expression by the voters of their choice for their party candidates for President and Vice President.
17. That three-fourths of a jury shall be able to render a verdict in all civil cases, and court procedure shall be so simplified as to discourage appeals to the supreme court for delay, and new trials because of technical errors, if substantial justice has been obtained in the lower court.
18. That they do not approve state-wide prohibition of the manufacture and sale of liquor.
19. That they have established and will maintain local option on the liquor question.
20. That they require a reasonable measure of employers' liability for workmen's accidents.
21. That they have granted the people of each county power to exempt from all taxation any class or classes of property, subject to any general laws approved by the people of the state.
22. That no citizen shall be tried in a circuit court for crime unless accused by a grand jury.
23. That general elections shall be held in November when most other states vote, instead of in June.
24. That the public credit shall not

be used to aid, build or operate private or government railroads.
25. That counties may issue bonds to build permanent highways.
26. That private schemes for looting the public treasury cannot be worked by the initiative method.

SOMETHING ABOUT ROADS.

Railroad rates cost a cent and a half to three cents a ton mile. People kick at the cost. The average good Oregon wagon road transportation costs 25 cents a ton mile. The great majority of Oregon roads are not good and cost from 50 cents to \$1 a ton mile. A hard surface road of macadam construction costs eight cents for transportation a ton mile, yet it is only the farmer who mires his empty wagon when he tries to go to town in the Oregon winter that kicks at the cost.

The figures just given were obtained after careful computation from every section of Oregon by the Oregon Good Roads Association. The contrast in costs on good and bad roads has given the Association more courage to continue its fight for better-built highways in this state. Railroad rates make much difference in costs to consumers and profits to producers. Thus says the Good Roads Association the increased transportation cost of bad roads takes money from the farmer's pocket and adds to the price of living without profit either to the producer or the consumer, since the mud swallows all the difference and never makes returns.

When advocates of good roads from every section of Oregon went before the legislature last week they had the tremendous cost and the effective development restriction of bad roads in mind. They were a little disappointed when some of the legislators urged that each county could conduct its own road-building without help. It was believed that broad-minded legislators would know that the very purpose of their gathering to make laws was to work in unity for the good of the state and for every county in the state, and that concerted action in road-building was perhaps more important and more essential than any other state activity. Governor Oswald West, in an interview, answered this mistaken idea on the part of the legislators when he said, "It is a notorious fact that the road work of the state has been done in the past upon a crazy-quilt hit and miss plan which gave no permanent relief from bad and often times practically impassable roads. There can be no doubt concerning my desire for the inauguration of a sane and sensible system of building good, serviceable, permanent highways in the State of Oregon. I am heartily in favor of the construction of good roads and hope to see the time speedily arrive when the public highways in this state will be second to none. I trust, therefore, that the gentlemen who are now banded together for the promotion of the good roads movement will keep ever in mind the idea of the practical and economical, and that out of their united efforts will come for Oregon a uniform and desirable system of public road building."

It was necessary for Judge Lionel R. Webster, Dr. Andrew C. Smith and others of the good roads association to say forcibly before the Senate for the benefit of uninformed opposing senators that the proposed highway board and commissioner does not spend money obtained either from State Aid or by counties bonding for road building in counties, but the county authorities locate the roads and spend the money while the state board and highway commissioner give advice and direction as to scientific construction of roads in each county. The vote that followed showed that a majority of the senate were not slow in understanding nor narrow in developing ambition. When the Highway Board and Commissioner bill was approved great satisfaction was felt by the hundreds who had come before the legislature, because it was on that bill that the whole great system of road making planned for Oregon counties depended. It was thought then that to secure the passage of the other bills would not be difficult, because upon count it was found that a majority of Oregon legislators stand for progressiveness and development and not for obstruction.

LIVE WIRES TO ATTEND COURT.

The Live Wires will meet with the County Court on Friday afternoon to talk over the matter of road supervisors. The people of this county are warming up to the necessity of a change in methods of road making and the County Court is alive to the

fact that the taxpayers want something done in the way of reform. Because of the wish on the part of the County Court to do what is best in the matter the meeting between the Court and the Live Wires is to be held. The County Court wishes to be shown in this as in other things, and the Live Wires believe they can induce the Court to take steps, promising something more than has been secured to the people in the past.

There are new methods of road making that produce better results than old methods, and the taxpayers of Clackamas county want them. With this in mind the Live Wires are trying to get into harmony with the Court so that the best information obtainable may be used in road making. The friends of better roads and better system in road making are invited to go with the Live Wires to the meeting on Friday so that the Court may see that the people are anxious for the best that can be done for them. If they are present in numbers it will convince the Court that the people are not averse to spending a little more than now if assured the money will be well spent.

In the farming communities there is some opposition to a road commission, or a State supervisor of roads. This comes through the fear that it means simply another fat salary and the same old results. If something good is to come out of the present road discussion it must come through all who want better roads working together in that end. The way seems opening to that end in this county, and Friday the friends of better roads are to be given a say in the matter. A large delegation of friends should be on hand to prove to the Court that it will be given backing in case new measures are to be put in vogue.

THANK YOU KINDLY.

(Falls City News.)
Oregon City has a new daily paper, the Enterprise, edited and published by E. E. Brodie, owner of the weekly Enterprise. The daily Enterprise is good enough to deserve success, and The News hopes it will be a winner.

If the Postal Banks make it imperative that stockholders give more attention to their officials, and to the details of the business, this return will alone more than repay the public for the expense. The present well equipped and well managed banks cannot be greatly improved upon, but where there have been lax methods the laxness has often cost the community dearly.

Fred Warren, editor of Appeal to Reason, has been pardoned by President Taft. The findings of the court do not seem to satisfy the President. Taft is humane in his instincts and he did not agree with the court in the punishment administered.

Well, we of the Northwest showed how easy it was to get the Panama Exposition. Now it is up to us to show the world how easy it is to make a success of it.

OREGON'S SYSTEM NOT GIVEN ENDORSEMENT

SENATOR ABRAHAM SEES A PLAYING OF POLITICS BY SENATOR BOURNE.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 31.—(Spl.)—The effort to commit the State legislature to Senator Bourne in his next campaign, as was the interpretation given the attempt to have the Senate and House instruct Senator Bourne and Chamberlain to take an active part in urging the amendment to the Constitution providing for selection of Senators by direct election, was a signal failure. So, too, was the resolution asking for legislative endorsement of Oregon's system of government.

The general expression was that in defeating this resolution no one was criticizing the laws of his State, but that rather one was putting his foot on another man's attempt to play politics.

SAN FRANCISCO WINS.

Panama Exposition to Be Held On the West Coast.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—(Spl.)—San Francisco won on the first ballot in the contest for the Panama Exposition, 189 and 159 for San Francisco and 159 for New Orleans. This will mean a great boost for San Francisco and the whole Northwest country. On the final roll call the vote was 259 to 41.

The San Francisco resolution does not ask for a cent of aid in swinging the gigantic proposition. On the first vote it was tied up to the hundredth ballot.

Thirty Years Together.

Thirty years of association—think of it. How the merit of a good thing stands out in that time—or the worthlessness of a bad one. So there's no guesswork in this evidence of Thos. Arris, Concord, Mich., who writes: "I have used Dr. King's New Discovery for 30 years, and it's the best cough and cold cure I ever used." Once it finds entrance in a home you can't pry it out. Many families have used it forty years. It's the most infallible throat and lung medicine on earth. Unequaled for lagrippe, asthma, hay-fever, croup, quincy or sore lungs. Price 50c. \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by Jones Drug Co.

SENATE MEASURES MAY BE HELD UP

HOUSE WANTS ITS OWN BILLS SUBSTITUTED FOR THOSE PASSED IN SENATE.

GOOD ROADS ENTHUSIASTS CROWD

Senators and Representatives May Each Refuse to Pass Bills Originating in the Other House.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 1.—(Spl.)—There seems to be trouble brewing between the Senate and the House over road measures. The Senate has already passed roads laws that look good to it, and the rumor that the House will do the same while it tries to get its own enacted has led to the threat that unless the House puts Senate measures through without delay the Senate will retaliate and kill all House bills.

The Oregon Good Roads Association and Threshermen's Association is said to have used threats in an effort to whip into line the certain opponents of the per measures of the associations, and that the Senators and Representatives resent the interference.

There was a clash before the House committee at the noon hour today. The House is known to be hostile to the Good Roads measure but friends of the measure hope to win opponents over. It is claimed that many things objectionable to the farmer have been eliminated and it is now hoped the farmer will cease his opposition.

NEW BILLS INTRODUCED.

The Senate Hopper is a Convenient One to Reach.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 31.—(Spl.)—The following bills were introduced in the Senate this morning:

Regulating the fees of the sheriff of Grant county.
Amending Lord's Oregon laws relating to division of water districts.

Providing that corporations shall not be subject to the jurisdiction of state courts unless they are created under the laws of the State or have an actual agency in the State.

Prohibiting attorneys from becoming candidates for judicial offices before they have practiced five years.

FISHERMEN'S INTERESTS.

Cared For in a Bill Before the Senate.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 31.—(Spl.)—Clackamas county fishermen were

STEINER AND KAY PUT ON TO CARPET

STEINER PUTS UP \$1500 TO BE FORFEITED IN CASE EXTRA-GANCE CAN BE SHOWN.

FARM IS EARNING SIX PER CENT

Makes An Earnest Plea for the Unfortunates in the Orphan Asylum—We Should Not Fall Them.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 30.—(Spl.)—Superintendent Steiner and State Treasurer Kay were on the carpet tonight before the committee on ways and means and their denials of any wrong or extravagance was vehement and to the point. And as an evidence that he meant what he said Steiner left \$1500 to be given to the Y. M. C. A. of Salem if any waste of asylum funds can be proven. Steiner charged that it was political animus that led to the charges being sent broadcast, and defied his enemies to show it.

Treasurer Kay brought forth a mass of figures to show that the contents of himself and Steiner were correct. On the other hand he charged Senator Bowerman with exaggeration, and went on to show that the farm was paying 6 per cent on present values, which are double the investment. His figures showed that the per capita of cost in the Oregon Asylum was smaller than any other similar institution in the Northwest.

He said the legislative committee did not make a fair investigation. That it did not visit the wards to note the crowded condition; that it did not seem to be hunting for correct information.

In closing Steiner urged the committee to give the unfortunates a fair show. "You may hammer at my reputation, but by all means give these poor unfortunates a fair show; no one else will do it if we don't."

ASTORIA'S PET BILL GOES BACK.

Lester Asks For \$50,000 and Measure Sent to Committee.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 30.—(Staff Correspondence.)—The Astoria Centennial celebration appropriation was butchered this morning, by indefinite postponement of the bill carrying \$100,000. Dimick, of Clackamas, was willing to go as strong as \$25,000, and a majority of the Senators believed the appropriation of \$100,000 too great. This afternoon Senator Lester, of Clatsop County, obtained a reconsideration.

The United States Census by Counties

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 25, 1911.
The Director of the Census has furnished the Oregon State Legislature, for its use in redistricting the State, a statement showing the population of Oregon by counties, distributed according to color and race. The figures therein given are the result of an unverified count, by color, of the returns of the Thirteenth Census, and are, therefore, subject to some possible revision, but it is hardly probable that such revision would materially affect the figures as given.

County	Total Pop.	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Jap.
The State	672,765	655,610	1526	5061	7317	3236
Baker	18,676	17,757	50	26	90	152
Benton	19,693	19,444	1	1	1	9
Clackamas	29,793	29,709	9	9	68	75
Clatsop	16,106	15,516	22	2	497	159
Columbia	19,380	19,548	—	1	5	26
Coos	17,959	17,682	13	180	60	24
Crook	9,315	8,855	1	451	8	—
Curry	2,044	1,894	1	147	2	—
Douglas	19,674	19,430	16	154	28	52
Gilliam	3,701	3,686	1	5	2	7
Grant	5,497	5,563	3	5	40	—
Harney	4,059	3,985	2	65	7	—
Hood River	8,016	7,513	17	15	6	465
Jackson	45,756	35,583	56	5	84	28
Josephine	9,507	9,520	7	30	10	—
Klamath	8,554	7,194	20	1027	12	—
Lake	4,658	4,569	8	75	9	6
Lane	33,783	33,682	13	35	9	44
Lincoln	5,887	5,190	2	392	2	—
Linn	22,652	22,615	4	1	19	25
Malheur	8,691	8,444	12	39	37	69
Marion	39,730	38,798	55	604	287	34
Morrow	4,357	4,351	—	—	6	—
Multnomah	226,261	217,095	1093	44	5754	1734
Polk	13,469	13,197	2	133	28	109
Sherman	4,242	4,239	1	1	1	13
Tillamook	6,266	6,240	6	1	13	—
Umatilla	20,309	19,155	63	960	98	34
Union	16,191	16,060	19	1	95	106
Wasco	8,264	8,251	1	—	2	10
Washington	16,236	15,766	31	377	93	69
Wheeler	21,522	21,439	7	3	45	28
Yamhill	2,484	2,484	—	—	—	—
Yamhill	18,285	18,056	3	204	11	11

here today in the interest of proposed legislation affecting the Willamette River. Attorneys C. Schuebel and John F. Clark, representing the anglers, were before the Senate committee on fisheries last night. H. W. Trembath and Harry Anne are here today.

J. N. Wisner, of Oregon City, was here yesterday in consultation with Master Fish Warden Clanton.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT BILL DEAD

SALEM, Or., Jan. 31.—(Spl.)—The House this morning killed the bill providing for the abolishment of capital punishment. Upon an unfavorable report from a committee, the bill was indefinitely postponed.

Asthma.

Is a distressing disease. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey relieves almost instantly. We guarantee it to give satisfaction.

Compare Our Prices

With those you have seen in the habit of paying, and you will see that we offer you a substantial saving in all work fully measured four fifths years.

225 Bridge Teeth 4.00
Gold Fillings 1.00
Enamel Fillings 1.00
Good Rubber 5.00
Plates 7.50
Dr. W. A. WISE, Pioneer on Main Street
Painless Extractions
All work fully guaranteed four fifths years.
Wise Dental Co., Inc.
Painless Dentists
Filling Station, Third and Washington, PORTLAND, ORE.
Office Hours: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sundays, 10 to 12 days.

of the bill, and it was referred back to the ways and means committee, with instructions to place the appropriation at \$50,000. There is considerable doubt if the bill will pass the Senate, even with its original appropriation split in twain.

HOUSE KILLS TELEPHONE BILL.

Measure Had Rider Making Press Associations Common Carriers.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 30.—(Staff Correspondence.)—The bill of Ammie, of Multnomah, regulating telephone and telegraph companies, received its quietus in the House at 2 o'clock this afternoon, having been made a special order for that time. The measure was actively opposed by the telegraph and telephone companies, and the Pacific Telephone and Telephone Co. brought Everett Hickman here from appointment of the committee and a majority of the Senators took the same view.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

JONES IS MADE CHAIRMAN.

Clackamas Man Heads Committee to Investigate Asylum Management.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 30.—(Staff Correspondence.)—Representative Linn E. Jones, of Clackamas, was this morning appointed chairman of a committee of five to make an investigation of the state insane asylum and other institutions around Salem. Speaker Rusk announced the appointment of the committee noon after the House convened. The committee must report not less than 10 days before the adjournment of the session, which means that Representative Jones and his colleagues will have little time to attend sessions of the House for the next 12 days.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

MAKES HOME BAKING EASY



**Light Biscuit
Delicious Cake
Dainty Pastries
Fine Puddings
Flaky Crusts**

and the food is finer,
more tasty, cleanly
and wholesome than the ready-made found at the shop or grocery.

Royal Cook Book—800 Recipes—Free.
Send Name and Address.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

ELEVEN BILLS PASS IN THE HOUSE TODAY

AMONG THE NUMBER ARE SEVEN SENATE MEASURES THAT HAVE BEEN GIVEN SANCTION.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 26.—(Spl.)—The following bills were passed by the House today:

Providing severe penalties for persons convicted of white slave traffic.
Regulating return of liquor license money deposited with County Court when license is refused.
Protecting crabs in Lincoln County.
Making an additional appropriation of \$20,000 annually for topographic maps and surveys in Oregon.
Providing for recording names of farms.
Requiring husband and wife to join in petition for adoption of child.
Fixing terms of court, Tenth judicial district.
Permitting mechanics' liens to be enforced against homesteads.
Fixing terms of Circuit Court in Eighth judicial district.
Providing method for proving official documents.
Prohibiting sale and use of giant and cannon firecrackers more than 2 1/2 inches in length and 5/8 inch in diameter.

EIGHT BILLS PASS HOUSE.

Circuit Judges May Have Only 90 Days to Render Decisions.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 30.—(Staff Correspondence.)—The House passed the following bills today:

Increasing salaries of certain officials of Tillamook County.
Fixing terms of county courts.
Appropriating \$4,000 for burial plot for Spanish-American war veterans.
Requiring appointment by Governor of members of Board of Pharmacy from list of names furnished by State Pharmaceutical Association.
Requiring judges of Circuit Court to render decision within 90 days after case is submitted.
Regulating practice of optometry.
Creating shipping masters and regulating sailor boarding houses.
Giving deputy labor commissioners \$5 a day and expenses while inspecting factories.

The First National Bank of Oregon City, Oregon

CAPITAL, \$50,000.00.
Transacts a General Banking Business. Open from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Dements Best FLOUR

\$1.55 PER SACK AT ALL GROCERS.

Office Both Phone 22 Residence Phone Main 2624

PIONEER TRANSFER CO.

Established 1865 Successor to C. N. Greenman

FURNITURE, SAFES AND PIANOS MOVED BY EXPERIENCED HELP. PROMPT AND RELIABLE SERVICE. SAND, GRAVEL AND BRICK

Rates Reasonable, Baggage Stored 3 Days Free of Charge

Agency for the celebrated MT. HOOD BEER

Careful of Your Property

One of the secrets of our success in the Baggage and Transfer Business

Safes, Pianos and Furniture Moving

Williams Bros. Transfer Co.

Phones, Office 1121, Residence 1833 525 Main Street

Lay a Firm Foundation

for your future by opening an account at this bank, now.

Once opened, keep building upon it by frequent deposits.

The fortunes of your coming years will be built upon the foundation you lay right now, right here at this bank.

You have everything to gain, absolutely nothing to lose. Why delay?

The Bank of Oregon City