Oregon City Enterprise

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E. E. BRODIE, Editor and Publisher.

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SUBSCRIPTIONS IN ADVANCE.

The United States postal regulations compel publishers to discontinue a newspaper after the subscription expires. For this reason The Enterprise will not be sent after expiration. Subscribers will receive ample notice before the paper is discontinued.

SALOONS AND THE COMMUNITY.

No rural district ought to have a saloon, and certainly no community that has existed without the presence of retail liquor places ought to be saddled with one of these establishments.

Residents in many sections of Clackamas County are becoming interested in the latest movement of increase in the liquor traffic in the rural sections. They look with amazement upon a request from the near neighbors of Canby to open a place where young men are started upon a downward path. Have these citizens of Macksburg forgotten the story of one short year ago, when Charlie Kinzel met a terrible death in a drunken debauch? Are the sufferings of that boy's family to carry no lesson? And this is a reminder that adequate punishment was never meted out to the real criminals.

IN JUSTICE TO MR. BRYAN.

There is a public misunderstanding of Mr. Bryan's advocacy of public ownership of the railroads which, in justice to that gentleman, should be corrected. It is commonly believed that his first open declaration in favor of that project was made in the course of his speech in Madison Square Garden, New York, August 30, 1906, when he said: "I have already reached the conclusion that railroads must become public property and be managed by public officials."

The impression that this was the first expression of Mr. Bryan's views on the question of public ownership is erroneous. This is shown by the fact that in an interview reported in the New York Tribune of September 2, 1906—three days after his Madison Square Garden speech—Mr. Bryan remarked: "I advocated public ownership two years ago."

Mr. Bryan naturally resented what he regarded as an effort to make it appear that his discovery of the beauties of public ownership was a new one. According to his own words, which will be accepted without hesitation, he had satisfied himself as far back as the Parker campaign of 1904 that public ownership was exactly principle?"

"Nary a princerpul, ma'am," replied Ward. "I'm in the show bisness."

THE PAPER INDUSTRY.

The people of this community are deeply interested in the paper industry. The operation of the large mills located here means employment for many of our citizens and such employment means happiness and prosperity for the entire community.

In common with all corporate interests, the paper industry has been the subject of criticism and attack during the past year, but it is the only industry which has been singled out for direct attack for political reasons.

The tariff plank in the Democratic National platform demands "the immediate repeal of the tariff on wood pulp, print paper, lumber, timber and logs, and that these articles be placed upon the free list." It is the purpose of the supporters of this plank to open the American market to the foreign paper manufacturer. The effect of this, it is conceded, would permit the foreign producer to absorb a substantial portion of the American market. During periods of depression such as we have been passing through recently, our home production exceeds the demand and the result has been to close the mills with consequent loss to capital and labor. This condition would be highly aggravated through the foreign competition which would bring into existence.

The Republican platform promises revision of the tariff schedules "on the basis of such duties as will equal the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad, together with reasonable profit to American industries."

It would seem that a community so vitally interested in the prosperity of the paper industry should have no difficulty in determining which party platform to support.

THE VALUE TO THE MERCHANT.

During the coming year this fact is going to be demonstrated once more in the store-world of this town: the store (no matter how big or how little it is at this moment) that makes the greatest INCREASE in advertising—in efficient advertising—is going to score the greatest increase in business, in sales, in profits. There is not a shadow of doubt about this. You could safely stake all of your property on the soundness of this forecast.

Now, in view of the self-evident truth of the statement, should it not mean a good deal to you personally? The logic of the matter will prove itself for YOU—for your business.

Isn't it a fine thing to aspire to be the most efficient store advertiser in town in the next twelve months—with the sure result of GAINING, GROWING faster, according to present size, than any other store?

To compete in the lists means that your advertising—no matter how good now—must be BETTER, must be larger, more persistent; must cost more—sometimes "more than you can afford"—must take its place among the IMPORTANT things in store-keeping.

The merchant who demonstrates the truth of this proposition during the ensuing year will have "learned things" in that time. He will grow into an efficient advertiser—one who can take a business enterprise on the point of his pen and lift it to assured success.

It is said that it is the intention of an Idaho municipality to put an apple pie in the corner stone of a large public building. It is to be hoped that this custom will not spread and become epidemic. It will be very well to put portraits of distinguished men with yellow journals and other daat in corner stones, but apple pies! Bacchus forbid!

There is a lull and a laxity in the procedure of the Administration against Castro. Can it be that the President is sentimentally disinclined to proceed against such a practical demonstrator of his big family idea? It is reported that the Venezuelan potentate has fifty-eight brothers and sisters.

The hearty welcome of the American fleet at Tokio is no surprise to Congressman Captain Hobson, but it will not arrest that lurid war speech. What is writ is writ.

Only seventeen football enthusiasts were placed hors du combat in a recent game. Is it possible that the sport may be degenerating and tending to effeminacy?

SOCIETY

One of the prettiest weddings that have occurred in Oregon City was that held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. Capen, of Willamette, Thursday evening, when their daughter, Bessie Leighton Capen, was married to W. A. Ross. The marriage took place at 7:30 o'clock, the ceremony being performed by Rev. R. C. Blackwell. To the strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March, the bride, on the arm of the groom, preceded by the minister, and bridesmaid, Miss Genevieve Capen, and best man, Edwin Capen, of Portland, sister and brother of the bride, entered the parlors and took their place beneath a beautiful floral bell made of white flowers. Miss Nellie Swafford, who presided at the piano, rendered "The Flower Song." After the ceremony a luncheon was served, and Mr. and Mrs. Ross departed on a trip to the Sound, where they will remain for about two weeks, and upon their return they will take up their residence at Willamette, where the groom has built a cottage and has it handsomely furnished.

The decorations of the Capen home were beautiful. The parlors were in green and white, the reception hall in pink and green, and the dining room in white. The guests were received by the bride's sister, Mrs. Herman Schade, of Portland, and Mrs. S. G. Smith, Mrs. E. W. Capen, Mrs. Frank Capen, Mrs. Leander Capen and Mrs. George Capen.

The bride was beautiful in cream colored silk, and the only jewel worn was a necklace, a gift of the groom. She carried an arm bouquet of bride's roses. The bridesmaid, Miss Genevieve Capen, looked very pretty in blue silk, and carried pink carnations. The bride's bouquet was caught by Miss Ruby Ogden, of Portland. The bride and groom received handsome wedding gifts. There were about 60 present to witness the ceremony, a special car having been chartered by those coming from Portland. The bride formerly resided in Portland, where she has a host of friends, as well as in this city, and is an accomplished young woman. The groom is a well-known young man, and is connected with the Capen Shoe Company at Willamette.

Miss Emma Sunderlans, of Portland, and C. A. Moreland, youngest son of Mrs. M. J. Moreland, of this city, were married in Portland Wednesday at the residence of the Rev. J. W. Brougher. The marriage took place at high noon, and only the immediate relatives witnessed the ceremony. Mr. Moreland is a fireman for the Southern Pacific company, running between Portland and Roseburg. They will make their home in Portland.

The Dickens Club met at the home of Mrs. Max Bollack Monday afternoon, and the study of Nicholas Nickleby was taken up for the winter's work. During the afternoon the hostess served refreshments. The next meeting of the club will be at the home of Mrs. Samuel Dillman on next Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Money entertained her Sunday school class of the Congregational church Monday night at her home at 508 John Adams street. The evening was pleasantly spent in music and games. Refreshments were served.

A very pretty wedding took place Thursday afternoon, the contracting parties being Miss Eva Maud DeFord and Willis Austin Rittenhouse. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. William H. Myers, of Arleta, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. DeFord, of Clackamas Heights. The bridesmaid was Miss May Swift, and the best man was David DeFord, brother of the bride. The bride was prettily gowned in white serge, and carried a shower bouquet of ping carnations. The bridesmaid wore a blue gown. A wedding dinner was served following the marriage ceremony. The presents to the bride and groom were beautiful. Mr. and Mrs. Rittenhouse left on their honeymoon amid a shower of rice and old shoes, and upon their return to this city, will make their home at Clackamas Heights, where the groom has purchased a cottage. Mr. and Mrs. Rittenhouse are well known young people of Clackamas Heights, and have many friends who extend their hearty congratulations. The bride's going-away gown was a becoming gown of brown with white hat. Mrs. William Paddock and Mrs. A. J. Rudolph assisted Mrs. DeFord during the afternoon.

Miss Margaret Goodfellow was the recipient of a very pleasant surprise at the home of Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Beatie on Sixth and Washington streets. It was the regular meeting of the Gypsy Club, of which Miss Goodfellow is a member, and a kitchen shower was planned in honor of her marriage to Dr. Louis A. Morris, which takes place early in December. Upon the arrival of Miss Goodfellow a shower of tinware fell from over the door, and she was escorted to the dining room, where boxes were piled containing useful kitchen articles. Miss Gussie Humphrey assisted Mrs. Beatie in serving refreshments. The house was prettily decorated for the occasion with autumn leaves.

The Salmagundi Club met Friday night at the home of Miss Winnie Hanny. This club was recently organized and meets every fortnight. Whist was the evening's amusement, and dainty refreshments were served. The next meeting will be at the home of Miss Olga McClure.

DEFECTIONS FROM BRYAN.

Votes the Repetitive Candidate Will Not Get In 1908.

There is reason for Bryan and his subordinate campaign captains to feel the alarm that they seek vainly to conceal over the open defections from his former support. The repetitive candidate undeniably faces conditions different from those in his two previous defeats for the presidency.

In 1896 Bryan's first campaign included the support of the "regular" Democrats, the silver Republicans, the Populists and the Hearst contingent. His Populist running mate, Tom Watson, then gave him a large number of votes, which helped to offset the defection of the gold Democrats. But this year Watson as the Populist nominee is fighting Bryan, whom he accuses of deserting the Populist principles that Bryan supported in 1896 and 1900, when he catered to everything of unrest and discontent.

Again much of the Socialist support went to Bryan in 1896 and 1900, the Socialist ticket covering fewer than 20,000 votes in 1896, while Debs polled only 87,000 votes in 1900. But in 1904 the Debs vote increased to 402,283, and the Socialists are counting upon at least 1,000,000 votes this year. Debs is opposing Bryan this year as bitterly as he opposes the Republican ticket. The indications are that now, as heretofore, the increased Socialist vote will be composed mainly of Democrats who have imbibed the Bryan doctrines of discontent until they now are thoroughly opposed to the institutions of this republic and to the present industrial system.

Besides the Populist and Socialist losses, Bryan faces the assurance of a defection of the Hearst or Independence party vote. That party was not a factor in either of the previous Bryan campaigns. Its record in 1907 of 121,000 votes in New York state indicates that the Hearst faction will divert this year votes from Bryan in New York, New Jersey and Illinois.

None of these losses to Bryan include defection from the Republican party. They are defections solely from the Bryanized Democracy.

CAMPAIGN SNAPSHOTS.

"Shall the People Rule?" Already Answered by Republicans.

"Bryan's acceptance address is sound," says a newspaper headline. Depends upon how "sound" is taken.

"Shall the people rule?" Bryan asks. This is a question which the Republican party answered long ago to the obvious satisfaction of the people.

Bryan is tilting at windmills when he questions the sovereignty of the American people. There is no political party upholding the negative.

When Mr. Bryan asks whether the people shall rule he means that he wants to know whether they are to rule under the guidance of his own patent political apparatus.

The Democratic party offers the nation a collection of untried theories of government in place of proved and tested actualities. Do the American people wish to become the corpus vile for experiments by inexperienced politicians?

Don't hitch your horse in the rain! See E. W. Mellien & Co.'s ad., page 8.

The average daily consumption of eggs in New York City is two for each individual.

Card of Thanks.

In behalf of the family, I desire to thank the many friends, who so kindly assisted at the burial of our beloved father, Alfred Smith, October 22.

WILLIAM M. SMITH.

GAIN IS 700 SINCE 1906

EXACT REGISTRATION FIGURES FOR CLACKAMAS COUNTY ARE GIVEN.

TOTAL REACHES 5749

Of This Number 3852 Are Republicans, 1240 Are Democrats, 219 Scattering and 239 Did Not Disclose Affiliation.

In the last two years the gain in the voting strength of Clackamas County, as exemplified by the registration books, has been exactly 700. Deputy County Clerk Mulvey has taken the trouble to prepare a table showing the registration by precincts for the years 1906 and 1908. In 29 precincts the gain has been 749, while there is a loss of 49 in nine precincts.

When the registration books closed for the June election the total was 5447, divided among the political parties as follows: Republican, 3852; Democratic, 1240; Prohibition, 60; Socialist, 163; Populist, 3; Independent, 93; declined to state, 36. Since the books were reopened for the Presidential election, there has been a 5749, but the political affiliations are not given, for the reason that they were not requested after the primary election. The table prepared by Deputy Clerk Mulvey, showing the registration for 1906 and 1908 follows:

	1906	1908
Abernethy	262	349
Barlow	83	93
Beaver Creek	155	178
Bull Run	50	49
Boring	94	116
Canyon Creek	37	45
Canby	195	247
Clackamas	153	164
Cherryville	37	60
Canemah	118	117
Cascade	165	224
Damascus	134	138
Eagle Creek	109	130
Estacada	226	257
George	45	44
Harding	117	102
Harmony	75	88
Highland	124	116
Killin	87	88
Macksburg	115	114
Molalla	183	202
Milwaukee	137	137
Marquam	80	72
Maple Lane	124	136
Milk Creek	70	99
Needy	106	107
New Era	128	132
Oak Grove	121	206
Oregon City No. 1	324	391
Oregon City No. 2	325	371
Oregon City No. 3	222	254
Oswego	181	216
Pleasant Hill	106	121
Soda Springs	48	49
Springwater	92	81
Tualatin	119	116
Union	37	44
Viola	67	68
West Oregon City	198	228

Rottenstein Sent to Jail.

John M. Rottenstein, who is charged with forging Wells Fargo money orders, waived examination in Justice Samson's Court and in default of $1000 bail, he was committed to the county jail. Rottenstein's attorney is George C. Brownell. The accused man has relatives at Seattle.

HAWKING MACHINES.

Catarrh Sufferers are Nothing but Hawking, Spitting and Blowing Machines, Says an Authority.

Is it possible that in these days when cleanliness and sanitary reform being preached in the churches, the schools and at public gatherings, that thousands of people will continue to suffer with catarrh, when there is an absolutely certain remedy always on hand.

Hyomei (pronounced High-o-me) is a pleasant, medicated and antiseptic air. Breathe it in and it will cure catarrh. It will stop foul breath, watery eyes, and crusts in the nose, in a few days.

"I suffered from catarrh for two years; tried numerous remedies which failed; used one-half bottle of Hyomei and am entirely cured."—C. N. Lindsey, 407 East First Ave., Mitchell, S.D.

A complete Hyomei outfit, consisting of a strong, hard rubber pocket inhaler, and a bottle of Hyomei, costs $1, and extra bottles, if afterwards needed, cost only 50 cents each. Huntley Bros. Co. sells it and guarantees it to do exactly as advertised.

Hyomei also cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and infants Croup.

Infant Child of M. E. Park.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Park died Tuesday night at the family home, 616 Fifth street, of cholera infantum. The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon.

Thomas Anderson.

Thomas Anderson died Saturday at the Guynup farm, where he was kept as a county charge. He leaves a brother in Portland.

C. B. Moores' New Home.

The home of C. B. Moores, formerly of Salem, at East Fifteenth and Wasco streets, Portland, is completed. It is one of the most pretentious dwellings in Holladay Addition and the cost will foot up to about $16,000. The family occupied the new home last Saturday.

A store is like its advertising.