## Oregon City Enterprise

Published Every Friday. By THE STAR PRESS.

Entered at Oregon City, Or., Post-

office as second class matter. Subscription Rates: One Year ..... \$1.50

Trial subscription, two months .. . 25 Years. Subscribers will find the date of expiration stamped on their papers following their name. If last payment is not credited, kindly notify us, and the matter will receive our attention.

When Governor Chamberlain ran City and the State pulled hard for him and against the Republican candidate, who was defeated. Is the present move against the saloonists in the nature of a punishment for their attitude at that time? No? Well, we just asked for information.

Though in poor health ex-President Cleveland was driven in a carriage to the polls and cast his vote. As long as the American citizen recognizes the fact that the ballot is the supreme fact in politics the government will be in a hopeful way.-St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

ioin him in returning to the American people the swag the two got away with operating in Washington through his second presidential term, he might find a warm place in that same public heart,

In another column is to be found a communication by "Square Deal." The publication of the communication is evidence that the Enterprise wishes to be fair in this saloon controversy. regardless of the circular letters issued to the contrary. It further answers the charge that the Enterprise will print non de plume letters for one side and not the other. This communication was arranged for Saturday night and the copy furnished us Tuesday and no effort was made to compel the man asking publication to print his name; he was simply required to furnish it as an evidence of good faith

The railways are raising a howl because Uncle Sam will not permit them to count in as mail matter, during the days they are weighing the mails as a basis of compensation, empty mail sacks in transit to points where needed. Think of it! The railways today charge the United States Government more than twice the rate per hundred pounds that it does the express companies, and the express companies have an understanding as to empties. and still these grabbing railways want Uncle Sam to pay for his empties besides. It is high time the Government insisted on a revision of the transportation rates for the postoffice department.

We can see no objection to charging a fair discount to the man who is munications of moderate length from seeking to cash his Clearing House the other side if the subscriber who certificates for the purpose of hoard ing his money; but only a "shark" and not try the thumb screws. will hang on the outskirts of a bunch of working people who have the certificates and try and induce them to sacrifice a portion of their wages in discount, having first convinced those individuals that the sconer they discount them the less the "shave" will be. The Enterprise has been given the names of those charged with "sharking" last Friday night when the Woolen mills paid in certificates, and a strong pressure was brought to bear to have them published.

to ask the pardon of its country sub- of the first four questions propounded. scribers for the amount of space being devoted to the present Charter contest in this city. But the fight was forced on us and was not of our seeking. Those drawing up the new Charter started in with the supposition that newspaper men are crooked, and put into the Charter clauses saying in so many words practically that they are, and in the fight for vindication within the next two or three weeks we may find it necessary to use more space for that purpose than we would otherwise take from our friends in the country.

If gambling is wrong in the saloon the use of denying it now? And we is it not also wrong in the private have a right to comment on it. home? If it is wrong in close proximity to beer, wine and whiskey is it terprise has at no time said that for not also wrong where bon-bons, cof- a man to enlist in a good cause, in served? It is noticeable that not a never said it was wrong to so enlist championing the present crusade good to himself. And it is not mudagainst the saloon and the attendant slinging to call attention to such a evils of games of chance in the sa- move. loon are prime movers at parties tics if begun too early in a campaign, where gambling is carried on, and in many instances these same women wishes to win that way, and we never -and so far as we can judge, wo- hinted it was; simply called attenmen from among the best we have in tion to the fact that such was often the city-are very much pleased to the case. The exploitation often see their names printed in connection takes the wind from one's sails, but it may be different degrees in the crime good to himself was committing a of gambling, but there are no differ- moral wrong. ent degrees in the moral nature of it. And we understand certain agitators are dwelling more on the "moral" phase than the "crime" feature.

The editor of the Enterprise wants tions appeared in the Enterprise. it understood from the outset the he is not in favor of lawlessness of any kind. But he does not consider that the saloonkeeper who violates law is any worse than a churchman who celt than the editor. But perhaps the violates law. It is a case of what is saloon men will be good just because "sauce for the goose should be sauce there is a new hand on the helm. If L. K. Cogswell of Chehalis, Wash., for the gapder." But to start out to all the charges to have made against and the Red Polled bull, Jupiter, from punish a saloon man just because it is popular to "hit him a clip" is not fair-and the Enterprise editor would haven to reform them. like to be fair. It is true that some saloonists disregard law. But there of a flecent saloon where the light is is an easy way to find these things always turned on or do you favor the out when one is in earnest, and such present boy-corrupting, drunkardago, one white-faced cayuse pony, 3 age of either steamship yield a profit years old, very gentle—took the road of about \$66,000. The expenditures acts could be made so unpopular in Oregon City that they would rarely Oregon City that they would rarely. The above, if true, proves our contoward Clackamas Station—Will some are estimated to be \$89,950, thus givoccur—if those engaged in this agi-tention; Men who know these things kind friend tell me where this "hoss" ing these big steamships an income of tation were really in earnest.

CLOSELY SCAN CANDIDATES.

'There is a tide in the lives of men" Shakespeare tells us. There is a What's the outlook in Oregon City today?

There is to be an election soon in this city. Men are to be chosen to if they have not proof to convict the manage the affairs of the City for above attack is both vicious and cowthe next year; and certain of the men | ardly, 

> At all times it is wisdom to scan your candidates, but in the present condition in which the finances of the city are found it is especially essential that much care be exercised in the matter

The deplorable condition of the one," city's finances makes it a hard propofor Governor the saloons of Oregon sition to induce good men to stand for office at this time. With rare exceptions the present officials do not wish to continue in the city's service. And it is all because of the bad state of finances. The present officers can have very little blame placed on them for the present condition of affairs rightly, and yet unthinking citizens naturally turn to present incumbents when looking for a place to shoulder the blame. Conditions have been drifting for years; no one adminis tration did it all; but the men in office at the time of an eruption are

the ones who receive the hard knocks. For that reason candidates are Now if Cleveland could induce his hard to find at this time; men do not partner in graft, John G. Carlisle, to care to shoulder the burden and take the blame certain to be meted out to them when the true state of affairs are known.

> The communications from "A Man with Two Boys" and "Fair Play," and an editorial reflecting on the motives of some of the leaders of the element favoring the proposed excise ordi nance, all three of which have appeared in the columns of The Enterprise, were objected to by same of the gentlemen who were interested in the measure and at their request we agreed to let them answer.

> When the so-called answer was submitted to us it developed that it was in very small part of that character and in the main was merely an exhaustive argument in favor o ftheir pet measure and of such length that

we did not care to give it the space. The gentleman in charge of the presentation was so insistent, however, that we felt disposed to publish this communication, rather to satis fy his demand than because we felt it due him, when he capped his demands by a threat that if we did not publish it that the same matter with a lot more added would be given publicity in some other way.

It may require more moral courage to ignore a threat and publish such an article than to refuse to do so but the management of The Enterprise is very human and when the compulsory feature was brought out the gentle man in question was informed that he could not have the space under

those conditions. We do not believe in the good faith of the people who have denied that this measure was intended to harass a certain element-and Rev. Brougher has admitted that this was the intent -but we are willing to print combrings one in will meet us half way

### OPEN LETTER NO. 2.

To Messrs. W. S. U'Ren, C. Schuebel, C. H. Dye and John W. Loder:

The above-named leaders in the Excise Law contest have seen fit to issue a circular letter in which they would catechise the editor of the Enterprise. Ye editor is not averse to being catechised, but fails to see why questions should be asked that have been answered in these columns with- I say let conditions stay as they are The editor of the Enterprise wishes in the past few weeks. This is true until relief comes which, I confidently

> The Enterprise never so much as intimated that the churches were BIG MEET AT tearing down good things which the saloon were building up.

If the authors of the circular know of attempts to debauch young boys and girls, whether in the saloons or not, why don't they cite the time and

It is not the Enterprise that is trying to inject the church in this controversy of closing the saloons. The church made the first organized move: it appointed committees to represent individual churches; it had a right to do this if it wished; what's

"Mud-slinging attacks." cream and nick-nacks are which he believed, was wrong. It has We don't think it is good polibut there is nothing wrong in it if one

> The insinuation that the men who are ashamed of their own names is not conducive to that moral uplifting for which these men have been shouting so hard since first communica-

"Under the Excise Law"-our excise law, we suppose "no saloon through the bowels, clears the head. keeper will," etc. law, it says. Well, they've more conthe saloon are true-but you've given F. H. Porter, of Halsey, Oregon, and no evidence-we hope some one will will establish a good herd of cattle

Now, Mr. Editor, are you in favor to exist, and have known they existed is?

for years, and have not made more effort to correct them than has been made in Oregon City, have shirked tide in the history of cities and vil. duty. And it looks very much as if it had been allowed to go on until such time as one might bring out his little ax for a short turn on the stone. And

> "Are you in favor of a decent sa You have told us repeatedly loon ?" there is no such thing. In line with Sherman's remark that the "only good Indian was a dead one," we had supposed, after listening to what has been said in your meetings lately, that the "only good saloon was a smashed

A good saloon is greatly to be desired. But so far you have not shown one lota of evidence that your law will produce it. You can't point to any statute of your own, on this or any other subject, that has been tried and found satisfactory. And because you are exceedingly enthusiastic in this instance does not make it imperative that others fall into line with you as against their own judgment.

> YE EDITOR. FAIR PLAY ONE WITH TWO BOYS.

EXPLAINS BANK HOLIDAYS.

Governor Chamberlain Gives Sound Advice to Portland Depositors.

Governor Chamberlain delivered an address on the local financial situation at the monthly meeting of the Ohio Societw in Alisky Tuesday. A short program consisting of recitations and vocal numbers was render-The recitations of Mrs. Jennie B. Sayles and the solos of Mrs. S. A. Teavers and Mrs. J. C. Miller afforded much entertainment. The singing of the Veteran Quartet was also well received. W. B. Chase presided.

Governor Chamberlain in his open ing remarks referred to the scandals in the New York life insurance companies as the beginning of the grow ing distrust of the methods of high financiers, which resulted in the withdrawal of large sums of money during the recent runs on the large banking houses in New York

"Portland banks all had plenty of money," said Governor Chamberlain; "their securities were in good shape and business was running along smoothly, when like a bolt out of a clear sky word came on October 28 from New York, Boston, Chicago, Denver and Omaha and every Eastern city telling our people that no money would be shipped west. Portland banks had large balances in York which under ordinary circumstances could have been got here in five days. It was a condition bordering on bankruptcy that the Portland banks confronted. In order to protect the banks it was necessary to proclaim holidays.

"If the banks were compelled to pay out the money in their vaults, all the industries in the city would have had to close down with heavy losses to the community. If the banks had been as impatient as some of the depositors were, many of our factory men who do a large credit business would have been ruined. The bank holidays were declared to protect but the men who owe the banks.

"It doesn't do any good to run down these financial institutions, but we should help to tide them over by expressing our confidence in them. I have my home and I don't want to lose it. I don't want it to depreciate in value, but if runs are made on our banks every man who has a foot of ground in this state will find it depreciating in value.

The present condition is an abnormal one-at a time when crops are so abundant-it can't last long. Sa believe will not be long."

# WARNER GRANGE

At a meeting of Warner Grange on Saturday County Superintendent T. J. Gary will deliver an address explaining the workings of the law requiring changes to be made in the books used in the county schools. This being a subject that directly appeals to every family having children of school age will undoubtedly make the lecture hour of Warner Grange an interesting one, as it is expected that the address will be followed by a discussion of the subject by any who have found the continual change of school books a great expense. Other subjects will also be debated at this meeting and as the plow won by this few of the women who are said to be even if the incentive was some future Grange for its exhibit at the County Fair is to be raffled off, it is expected that November 23 will witness the banner meeting of Warner Grange for the year. This Grange, conducted during the past year by Master Judge Thomas F. Ryan, Overseer George Lazelle, Lecturer Mrs. Wilson and Secretary Katle Fredricks, has done heals, relieves the pain, itching and much good work and the lecture hour much good work and the lecture hour burning. Man Zan Pile Remedy from 1 to 2 p. m. of each meeting day Price, 50 cts. Guaranteed. Sold by with the affairs in question. There does not follow that the man seeking to which all are invited has been made so attractive that not only the members but also those who can make it convenient to attend comwrote the communications objected to fortably, fills the Grange's hall at

> Mothers with little children need no longer fear croup, colds or whooping cough. Bees Laxative Cough Syrup tastes good. It works off the cold When we make a Guaranteed. Sold by Huntley Bros.

> > gon, has seven Red Polled cattle of claims against me are asked to call L. K. Cogswell of Chehalis, Wash., and present bill so I may pay in full. on his new farm on the Muddy river.

From Gladstone, about three weeks Mauretania, figures that a single vov-H. E. CROSS. 49t1 \$153,950 per trip.

# POWER OF CZAR

(Continued from Page 1.)

for not less than a year. This is not a poke at the churches-its a dig at the fanatics who think they have an over-supply of religion or morality.

The Excise Board may adjourn its sessions and keep the saloonist on the anxious seat for a week or two-or until he "sees" the members of the board individually and "convinces" them he should have a license. Hon est men would not be tempted to do this, but are men in Oregon City hon-How's your city's finances' Under such a code we would rather be Mayor than the "ice man"-if we could make our conscience lie still.

Section 8. "No license shall be in sued to a corporation, minor, nonresident or to any co-partnership. Section 9. "The applicant, or applicants, or some of them." our lawyer friends to harmonize those statements? That's the way it passed Council and they dare not at this day change it. How can there be "applicants" for a license if there can be no co-partnership? Let's have the solution of this riddle.

It shall be unlawful for any licensed saloon keeper to permit minors, idiots, habitual drunkards, insane persons or women to be in or remain in or about his place. How does "Wo man" like her classification? Idiots. persons, drunkards and It is no wonder the man who inspired it blushes as he reads this. And does any man think for a mo ment that such a law would pass muster in an upper court? Can't woman go where she will the same as a man? And whose business is it if she goes where you don't wish to go?

The writer can anticipate all the lame excuses that will be offered in connection with this clause. But they are all lame and are beneath the conception of the minds that will be put to work to frame them.

If these saloons are too vile for vis itation by the women who may wish to go to them occasionally why will you license them at all? And if you are outvoted on that proposition why do you not show your principles by a fight for what you believe, and if you are outvoted take your medicine with as good grace as possible? If the writer believed the saloon as great an evil as those men who drafted this ordinance indicate they do by the terms employed, he would never compromise with Satan but would make a straight fight to the end. That old proverb of a 'half loaf is better than none at all" may be true as to bread but it is false when it comes to the weighing of principle

Section 19 provides that for changing his bar or bench from which he sells liquors, or if his bartender changes it in his absence, he may be fined \$100 a day while such change lasts, and be imprisoned until it is And in case no payment is made the city can recover from the saloonists' bond. Suppose the case of a saloonist being taken sick and confined to his bed and while he is sick his employe moves the bar. It may rain and the roof leak and the bartender in an effort to get out of the wet changes it. The change continues thirty days, Mr. Saloonist is out \$3,000.

Here again we hear an objection to the example chosen. Listen! A picture maker in Cincinnati went to Germany and remained over a year. His clerk sent pictures through the mails by error that the department decided were obscene. Mr. German came home, was arrested, tried in the United States Court and with the evidence as cited went to jail for thirty days. But for the mitigating circumstances and untiring efforts of friends he would have received a year. His was in no wise to blame but the court would not condone the offense of the clerk but let him off easy and punished the principal.

Does this law still look good to you? For having any chair, seat, etc., the saloonist may be fined \$50 to \$100. An enemy may unbeknown to the saloonist slip in a chair or seat and then inform the police; its all the same, \$50 to \$100.

We're glad the men who wrote this ordinance have no authority at the Last Day, for they're too stiff with their brotherly love!

The law provides that the saloonist must not give a friend a drink, cannot take a check in payment for a bill of drinks, cannot trade a bottle of whiskey for a chicken: but if a farmer wishes a bottle and has chickens for sale he must hand the saloonist the chicken, receive from the saloonist the money, take the bottle from the saloonist and hand the money back for the liquor. Is such a move in the interest of morality or simply to tempt the saloonist to take the "short cut" and then take his license away from him? Do you think such red tape looks fair on its face?

It comes put up in a collapsible tube with a nozzle, easy to apply to the soreness and inflammation, for any form of Piles; it soothes and Huntley Bros.

#### SMALL, IMPROVED FARMS WANTED.

I have customers for small, improved farms with stock and farm imp'e ments. Prices ranging from \$2000 to \$5000. H. E. CROSS.

NOTICE TO PUBLIC. The proprietor of the City Restaurant has sold his place to John Wing, Wm. Curtis, of Harrisburg, Ore- and will return to China. All having

> Lusitania's Profit \$66,000 The Liverpool Courier, in an article regarding the expenditures and revenue of the steamships Lusitania and

### KILL OFF THE RATS.

How These Poultry House Nuisances May Be Exterminated.

The following is taken from a pubment of agriculture known as builetin No. 297 and entitled "Methods of Destroying Rats:"

For poisoning rats in buildings and yards occupied by poultry the following method is recommended: Two wooden boxes should be used, one considerably larger than the other and each having two or more holes in the sides large enough to admit rats. The poisoned balt should be placed on the bottom and near the middle of the larger box, and the smaller box should then be inverted over it. Rats thus have free access to the balt, but fowls are excluded.

Trapping, if persistently followed, is one of the most effective methods of destroying rats. The improved modern traps with a wire fall released by a baited trigger and driven by a colled spring have marked advantages over the old forms, and many of them may be used at the same time. These traps, sometimes called guillotine traps, are of many designs, but the more simply constructed are to be preferred. Probably those made entirely of metal are best, as they are less likely to absorb and retain odors.

Sundry balts for guillotine traps are given and methods of balting, and the bulletin gives the following:

By the persistent use of traps, occasional resort to poison, and the exercise of forethought in the construction of farm buildings so as to minimize the opportunities for harborage, farmers and others may prevent the greater part of the loss and annoyance they now experience from rat depredations. The same statement applies in great measure to city and village conditions; hence co-operation in the warfare on rats is particularly important and cannot be too strongly urged.

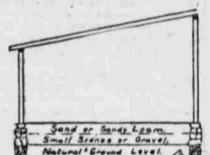
A Tidy Sum From a Good Flock. A correspondent sends the following account of the extra good returns received from a flock of 130 hens owned by Miss Marcia Warren of West Bald-

During last year 1,490 5-6 dozen eggs were produced, which sold for \$384.87. The sales of poultry amounted to \$94.-62, making the total receipts \$479.49. The feed bill was \$220.13, leaving \$259.36 net profit, or practically \$2 per ben. Miss Warren did all the work herself, hatching all chicks by hen power. The eggs are sent to Boston to a retail dealer. No breeding stock was sold nor eggs for extra

A Plan to Secure Dryness.

prices. Dry feeding is practiced.

There is no problem which is more annoving to the average poultryman than that of securing dryness in his benhouses. Without dryness it is almost a waste of time to attempt to raise chickens. The illustration given



herewith is self explanatory. The plan followed has been used in many portions of the country with marked success, and as the extra work involved is really insignificant, it would be a good thing for the poultry industry of America if the arrangement were more generally adopted.

"Cannibal" Chickens.

Some broods of chicks will form cannibal habits of picking one another in spite of almost anything one can do. When once the habit is formed it is very difficult to remedy. Divide the chicks into small flocks, not over twenty-five or thirty each, provide them with a litter of mow sweepings. eut clover or alfalfa to scratch in and see that they are plentifully supplied with granulated bone and beef scrap in addition to their grain food. Keep charcoal always before them.

Chicks Dying In the Shell.

There are many causes of chicks dying in the shell, chief of them being poor condition of the breeding stock from which the eggs for hatching were taken. Breeding from overfat hens from birds that have been forced for heavy laying, or that are debilitated from any cause, is a common source of this trouble. Where immature breeding stock is used there will usually be a considerable percentage of chicks dead in the shell,

Keep Pekin Ducks.

Every farmer who has a stream running through his farm should keep Pekin ducks. It pays well to keep them for the feathers alone. There is a good demand generally in one's own neighborhood for the feathers. Some duck raisers say that the duck does not require water to bathe in. This is true of the little ducks, but I would not deprive the old ducks of this pleasure, says Fannie Wood in Farm Jour-

Blindness In Fowls.

The most common causes of blindness in fowls are conjunctivitis and keratitis, which generally develop from colds, and are associated with some-Blindness, though, doubtless does occur sometimes from other causes.

Tinted Eggs. It is not uncommon to have a few tinted eggs from white egg varieties tue to hereditary causes.

### RELIGIOUS THOUGHT.

Gems Gleaned From the Teachings of All Denominations.

The soul winner to win souls must lication of the United States depart- meet and conquer difficulties in his own life.-Rev. S. E. Ewing, Baptist,

St. Louis.

Man's Worthiness. Man is divine. Man is inherently worthy to be cared for, worthy to be free, worthy of manhood.-Dr. Lyman Abbott, Congregationalist, Brooklyn.

Where All Christians Are Needed. The Lord needs every one of his disciples in the church on the Sabbath

day, in the prayer meeting Wednesday evening and in attendance upon all of the ordinances of his house,-Rev. J. T. Sullivan, Presbyterian, St. Louis,

Spiritual Realities,

The words of Jesus bring us face to face with spiritual realities, with sunlit and compelling clearness-realities of God, of sin, of duty, of immortalityand his words are inevitable and determinating. - Rev. Dr. N. Luccock, Methodist, St. Louis.

Divine Forgiveness.

If any heart is burdened by guilt, if any soul is stained by evil, if any life is crippled by the consequences of the past, this soul can be cured by divine forgiveness. Accept the pardon offered and sin no more. - Rev. Alexander Milne, Congregationalist, Duluth,

Heaven an Abiding Place. Heaven wherever located will be a place of inexpressible felicity that is the final abode of the divinely saved human spirit. It is called "a paradise," "a city," a "better country," a "building and mansion of God."-Dr. J. G. M. Luttenberger, Christian Church, St.

God's Blessings and Benefits.

There is a love of good will, of benevolence, which is content with doing good without asking return. God has this love for man. He has bestowed upon all mankind the goods of nature. the benefits of life, the blessings of his bounty.-Rev. Father Thomas F. Burke, Roman Catholic, Boston.

Ideals. It is true that we may not be able to

carry out our plans fully nor to reach our ideals. It is said that Raphael turned away from his Sistine Madonna disappointed; that Beethoven heard grander symphonies in his soul than he was able to write on paper.- Rev. J. B. Markward, Lutheran, Wilkinsburg, Pa. Prayer.

Prayer is a good thing in trouble if it shuts out all that brings misery and shows us the eye of God overlooking all. Nothing so pulls down the blinds or puts up the shutters on life as bitterness of soul. Nothing so brings light upon life to shut the eyes in prayer.-Rev. William T. Wilcox, Pres-

byterian, Chicago. A Dead Loss.

The social unrest and domestic upheaval caused by spring moving should be deplored and checked, not encouraged or condoned. It is a dead loss from almost every reasonable point of view. Often it is very unfair to children to take them out of a school where they have come to know the other pupils and the teachers. Then, too, it is a bad move to tear young people "up by the roots," so to speak, by sundering them from their social companions and acquaintances. This sort of thing works sad havoe in juvenile fives. Ev ery buman life has influences upon their lives, and when good influences of this sort are broken it often happen that we are never happy again.-Rev John Thompson, Methodist, Chicago,

Faith the Church Needs. We recognize Jesus as captain of our salvation. Upon shipboard faith In the captain may show itself in two

opposite and very different directions. One sort sends the passenger to his berth to shut his eyes, fold his hands and go to sleep, saying, "My good captain will bring this ship to port with no help from me." Too often the church has beld a faith in Christ that put people to sleep singing the old song. "Nothing more for me to do; Jesus did it all long, long-ago." Another has faith in his captain as guiding the ship aright, calling upon all hands to help set sails, hold the helm, obey the word of command and bring the ship to port, The church needs faith in Jesus as leader, commanding his followers to obey and sail the ship. How practical are his appeals-not "What do you think about me?" but "Follow me! "Ye are my friends if ye do whatso ever I command you." "Not they who cry 'Lord, Lord?' but they who do the Father's will enter heaven." - Rev. Rush R. Shippen, Unitarian, Atlanta

Judging of Men. It has been said with a great show

of truth that men have not only many of the physical features of their lower relations in their own faces, but also their evil characteristics. It is a sure sign of the lurking or open depravity of human nature that so many people are seeking out the weaknesses and folbles of their fellow men and pouncing upon all their shortcomings, even as the savage, merciless beast upon the mangley form at his feet. There is no consideration of the motives which may have led men to do that for which they are severely denounced, no weighing the arguments by which they may have been led to their decision, no putting of one's self in their place and looking at things from their point of view, and no regard paid to the circumstances, the difficulties, the temptations surrounding them. Especially in judging of men in public life should the four things be observed which Socrates what pronounced roupy conditions, required, "To hear courteously, to answer wisely, to consider soberly and to decide impartially." Broken hearts, unjustly ruined reputations and the unwillinguess of good men to serve in official life would then be far less frequent than now.-Bishop Samuel Fal-

lows, Episcopalian, Chicago.