

# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

### Chas. H. Fletcher

## The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

### ADVERTISEMENTS.

The first newspaper advertisement appeared in Great Britain in 1642. In Greece advertising was done by public criers. The first printed advertisement in England was got up by the celebrated printer Caxton. It announced the completion of a book called "the Pye of Salisbury."

The ancient Egyptians, Greeks, and Romans were the first to use bill-posters, some of which were found on the walls of buildings in Pompeii. It was not until the eighteenth century that the magazine and newspaper advertising became the recognized medium between manufacturer and buyer.

### GOLD.

The first mention which we have of gold is in the eleventh verse of the second chapter of Genesis, or in other words four thousand and four years before Christ.

Gold was used as money by the ancient Egyptians at a very early date. Herodotus tells that the invention of the coinage of gold belongs to Lydia, about 750 B. C. Authorities conflict about the first coinage of gold. Some say it was Miletus, and some the Persians, but there are no records to show just when.

Cheapest accident insurance—Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil. Stops the pain and heals the wound. All druggists sell it.

## IN NATURE'S LABORATORY.

Buried deep in our American forests, many years ago, Dr. Pierce found a beautiful, blooming plant the root of which possesses wonderful medicinal properties as a stomach and general tonic, also as an alterative or blood purifier and liver invigorator, having an especial affinity for all mucous surfaces upon which it exerts a most salutary, soothing and healing influence.

This sturdy little plant is known to botanists as *Hydrastis Canadensis*, but has several local English names, being generally known as Golden Seal. Dr. Pierce found the root of this common forest plant to possess medicinal principles of great potency, especially when combined, in just the right proportions, with Queen's root, Black Cherrybark, Stone root, Manihawk root and Blood root, the properties of each being extracted and preserved in chemically pure glycerine of proper strength.

This compound Dr. Pierce named his "Golden Medical Discovery," in honor of the sturdy little Golden Seal plant. So little used was the root of this plant by the medical profession at that time, that it could be purchased in the open markets for from fifteen cents to twenty cents a pound. The use of many tons of this root every year in Dr. Pierce's two leading medicines—for it enters into both "Golden Medical Discovery" and also into Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription as one of their most important ingredients—has caused the price of the root to advance until to-day it commands upwards of a dollar and a half a pound.

### DR. PIERCE'S FAITH.

Dr. Pierce believes that in our native forests are to be found an abundance of the most valuable medicinal plants for the cure of many distressing and most fatal maladies, if we would only seek them out, test them and learn how and for what diseases to use them. Furthermore, he believes that the vegetable kingdom is the one to resort to for the most harmless remedial agents. They act most kindly upon the human system and are eliminated or carried out of the body by the natural functions without injury, even in cases where it is necessary to make protracted use of them in order to experience permanent cures. Dr. Pierce's medicines being purely vegetable, are perfectly harmless. In other words, while they are potent to cure, being purely vegetable in composition and containing no alcohol, they leave no bad effects behind. This is not generally true when mineral medicines and those containing large percentages of alcohol are taken into the system and their use protracted over considerable periods of time.

Many years ago, Dr. Pierce discovered that chemically pure glycerine, of proper strength, is a better solvent and preservative of the medicinal principles residing in our indigenous, or native, medicinal plants than is alcohol; and, furthermore, that it possesses intrinsic medicinal properties of its own, being demulcent, nutritive, antiseptic and a most efficient anti-ferment.

### THEY STAND ALONE.

The fact that neither Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the great stomach tonic, liver invigorator, heart regulator and blood purifier, nor his "Favorite Prescription" for weak, nerv-

ous, over-worked and broken down women contains any alcohol, entitles them to a place *all by themselves*. They are neither patent medicines nor secret ones either, for every bottle of Dr. Pierce's world-famed medicines leaving the great laboratory at Buffalo, N. Y., has printed upon its wrapper all the ingredients entering into its composition. This is why so many unprejudiced physicians now prescribe them and recommend them to their patients when they would not think of advising the use of a secret nostrum. They know what they are composed of, and that the ingredients are those endorsed by the most eminent medical authorities of all schools of practice.

### ALL RIGHTS PROTECTED.

The exact working formula for making Dr. Pierce's medicines without the use of a drop of alcohol and preserving them unimpaired in any climate for any length of time, cost Dr. Pierce and his assistant chemists and pharmacists a tedious course of study and experiments, extending over several years. With the use of chemically pure glycerine, of just the right strength, and with laboratory apparatus and appliances specially invented and designed to carry on the delicate processes employed, Dr. Pierce finally found that all the medicinal principles residing in the several native medicinal roots could be more perfectly extracted and better preserved from fermentation than if alcohol was employed.

Besides the glycerine, of itself, possesses the property of greatly enhancing the efficacy of the several medicinal agents employed, whereas alcohol is well known to be objectionable in any medicine to be employed in chronic or lingering diseases, where, at best, treatment must be continued over a considerable period of time in order to make the cure complete and permanent.

The exact proportion of the several ingredients used in these medicines as well as the working formula and peculiar process, apparatus and appliances employed in their manufacture, are withheld from publicity that Dr. Pierce's proprietary rights may not be infringed and trespassed upon by unprincipled imitators and those who may be piratically inclined.

In favor of Dr. Pierce's medicines is the frank, confiding, open, honest statement of their full composition, giving every ingredient in plain English, without fear of successful criticism and with confidence that the good sense of the afflicted will lead them to appreciate this honorable manner of confiding to them what they are taking into their stomachs when making use of these medicines.

A little book of extracts from many standard medical works of all the different schools of practice, including, in the strongest terms, all the several ingredients entering into Dr. Pierce's medicines and telling what diseases these most valuable medicinal agents will cure, will be mailed free to any address by Dr. R. V. Pierce, at Buffalo, N. Y., on receipt of request for same by letter or postal card.

### HINDOO CREMATION.

The Funeral Pyre and the Rites Before the Burning.

Toward the upper end of the ghats is the burning ground. There are no steps here, but a slope of beaten dirt. Stop half an hour and you may see every step of the cremation rites. Sitting on stone ramps above, to the right and left, are friends and relatives of the dead ones. The figure to the right, huddled up in a bright green wrap, is of the lowest caste of Hindoo and keeps the mat shed near by, where the sacred fire for igniting every corpse is for sale. You hear hoarse, loud cries of "Ram! Ramana!" and, behold, a burial procession is coming down the slope. Four men carry the corpse slung between two bamboo poles and cry to the god Ram. He is the personification of filial love, and thus it is meet that they should call him to witness. They swing down to the river and immerse the corpse. It is wrapped in a white shroud stained with red blotches. Then they lift the head slightly out of the water and remove the shroud from the face, splashing water five times upon the mouth. Others in the meantime are building a wooden pyre, made of fagots sold near by and when finished standing three feet or more above ground. The corpse, its dark color showing through the dripping shroud, is then placed on the wooden altar and covered with fagots. This done, all but two mount the ramps and watch the final ceremony. Of the two remaining, one pours oil upon the wood from a small clay dish, while the other goes to the fire house above. He soon returns with a long straw wisp, blazing at one end. He advances to the corpse's head, touches it with the wisp and then circles the pyre five times, touching the head each time until the fifth, when he places the blazing wisp beneath the feet, and the whole pile bursts into flame. When all is consumed the ashes are raked into the river and float away to bliss eternal.—F. J. O. Alsop in Outlook.

### THE UNDER MARRIAGE.

Wedding Customs and Follies That Prevail in Holland.

In Holland two weeks before a marriage takes place cards are sent out declaring that the banns have been published. This is called an "under marriage." The card also announces when the final marriage is to take place. The wedding itself is a small affair, and the civil marriage is the only one recognized by law. A church wedding is usually looked upon as a concession to either fashion or sentimentality and is called a "consecration of the marriage." The couple enter the church behind the family members, bridesmaids and other attendants. They are shown to seats before the whole assembly, and the clergyman comes in with two witnesses long after the others have been seated. He first makes a prayer, then delivers a sermon on a suitable text, which usually brings the bride to tears. After that the couple are married. Then a hymn is sung and the blessing given. The whole occupies about an hour and a quarter. Before leaving the church a huge Bible is presented to the bridegroom. During the two weeks of waiting between the "under marriage" and the real marriage all the wedding festivities take place. The happy couple are literally surfeited with dinners, balls and theater parties, and all manner of practical jokes are played on the pair. At the dinner toasts innumerable are given, and at each the whole company rises from the table to sound and touch glasses with the bride and groom who never rise. Among their friends the idea is not to allow the couple a night of sleep, if possible, before the wedding day.

### Canny John Sherman.

The late Secretary John Sherman showed his talent for finagling at an early age. He and two of his brothers had been given a sum of money with which to pay their board while on a shooting trip for a week at the house of a farmer near Lancaster, O., their home.

The week ended, John ordered the wagon and paid his board. But the farmer refused the money, saying that the sons of Judge Sherman would always be welcome guests. When John found that he did not have to pay his board he sent the wagon back to the barn and stayed another week.—Lippincott's.

### Scholarly Version.

On the campus of Emory college, in Oxford, Ga., there is a table to the memory of Ignatius Few, the first president. One day a freshman was crossing the campus with his cousin, who asked him to explain the inscription on the stone.

"Vivit—non—mortuus—est," she read slowly. "What does that mean, Will?"

"That," said the freshman easily, "oh, that means, 'He lives—no, he don't, he's dead.'"

### An Odd Epitaph.

The following epitaph is to be read on a tombstone at Saragossa, Spain: "Here lies John Quebecca, precursor to my lord the king. When he is admitted to the choir of angels, whose society he will embellish and where he will distinguish himself by his powers of song, God shall say to his angels, 'Cease, ye calves, and let Me hear John Quebecca, the precursor to my lord the king.'"

"I don't see what sense there is in you women dressing so expensively." "That's just the way papa used to talk."

### PITIFABLE IMPROVIDENCE.

The Way Money is Wasted Through Ignorance of Food Values.

Examples of glaring ignorance of food values may well be culled from the notes of those experts who have visited the poor of the different cities. In the slums of Chicago it was found that a woman whose husband was out of work and whose family was living on a few cents a day bought lettuce, a food so unnutritious that, at least when out of season and high in price, it is a luxury even for the rich. This woman sacrificed the inexpensive but nutritious classes of foods for leaves containing over 80 per cent of water and 15 per cent of refuse. It has been truthfully said that a man would starve to death on a diet of lettuce alone.

Pitiable improvidence was found in the New York slums. A watchman was feeding his family at the rate of 14 cents per person a day—all that he could afford—yet his wife bought expensive cuts of beef instead of the equally nutritious cuts of lower price; also large quantities of butter whose value might have been invested in dried beans and more bread. She also wasted money on soda crackers and jambed costing two or three times as much as bread and containing no more nutrition. It was estimated that his wife might have obtained about eight times as much nutrition for her money had she substituted dried peas for green peas. Another large saving would have been the substitution of fresh for condensed milk.—John E. Watkins in Reader Magazine.

### THEY WERE GLUTTONS.

The Gormands of the Eighteenth Century in England.

Plenty was the watchword of the eighteenth century gormand in England. His tables groaned under an array of food warranted to take away the appetite of all save the Gargantuas of the day. One blessing was evolved from the old sops and the later bisques and ollos-soup, which now was ever the prelude to the dinner. It was removed for meat or fish—a chine of mutton and three ducks in the case of Squire Hill at Teddington, who, for entrees to support them, offered pullets with eggs, fillet of beef and scollops, turkey en daube, stewed carp, veal a la royale, fricasseed chicken, with ham and pigeons for center dish. This was but the first course or relay. Next came the roasts—two pheasants and four partridges and six teal, and now, for side dishes, sweetbreads and marrow, four woodcock and ten snipe, salmon and smelts, marrow pudding, fow quarter of lamb and oyster leaves. For center dish, mince pie. And men ate and survived, and still had heart within them to wait the removal of the cloth, and, greeting the dessert, sat upon the mahogany until indeed they fell beneath it. After all, gormand is not the name for such as these. They were gluttons.

### A DOG IS ALWAYS HONEST.

He Can't Growl and Wag His Tail at the Same Time.

"There is one peculiar thing about dogs," remarked a well known local fancier and huntsman, and that is you never saw one pant and wag his tail at the same time. A dog is not capable of a double emotion. He can't growl and wag his tail at the same time, for it is impossible for him to be mad at one end and glad at the other.

"If a dog is glad to see his master he will bark and wag his tail. If he wants to get into the house he will paw at the door, whine and wag his tail, but they are all symptoms of one and the same emotion. But if his master opens the door he will cease to show anxiety immediately by whining and will show pleasure only by the wagging of his tail."

"In order to get a man's temper one must watch his eyes, but for a dog's you have to watch his tail. The dog is likewise incapable of deceit, and hence he is nothing of a politician. He deceives no one, not even his master. If he is overjoyed every emotion is indicative of that fact, and his whole makeup gives ample testimony to it. If he is displeased or angered it is the same way."—Houston Post.

### A Double Presentation.

John Kendrick Bangs once ran across a gift copy of one of his books in a secondhand bookshop, still having this inscription on the fly leaf: "To his friend, J. G., with the regards and the esteem of J. K. Bangs, July, 1899." Mr. Bangs bought the copy and sent it to his friend again with a second inscription beneath, "This book, bought in a secondhand bookshop, is re-presented to J. G. with renewed and reiterated regards and esteem by J. K. Bangs, December, 1899."

### The Same Thing.

"What makes you think you have great business ability?" laughed the successful business man. "Why, you've never made a dollar!"

"But you forget, dear," replied his energetic wife, "that I made you!"—Detroit Free Press.

### Playing Indian.

Mamma—Playing Indian is so rough. Why are you crying? Have they been scalping you again? Spotted Panther, alias Willie—No, mamma. We have been smoking the pipe of peace.—Stray Stories.

### He Saw It.

"Yes, she's pretty, but a poor conversationalist. She seldom says a word. I can't understand why so many men propose to her."

### THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

Some Facts Concerning It That Are Not Generally Known.

Though every schoolboy presumably knows to a nicety where the Cape of Good Hope is situated, there does undoubtedly prevail in less enlightened circles some vagueness of conception as to the exact locality of that celebrated headland. Even the gentle reader is faintly conscious of uncertainty and answers with a bristiness not born of conviction: "The Cape of Good Hope? Why, of course I know where it is. Down at the end of South Africa." Gentle reader, you are not very far out, fifty or a hundred miles perhaps. And, as you say, it is not of the slightest consequence from a practical point of view.

The Cape of Good Hope lies at a considerable distance from the end and is, in fact, the middle of the three promontories, severally inconspicuous, which jointly terminate a slender peninsula, some twenty miles in length, forming the barrier between False bay and the Atlantic ocean on the west. These three headlands, lying near together and "commonly undivided on a map of moderate scale, are locally designated Cape Point. It was here that Bartholomew Diaz first encountered in full force the prevalent southeasterly gales and denounced the rugged, threatening, threefold promontory under the sounding appellation of the Cape of Storms, to be afterward rechristened by pious, trustful hearts the Cape of Good Hope. The Cape of Storms, the Cape of Good Hope, Cape Farewell! Is there nothing in a name?

### TOBACCO HEART.

The Way Smoking Acts Upon and Injures the System.

Are you "learning to smoke," boys? Learning by heart—"tobacco heart"? Read what a doctor says in the Medical Summary and then enjoy your smoke—if you can:

In smoking tobacco we take in carbonic oxide, several ammonias and a very poisonous oil containing nicotine. The ammonias and nicotine are the substances which by acting in numerous directions are so injurious to the system. The ammonias act on the blood, making it alkaline and fluid, thereby impairing its nutritive property.

The stomach is debilitated and dyspepsia induced. The innervation of the heart is disturbed, its action is weak, irregular and intermittent, and faintness and vertigo are the consequences.

Owing to the disturbances in the blood and heart the process of nutrition is slow, and in the young seriously affected tissue is paralyzed and vision is impaired.

Tobacco is essentially a functional rather than an organic poison. It modifies the special energies and not the structure. Tobacco is eliminated by the kidneys and very rapidly; consequently the bad effects quickly disappear under proper treatment if, however, the habit is given up.

### The Larkspur.

Great vigilance has to be exercised by the antiquarian painter. This was demonstrated by Sir Laurence Alma-Tadema's picture "The Finding of Moses." Looking at the picture, a well known botanist examined with admiration the painting of the lifelike larkspurs which form the foreground, and then, turning toward the artist and congratulating him on the successful rendering, pointed out that larkspurs were of a comparatively recent growth. The painter laughed as he replied, "So I thought, until dried specimens of them were discovered in some of the recently explored royal tombs of Egypt."

### Fishy.

Mother (reproachfully, to her small son)—Jamie, where have you been all afternoon? Jamie (uneasily)—At Sunday school, mamma. Mother—Then how is it you are wet and smell so of fish? Jamie (in desperation)—Well, you see, I've been studying about Jonah and the whale, and—well—I guess it came off on my clothes.—Harper's Weekly.

### Lack of Perception.

"Dat dog o' mine," said Erastus Pinkly, "keeps on a-tryin' to whup ev'ry four footed critter dat comes down de road."

"He must be a fighter."

"No, sub. He ain' no fighter, but he don' seem able to recognize de fact."—Washington Star.

### The Place For Him.

"Notwithstanding what you say about Kraftie," said Godard, "he seems to be a loyal fellow. He appears to keep in with his friends."

# O. R. & N.

## UNION PACIFIC OREGON SHORT LINE

### AND UNION PACIFIC THREE TRAINS TO THE EAST DAILY

Through Pullman standard and Tourist sleeping cars daily to Omaha, Chicago, Spokane; tourist sleeping cars daily to Kansas City; through Pullman tourist sleeping cars (personally conducted) weekly to Chicago, Kansas City, reclining chairs (seats free to the east daily.)

70 HOURS Portland to Chicago 70 No Change of Cars.

| Depart.                                     | Time Schedules.   | Arrive     |
|---|---|------------|
| Chicago-Portland Special 9:15 a. m.         | Salt Lake, Denver, Ft. Worth, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago and East.              | 6:25 p. m. |
| Atlantic Express 8:15 p. m. via Huntington. | Salt Lake, Denver, Ft. Worth, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago and East.              | 8:00 a. m. |
| St. Paul Fast Mail 6:15 p. m. via Spokane.  | Walla Walla, Lewiston, Spokane, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth, Milwaukee, Chicago and East. | 7:15 a. m. |

### Ocean and River Schedule

For San Francisco—Every five days and p. m. For Astoria, way points and Portland, Oregon. \$8 p. m. Saturday at 10 p. m. Daily service (water permitting) on Willamette and Yamhill rivers. For detailed information of rates, The Oregon Railroad & Navigation Co., your nearest ticket agent or General Passenger Agent, A. L. CRAIG.

## Astoria & Columbia River Railroad Co.

| Leaves.          | UNION DEPOT   | Arrives.          |
|------------------|---|-------------------|
| 8:00 A.M. Daily. | For Maygers, Rainier, Clatskanie, Westport Clifton, Astoria, Warrenton, Flavel, Hammond, Fort Stevens, Gearhart Park, Seaside, Astoria and Seaside. Express Daily. Astoria Express. | Daily. 11:10 A.M. |
| 7:00 P.M.        |   | 9:40 P.M.         |

C. A. STEWART, Comm'l. Agt., 548 Alder Street, Phone Main 395. J. C. MATO, G. F. & P. A., Astoria, Or.

## UPPER WILLAMETTE RIVER ROUTE.

SALEM, INDEPENDENCE, ALBANY, CORVALLIS AND WAY LANDINGS.

Leave Portland 6:45 a. m. daily (except Sunday) for Salem and way points. Leave Portland 6:45 Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Independence, Albany and Corvallis.

Regular service, courteous treatment and prompt dispatch are our specialties. OREGON CITY TRANSPORTATION CO. Office and Dock: Foot Taylor Street Phone Main 40.

## COLUMBIA RIVER SCENERY. Portland and The Dalles ROUTE

REGULATOR LINE Steamers

"BAILEY GATZERT" "DALLES CITY" "REGULATOR" "METLAKO" "SADIE B."

Str. "Bailey Gatzert" leaves Portland 7 A. M. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; leaves The Dalles 7 A. M. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Str. "Regulator" leaves Portland 7 A. M. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; leaves The Dalles 7 A. M. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Steamers leaving Portland make daily connection at Lyle with C. R. & N. train for Goldendale and Kllickit Valley points.

C. R. & N. train leaves Goldendale on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 6:30 A. M., making connection with steamer "Regulator" for Portland and way points. C. R. & N. train leaves Goldendale on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6:30 A. M., connecting at Lyle with steamer "Sadie B." for The Dalles, connecting there with O. R. & N. trains East and West. Str. "Sadie B." leaves Cascade Locks daily (except Sunday) at 7 A. M. for The Dalles and way points; arrives at 11 A. M.; leaves The Dalles 3 P. M., arrives Cascade Locks 6 P. M.

Meals served on all steamers. Fine accommodations for teams and wagons. Landing at Portland at Alder Street Dock. MARCUS TALBOT, V. P. & G. M. Gen. Office, Portland, Oregon.

# CASTORIA

## For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*