

Stupendous Sale

We are retiring from business and must vacate our premises within 60 days, so we are compelled to slaughter our immense stock of reasonable merchandise at unheard-of low prices. The greatest money-saving values ever offered the public. Note a few of the many purse openers:

Clothing	PANTS	SHOES
\$20 Suits at \$12.95	Boys' Clothing Reduced 45 per cent.	\$5 Men's Shoes at \$3.65
18 " " 11.15	Odd Lots \$4.50 Pants at \$2.25	4 " " " 3.05
15 " " 9.70	Regular \$4 Pants, \$1.90	3.50 Men's and Women's Shoes at \$2.50
10 " " 6.25	" \$3 " 1.45	3.00 Men's and Women's Shoes, \$2.35
	All others reduced in proportion.	2.50 Men's and Women's Shoes, \$1.80
		Children's Shoes below cost.

Furnishing Goods below cost; Hats at less than manufacturers' prices and all other merchandise down to bedrock prices. Come early while good selections can be had.

J. M. PRICE

THE CLOTHIER
Sixth and Main Street Oregon City, Oregon

SHAVER IS KILLED.

(Continued from Page 1.)
the Milwaukee with every facility needed.

It is said by railroad engineers that ed having been a member of all of these orders. Rev. E. S. Hollinger, pastor of the First Congregational church made a few remarks and at the conclusion of the services, which were brief, the remains were taken to Riverview cemetery, near Portland, for interment, the steamer Undine having been chartered for the funeral party. During the services, a number of selections were sung by a quartette consisting of Miss Grace Marshall, Miss Marks, J. W. Loder and C. H. Dye.

The business houses of the city closed during the time of the funeral and the people of the city assembled in one great throng to pay a last tribute of regard to a faithful, fearless and efficient officer and a highly respected and honored citizen.

Sketch of Sheriff Shaver.

John R. Shaver was a native of this state, having been born at Silverton 53 years ago, of pioneer stock, his parents having crossed the plains in 1851. When a young man Mr. Shaver was engaged in the livery stable business in East Portland, at one time serving as deputy assessor for East Portland before that district was incorporated into the city proper. Subsequently he removed to Clackamas county and located on a farm near Molalla, where he resided until July, 1902, when, following his election as Sheriff, he removed with his family to this city. Sheriff Shaver had one of the best farms in the county and was an extensive raiser of blooded cattle, with which his farm is very plentifully supplied. At the close of his first term as Sheriff, Mr. Shaver was renominated and re-elected and would have concluded his second term in July.

Sheriff Shaver was a thorough, careful, painstaking and conscientious official. He was one of the substantial citizens of the county and his friends were legion. He was a faithful official, an esteemed neighbor and a valued friend.

Sheriff Shaver's immediate family consists of a wife, two sons and three daughters, living in Oregon City. The children are: Misses Zelma, Ella and Genevieve, Earl and Lloyd Shaver. He also leaves his mother, two brothers and three sisters, living in Portland, and a brother George, who is now in Alaska. The two brothers in Portland are J. W. and Delmer Shaver, of the Shaver Transportation Company. The sisters are Mrs. Herman Wittenberg, Mrs. George Hoyt and Mrs. Albert S. Heintz.

Death Greatly Deplored.

Interest in the pursuit of the desperado Frank Smith was only surpassed locally by the general grief that followed the announcement of the death of John R. Shaver. The cowardly and unprovoked murder in cold blood of Officer Hanlon and Sheriff Shaver served to intensify the general excitement that has existed here during the last ten days.

H. W. Trembath Appointed Sheriff.

The County Court Wednesday afternoon appointed Constable H. W. Trembath, of this city, as Sheriff to fill the unexpired term of the late Sheriff Shaver. The deceased official was serving his second term which would have expired Monday, July 2. Mr. Trembath, the appointee, is a native son of Clackamas county and for the last two years has served as constable of the Oregon City justice district, being renominated at the recent primary election for a second term.

Resolutions Are Adopted.

At a meeting of the Clackamas County Republican Central Committee held here Monday, the following resolutions offered by Jas. U. Campbell, on the death of Sheriff Shaver, were unanimously adopted by a rising vote of the committee:

"Whereas, John R. Shaver, Sheriff was brutally murdered on the 28th day of April, 1906, in the discharge of his duty, and,

"Whereas, it is with sorrow that every good citizen has heard of the great misfortune that has befallen the county in the death of this brave officer, and,

"Whereas, the greatest devotion to one's country that any citizen is capable of is that he lays down his life in the discharge of his duty, therefore, be it

"Resolved, That in the death of Sheriff Shaver the county has lost a brave and efficient officer and the country a respected and honored citizen. Be it further

"Resolved, that this committee tender the family of the deceased its sincere sympathy in the irreparable loss they have sustained by the death of the husband and father. Be it further

"Resolved, That the example of Sheriff Shaver in his courage and devotion to duty be commended to all citizens and officials."

BAR ASSOCIATION MEETS.

At a meeting of the Clackamas County Bar Association, presided over by Judge T. A. McBride, a committee of five members was appointed to prepare resolutions on the death of Sheriff J. R. Shaver. The members of the committee, consisting of three attorneys and two of the county officials are: Franklin T. Griffith, C. D. Latourette and John F. Clark; County Clerk Greenman and County Treasurer Cahill. The Association also requested that business men of Oregon City close their places of business Wednesday from 10 until 11:30 a. m., during the time of the funeral services over the late sheriff.

THE COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL.

In our educational system of today, there are a great many fundamentals which are settled, which we look upon as the natural order of things, which many suppose could never have been questioned. Among these essentials is the principle that our public schools shall be free. As thoroughly established, as almost universally unquestioned as this principle is today, yet there was a time in the early part of the nineteenth century when

this was a vital issue undergoing the heat of popular discussion. The arguments then advanced, that each family should educate its own children at private expense, that a person without children should not be taxed to educate his neighbor's children, and that families may have their children uneducated if they so desire—these arguments today are not considered worthy of second thought. All recognize that it is for the welfare of the state and therefore the duty of the state to see that its future citizens are educated. All realize that it is beneficial to have intelligent neighbors, that the safety of life and property, and that the existence of the nation itself depends upon education.

Yet there are some who are advancing these same arguments against the County High School. It is true that some will be taxed who will send no children to the school, never-the-less they will be benefitted indirectly. A constant stream of young people of high school education passing out into the social life of a community will affect it in every department. The rural districts will receive better teachers, the business men better help. The state recognizes the benefit of having Universities and Normal Schools, the county ought to recognize the benefits accruing from high schools. As the state is the unit for college education the county is the unit for the high school. The district is too small to secure the greatest economy.

The significance of education cannot be appreciated without considering the fact that the school gives the power to continue one's education with increasing skill throughout life. Our knowledge is acquired by personal experience and by absorbing the thoughts and experiences of others. The illiterate may grow slowly in mental power by reason of his experience in life. But how much more rapidly will his educated companion grow by means of his ability to profit by the experiences of others. How much more will he accomplish in a given time and how much more greater will be his ability to serve his fellow man? What man accomplishes and his success in life is gained largely by experience yet the rapidly with which he accumulates those experiences depends upon his powers at the beginning. A business man of 40 may look with contempt upon the high school graduate of 20, but beware! that 20 year graduate may possess powers which with 20 years' experience will enable him to far outstep his former despatcher.

With a high school graduate there are opened new windows out of which to observe man and nature—physics and chemistry give the laws of science, history the successes and failures of man, and algebra and geometry the exact thought of mathematics. With this better training, success surely awaits the young man or woman of ordinary ability.

We may pause here and ask the question, "What makes our civilization greater than another?" Why is

it that the Indian, the Chinese, and the Philippine civilization is not as good as ours or that of European countries? Evidently the answer is, it is on account of the civilization of the people. The accomplishments of one or two great men are not taken as the civilization of the race, for if this were so there would not be a great difference between nations, since there are great men in all lands. It is the intelligence, the power, the activity of the great mass of people, that determines the rank of a nation among the civilized people of the world.

This being true, the phenomenal growth of high schools in the United States is an object of pride of every true American. The county high school is not an untried experiment. Its growth has been very rapid in the middle west during the past ten years. Ohio leads with 88 township high schools, Indiana next with 69. Montana had 11 county high schools in 1902 while Oregon had but one. These statistics are according to the report of the United States Commissioner of Education's report for 1903. Oregon has now four county high schools—one each in Crook, Wheeler, Klamath and Harney counties. All these are much more sparsely settled than Clackamas county, and do not have as good facilities for communication. Why cannot Clackamas county have a high school? Let the voters answer at the next election. In our hands is placed the decision of a question which cannot fail but affect the position which this county shall take among the counties of this state in educational affairs. Shall we, for perchance a half mill tax, cast obstacle in the way of our boys and girls starting out in life as well equipped as any in the state? Let us answer June 4.

L. A. READ.

Dyspepsia is America's curse. Burdock Blood Bitters conquers dyspepsia every time. It drives out impurities, tones the stomach, restores perfect digestion, normal weight, and good health.

SPECIAL RATES FROM THE EAST.

Colonist's tickets will be sold from the East to points on the Oregon lines of the Southern Pacific Co. via Portland, commencing February 15 and continuing daily to and including April 7 and from September 15 until October 31. The rates from some of the principal points are: Chicago, \$25; Bloomington, Ill., \$31.80; St. Louis, \$30; Omaha, \$25; Kansas City, \$25; Council Bluffs, \$25; St. Joseph, \$25; Sioux City, \$25; Denver, \$25; corresponding rates will be made from other points and will appear to all points on Oregon lines.

Persons desiring to pay for tickets to bring anyone from the East or middle West to Oregon may deposit the amount required with the local agent of the S. P. The company will do the rest. For further information inquire at any Southern Pacific ticket office.

ACTIVE, EARNEST, PERSISTENT EFFORT

GENERALLY NECESSARY TO DISLodge AN ENEMY.

Energetic, persevering action is generally necessary to overcome the obstacles and attain great and noble ends in life. No, too, if one is afflicted with a dread disease, which has fastened itself upon some of the organs of the body and become firmly seated as a lingering or chronic malady, active and persistent treatment is generally necessary to dislodge the enemy.

Since any medical treatment, however good it may be, must be long continued in order to be effective in old-established and therefore obstinate cases, how important that the remedial agencies employed be of a harmless character. To be safe and harmless, when their use is thus protracted, they should be of such nature as to be easily eliminated or carried out of the system when they have performed their work, just as the refuse of food is carried out of the system. Most mineral medicines are not thus easily gotten rid of. Take arsenic, for instance, if introduced into the system in any considerable quantity it will lodge in the brain, liver, kidneys and other parts and there remain as a foreign body to set up irritation and disease for a long period of time if death does not sooner intervene. This is also true of most mineral medicines.

With medicines of vegetable composition it is different. They do their work by aiding the natural functions of the several organs of the body for which they have an affinity, and like the refuse of our food, are carried out of the system through the natural excretories—the lungs, skin, kidneys and bowels. Thus no injury is done to the system in cases where the use of such medicines is continued for a long period of time. Especially is this true if the medicine taken is free from alcohol. It is well known, however, that even small portions of alcohol taken for a considerable period of time will do serious injury to the bodily organs and functions and especially to the brain. How important then, in choosing a medicine for treating a malady of long standing, and when medicines must, in order to cure, be perseveringly taken for a considerable period of time, that those only should be used which are known to be free from alcohol and of vegetable composition.

With most medicines put up for family use and sold through druggists, their composition is kept a profound secret, known only to those who compound and put them out for sale. Any afflicted person who buys and uses them, does so, as it were, in the dark, if not indeed at his or her peril. They may and generally do contain a very large percentage of alcohol or cheap whiskey which thoroughly unfit them for protracted use. But this is not the worst fault of many of them, objectionable though it is. Narcotics and mineral poisons, which we have shown to be so harmful, especially when used protractedly, are contained in many of these secret compounds.

To overcome the well-grounded and reasonable objections of the more intelligent to the use of secret, medicinal compounds, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., some time ago, decided to make a bold departure from the usual course pursued by the makers of put-up medicines for domestic use, and so has published broadcast and openly to the whole world, a full and complete list of all the ingredients entering into the composition of his widely celebrated medicines. Thus he has taken his numerous patrons and patients into his full confidence. Thus too he has removed his medicines from among secret nostrums of doubtful merits, and made every *Remedy of Known Composition*. By this bold step he has shown that his formulas are of such excellence that he is not afraid to subject them to the fullest scrutiny. He has come to believe, and is willing to concede, that his patients and all who take his put-up medicines have a

perfect right to know what they are taking into their stomachs.

Not only does the wrapper of every bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the famous medicine for weak stomachs, torpid liver, biliousness and all catarrhal diseases wherever located have printed upon it, in plain English, a full and complete list of all the ingredients composing it, but a small book has been compiled from numerous standard medical works, of all the different schools of practice, containing very numerous extracts from the writings of leading practitioners of medicine, endorsing in the strongest possible terms, each and every ingredient contained in Dr. Pierce's medicines. One of these little books will be mailed free to any one sending an address on postal card or by letter, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and requesting the same. From this little book it will be learned that Dr. Pierce's medicines contain no alcohol, narcotics, mineral agents or other poisonous or injurious agents; that they are made from indigenous, or native, medicinal roots of great value, the properties of which are extracted and perfectly preserved by the use of triple-refined, chemically pure glycerine of proper strength. It will also be found that the glycerine employed greatly enhances the curative principles of the several roots employed, as it is the best possible solvent of their medicinal principles, besides possessing intrinsic medicinal value of its own, being a fine demulcent, nutritive, antiseptic and astringent.

From perusing this little book of extracts, it will be found that some of the most valuable ingredients contained in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for weak, nervous, over-worked, "run-down," and debilitated women, were employed, long years ago, by the Indians for similar ailments affecting their squaws. In fact, one of the most valuable medicinal plants entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was known to the Indians as "Squaw-Weed." Our knowledge of the uses of not a few of our most valuable native medicinal plants was gained from the Indians.

As made up by improved and exact processes, the "Favorite Prescription" is a most efficient remedy for regulating all the womanly functions, correcting displacements, as prolapsus, anteversion and retroversion, overcoming painful periods, toning up the nerves and bringing about a perfect state of health. It cures the headache, the dragging-down distress in the pelvic region, the pain and tenderness over the ovaries, dries up the pelvic catarrhal drain, sods disagreeable and weakening, and overcomes every form of weakness incident to the organs distinctly feminine.

"Favorite Prescription" is the only medicine for women, the makers of which are not afraid to print their formula on the bottle wrapper, thus taking their patrons into their full confidence. It is the only medicine for women, every ingredient of which has the strongest possible endorsement of the womanly functions, correcting displacements and writers of our day, recommending it for the diseases for which "Favorite Prescription" is used. It is the only put-up medicine for women, sold through druggists, which does not contain a large percentage of alcohol, so harmful in the long run, especially to delicate women. It has more genuine cures to its credit than all other medicines for women combined, having saved thousands of sufferers from the surgeon's knife. It has restored delicate, weak women to strong and vigorous health and vitality, making motherhood possible where there was barrenness before, thereby brightening and making happy many thousands of homes by the advent of little ones to strengthen the marital bonds and add sunshine where gloom and despondency had reigned before.

Circus coming to Oregon City WEDNESDAY, MAY 9

100 CIRCUS CHAMPIONS AND CELEBRITIES 100

22 FAMOUS EQUESTRIANS
18 Daring Aerialists
23 MERRY CLOWNS

42 DOUBLE LENGTH R. R. CARS

500 PEOPLE
350 HORSES
MUSEUM
Double Menagerie
Real Roman Hippodrome
Scores of Trained Wild Beasts
Pretty EDNA MARETTA
Thundering Roman Chariot Races
Educated SEALS & SEA LIONS
A COMPLETE JAPANESE CIRCUS
9 SENSATIONAL EQUILIBRISTS
Only Lady Japanese Artists in America
20 Astonishing Acrobats
HIGHEST JUMPING HORSES
HERDS PERFORMING ELEPHANTS
CAMELS, LLAMAS AND BOS INDIGUS
CAKE WALKING HORSES
TRAINED IMPORTED ARABIAN STALLIONS

Grand STREET PARADE 10:30 DAILY

THE BEAUTIFUL
Le Fleur Troupe
10 Lovely Ladies of Faultless Form in Classic Poses on a Great Revolving Pedestal.

America's Greatest Cyclists and Roller Skaters
Stirk (10) Family
Marvelous Picards
Aerialists Supreme
7 Russian Cossacks
SUPERB GARLAND ENTREE

TWO PERFORMANCES, AT 2 AND 8 P. M.