

Oregon City Enterprise

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REPUBLICAN TICKET.

- United States Senator—Short Term—Fred W. Mulkey, of Multnomah County. United States Senator—Term beginning March 4, 1907—Jonathan Bourne, Jr., of Multnomah County. Congressman, First District—W. C. Hawley, of Marion Co. Congressman, Second District—W. R. Ellis, of Multnomah County. Governor—Dr. James Withycombe, of Benton County. Secretary of State—Frank W. Benson, of Douglas County. State Treasurer—George A. Steel, of Clackamas County. Supreme Judge—Robert Eakin, of Union County. Superintendent of Public Instruction—J. H. Ackerman, of Multnomah County. State Printer—Willis S. Dunaway, of Multnomah County. Attorney-General—A. M. Crawford, of Douglas County. Joint Senator—Clackamas and Multnomah Counties—A. A. Halley, of Multnomah County. Joint Representative—Clackamas and Multnomah Counties—Jas U. Campbell, of Clackamas County. County Ticket. State Senator—Geo. C. Brownell. Representatives—C. H. Dye, C. G. Huntley, Linn E. Jones, Judge—Grant B. Dimick. Commissioner—John Lewellen. Sheriff—Eli C. Maddock. Clerk—Fred W. Greenman. Recorder—Chauncey E. Ramsby. Treasurer—J. C. Paddock. Surveyor—S. A. D. Hungate. Coroner—R. L. Holman. District. Justice of the Peace—Livy Stipp. Constable—H. W. Trembath.

NOW FOR SUCCESS.

The Republicans of Clackamas County are now ready for business. At a meeting of the County Central Committee in this city Monday, organization was completed by the election of C. Schuebel as county chairman. Vacancies were filled by appointment of new committeemen and the organization is now ready to do effective work.

For reasons stated last week, the Enterprise will support and work for the entire state, district, county and precinct tickets, with the exception of State Senator.

With this one exception the Enterprise feels that good, clean and competent men have been nominated for the different offices; men who are qualified for the places they seek and who are deserving of the votes of the electors of the county.

But there remains work to be done. The Democrats have planned a strenuous campaign that is to be carried into every precinct in the county. An extra effort will be made to re-elect Governor Chamberlain as well as the Congressman for this district and a number of the county officers.

In this, the minority party should be disappointed. With Dr. James Withycombe, a candidate for Governor, there is no longer any demand for continuing Governor Chamberlain as the State's chief executive. In a county that gives a normal Republican majority of 700, and with good men generally on the Republican ticket, there is no excuse for the success of the minority party. If Republicans stand by their nominees, there will be elected no Democrats. Just what claim on Republican votes a Democratic candidate has, who never himself has voted for any other candidate than a Democrat is not plain to see. But in order to be elected, the candidates of the minority party must receive a great many Republican votes. Are they going to do it?

OREGON'S NEXT GOVERNOR.

Dr. James Withycombe, of Benton County, has received the nomination for Governor on the Republican ticket. That his election will follow in June is assured if Republicans do their duty. And they will do it. There is not a single objection that can be urged against the candidacy of Dr. Withycombe. He is a perfectly clean man and the Democrats will be without effective ammunition to wage their campaign. With such a representative man as Dr. Withycombe a candidate for Governor, there can exist no longer an excuse for retaining a Democrat at the head of the government of a Republican state.

Dr. Withycombe is possessed of every requisite qualification and the sentiment in Clackamas county is unanimous among Republican voters that he is by all means the right man for the place. Dr. Withycombe may be assured that he will receive in this county the full Republican vote and that means a substantial majority of the votes cast.

SHERIFF SHAVER.

Sheriff John R. Shaver is dead, having lost his life while directing the pursuit of Frank Smith, the murderer of a fellow officer. The announcement of this news served to arouse to a higher pitch the indignation of the people of this community, because of the cowardly and deliberate murder of one of the county's most popular officers.

It was known the Sheriff Shaver was mortally wounded and while his recovery was largely a matter of hoping against hope, still the possibility of such a result was fondly entertained by the officer's numerous friends. The officer, fatally wounded, was determined to live, but the reaction that was feared appeared Sunday afternoon and shortly after one o'clock Monday morning he died.

Sheriff Shaver was long a highly respected resident of Clackamas County, owning one of the finest farms in the state. As an officer, he was faithful and efficient; as a friend he was loyal and true.

A BRUTE MONSTER.

It is difficult to conceive of any human being developing into the brute monster that Murderer Frank Smith has become but the developments of the last ten days stamp him as a criminal of the most pronounced type whose regard for human life and its appraisement are entirely lacking. Smith is unquestionably a more desperate man than Tracey proved. The latter at no time in his sensational career invited trouble; he was ever on the defensive and never assumed the offensive. Tracey harmed no one except he was compelled to in order to facilitate his escape from probable capture and to prolong the restricted freedom he managed to have for a period of two months.

Smith, on the contrary, seems possessed of an insatiable appetite for human blood. When closely pursued and when his capture appeared possible, Smith, instead of running away, has retraced his steps, and, coming up to his pursuers, has resorted to his revolver with deadly results. After thus confusing and terrorizing the officers by his unexampled audacity, the deliberate murderer has escaped unharmed.

It is only right that members of the posse that is seeking to capture this desperate man, have determined to give no quarter. They will shoot on sight the man as the brute, that he is, should be treated. It is only to be hoped that the murdered will be taken without the sacrifice of other precious lives. It is a matter of the most sincere regret that three good citizens have been sacrificed in an effort to capture so worthless a cur whose ultimate taking is a result earnestly hoped and prayed for. It is to be further regretted that some punishment, commensurate with the awful work of this desperado, cannot be meted out to him when he is finally brought under subjection. If, the coward that he is, does not end his own miserable existence.

SMITH IS KILLED.

Since the above paragraphs were written, Smith was surprised and fatally shot while hiding in the woods near New Era. News of the killing of this desperate man is welcome information, but it is to be regretted that the sacrifice of three good citizens had to be made before the desperado was taken. Some satisfaction is to be had from the fact that further loss of life cannot be inflicted by Smith. It is a pity that his worthless career could not have been terminated before his advent into these parts. It is well for the desperado that he was mortally wounded when captured, otherwise he would have been hastily disposed of by the enraged members of the posse.

THE COUNTRY CORRESPONDENT.

Up in Clackamas and Polk and other counties and all over Yamhill there are weekly papers whose main filling is made up by the country correspondent. Every crossroads and every little postoffice settlement has its batch of items—mostly personal or of a "personal" nature, some one of which goes to the heart of the boy or girl exiled down here in the city, most likely about his or her kin; and as he reads it and furtively wipes away a tear, his thoughts go back to the days of his childhood when there was no place like home. It will be a dreary world when the country correspondent is crowded out of it.—Oregonian.

Brownell has lined up his machine and had his prejudiced strikers on the committee pass a resolution aimed at the Enterprise, because the Enterprise has said that it could not support a man under indictment for election to the state senate. As the Enterprise is the only paper in the county that is Republican, the resolution passed by the committee could have been aimed at no other paper. The Enterprise wishes to say right here that no strikers of George C. Brownell can for one minute dictate as to what shall go into the columns of this paper. The Enterprise said last week that it would support the ticket with the exception of Brownell and gave its reasons, which it considered valid ones, for not supporting him. It has not changed its mind on this subject nor is it likely that it will change its mind because Brownell's machine strikers would like to have it take a stand for him. It seems to be impossible for them to get it through their heads that the fight made against Brownell and the reason the Enterprise does not support him are that as long as he is under the shadow of an indictment, he should not be the candidate of the Republican party for State Senator.

THE CHAMBERLAIN CAMPAIGN.

Governor Chamberlain is a Democrat. He is the Democratic candidate for re-election. He is not in accord with the Republican party in the great principles and policies for which it stands, and in any partisan matter he takes the Democratic view, pro-

Does Your Heart Beat

Yes. 100,000 times each day. Does it send out good blood or bad blood? You know, for good blood is good health; bad blood, bad health. And you know precisely what to take for bad blood—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Doctors have endorsed it for 60 years.



notes the Democratic interests, helps along powerfully the Democratic cause. We have no great fault to find with the Governor for his administration of state affairs, though we think it is not better, nor worse, than the average. The Oregonian unhesitatingly gives the Governor credit for honesty of purpose and faithful, intelligent and efficient discharge of his duties in all matters not partisan. But whenever there has been a call upon him from the Democratic party he has not been found wanting. The grave consequence of electing a Democratic Senator and a Democratic Governor at a time when issues of profound moment are to be decided by the Nation has already been made strikingly and significantly obvious to every voter. A Democratic Governor has appointed a Democratic United States Senator, and the Democratic Senator may at any time have it within his power to decide absolutely the fate of any given Republican policy, and thus himself defeat the whole purpose for which the Republican party is maintained. Herein there is no remote possibility; it is always imminent. We know too much about the critical history of the United States not to understand how many times a single Senator on one side or the other has determined the fate of measures of immense National importance.

The Republican party has a mission. Its mission is to devise, support and enforce measures of legislation and schemes of administration designed to advance the welfare of our whole citizenship. And it cannot do these things by knocking out from whole structures the very cornerstone, which is the election or appointment of United States Senators. The Oregonian opposes Governor Chamberlain because he is a Democrat and supports Mr. Withycombe because he is a Republican. That is sufficient reason—good reason. It thinks Mr. Withycombe will make a satisfactory executive and it knows he will not, because he cannot appoint Democrats to vital political offices.

This much by way of introduction to consideration of an address delivered last night by Governor Chamberlain in opening his campaign for reelection. In it Mr. Chamberlain sets forth policies he has advocated and will advocate and the results he claims to have accomplished during 3 years of his incumbency. Having served as chief executive of the state for the greater portion of one term, he has a record that is open for discussion and he is entitled to all the advantage he can get out of it. If the people of Oregon want him for Governor another four years it is their privilege to elect him.

It is very evident to any observer that Governor Chamberlain has his ear to the ground and has heard the distant mutterings of public sentiment. He is in accord with the demand of the times in the matter of franchise legislation and regulation of banks, and makes himself perfectly clear upon these subjects. There is no reason to believe however, that he has advantage over the Republican candidate in this respect, and there can be no doubt that when Dr. Withycombe opens his campaign he will take a position as advanced and specific as that announced by Governor Chamberlain.

Upon the subject of the initiative and referendum and the direct primary, Governor Chamberlain is very pronounced. A great many people have lost their good opinion of these new features of state government, but Chamberlain has not. He believes in them and says so, without reservation. He goes further and boasts that it was through his instrumentality that the people were enabled to hold up the \$1,000,000 appropriation bill by referendum petition. He makes this a prominent part of his speech and evidently deems it an important issue in this campaign. Very well; let Chamberlain take all the credit he can get and bear all the censure for lack of funds for state institutions and the accumulation of interest upon unpaid claims.

The claim made by the leader of Oregon Democracy that during his administration order has been brought out of chaos in the State Land Office may be conceded, but it is difficult to see wherein this is particularly to his credit, since he is but one member of the board which has charge of state land affairs, while the other two members are Republicans. Are not the two Republican members of the board entitled to share commendation for reforms in the State Land Office? And more, is it not a fact that state land frauds were perpetrated during Governor Chamberlain's administration as they were in previous years? It is true prosecutions have been commenced, but has anyone been put behind prison bars for landgrabbing?

Governor Chamberlain's administration of the affairs of the State

Prison, over which he has exclusive control, may be worthy of commendation, and then again it may not. He tells us that he has instituted the community dining-room system, has discarded prison stripes, has improved sanitary conditions, abolished the whipping-post and accomplished other reforms which will prove elevating rather than degrading to the convicts. Unless we miss our guess, we shall hear more about the management of the prison before the campaign is over.

In the meantime, the Governor's first campaign address is before the people; they can read it and pass judgment. In due time the Republican candidate will open his campaign and we shall have the pleasure of reading his views upon questions of moment in affairs of state.—Oregonian.

WORK OF CONGRESS.

Warm weather is upon us, clothing stores have already begun to display two piece suits in their windows and the Department of Agriculture has issued a bulletin on the coming of the 17 year locusts. But Congress shows no signs of adjourning. This is not as it should be. Thrifty members in both houses want to be at home looking after fences and such jobs of political farm work. The howling of kine is wafted across the meadow-land and the call of the blackbird resounds from the thicket, but the rate bill has the Senate tied up in a hard knot and instead of looking forward to an adjournment by May 15, there is now talk of a session to June 1st, or perhaps the middle of July. There are several things to be considered before an adjournment can be thought of. The rate bill must be gotten out of the way. This can be done either by staying and fighting it out or by lining up for a vote before either side is ready and throwing the bill into conference. It looks now as though there might still be weary weeks of talk ahead and that the session might be prolonged well into the summer. The House is practically ready for adjournment now, but the Senate is the stumbling block. It is said that the conferees on the Statehood Bill are ready to report and that there will be an agreement to leave New Mexico and Arizona out of the fight and agree on a bill admitting Oklahoma and Indian Territory. There is also in the background the spectre of the Philippine Tariff bill, which is not as dead as some of its enemies wish and which by devious methods may be forced to a vote on the floor of the Senate.

These three things are enough to insure the presence of Congress beneath the great white dome till well into the hot weather. And if both houses do not look alive there may be some awkward sequel to the threat of the labor unions to get into politics and elect a few members who will do business, do it wrong perhaps, but still get action and not spend weeks and months to talk to the interruption of real progress in legislative work. Politicians in Congress ought to realize the danger better than most laymen and there is certainly every reason for the active men in both houses to get together and expedite business rather than to run the risk of seeing it pass into the hands of those who might not run it so well, but would assuredly do it more expeditiously.

It begins to look as though even a divorce would not prove any antidote for marriage. Now the question is which will have the most opponents, the inheritance tax or the income tax idea? Gen. Funston's worst enemies will hardly accuse him of having had a press agent waiting in San Francisco.

The bulk of the talk about limiting private fortunes seems to come from those who would not be affected by any sort of reduction. Senator LaFollette has the India Rubber man backed off the board. He stretched his rate bill speech over three days and the last section in sight was marked "more."

This Southern man for president proposition might be worthy of a good deal more notice if the southern people did not so notoriously put their money on the wrong horse. There was some question with the authorities whether Maxim Gorky would be allowed to land here. But there will be no question at all about his being allowed to sail.

The President has delivered a vigorous dissenting opinion on Judge Humphrey's ruling. Fine chance for his enemies to claim that he is trying to usurp the judicial functions too. There is no need of worrying about what the President is going to do after he gets out of the White House, what the President is going to do against what he will do before he gets out of it.

Secretary Root's coming southern trip is to include the pacification of Venezuela, the consummation of the entente with Brazil, the steering of the Pan American Conference and a few other things. And yet some people are unkind enough to allude to it as a vacation junket.

THE SOCIALISTS WILL CLAIM.

The regular monthly meeting of the Socialists will be held in Knapp's hall Sunday, May 6, at 1:30 p. m. The executive committee of the party will meet at 11 a. m. to discuss plans for the campaign and other official business and dinner will be served at noon. The first half of the assessment for campaign expenses will be collected at this meeting and a musical and literary program will be rendered in the afternoon. Joseph Wanhope, one of the best Socialist speakers in the United States and C. W. Barzee, Socialist candidate for Governor of Oregon, will speak in Oregon City in the near future and the date will be announced at Sunday's meeting if arrangements have been completed by that time.

Advertisement for Castoria. Includes text: '900 Drops CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co. In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA'. Also features a signature and 'NEW YORK' text.

WILL SUPPORT TICKET.

Milwaukee, Clackamas County, Oregon, April 30, 1906. Editor Oregon City Enterprise, Oregon City, Oregon.

Dear Sir: If you will allow me the space in your paper, I should like through its columns to express my thanks to those of my friends who supported me in the primary election just passed. I desire also to say that I am entirely satisfied with the ticket as nominated by the vote of the people and I do herein pledge my support of same. Very truly, JOHN H. GIBSON.

BROWNELL CHALLENGED.

Oregon City, Or., April 27, 1906. To Hon. Geo. C. Brownell, Republican candidate for State Senator for Clackamas County:—You are respectfully invited to meet me and dis-

miss the leading issues of the day at any time or place that you may designate. Time and time about, or any way that is fair. Respectfully, N. F. NELSON.

GRANGE HOLDS MEETING.

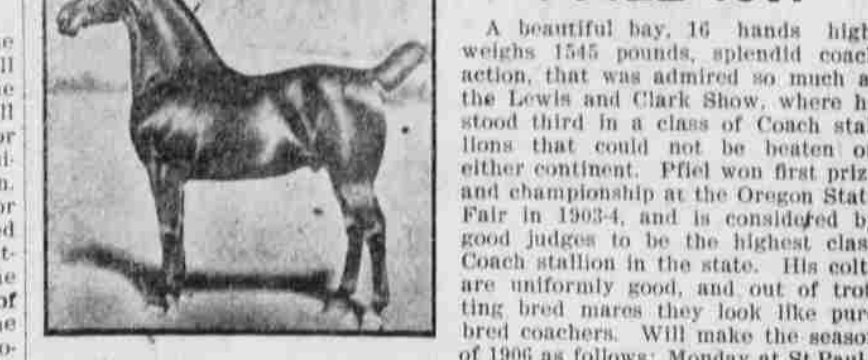
Abernethy Grange No. 346 P. of H., met in their hall at Parkplace on Saturday, 28th inst., at 10 o'clock, in regular day session, and was promptly called to order by Worthy Master Clyde, under head of conferring degrees. Three were initiated in the first and second and two in the third and fourth degrees, after which a splendid dinner was served and everybody enjoyed themselves. The contest program was a feature long to be remembered. There is but one more program in this contest. Then, oh then, the supper is due. I hope to be there, don't you? REPORTER.

Importance of the Teeth

When a pretty girl parts rosy lips and reveals decayed teeth, inflamed gums and a disagreeable breath, how quickly the charm is dispelled, and how painful and mortifying must it be to her to be the victim of such a condition. Many adies whose faces are unattractive in repose, become positively charming when their smiles reveal clean, white teeth, well cared for. Though ladies may be dressed in the richest apparel, with eyes enchanting and features perfect, if they have decayed and broken teeth, diseased gums and foul breath, their friends cannot approach them without a feeling of repugnance. In twenty-four hours we breathe twenty-five thousand times. What must be the effect on the delicate structure of the lungs when for days, months and years the air we breathe is drawn through a depository of filth and poisoned by being mixed with effluvia rising from decayed and ulcerated teeth? Why endanger your health and life when a few hours' work will make your mouth clean and beautiful? We do painless work and guarantee it. An expert Eastern graduate dentist with us all the time. Seventeen years' practice in Oregon City. Both Phones.

L. L. PICKENS Dentist Weinhard Building, Opposite Court House

The Imported German Coach Stallion PFIEL 1671



A beautiful bay, 16 hands high, weighs 1545 pounds, splendid coach action, that was admired so much at the Lewis and Clark Show, where he stood third in a class of Coach stallions that could not be beaten on either continent. Pfiel won first prize and championship at the Oregon State Fair in 1903-4, and is considered by good judges to be the highest class Coach stallion in the state. His colts are uniformly good, and out of troubling bred mares they look like pure bred coachers. Will make the season of 1906 as follows: Monday at St. Paul; Tuesday afternoon at Butteville; Wednesday at Hubbard. Terms \$20 to insure with foal. J. N. McKAY, Owner. George W. Speight, Keeper. R. F. D. No. 1—Woodburn, Oregon.