WILL BUILD GOOD ROADS. Senator Fulton Enthusiastic Over Proposed Experiments.

In a letter to residents of this state, Senator Fulton writes as follows:
"At dates to be fixed later in the Spring or Summer, one mile of road is to be built under Government su-pervision on each side of the Cas-

oades, in the State of Oregon. judges of Umatilla and Marion counties have agreed to provide the labor and materials, specifications for which will soon be agreed upon by an engineer for the Government and the county

courts named This work is to be undertaken at the most propitious time, the benefit of national experience will be offered and it is the hope of the officials of the Public Roads Bureau that all persons in Oregon who are interested in this vital question will attend during the demonstrations. To this wish I add my most solictious request. No

other work could be done at this time so well indicating the high plane of Oregon progress, as that showing our interest in good roads. Nothing could be done by our people in other lines that would command greater attention of the home-seeker and the homebuilder, for by these standards does the eastern farmer judge our oppor-

tunities in Oregon.

"The Government promises to have present its best road engineers. with the most modern grading and road-building implements. Mr. Samuel Hill, connected with the Government bureau in an advisory capacity and president of the Washington Good Roads Association, and Judge John H. Scott. president of the Oregon Good Association, will attend the work in both parts of the State, bringing to the scene as many as possible of their good roads workers. I would be pleased to know that the county judge and commissioners of every Oregon county had arranged to attend one or both of the demonstrations, bringing with them all of their prominent road men. This fact would be an encouragement to the government officials in the first instance to continue in a departure that is certainly in the right direction, and would result in the officials of the state who control and make our highways re-

"As soon as the Government engineers have ascertained from the judges of Umatilla and Marion counties the best date for this work, I will communicate the same to you, and in the meantime will be ready to furnish all possible information, and co-operate in every way, that these demonstrations of work and cost may be given the widest possible educational influence throughout the State of Ore-

to the revived science of road-build-

"The first work to be done in the Northwest will be at Pullman, Washington, and I think it is probable that Pendleton, Oregon, will be the scene of the next demonstration. The work at Salem will not likely be undertak-en earlier than the middle or latter part of May. Surveys and consultations regarding specifications, will be finished soon, and in the course of the present month I can probably announce the exact date for the demon-

GET A FEW SHEEP. When I say get a few sheep, I talk from past experience, but the sheep industry looks more profitable when looking at it from the standpoint of future prospects. Twenty-two years ago I had some experience with sheep, father's flock when a youth, and many imes I was called upon to answer why I had let the sheep into the crops. It was frequently the case that a game of marbles with a neighbor's boy was has led me to see the folly of using a boy as a sheep fence, for even a boy's time is worth more than the fence costs. In spite of my trials as a boy, I still retained a love for sheep. I ran a meat market in the early days and it was difficult to get mutton enough for the trade. One day a Mr. Percy came into the market and wanted to sell me four yearling wethers and four spring lambs. The spring lambs were then about six months old, while the wethers were about one and one-half years of age. I paid Mr. Percy 41/4 cents per pound for the yearlings and 5 cents for the lambs, and when he delivered them the lambs came to \$52.54. He was pleased and told me that they were the increase of two ewes, being two pet lambs and when

one year old they both had twins and

all four lambs were wethers; the next spring the prolific mothers again had

two lambs each and they were all

four wethers, and he had eight fleeces

of wool and \$52.54 cash that he deriv-

ed from the two ewes in two years. That was pretty good. It set me to thinking and I came to the conclusion that sheep were the stock to raise and since there were no sheep for sale around here, I went to Caxton, and bought two carloads of mixed lambs, wethers and ewes. When I got them \$70. home I sorted out the wethers, fed P. them that fall and let Mr. I. P. Bullis take the ewes on shares. bought an improved Shropshire ram 10 acres in Claim No. 61, 2-2, E; which cost me \$76.25. He proved to \$1000. ceiving a practical demonstration of be one of the best investments I had the very latest and best work known ever made and Mr. Bullis, being a W. part of lot 2 blk. 42 Oak Grove, great lover of sheep and a good, \$85.00. straight, honest, upright man, such as E. M. one often finds among the sheep men, Co. N half of SE of NE section 34, I let him keep sheep on shares for 2-4, E: \$2200. nine years. He did well for me as well as for himself. He was a man of of Section 30, 3-5, E; \$1650. very limited means when he first got the sheep, but during the nine years lots 4 and 11 in tract 1, Molalla, \$1. of sheep raising he bought up more land and made some improvements; NE section 26, 1-4, E; \$775 today he has as good a farm as one S. A. Webster to A. F. Webster, S can find and he gives the sheep the half of NE of SE section 28, 1—2,

Now my advice to every farmer is E. G. Quist one-thtird of W half to keep a few sheep; fence in a small of the NW of section 23, 2-4, E; \$1. pasture and keep them in there during the summer months; then when your small grain is harvested, turn your sheep in the fields; they will whatever waste grain there is on the

ground and if there is any pigeon grass, wild buckwheat, or any other bnoxious weeds on your farm they will weed them out for you. The time has come when the vast sheep ranges of the west are a thing of the past and the mutton demand is rapidly increasing every year. In my estima-tion a good Shropshire ewe is the queen of all beasts; she furnishes you meat to eat and clothes to wear, and those are two of the greatest commodities we live for. If every farmer would keep from 25 to 125 sheep, ac-cording to the amount of land he has, he would soon realize profits as he as I was often put in charge of my gets two crops a year-the wool in June and the lambs in October. The only contagious sheep disease we have to dread is the scab, but that can be cured. I know from experience as I am the county sheep inspector and the cause. My experience since then have cured many cases. I do not mean to say that you will not lose some sheep every year but when you have sheep one year they do not owe you anything, but it is not so with the hog. When cholera gets into your hog pens, it will sometimes take your entire crop with your hogs, hence say again to my brother farmer, get a few sheep. But do not use your children as their guardians; build sixstrand wire fences with posts three rods apart and with two pickets as stays between each two posts. That will make a good sheep fence, dogs or wolves will seldom go through it, and thus your sheep will cause the least trouble and be most profitable of any animals you have on your farm. Do not be afraid that you will overstock the market .- J. Byrne, in Farmers'

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Furnished Every Week By the Clackamas Abstract Company.

N. P. German Church to J. W. Beckley, lots 6 and 7 blk. 3, Subd. of Oak Grove: \$80.

H. Weber to E. Johnson 100 acres in Phillips Cl. in 2-4 E; \$3000. J. W. Beckley to F. Wandery, lots 6 and 7, blk. 3, Subd. of Oak Grove.

P. E. Boney to J. Gorbett 144 sq rods in sec. 3, 5-3, E; \$20. I then State Land Board to J. N. Pennock,

> Sellwood Ld. Co., to H. W. Davis, E. M. Douglass to Sellwood Lumber

J. Huffman to J. F. Sanford, NW

O. S. Boyles et al to W. J. Boyles P. Hawes to J. W. Roork, N half of

E: \$1.00.

J. H. Gibso to A. R. Famor lot 1 Logan Tracts; \$754. O. W. P. T. S. So., to E. A. Miller lots 3 and 4fi, blk. 28 1st Add Esta-

cada; \$200. W. R. McHaffle to Willamette P. & P. Co., 11 1-2 acres in Milton Brown

CI . \$1000 G. Otty to C. Otty N half of W. half of SW quarter of Section 27, 1-2,

C. Oty to G. Oty S half of W half of SW quarter section 27, 1-2, E;

S. A. Diel to Bently Realty Co., 2

acres in Oregon City claim \$3500. Hibernia Savings Bank to O. Les-Park: \$60. G. W. Blanchard to M. Blanchard, 25 acres in Vicker Cl. 3-1, E; \$437.

W. A. Huntley to E. M. Howell S half of lot 5 blk. 67, Oregon City; E. P. Rands to C. V. Rands part of lots 1 and 2, blk. 99, Oregon City; \$1. H. Hegewald, to J. Schlegel, 27 A.

in section 35, 1-2, E; \$4500. L. Tucholke to E. Tucholke 4 acres in Crow Cl., 2-1, E: \$1000. J. Plocher to G. H. Lichthorn lot blk. 11 Estacada; \$80.

F. E. Jackson to G. Hamilton 11 acres in C. Richardson Cl. 1-3, E: Hibernia Savings Bank to L. J. Ott, lots 9, 10 111, blk. 4, Milwaukie Park;

J. Pinkley to A. W. Pinkley W half of SW quarter of SE quarter section

D. J. Shank to G. Loder lots 7, 8, and 9, blk. 2, Lee's Add; \$50. H. Bowman to O. E. Exon E half of NW quarter, W half of NE of section 13, 3-4, E! \$2000. J. W. Exon to J. E. Bownan blk. 2.

Darnalls Add: \$1200.

E. Stringer to L. Seward S half of SE quarter section 32, 1—5 E; \$2000. I. M. Kenworthy to W. S. Cooke, 43.16 acres in sec. 25, 5—1, W; \$3300. T. Law to J. A. Law, lots 1-2-3 in Block 5, Falls View; \$500.

A. Etters to C. Olds, lot 16, blk 2,

W. Gladstone; \$100. M. A. Thomas to A. Dull lots 7-8-9- and & 10 in block 4, W. Gladstone; \$1500. \$160. C. L. Moore to S. M. Riggs lot 5, block 20, Falls View; \$800.

D. J. Finn to A. Sutton 40 acres in section 1, 4—2, E; \$1.

M. Olsen to E. Wormdahl NW of NE section 16, 5-1 E; \$600. L. Stulke to T. Harders, SW of SW of section 20, 3-5 E; \$1. C. L. Standiger to W. A. Shaver E

half of NE section 11, 5—2 E; \$750. K. Horan to J. Huber, NE of NE of section 11, 3—2 E; \$1000. J. J. Kelly to H. Bigelow NE of NE of NW of NE section 11 and SE of SE section 2 3-2 E; \$400. H. L. Stratton to E. P. Ketchum lot 1, block 7, Falls View; \$20. Wm. Shindler to S. Curnutt 1 acre

in section 38. 1-1, E; \$300. R. W. Lewis to P. L. Schamel 30 acres in section 2 5-2 E; \$1300. Weber to C. Knicverbocker, lots 15 and 16 Minthorn; \$1.

H. K. Dieckman to H. Ohrtman W of NW section 13; E half of NE 3-1 W: \$5000. F. E. Miller to I. M. Kenworthy 43.16 acres in section 25, 5-1 W;

Hibernia Savings Bank to E. Bas tien, block 28 and lots 12 to 18 blk. 9, Milwaukie Park; \$671.30.

FRANK BUSCH

THE HOUSE FURNISHER

Do you remember the "sight unseen" trades or "swaps" of boyhood? One of the parties to the transaction usually got the worst of it, didn't he? And it wasn't usually the one

who proposed the deal, was it?

There's a lot of the same sort of "sight unseen" trading going on to-day. Only now-a-days it is called Buying by Mail. The pictures in the advertisements of the mail order houses look nice; the talk sounds nice and sometimes the deal turns out all right. But even supposing it does-wherein is the buyer any better off than if he bought of a home mer-

Take any article you chose from the long list of things sold by mail, and you can buy it just as cheaply and just as well here at home. The expense of selling it by mail is just as great, if not greater, than the expense of selling it over the counter.

Where we have rent, taxes and clerk hire to pay, the mail order dealer has all those—and rents and taxes are higher in the large cities than here—and in addition he has to pay a small army of bookkeepers, stenographers, shipping clerks and other employes, besides the immense cost of advertising.

We can do business on a smaller margin of profit than the mail order dealer can; we know our people and their desires and we know that we have sold and will sell better goods for the money than the other fellow does.

If you wish to buy a new extension table, bureau, stoves, chiffonier or a new carpet, or doors and windows, come and see us, we will figure with you and can save you money. Following we itemize a few of our bargains and prices speak for themselves:

CUPBOARD CATCHESbronze finish case, strong steel spring10c

HANDY SIZE HOUSE HAM-MER-Polished and nickel plated, claw end, 12-in. hardwood handle, double varnished20c

PARAGON FLAT NOSE PLIERS—6½ inches long, American made, bright

GIMLET, rosewood handle, best tempered steel .. 10c One 2-blade boys' knife, 3-inch long lacquered handle; 14-inch chain....10c

SPECIAL LOT OF FILES 8 inches long. There may be some very slight imperfection in cut, but for all practical uses these are equal to the best. Temper guaranteed10c

CHAIR SEATS- Perforated maple, first-class goods, made of three layers of maple veneer with grains crosswise; 14-inch in any



WALL PAPER Double Roll 10c

EXTENSION SASH CURTAIN RODS-Heavy brassed rod, diameter 7-16 inch. Cap and shoulder extends to 48 inches.

BREAD RAISERS-Best extra tin, extra food ventilated cover, 2 strong side handles 60c

NICKEL TABLE OR SEWING LAMP-Full nickel plated, No. 2 nickel burner, stands 10 inches high without chimney. Outside filling device, extension wick-raiser, broad safety base, all complete, \$1.00

SPRING BALANCE SCALE-

A bargain in half covered dust pans, made of heavy tin, strong, 7-inch, round handle riveted and painted. Hole in handle for hanging10c

14-Qt. Tin Flaring Pail, full size 20c

Five-Pint lipped tin sauce pan, iron handle, standard goods 10c

SPECIAL VALUE OF BRACKET LAMPS-Bronze bracket, swinging socket, complete with No. 2 filler fount, No. 2 sun burner, No. 2 chimney and fine 8-inch silvered

14-QUART DISH PAN-Made of extra I. C. Tin, not to be compared with the light

40-foot galvanized wire clothes line-20 guage wire10c

Tin wash Basins 10-Qt. Galvanized Pail, full size, strong bail, firmly riveted ears, protecting flange bot-

POULTRY NETTING-2-inch mesh, standard size, first quality, galvanized before weaving. Used not only for poultry yards, but as supporters for vines, trellis, etc. 36 inches wide, per yard..5c

IS DISEASE A CRIME?

Not so very long ago, a popular magazine published an editorial article in which the writer asserted, in substance, that all disease should be regarded as criminal. Certain it is, that much of the sickness and suffering of mankind is due to the violation of certain of Nature's laws, which, if understood and implicitly followed, would result in the prevention of much of the sickness and suffering of humapity. stood and implicitly ion.

stood and implicitly ion.

result in the prevention of much of the sickness and suffering of humanity.
But to say that all sickness should be regarded as criminal, must, on a little sober reflection, appeal to every reasonable and intelligent individual as to perform, either in the way of household duties or in social duties and functions which seriously tax their strength, as well as to nursing mothers, the "Fasswell as to

Thousands suffer from contagious and infectious diseases most innocently and unconsciously contracted. Other thousands suffer and die of cancerous affections, the cause of which no medical man has yet been wise enough to ferret out and determine, and which can not, therefore, be avoided. Then too, many times stress of circumstances compel people to expose themselves to various disease-producing agencies, such as majaria, had air in overheated factor. as maiaria, bad air in overheated factor-les, coal mines, and many other situations, and surely those who suffer therefrom should not be branded as criminals.

In-so-far as disease is contracted or brought on one's self from harmful excesses, over-eating, intemperance and other like indulgencies and debauchery, we think, with our editor friend, that it should be regarded as little less than criminal. On the other hand, we think it would be been approximately as a self-eating the less than criminal. would be harsh, unsympathetic, cruel, yes criminal, to condemn the poor, weak, over-worked housewife who sinks under the heavy load of household cares and burdens which she is obliged to struggle along under until she succumbs to the strain and over-exertion, and suffers from weakness; a various, displacements of weakness a various displacements

weakness: various displacements of pelvic organs and other derangements peculiar to her sex.

The too frequent bearing of children, with its exacting demands upon the system, coupled with the care, worry and labor of rearing a large family, is often the cause of weakness, derangements and debility which the mother has to bear and which are aggregated by the mother has to bear and debility which the mother has to bear and which are aggravated by the many household cares, and the hard, and neverending work which she is called upon to perform. Dr. Pierce, the maker of that world-famed remedy for women's peculiar ills—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—says that one of the greatest obstacles to the cure of this class of maladies is the fact that the poor, overworked housewife can not get the needed rest from her many household cares and labor to enable her to secure from the use of his "Prescription" its full benefits. It is a matter of frequent experience, he says, in his extensive practice in these cases, to meet with those in which his treatment fails by reason of the patient's inability to abstain from hard work long enough to be cured. With those suffering from prolapsus, ante-version and retro-version of the uterus or other displacement of the womanly organs, it is very necessary that, in addition to taking his "Favorite Prescription" the solution of any kind should also be avoided. As much out-door air as possible, with moderate, light exercise is also very important.

It is Dr. Pierce's observation that many

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It is Dr. Pierce's observation that many housewives suffer much in a weakened condition of their system from too close confinement in-doors. Often the kitchen, where they spend most of their time, is illy ventilated and the bad air and overheating thereof act most unfavorably upon the woman's strength, until she finds herself suffering from various weaknesses attended by backache, bearingdown pains, or dragging-down sensations that are extremely hard to bear. A catarrhal, pelvic drain of most debilitating and disagreeable nature, is a common symptom of the congested or inflamed

condition of the lining membranes of the

condition of the lining membranes of the pelvic organs, attended, perhaps, with tenderness and pain in these regions.

Now, while all the foregoing disagreeable symptoms and sensations will generally yield to the faithful and somewhat persistent use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, to realize the very best resuits from its use, the patient most as far as possible, abstain from over-work, worry, and too close confinement in-doors.

To such women as are not seriously out of health, but who have exacting duties.

as well as to nursing mothers, the "Fa-vorite Prescription" has proved a most valuable supporting tonic and invigorat-

as well as to nursing mothers, the "Favorite Prescription" has proved a most valuable supporting tonic and invigorating nervine. By its timely use, much serious sickness and suffering may be avoided. The operating table and the surgeons' knife, would, it is bel'eved, seldom have to be resorted to if this most valuable woman's remedy were resorted to in good time. The "Favorite Prescription" has proven a great boon to expectant mothers by preparing the system for the coming of baby, thereby rendering child-birth safe, easy, and almost painless.

Bear in mind, please, that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is not a secret or patent medicine, against which the most intelligent people are quite naturally averse, because of the uncertainty as to their harmless character, but is a medicine of known composition, a full list of all its ingredients being printed, in plain English, on every bottle wrapper. An examination of this list of ingredients will disclose the fact that it is non-alcoholic in its composition, chemically pure glycerine taking the place of the commonly used alcohol, in its make-up. In this connection it may not be out of place to state that the "Favorite Prescription" of Dr. Pierce is the only medicine put up for the cure of woman's peculiar weaknesses and allments, and sold through druggists, that does not contain alcohol, and that too in large quantities. Furthermore, it is the only medicine for woman's special diseases, the ingredients of which have the unanimous endorsement of all the leading medical writers and teachers of all the several schools of practice, and that too as remedies for the aliments for which "Favorite Prescription" is recommended. A little book of these endorsements will be sent to any address, post-paid, and absolutely free if you request same by postal card, or letter, of Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Don't forget that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, for woman's weaknesses and delicate aliments, is not a patent or secret medicine, being the "Favorite Prescription fo

Prescription, for woman's weaknesses and delicate aliments, is not a patent or secret medicine, being the "Favorite Prescrip-tion" of a regularly educated and gradution" of a regularly educated and gradu-ated physician, engaged in the practice of his chosen specialty—that of diseases of women—that its ingredients are printed in plain English on every bottle-wrapper; that it is the only medicine especially designed for the cure of woman's diseases that contains no alcohol, and the only one that has a professional endorsement worth more than all the so-called "testi-monials" ever published for other med-icines.

An invitation is extended by Dr. Pierce to every sick and ailing woman to consult him by letter. There is absolutely no charge or fee for this. Every letter is carefully considered, fully answered, and its statements held as strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address as above directed

N. H. Wester to J. N. Hagenson, 10 acres in section 34, 1-2, E; \$2000. E. A. Dolan to American Turst & J. W. Church to E. M. Howell 8 1-2 Investment Co., N half of NE quarter acres in Abernethy claim 2—2 E; of NE quarter section 177 and E half | \$1400. A. Knapp to E. Ernston S half of of SE quarter of section 8, 2-5 E; SW quarter of NE of section 34, 5-1 \$1500.

W. Hitchman to D. S. Livesy 12 The Clackamas Abstract & Trust Co acres in section 25. 5—1 W, \$1000.

D. S. Livesy to W. Hitchma 28 acres in Abernethy claim 2,-2 E; \$1475. M. L. Moody to L. W. Moody half of lots 6 and 17 block 93 Oak Grove; \$1. G. L. Moody to M. L. Moody 6 and 17 block 93, Oak Grove; \$1.

R. S. Chich to W. F. Krueger lots 5 and 7, block 5, Robertson; \$150. G. Oolds to E. K. Peters lots 14, 15, and 16, in blk. 2, W. Gladstone; \$750. N. P. Tomlinson to A. W. Lambert 71 acres in section 8, 2—2 E; \$10. C. I. Anderson to S. Andrews NE of SE section 26, 1—4, E; \$800. D. D. Hostetler to G. R. Bailey 18 D. Mosterier to R. E. \$550.
D. Anderson to N. Hansen 15 acres in section 31, 1—5 E; \$1000.
H. A. Bly to E. A. Bly part section

9, 3—2, E; \$1. T. Warner to W. A. White N half of lot 3, block 1. County Add; \$150.
J. W. Worrell to Wm. Powell 5 A.
in section 27, 1—3 E; \$500.

E. C. Price to R. H. Goddard SE sec tion 10. 8-4, E; \$500. L. A. Austin to R. H. Goddard. NW section 11, 8—4, E; \$500.
J. J. Cole to R. H. Goddard SE section 11, 8-4, E: \$500.

J. S. Johnson to R. H. Goddard SW of section 11, 8-4 E; \$500. F. F. Smith to R. H. Goddard SW of section 2. 8-4 E; \$500 F. D. Smith to R. H. Goddard SE

of section 3, 8-4, H; \$500. Hibernia Savings Bank to F. Zurcher, lots 1 and 2 in blk. 25, and 13 and 14 in blk. 21, Milwaukie Park;

Hibernia Savings Bank to J. A. Laubach lots 15 and 16. 21 and 18 blk 25 Milwaukie Park; \$120. Hedges & Griffith to J. T. Searles lot 5, blk. 16 Canemah; \$65. M. Hollenbeck to J. T. Searles lot

 blk. 16, Canemah; \$100.
 Loder & Nash to A. M. Dering 320
 acres in 3—3 E; \$2000. R. L. Sabine to E. Mass tract in

Will. Falls; \$125. M. E. Wills to N. D. Hartyler S half of SE quarter section 36, 4-1 E; \$850.

J. T. Apperson to E. M. Howell lot | Astoria & Columbia 4, blk. 67. Oregon City; \$500. J. W. Church to E. M. Howell 8 1-2

A. C. Hodgkins to W. F. Cook, tracts 75 and 76 Jennings Lodge; \$1500.

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Drives out blood impurities. Makes strong nerves and muscles. Gives tone, vitality and snap. Get it from your druggist