

**Oregon City Enterprise**

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**INDIAN TERRITORY FRAUDS.**

A late dispatch announces that Chas. J. Bonaparte has been appointed to investigate the Indian land frauds in Indian Territory. He is known as a keen lawyer and a fearless man. It is to be hoped that he will bring the grafters to bar. The main facts in the affair thus far are these: The Creeks, Chickasaws, Choctaws, Cherokees and Seminoles, tribes numbering 400,000, own lands worth about \$200,000,000. Part of these lands the law now permits them to sell. Most of the remainder may be sold after the lapse of a few years. The Indians are now ignorant and shiftless, their lands rich and fertile, the whites unscrupulous and eager to get hold of them at the lowest possible prices. To protect the Indians, by overseeing sales and preventing frauds, the Dawes commission of five was appointed some years ago. It is now headed by Tams Bixby, and one of its members is ex-Governor Stanley, of Kansas. It is charged by S. N. Brosius, member of the Indian Rights Association, that the very members of this commission formed to protect the Indians are interested in companies engaged in buying up oil and agricultural lands from Indians. It is even said that speculative companies and government officials occupied the same offices, and that Poor Lo gave options on his lands to a company under the impression that he was dealing with the government officers. "The watchdogs have joined the wolves" is the way one paper puts it. Secretary Hitchcock has published a letter in regard to these charges, in which he deprecates the fact that the charges were given to the press before a clear case was made out, inasmuch as the names of honest officials should not be smirched by the publication of mere suspicions. To this, the president of the Indian Rights Association pointedly replies that "the inspector should be above suspicion, and when an inspector accepts the hospitality of the man he is sent to inspect, thus taking a bribe in his favor, or listens only or chiefly to one side, or favors his congressional backer in any way, he is not above suspicion."—Exchange.

**KNOCK THE KNOCKERS.**

Won't somebody please take a club and kill a few of the knockers? A man came in from Ashland, rented a farm from one of our prosperous farmers and paid down \$20, promising to make a contract the next morning. Then, in the evening, a lot of knockers got at this man and told him the country was no good, he could make only \$30 a year on cows, and with like lies they discouraged the man and now he is apt to leave the country, impressed that it is a land of thieves, vagrants and bad cows. Won't somebody please kill the knockers and rid the country of a pest?—Tillamook Independent.

No doubt every town in the state can duplicate this experience. Salem can. One day recently a man of means who had just arrived in Oregon and made extensive purchases in farm and city property, dropped into a large, extensive boot and shoe store here to make some purchases for his family. The proprietor showed the stranger such goods as he desired, and the sale was about to be made when the conversation drifted to Oregon, the country in general and Salem in particular. The newcomer told the shoe man that he was a late arrival in Oregon, and had just purchased a big farm and a fine residence in Salem, and was going to buy some more town property as an investment. This was too much for the shoe man and he very promptly advised the newcomer to go very slow before investing any more money here. He said Salem was slow and always would be that way. He further volunteered the information that town property was a poor investment, as the people here were dull, sleepy and unprogressive. Not content with this the shoe man told the stranger of good towns elsewhere. The newcomer quite naturally decided that he would not purchase the shoes he had selected and walked out of the store, leaving the knocking shoe man alone to wonder why he had missed the sale. The newcomer asked the first friend he met what was the matter with Salem people that even her own merchants were knocking the town. Then he told this story. It almost decided him upon buying no more property here, as he said he didn't like to invest money among people who were knocking their own town.—Sentinel.

**EXPENDITURES FOR EDUCATION.**

The annual public expenditure in the United States, for elementary education, amounts in round numbers to \$227,000,000. The aggregate of expenditure for the fiscal year 1900-1901, as shown by the report of the United States Commissioner of Education for that year, was \$226,043,236. This amount is almost equal to the total expenditure of all Europe, for a like purpose, the European outlay for the same period amounting to an aggregate of \$246,000,000. The expenditure in the United States, per capita of pupils, however, is much larger than in Europe. The enrollment in the elementary schools of Europe is approximately 45,000,000, while the enrollment in the United States is about 16,000,000. The annual expenditure for each pupil is therefore about \$5.50 in Europe and about \$14 in the United States. A comparison of the amounts spent annually for primary education by some of the larger American cities is interesting. New York, of course, comes first with an expenditure of \$19,731,629 for a single year. Chicago is next, with \$8,203,493. Then in the order named come Philadelphia, with \$3,319,604; Boston, \$3,043,640; St. Louis, \$1,526,140; Baltimore, \$1,417,392; Cleveland, \$1,257,845; Washington, \$1,182,917; and in New Orleans, \$478,025, (the smallest amount expended by any of the larger cities.) The average amount of public money expended on each pupil in the United States is large. The fact that the population is increasing quite rapidly in most of the states of the Union, necessitating the erection of many new school houses, is probably responsible in part, for the larger expenditure per capita than in Europe. In some parts of the country the percentage of illiteracy is surprisingly large, notwithstanding the heavy outlay for educational purposes. But the results attained are on the whole satisfactory.

**CORRECT FORM OF DANCING**

The American Society of Professors of Dancing, which recently met in New York, has decreed that football tactics on the ball room floor must stop, says the San Francisco Argonaut. There must be no more "Yale glides," nor "Harvard dips," nor distorted attempts to tread a measure in two-four time when the music calls for three beats in a bar. The dancing of the two-step to waltz time and the grotesque positions assumed by the dancers are evils attributed to the college fads that have vitiated the public taste. "Some of these students," said one professor, "invent a series of Simian contortions and football tactics and give it a college name, and the public thinks it is all right because the college men do it. Now, we want to stop all this, and bring dancing back to the old style of graceful carriage that enabled the dancers to express the beauty of motion to music. A majority of the people now seem to dance a two-step to waltz music. The two-step is easier to teach, as it is in common time, and dancing it to waltz music is not a correct movement." Attention was also drawn to the neglect in the large cities of the old square dances, which are still taught in the smaller cities.

**IS DEWEY ROBBED OF HONOR?**

The work of raising the vessels of the Spanish fleet sunk in the harbor of Manila on May 1, 1898, is now ended. The famous flagship, the Reina Cristina, is again afloat, and will be used as a collier. The other vessels will be variously utilized. But the singular fact revealed, according to the Manila Sunday Sun, is that "the Spanish ships of war do not bear the mark of an American shell near or below the water line. The Spanish burned and sank their own vessels, and many of them went to death with their ships in preference to bearing the disgrace of defeat." Not only this, but the Sun affirms that, in the opinion of Captain Garry, "the Spaniards set fire to their own vessels and afterwards scuttled them. The American shells did not sink them." Captain Garry is the manager of the American company which is raising the vessels.

**NOW IS THE TIME.**

In a recent issue the Enterprise advocated the re-organization of the Oregon City Board of Trade for active work. The time was never more opportune. Business men generally endorse the plan and the only thing needful to insure a revival of work by this organization is for some one to take the initiative. No other point in the Pacific Northwest offers greater opportunities for manufacturing industries than does Oregon City and with the approaching Lewis & Clark fair the time is here for making these opportunities known. This can best be accomplished through the medium of a commercial organization. Let's go to work.

The merchant who employs honorable business methods and gives honest values at right prices, is the dealer that deserves the custom of the public. A proper recognition of this fact will do much to build up and maintain the substantial business interests of the city, and at the same time relegate to the bonnyard such business concerns as are a detriment to the business and property interests of the city under the system by which they are conducted.

An Idaho gentleman is being sued for a divorce on the ground that he never speaks to his wife. There is on record somewhere the reply of another gentleman in a similar case. He admitted that he had not spoken to his wife since their marriage, but offered an excuse: "I don't like to interrupt her."

A BILL appropriating \$2,125,000 for the aid of the Lewis and Clark Exposition has been prepared and will be forwarded to members of the Oregon delegation for introduction in congress.



**Positive Proof of Pinkham Cures**

The wonderful power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound over the diseases of woman-kind is not because it is a stimulant, —not because it is a palliative, but simply because it is the most wonderful tonic and reconstructor ever discovered to act directly upon the whole uterine system, positively CURING disease and restoring health and vigor.

Marvelous cures are reported from all parts of the country by women who have been cured, trained nurses who have witnessed cures, and physicians who have recognized the virtue in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and are fair enough to give credit where it is due.

**One of Many Women Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, Without Submitting to an Operation, Writes:—**

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was a great sufferer for three years, had some of the leading physicians, and they all said nothing but an operation would cure me, but to that I would not submit. I picked up a paper and saw your advertisement and made up my mind to try your medicine. I had falling and inflammation of the womb and a flow of whites all the time, pains across small of back, severe headache, did not know what it was to be without a pain or an ache until I used your medicine. After three months' use of it, I felt like a new woman. I still sound the praise of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—MRS. W. M. A. COWAN, 1804 Bainbridge St., Philadelphia, Pa.

**A Graduate Nurse, Convinced by Cures, Endorses Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. She Writes:—**

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Ministering to the sick I have had numerous chances to compare Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound with other medicines in cases of diseases of women, and the number of cures recorded where your medicine was used convinced me that it is the safest and surest medicine for a sick woman. Doctors certainly must know the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I am convinced that you deserve the splendid record you have made.—Yours very truly, MRS. CATHERINE JACKSON, 769 Beaubien St., Detroit, Mich." (Graduate Nurse and President Detroit Emergency Association.)

**Many Physicians Admit that no Medicine Known to the Profession Equals Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound for the Cure of Woman's Ills, and We are Permitted to Publish the Following:—**

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It gives me the great pleasure to state that I have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound very efficacious, and have often prescribed it for female difficulties. My oldest daughter found it very beneficial for uterine trouble some two years ago, and my youngest daughter is using it for female weakness, and as a tonic, and is slowly but surely gaining strength and health. I freely advocate it as a most reliable specific in all disorders which women are subject to, and give it honest endorsement.—Yours very truly, SARAH C. BRIGHAM, M.D., 4 Brigham Park, Fitchburg, Mass."

If physicians dared to be frank and open, hundreds of them would acknowledge that they constantly prescribe Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in severe cases of female ill, as they know by experience that it can be relied upon to effect a cure.

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular menstruation, backache, bloating (or flatulence), leucorrhoea, falling, inflammation or ulceration of the uterus, ovarian troubles, that "bearing down" feeling, dizziness, faintness, indigestion, nervous prostration or the blues, should take immediate action to ward off the serious consequences, and be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and then write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for further free advice. No living person has had such a vast and successful experience in treating female ill. She has guided thousands to health. Every suffering woman should ask for and follow her advice.

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D'y Ex. Rat.	D'y Effective July 5, 1902	D'y	D'y
P.M. A.M.	Lv. Portland Ar.	A.M. P.M.	
7 00	8 00	11 10	9 40
8 05	9 05	Goble	10 05
8 20	9 18	Rainier	9 52
8 28	9 25	Pyramid	9 35
8 44	9 40	Mayger	9 27
8 50	9 50	Quincy	9 17
8 58	10 00	Jatskanie	9 08
9 08	10 10	Marshland	8 58
9 19	10 21	Westport	8 49
9 27	10 30	Clifton	8 33
10 00	11 07	Knappa	8 16
10 08	11 10	Svensen	8 07
10 20	11 05	John Day	7 56
10 30	11 30	Ar. Astoria	7 45

**SEASIDE DIVISION**

11 25 a. m.	7 40 a. m.
5 50 p. m.	4 10 p. m.
11 30 a. m.	10 30 a. m.
8 15 a. m.	5 50 p. m.
4 15 a. m.	12 30 p. m.
2 30 p. m.	7 20 p. m.
5 00 p. m.	1 30 p. m.
9 40 a. m.	8 50 a. m.

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