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Special attention paid to Rheumatism and Female Diseases.
Call answered day or night.

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Prices Moderate. All Operations Guaranteed.
Hartley Building - - Oregon City, Or.

BANK OF OREGON CITY.
Oldest Banking House in the City.
Paid up Capital, \$50,000.
Surplus, \$20,000.
PRESIDENT, - - - CHARLES W. CAUFIELD.
VICE PRESIDENT, - - - GEO. A. HARDING.
ATTORNEY, - - - R. G. CAUFIELD.
A general banking business transacted.
Deposits received subject to check.
Approved bills and notes discounted.
Savings and city warrants bought.
Loans made on available security.
Exchange bought and sold.
Collections made promptly.
Notes sold available in any part of the world.
Telegraphic transfers sold on Portland, San Francisco, Chicago and New York.
Interest paid on time deposits.

THE ELECTRIC HOTEL OREGON CITY
The Only First-Class Hotel in town.
—Steam Heat and Electric Light.— Rates \$1 a day and upwards.
Best Meals in town at 25 cents. JACOB CASSEL, Proprietor.

LIGHT AND WHITE BREAD
Cannot be made with an inferior grade flour. That is why Portland Flouring Mills Flour is almost universally used wherever it is known. Ask your grocer for it. Made by patent process.

30 DAYS Annual Clearance Sale
Big Reduction in all Leather Goods
KRAUSSE BROS.' Shoe Store.

SECOND ANNUAL SALE
—AT—
The Fair Store
Everything Reduced

Brunswick House & Restaurant
Newly Furnished Rooms.
Meals at All Hours. Prices Reasonable.
Opposite Suspension Bridge.
Only First Class Restaurant In Town. CHARLES CATTIA, Proprietor

Mountain View Poultry Yard
We took the first premium at the State Fair in 1901 on Barred Plymouth Rocks.
We have for sale young cockerels at \$1.00 to \$5.00.
We have a large stock and do not care to carry them through the winter. If taken now you can get a fine cockerel for half what it will cost you in the spring.
J. MURROW & SON,
Oregon City, Ore.

ARE YOU DEAF? ANY HEAD NOISES?
ALL CASES OF
DEAFNESS OR HARD HEARING ARE NOW CURABLE
by our new invention. Only those born deaf are incurable.
HEAD NOISES CEASE IMMEDIATELY.
F. A. WERMAN, OF BALTIMORE, SAYS:
Gentlemen:—Being entirely cured of deafness, thanks to your treatment, I will now give you a full history of my case, to be used at your discretion.
About five years ago my right ear began to ring, and this kept on getting worse, until I lost my hearing in this ear entirely.
I underwent a treatment for catarrh, for three months, without any success, consulted a number of physicians, among others, the most eminent ear specialist of this city, who told me that only an operation could help me, and even that only temporarily, that the head noises would then cease, but the hearing in the affected ear would be lost forever.
I then saw your advertisement accidentally in a New York paper, and ordered your treatment. After I had used it only a few days according to your directions, the noises ceased, and to-day, after five weeks, my hearing in the diseased ear has been entirely restored. I thank you heartily and beg to remain Very truly yours,
F. A. WERMAN, 730 S. Broadway, Baltimore, Md.
Our treatment does not interfere with your usual occupation.
Examination and advice free.
YOU CAN CURE YOURSELF AT HOME at a nominal cost.
INTERNATIONAL AURAL CLINIC, 596 LA SALLE AVE., CHICAGO, ILL.
Mention the Enterprise when answering advertisement.

PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
We are prepared to execute first-class Printing promptly at the lowest prices consistent with skillful and intelligent execution.
ENTERPRISE PRINTERY
Your Work Solicited.

ANTI-TRUST LEGISLATION

Strong Fight in Congress Against Big Combinations.

IMPORTATION OF AMERICAN COAL

Venezuela May Get Us Into Trouble With Germany and We May Have to Fight For the Monroe Doctrine.

Special to the Enterprise.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 9.—Unless all signs fail, there will be a strong fight for anti-trust legislation this session. Dozens of bills of that character have already been introduced and a proposition is on foot to have the speaker appoint a special committee, all parties to be represented, to consider the various measures and amalgamate them into one, which shall contain the desirable features of all.

A step toward government ownership of telegraph lines will be the consideration and passage of the Corliss bill to authorize the construction, operation, and maintenance of telegraph cables between the United States and Hawaii, Guam and the Philippine Islands. Mr. Corliss has devoted much time to the study of government ownership of the telegraph and is satisfied that when the question is fully presented to the house it will receive favorable attention. There seems to be no doubt about the early passage of his bill authorizing the construction of the cable by the government.

It is by no means certain that Venezuela will not get us into trouble with Germany. Perhaps the time when, as foretold by Postmaster-General Chas. Emory Smith, we shall have to fight for the Monroe doctrine, is nearer at hand than most of us suppose. Germany is playing the "frank and open" by telling us that she is about and offering assurances that no possible offense to this country is meant or will be given. The story of how it all began and why Germany is sending warships to this continent to threaten and overawe a little, insignificant South American Republic, is a long one, but we shall endeavor to give it in brief for our readers.

The Venezuela government, some time ago, being hard up, or wanting to make some modern improvements, borrowed \$2,000,000. This money was borrowed through a Berlin bank which has appealed to the German government to enforce payment by Venezuela. There are two sides to every question, and Venezuela tells a very different story from that so industriously circulated from German sources through the press dispatches. Venezuela says the Berlin bank did not furnish the money and that it is simply a pay office for the Venezuelan government when the latter deposits funds to be paid out. In fact, while the German bank issued the Venezuela scrip for which the loan was made, it particularly stated on that scrip that it did not bind itself to anything.

Germany did not undertake this little bill collecting business, without having in mind the Monroe doctrine, and the well-known "tebiness" of Uncle Sam. So Baron Von Holleben, German Ambassador, was instructed to see the President and to say that there will be no violation of the Monroe doctrine.

Germany's plans according to the statement conveyed by Baron Von Holleben, are to send a squadron to Venezuelan ports, land marines, seize the customs houses, and hold them until revenue equal to the \$2,000,000 owed by the Venezuelan government to German subjects shall have been collected. According to Baron Von Holleben's assurances, his government will, under no circumstances, attempt to acquire any territory or to hold any territory other than that embraced in the customs houses.

President Roosevelt, with that emphatic and positive manner which is characteristic, personally explained to Baron Von Holleben that this government would not tolerate for an instant an attempt on the part of any European power to acquire territory on the Western Hemisphere. Baron Von Holleben was given to understand, however, that while the United States government did not look with favor on attempts to collect debts of individuals from small nations by a display of armed force, it was obliged to recognize that Germany and Venezuela were sovereign states with whose financial dealing the United States had nothing to do.

This might be all very well if Venezuela mildly offered no objection to what the German emperor proposes to do. But President Castro, of the little republic, seems to be a man of considerable spirit, and not inclined to submit quietly to bullying. He has proclaimed his purpose to resist by force any Ger-

man invasion of Venezuelan territory. Castro has already declared that in case Germany seizes the La Guaira custom-house, he will at once declare free trade, suspend all import taxes, and leave the Kaiser with an empty bag to hold. He has announced further that he intends to give battle to any German marines or other military force that may be landed on his country's soil.

If President Castro does as he has said, and he has the reputation of keeping his word, the United States will unavoidably be drawn into this quarrel. Should Germany undertake to meet the declaration of free trade by administering the La Guaira custom-house for her own benefit, and with her own officials, she will in effect set up a German government in Venezuelan territory and impose upon the nations trading at that port taxes which the lawful government of the country has remitted. Should Germany bombard La Guaira, she will simply destroy the property of France, England, the United States, and other great powers. Should she land troops, Venezuela will fight. Then, what becomes of the Monroe doctrine?

A feature of the "American invasion" of Europe is the importation of coal into France and Germany. The present depressed state of the continental meteorologic industry offsets the advantages offered by the Transvaal war and the miner's disturbance. In southern France the importance of American coal has passed the experimental stage; and, notwithstanding the nearness of English, Belgian, and German coal fields, American coal has begun to filter into northern France at different points.

Interesting data regarding Uncle Sam's sea fighters are contained in the "Naval Register" for 1902, now in the hands of the Public Printer, and soon to be issued. A number of historic fighters in the civil and Spanish wars have died or retired. Rear Admiral Roe, who commanded the Katahdin in her famous fight with the rebel ironclad Arkansas, has died, and Rear Admiral Schley has left the active for the retired list. Rear Admiral Sampson retires Feb. 9.

Admiral Dewey's name heads the active list, and he has no intention of applying for retirement. Rear Admiral J. A. Howell is the senior rear admiral, and Rear Admiral Henry Glass the junior. There are twenty-two rear admirals in the navy, five of whom were promoted for gallantry.

LIGHT FORCE AT CAR-SHOPS.
As a Consequence Milwaukee Is Quit-Woodmen Installation.

MILWAUKEE, Or., Jan. 9.—The Milwaukee car-shops are quieter now than has been the case for several months. The force of men, which was between 25 and 30 during the time of car construction work last summer, has been reduced to 12 men. Nine day men and three night workmen now constitute the force. The present force will not be increased until next Spring, when construction and repairs will commence again.

Ash Camp, No. 339, Woodmen of the World, installed officers at the regular session last Wednesday night. There was a large attendance of members and the installation went off smoothly. The following officers were installed: Consul Commander, H. Theissing; Advisor Lieutenant, Smith Cornett; Clerk, John Gibson; Banker, Casper Kerr; Escort, Earl McLaughlin; Watchman, Edward Tuckolke; Secretary, T. C. Batton; Manager, H. W. Council. At the close of the installation of the above officers the camp was surprised by Woodcraft Circle, No. 149, and treated to a lunch.

Several of the members furnished music and a delightful evening was spent in dancing.

WHAT DO THE CHILDREN DRINK?
Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more GRAIN-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs about 1/2 as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

PURE WATER FOR OREGON CITY

The New Filter Plant to Be in Operation Next Week.

CAPACITY 1,000,000 GALLONS A DAY

Water Goes Through Four Feet of Sand and Comes Clear and Sparkling to the Consumers.

There is nearing completion one of the most important events that has occurred in Oregon City. There has been installed a mechanical filtration plant by the Board of Water Commissioners to filter and purify the water supply of this city. The Board, after two years' investigation, entered into a contract with the California Jewell Filter Company, of San Francisco, the Pacific Coast agency of the New York Continental Jewell Filtration Company, to install a small pressure filter to demonstrate the results that would be obtained for the installation of a larger plant. On February 23 an experimental plant was installed, with a capacity of 40,000 gallons per day, the Board taking many samples of the water before and after filtration. The analysis was made by the professor of bacteriology at the State University and by the professor of chemistry of the Agricultural College at Corvallis. The different analyses showed that the water was entirely free from suspended matter, the coloring being removed of about 87 per cent and a reduction of the bacteria was 86 per cent per cubic centimeter. In experimenting with this filter they were handicapped by having to use the river water to wash the filter, where in the larger plant the washing is done by the clear water itself. The test and results being so favorable and it being the consensus of opinion of the Board and the leading physicians of this city there would be no question of the success of the larger plant to meet the requirements, the Board at once had Mr. Sienewine, general manager of the company, to come and draw plans for the installation of a plant of sufficient capacity to meet the demands of the city. The plans were completed in June and the Board, after investigating for 15 days, decided to enter into a contract for the same.

The latter part of July the Board purchased a lot 50x125 feet from the Portland General Electric Company, situated diagonally across from their present pumping plant. They erected a clear water well made of cement, dimensions 28x76 with an average depth of 12 feet, having a storage capacity of about 65,000 gallons. There also was erected a substantial building 28x76, which was large enough to install the filters, also allowing additional space for the increase of the filter plant of about 50 per cent. As there is no question that the town is growing, it will be but a short time when the additional filter will be added. The filter plant proper itself comprises a battery of two tanks 16 feet in diameter and eight feet high, with an inner tank of 15 feet in diameter and six feet high. This battery of filters has a guaranteed capacity of 1,000,000 gallons of water per day of 24 hours. These tanks were made of the choicest seasoned California redwood. The bottom of the filter tanks comprises a screening system, which is composed of manifolds, and distributing pipes, add on these distributing pipes and manifolds are placed seven cups made of the best bronze metal, the meshes being finer than the filtering media, which is a pure silica sand, every grain being of a uniform size and round like a billiard ball.

The sand is 99 per cent pure and was brought from the Berkshire hills of New Hampshire. Each filter has a bed of about four feet of this sand, each taking about 34 tons. The freight on the sand alone was \$1463, and up to the present time there has been no sand found this side of the Missouri river that has the filter.

(Continued on page 7.)

15 Minutes

sufficient to give you most delicious tea biscuit using Royal Baking Powder as directed. A pure, true leavener.