OREGON CITY ENTERPRISE, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1901.



ching in nature all around us." A fay outlines on some of the very

the method of planning and teaching motio nature study were presented, ata sense of lessons in primary numnot were given, including the fol-

Totesch the idea and expression of ing topiles ;

Desentary results of addition and

prise for building and teaching the uplication table.

os on fractions.

estration of Tuesday on physical ente, and President P. L. Campbell steed on "The Physical Nature of the " He emphasized the importance garding spainst fatigue and said the guical motion noticeable in the varimy mars of the child's life as to vitality, constates a variation of the quuantity st stality of the work required for each sei year. The same sythmical motion mable in vitality during the day reive an adjustment of work so that the felt may come at a high point of alay. The forenoon is a better period rock than the afternoon. The effect furnumlings is either atfmulating or using, and to have the child's vitalpincreased, pleasant and cheerful ini grounds and buildings must be missive to good health. The effect of etescher's vitality is important and teacher should be in perfect health due best possible type of physical coment. For that reason teachers aid not fail to secure an outdoor vain during the summer months and schoold store physical strength in

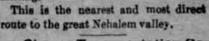
ident Campbell on "The Industrial al of the Public School," was a very sting and instructive discourse. circuit court room in the court house accurded with teachers and many insisterested in the advance of edu-

Bemerning session of the third day seed with a talk by Supt. Righer on remence of the experience of his life. mistion to reading. His lecture was shat philosophy on teaching reading this yet been developed. In Smith in her lecture on number

Delia Withey, Portland. President P. L. Campbell, Monmouth. Smith, Gaylord G. Godfrey, W. H. Ara W. McLanghlin, Milwankie.

Eva L. Todd. Hubbard.

The Squire and the Summing Up. At a lawyers' dinner in Buffalo one Adair, Elizabeth Baker, Walter M. of the best storles told was of Squire iurray, w who was born in Ireland, was in the whisky business here and held his court on the Terrace. The courtroom was like a courtroom in Ireland. The bench was five feet from the floor, with a chair whose back reached to the ceiling. The trimmings of the room were all green. Mr. Lockwood and Judge Beckwith were trying out a case before the squire. There was no jury. At the close the squire paused. "Do you wish to sum up?" he asked. "I leave it all with your honor," said Mr. Lockwood, who advises young lawyers with a ticklish cause and friendly face on the beach to do likewise. "I'll sum up," said Judge Beckwith. "Very well," replied Squire Murray. "While you're at it I'll slip down in Murray Bros.' and have a drink with Lockwood. But I'll be back before you finish." The squire and Mr. Lockwood went out. The squire was in search of the spirit of the law at the root of the law. Mr. Lockwood thinks they had a drink. On the stairs, half way back to the courtroom, with the echo of Beckwith's voice sounding in their ears, the squire stopped. "Lockwood," said he, "you've won



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tdeveloped primary fractions. Insident Campbell in his morning sin showed the difference between sign and diagram. He showed clear-thit logically analysis must precede diagram. His lecture was full of significal insight and he gave a philtheory of language to the practical intion of it. Theoritically grammar thest constant application in compothe is worse than useless and tends to

in pupils conceited. Ind. Shaffer lectured on "Western mispment." The term "west" is talocality but a sories of conditions. dominating force in American life in the first was centered in Plymonth that it represented the east and beting with 1812 the influence of westsocial life. Prof. Shaffer showed a lucid discourse the gradual unling of this supremacy of the west, ich was at first scouted and derided like east, but which is now generally invided. The lecture was listened throughout with the deepest interest. Mr. Geo. T. Howard sang "Asleep in "Deep," land responded to an encore "The Ship That I Love."

in Smith in her talk on "Nature "" outlined work in nature study, the that the alge and fresh water and hold the profitably studied and and hold the internat of the children; to be followed later on by the 5. mosses, lischens and ferns. Fut. Schaffer concluded his topic of

a soming, and said that the study of any must develop in the pupil the into master books so that he can poly secure the contents and intelli-ally reproduce the gist of them. It stereate in the pupils a great love of eling and secure the ability to master rates. Both pupils and teachers and read two texts in history simultpest he gave a list of desirable texts

Frid. Shaffer has, with President F. reac, of the state university, written a mag, of the state university, written a thook on civil government, which adopted for use in the public schools. Fro, Ringler continued his lecture on mical culture and completed the il-Taseday and gave some elaborate

mident Campbell lectured on "Apad Phychology." In a rapid but sketch he summarized the general ples that must guide the teacher in ally work in the school room. First " the particular notion, then the al principle, then its application.

Mary Barlow, Barlow. Madge Hill, Parkplace. Professor Joseph Schaffer, Eugene. F. L. Sairvin, Scotta Milla. Orah Skirvin, Scotts Mills. A. T. Winches, Canby. H. G. Starkweather, Milwaukie. Eva S. Meldrum, Oregon City. W. E. Young, Howell. N. W. Bowland, Montavilla. Maristta Aldrien, Oregon City. Grace Miller, Oregon City. Annie I, Hickenbotham, Viola. Millie Krune, Oregon City. Eva M. Moehnke, Shubel, Ada C. Moehnke, Shubel. Josephine Preston, Holbrook. Shelba Childs, Oregon City. Myrtle Taylor, Oregon City. M. Elizabeth Baker, Oregon City. Olive G. Harris, Clatskanie, Loretta Smith, Monmouth. Jenny A. Noble, Oregon City. Anna T. Smith, Oregon City. H. S. Gibson, Oregon City. Mrs. Lillie Bowland, Montavilla. Inez L. Murray, Woodstock. Georgina Bell, Portland. Blanche A. Dyer, Oswego. L. R. Vincent, Wilsonville. Lena Spingey, Portland. Zura Mayfield, Highland. Mrs. Fennie North, Highland, Zona Mayfield, Highland, Anna Olson, Portland, Matilda Olson, Portland. L. A. Read, Mt. Tabor. Supt. Frank Rigler, Portland. Edson W. Downing, Milwankie. Robert W. Baker, Oregon City. George Murdock, Macksburg. Howard Eccler, Canby. Grace Edwards, Oregon City. Pearl Nida, Oswego. Rosa Feathers, Damascus. Anna Bachman, Stone. Carrie Fee, Portland. Aura Thompson, S afford. Inza Thompson, Stafford. Helen Murray, Wilsonville, Perl Garret, Needy. Ottie Eisenhart, Monitor. Mrs. G. M. Strange, Oregon City. Alex Thompson, Clackamas. Wyona E. Surfus, Elwood, Bessie Grant, Oregon City. Martha Sturchler, Clackamas. Stella Sumner, Sunnyside. Rhoda Newkirk, Parkplace. C. B. Stone, Redland. Maud Stone, Redland. W. M. Smith, Salem. C. G. Mack, Macksburg. D. A. Miller, Highland. Supt. R. F. Robinson, Portland. David B. Thomas, Beaver Creek. Minerva Thuessen, Milwaukie,

Godfrey, Fannie G. Porter, J. C. Zinser, Viola Morris Godfrey, W. S. U'Ren, Mary B. U'Ren, Mrs. J. C. Zinser, Kate Casto, Mary Helen Strickland, Sheba May Childs, Ottie Lenora Eisenhart, Jenny R. Noble, Aura D. Thompson, Zura Mavfield, Mrs. H. N. North, M. Anna Nash, Evelyn A. Nash, Myrtle E. Taylor, Grant B. Dimick.

### Egotistic.

"Isn't there a great deal of egotism among actors?" asked the young woman. "I am sorry to say there is," answered Stormington Barnes. "Why, I have met no less than three actors who thought they could play Hamlet as well as I do"-Washington Star.

## "THE FRENCH SHORE." Where Miserr, Squalor, Hunger and

Cold Rule In Newfoundland. Misery, squalor and wretchedness, accentuated by an almost ceaseless struggle with hunger and cold, are the portion of the inhabitants of the "North Shore," in Nev. foundland. Their little hamlets are perched in the rifts in the almost unbroken hills, and the flerce storms sweep the surface almost to their doorsteps, while for seven months of the year their coast is blockaded with ice and they are cut off from all communication with the outside world.

The only industry is codfishing, and cod is the sole medium of exchange. The people rarely see money, and barter is the system of trading, a quintal of cod being the unit of value. The needs of the fisher folk are only supplied by the itinerant trader, his schooner being laden with provisions, clothing and fishing appliances. Thus have these people lived for generations. They are ignorant, for the means of education are nonexistent, the children being content with what satisfied their fathers. The common objects of everyday life are unknown to them. They have neither horses nor cattle. Only a few of the older folk who have ventured south have any knowledge of these things.

There are no roads and therefore no vehicles. Travel is by boat during the summer and over the ice floes during the rest of the year. The few letters for the clergy and others who can read are conveyed to the settlements by dog teams during the winter, and, save for the fortnightly visit of the mailboat during the period of open navigation, a steamer is never seen by the residents.

With such marvels as electric telegraphs, telephones and electric light they are of course unfamiliar, and their standard of intelligence is best indicated by stating that it is not unusual to find a justice of the peace who cannot write his own name,--Chambers' Journal.

your case."

Then they went in and heard Beckwith finish summing up .- Buffalo Express.

#### Methodical Punctuation. Speaking of W. H. ("Coin") Harvey,

Chicago man said: "An amusing incident took place while Harvey was editor of Coin, a paper which he published in Chicago, around after all to tell me so. And Harvey, in talking to one of his part- those wretched violets". ners, took exception to the want of punctuation in the paper. "There isn't enough punctuation,' he complained, 'and Coin doesn't look right without it. had to tell him that the heat of the There ought to be a comma once in so often, then so often a colon, and all the rest. Don't you think so?' he wound up appealingly.

"'I do, indeed,' heartily replied the partner, who was not wholly devoid of humor. "That's a great idea of yours, Harvey. If I were you,' he suggested, 'I'd draw up a rule to that effect.'

"Harvey thought it over, and the thought commended itself. The next day, therefore, a 'rule reading somewhat as follows was posted in the office of Coin: 'Hereafter it is the rule of riably kills her, although I have not this office that articles appearing in the heard it stated that the vixen would columns of this paper must be punctu- kill the dog fox or another vixen or the ated as follows: Every 12 words shall male another male. carry a comma; every three lines a semicolon; every four lines a colon; every five lines a period; exclamation and instantly rush wildly to the spot, fight question marks may be used as hereto- and apparently do their best to destroy

fore. The employees of this paper will her if not beaten off. please observe this order." "-New York Tribune.

Dr. J. Arch Stewart Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Astoria & Columbia 317 Dekum Building PORTLAND, OREGON

#### A MAN AND HIS VIOLETS. The Story of the Vivacious Maid

Who Received the Flowers.

Yes, it was a lovely bunch of vio lets," sighed the girl who received them, "but I wish they had never come to me. You see, it was this way: The man who sent them is one of those awfully nice fellows who bore you to death-the kind you feel so glad to see talking to some one else, don't you know," she ended appealingly. "Yes; I've seen the type," sympathet

ically replied her auditor.

"Well, on my birthday he sent that lovely bunch of violets-perfect beauties they were-with a dear little note to the effect that he had to go out of town, but would be represented by these little purple clad messengers, so like my eyes and whose fragrance always reminded him of me. I thought the note rather nice," she concluded pensively, "and put the flowers in the parlor on the center table, writing back that I had done so. Why in the world was I so prompt?" she walled.

At Portiand with I. R. & N. Co.'s boats and Depot. At Astoria with I. R. & N. Co.'s boats and Depot. At Astoria with I. R. & N. Co.'s boats and Tail line, and Steamer T. J. Potter, to and from Hwaco and North Beach Points. Ticket office, 255 Morrison st., and Union trave idiotic to go into details like that. ways idiotic to go into details like that. depot.

Well, he did not go out of town, but was 'fortunately' detained and came

"Surely they were all right?"

"I had loaned them to Annie to wear to the Blanks' dinner. Of course I room was too great, and I had put them in the icebox. Just as he was going and I was congratulating myself on my escape in sailed that miserable girl, violets and all! If he had only gone, as he said he would, it would have been all right. Men are so unreliable!"-New York Mall and Express.

#### Animal Peculiarities.

If a female fox (vixen) gets caught in a steel trap and is discovered by the male or fox dog, it is said he inva-

If a cow becomes impaled on a fence and groans with pain, the whole herd

A hog confined with others in a pen breaks out and on being returned to the pen is at once set upon and bitten by the others.

Why, with all the instinct animals possess, is the desire so strong to injure or destroy rather than to help or rescue?-New York Sun.

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