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AGENTS FOR THE ENTERPRISE.

Beaver Creek... Dr. T. B. Thomas
Chickama... Geo. Knight
Clatskanie... A. Mather
Milwaukie... Oscar Wassinger
Union Mills... G. J. Trullinger
Meadow Brook... Chas. Holman
New Era... W. S. Newberry
Wilsonville... Henry Miley
Fairplace... F. L. Russell
Stanford... J. Q. Gage
Madison... C. T. Howard
Carm... R. M. Cooper
Moisala... Annie Stubbs
Marion... E. M. Hartman
Butterville... B. Jennings
Aurora... Henry A. Snyder
Eagle Creek... H. Wilburn
Laurelburg... J. C. Elliott
Sandy... F. Gotsch
Clatskanie... Geo. J. Curran
Coquille... Mrs. M. J. Hammer
Marmot... Adolph Aschoff

The Idaho legislature will visit the Oregon legislature after the 22nd inst. Pray heaven Mrs. Nation may not take a notion to visit Salem before that time.

The Sunday closing law for tonsorial artists will put a stop to a sinful and barber-us infraction of one of the ten commandments. (Had to work off that gag some way.)

"If you see it coming from the northwest, it is probably a blizzard."—Nebraska State Journal.

Yes, and if you see it coming from the southeast, it is probably Mrs. Nation.

The late John J. Ingalls said that Kansas has been the trying ground for all forms of religion, politics and weather, ever since it became a state. If he were alive today he would probably add that it was also an incubator for all kinds of fools and fanatics.

THE NEXT SENATE.

All but six seats in the next senate have been filled. Of the 84 senators chosen, 50 are republicans, counting Kyle, of South Dakota, and Stewart, of Nevada. Twenty-seven are straight democrats, including Dubois, of Idaho; four are populists, three who were elected as republicans—Teller, of Colorado, Wellington, of Maryland, and Jones, of Nevada—are not acting with their party. As figures stand, the republican senators number 50, the combined opposition 34, a majority of 16. The six seats unfilled are two in Delaware, two in Nebraska and one each in Oregon and Montana. Five of this number should be republicans, for the decision rests with legislatures in which there is a republican majority. Should all be filled in accordance with the verdict of voters, the republican majority over the entire opposition in the next senate will be 20. In the senate of the 57th congress the republicans will have within five of a two-thirds membership, if Delaware, Nebraska and Oregon fulfill the rightful expectations of the majority as declared last November. Delaware is a sort of Chinese puzzle to the republicans elsewhere. The state is suffering from a peculiar form of political paralysis, and the malady continues year after year. It might be called the Addicks catalepsy, for the republicans seem unable to move hand or foot when that individual waves his hand, and he has been waving it for more than five years. In the past a republican legislature in Delaware, deprived of all power of motion by Addicks, allowed a democrat to slip into the senate. The republicans of Nebraska should get down to business. That state has had trouble enough from poor politics. In Oregon there is a factional squabble over individuals, and personal piques and grudges are counting for more than party principles.—Globe-Democrat.

Advocates of negro suppression in the South will appreciate the light in which that question has been placed by Dr.

Lyman Abbott, the eminent divine, in a lecture delivered in Boston a few days ago. Dr. Abbott speaks intelligently on the negro question, because he has been in a position to thoroughly understand that situation, but the position which he has taken with reference to our red brother, Mr. Lo, and family, may be very pertinently assailed by people in this part of the Union, who may have had a better opportunity of studying Indian nature and characteristics than the Reverend Doctor seems to have had. Speaking of the Indian question, he said:

"Barbarians have rights which civilization must respect; but barbarism has no rights in a civilized community. The wall which has been erected around barbarism in the form of Indian reservations should be taken down and the Indians thrown out into the activities of civilized life to take care of themselves." This may be good morality, but, in our bluff, Western way, we are constrained to say that we think it would be very poor judgment. It is true that our brother Lo is, and has been for some years, a very docile animal, and generally amenable to the laws which we have decided are good for him, but, in the light of recent actions of his, we do not feel that we have advanced to a sufficient distance within the lines of the millennium as to make it quite safe and comfortable to take away "the wall which has been erected around barbarism in the form of Indian reservations."

But the doctor's ideas on the negro question will receive the unequalled indorsement of every sensible man who has ever given the subject any intelligent study. "The negro problem," he said, "is more difficult, but can be solved by the same law—by a reversal on one hand of the supreme and unreasonable confidence in the ignorant negro, and on the other of the supreme and unreasonable distrust of the slaveholder. It is a mistake to believe every people can vote. I do not wish to justify the methods, but I do applaud the attempt in recent years to have the best element govern the South. There should be drawn, not a color or race line, but a character line. Booker T. Washington should not be refused a ballot because his face is black, when an ignorant, incompetent, drunken white man is allowed the right of suffrage. Manhood must come first, suffrage afterwards."

"I regret the recrudescence of barbarism in the operation of lynch law, but with lynching in Ohio, with a Kansas woman smashing saloons in Topeka and another woman demolishing drug stores in Chicago, we must realize that this evil is not distinctively Southern."

CARNEGIE SELLS TO MORGAN.

If the Wall street reports are correct, Andrew Carnegie has sold his stock holdings in the Carnegie company to the syndicate of which J. Pierpont Morgan is the central figure and Mr. Rockefeller is a factor. The principal industries which are embraced in the Carnegie group are the manufacture on a huge scale of iron and steel billets, steel rails and other railroad-track necessities, car axles and wheels, ship plates, car couplers and castings and structural iron. The industries in the group already controlled by the Morgan syndicate embraces iron and steel and steel rails, and in addition tubing and wire. For a number of years there has been a suppressed hostility between the rival combinations. Mr. Carnegie would be dictator or nothing. Every encroachment on what he considered his domain was followed by a movement against those who menaced him. Relatively the two groups are much the same as far as capitalization goes, ranging in the neighborhood of \$300,000,000 each. The combining of the two groups will destroy all competition in some lines of iron and steel manufacture.

There is yet unassimilated a group of industries having iron for their basis, which are known as the Moore group, and which embraces the National Steel Company, the American Tinplate Company, the American Steel Hoop Company, and the American Sheet Steel Company. How far this group is an obstacle in the way of the new consolidated industries is not yet apparent. Presumably the Moore group in the end will be drawn into the Morgan group.

The Morgan group, previous to the Carnegie purchase, has been rather more central geographically to Chicago than any other city. The Carnegie interests

are grouped about Pittsburg and the Moore group for the most part is in Ohio. When the three groups are brought together the Morgan group will control the Lake Superior iron region, the railroad and lake transportation required for its business, the coke fields and many collateral industries. By the combination of the three properties there will be formed, as nearly as it is possible to do so in that class of industry, a fully developed trust.—Chicago Record.

OUR SALEM LETTER.

SALEM, Feb. 13, 1901.

To the Enterprise:

The senatorial situation remains about the same, so far as seeing the end of it is concerned, although Saturday the McBride forces all voted for Hon. George H. Williams; but this signifies nothing, except that McBride is out of the race. There is no intention or expectation of electing Williams, but the anti-Corbett forces are simply voting for him until they can combine their strength on the man they want, who is undoubtedly Mr. Mitchell. If they find they cannot elect Mr. Mitchell, they will unite on some other available man, and probably elect a senator some time this week, as the people are becoming restless over the long drawn-out contest, and neither faction will wish to assume the responsibility of having to adjourn without an election. As each day passes without an election it becomes apparent that neither of the candidates now in the field can be elected. It is charged by the anti-Corbett forces that the Corbett push has a large-sized sack, and is using it where it will do the most good, and that being the case, they are under no obligation to go into a caucus for the purpose of electing a man whom everybody admits is too old for any usefulness to the state, simply to gratify his ambition to die a United States senator.

The democrats and populists are supporting Senator William Smith, of Baker, for United States senator. He is posing as the leader of the democratic minority and the economical member of the senate, opposing nearly all appropriations.

Every other interest except the laboring and farming interests have dozens of experienced lobbyists here looking after their welfare. It is true the grange has representatives here a part of the time, in the persons of Mr. Vorheis and Mr. Hillary, both ex-masters of the State Grange, who are looking after the interests of the farmers, but when we compare the value of the farming interests to the people of Oregon with that of some other interests represented here in the lobbies, we can understand how inadequate must be the work of any two men, no matter how able or honest, to look after the interests of the common people. Most of the legislators would be glad to know just what the farming class want in the way of legislation, but in the absence of such information, can only rely on their own judgment, which is not always safe in the hurry of legislation and the presence of paid lobbyists of confusing interests.

There have been some bills introduced for the purpose of regulating railroad freights and fares, and of course the railroad management is very clever in furnishing a special train on Saturdays at 1:30 o'clock to take the legislators home three hours sooner than they could get there on the regular train. And all this on free passes. But of course all this is not intended to, and of course does not, have the least influence on votes when it comes to the consideration of railroad legislation, but it is safe to predict that there will be no bills passed hostile to railroad interests.



His Wife's Weak Heart.

It is a singular thing that in the popular view of disease the interdependence of the several organs of the body is lost sight of. The heart, for example, is diseased and it is treated as if it were entirely separated from, and independent of, every other organ. The fallacy of this opinion is shown by the cures of heart "trouble," liver "trouble," kidney "trouble," and other so-called "troubles," effected by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Primarily the "Discovery" is a medicine for the cure of diseases of the stomach and blood. But it cures diseases of organs seemingly remote from the stomach, because these diseases have their origin in a diseased condition of the stomach and its associated organs of digestion and nutrition. "I doctored with three different doctors for weak heart, but they did me no good," writes Mrs. Julia A. Wilcox, of Cynthian, Wood Co., Ohio, Box 52. "I was so tired and discouraged if I had had my choice to live or die I would have preferred to die. My husband heard of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and he bought a bottle. I took that and the first half seemed to help me. I took six bottles before I stopped. I am perfectly well, and am cooking for six boarders. It has been a God-send to me."

Tuesday on the vote for senator, the Williams vote all went to Herman, making Herman's vote 29, to Corbett's 32; three of Smith's votes going to Inman—which indicates a break in the democratic forces, and also indicates that the anti-Corbett men are willing to vote for some other good republican except Corbett.

Last week Senator Porter succeeded in getting through a bill taxing inheritances. Senator Brownell has passed several good measures, the last one being a bill to exempt from execution 30 days' wages of the laboring man's earnings.

There is a bill by Brownell before both houses providing for precinct assessors, but I am informed that it is doubtful if it can pass both houses. Any bill to change our assessment and taxation laws is bound to meet with the determined resistance of the tax-dodgers, and thus far they have always been able to block all such legislation. Ammi Magone has been here looking after fishing interests. E. P. C.

THEY WANT CHEAP MEAT.

There has been considerable stir in local circles this week over the proposition to open a co-operative meat market in this city. A mass meeting of citizens was held in the court house Saturday night, which was attended by about 200 people, for the purpose of discussing a proposition to start a co-operative butcher shop in this city. The present high prices of meat are more than men who receive only \$1.50 a day for their labor can stand, and it is believed that this plan will give them cheaper meat. The butchers claim that they were compelled to raise the prices of meat in proportion to the increased price of live-stock. They say that for the most part there has been only a slight increase in prices, and that only fancy steaks are high. But the employees of the mills here say they like to eat fancy steaks as well as anybody when they can buy them for a reasonable price, and they wonder why it is that some kinds of meat are increased in price while others are not. The butchers resent the accusation that they have gone into a combine to raise prices. They say they have merely agreed on such prices as they are compelled to make and maintain in order to do business on a paying basis. There is evidently a good bit of argument in favor of both parties to the controversy, and it is to be hoped that nothing will be done without proper deliberation.

The committee appointed to draft articles of incorporation met in the office of C. Schuebel, Thursday night. The butchers of the city were present by invitation and presented their side of the question. Chas. Albright, speaking for the butchers, said that while the prices of meats had advanced to some extent, the highest prices had not yet been reached as cattle are steadily rising in price, and, while the butchers are not, as has been charged, making a large profit, they are willing to make concessions and do everything possible to satisfy the people, rather than be forced out of business, as they will be if this movement is carried out. The butchers agree to meet a committee to be appointed by the citizens and give them every opportunity to become thoroughly conversant with the prices and profits of the butcher business as carried on here and elsewhere, and then to arrange with this committee a schedule of prices that will be perfectly satisfactory to all concerned.

The committee will have another meeting Saturday night when the butchers' proposition will be either accepted or rejected. In the meantime the incorporation papers will be sent to Salem and incorporation will be perfected. The promoters say the capital stock of \$2,000 is all subscribed, and as soon as the preliminaries are all arranged, business can be started at any time.

Probate Orders.

In the estate of Martha A. Doores deceased, John W. Doores, administrator, made final settlement and was discharged.

Ass K. Hawkins was appointed administrator of the estate of Wm. D. Bedford, deceased.

Court appointed C. A. Noblitt, Ed Johnson and John Loder appraisers of the estate of Eastham minors.

Harry J. Keilly, administrator of the estate of John Reilly deceased, made final settlement and was discharged.

Glorious News

Comes from Dr. D. B. Cargile, of Washita, I. T. He writes: "Four bottles of Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. Brewer of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give no help; but her cure is complete and her health is excellent." This shows what thousands have proved,—that Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, builds up the strength. Only 50 cents. Sold by Geo. A. Harding Druggist, Guaranteed.

Advertisement for CASTORIA, '900 DROPS, A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN. Includes text: 'Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.' and 'In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA'.

Advertisement for The Lamp of Steady Habits, THE NEW ROCHESTER. Includes text: 'The lamp that doesn't flare up or smother, or cause you to use bad language; the lamp that looks good when you get it and stays good; the lamp that you never willingly part with, once you have it; that's The New Rochester.' and 'THE ROCHESTER LAMP CO., 35 Park Place & 33 Barclay St., New York.'

Resolutions of Respect.

WHEREAS, It has pleased Our Master above to remove from our midst, our brother, L. E. Moore, Be It

Resolved, That in the death of Brother L. E. Moore, Milwaukee Grange No. 268 has lost a valuable member; one who, until continued illness prevented, took an active part in our meetings. The community has lost a splendid teacher and a good citizen, his wife a loving husband. Be It

Resolved, That this grange tender its sympathy to his wife in her bereavement and "whilst we bow in humble submission to the will of our Master above, who doeth all things well" we look for the grand meeting in the heavenly home where partings are no more. Be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread on the minutes of this meeting and a copy be sent to Sister Moore and to the Salem Statesman, Pacific Farmer and the county papers and that our charter and badges be draped in mourning for thirty days.

ANNA HORN, MAGGIE A. JOHNSTON, DAVID WILLS, Committee.

An Old Time "Ad".

This office has received the January-February number of the Oregon Native Son and Historical Magazine. This is a very interesting number and contains much Northwest history of an entertaining character. We take the liberty of quoting the following item which will, we believe, be of interest to many of our readers: "In pioneer days advertisements appeared in the few papers published in a style somewhat different to those commonly seen at the present time. One of these early notices to the public read as follows:

MAIN STREET HOUSE, Oregon City.

Owing to our pressing necessities, and the cheap rates of our fare, we are compelled to say: To all, high or low, Please down with your dust, For he's no friend of ours, That would ask us to trust. Moss & The Widow."

A powerful engine cannot be run with a weak boiler, and we can't keep up the strain of an active life with a weak stomach; neither can we stop the human machine to make repairs. If the stomach cannot digest enough food to keep the body strong, such a preparation as Kodol Dyspepsia Cure should be used. It digests what you eat and it simply can't help but do you good. G. A. Harding.

Through the Yellowstone.

The new route via the Oregon Short Line Railroad and Monticello, Montana, enables you to make a delightful trip through the Yellowstone National Park, entering via Monticello and coming out via Cinnabar, making it unnecessary to cover any portion of the route twice. For beautiful descriptive booklet, write or call at Oregon Short Line Ticket Office, 142 Third Street, Portland, Or.

At Bed Time.

I take a pleasant herb drink, the next morning I feel bright and my complexion is better. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. It is made from herbs, and is prepared as easily as tea. It is called Lane's Medicine. All druggists sell it at 25c and 50 cts. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. If you cannot get it, send for a free sample. Address, Orator F. Woodward, LeRoy, N. Y.

A Life and Death Fight.

Mr. W. A. Hines, Manchester, Ia., writing of his almost miraculous escape from death says: "Exposure after measles induced serious lung trouble, which ended in consumption. I had frequent hemorrhages and coughed night and day. All my doctors said I must soon die. Then I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, which completely cured me. I would not be without it even if it cost \$5.00 a bottle. Hundreds have used it on my recommendation and all say it never fails to cure Throat, Chest and Lung trouble." Regular size 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Geo. A. Harding's Drug Store.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Advertisement for Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. Includes text: 'Itartificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Cramps, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion. Price 50c and \$1. Large size contains 24 times as much material. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.'