Oregon City Enterprise

LOCAL TRANSPORTATION LINES.

TIME CARD EASTSIDE RAILWAY COMPANY

LEAVE PORTLAND (Couch St.)	LEAVE OREGON CITY
7:00 A. M.	7:05 A. M.
7:45	7:50
8:30	8:35
9:15	9:20
10:00	10:05
10:45	10:50
11:30	11:35
12:15 P. M.	12:20 P. M.
1:00	1:05
1:45	1:50
2:30	2:35
3:15	3:20
4:00	4:05
4:45	4:50
5:30	5:35
6:15	6:20
7:00	7:05
7:45	7:50
8:30 only to Milwaukie	8:20 only to Milwaukie
9:15	9:15
10:30 only to Milwaukie	10:30
	12:50 only to Milwaukie
11:40	

45 MINUTE SCHEDULE.

OREGON CITY AND PORTLAND RIVER TRIPS

STEAMER ALTONA LEAVES

PORTLAND Foot Taylor street	OREGON CITY Foot Eighth street
6:45 a. m.	5:30 p. m.

WILLAMETTE FALLS R'Y.

CARS LEAVE

SUSPENSION BRIDGE	WILLAMETTE FALLS
6:30 a. m.	6:35 a. m.
8:00 "	7:00 "
9:30 "	8:00 "
10:00 "	9:35 "
11:00 "	1:05 p. m.
12:10 "	2:15 "
2:15 p. m.	4:00 "
4:00 "	5:55 "
5:40 "	6:20 "
6:10 "	7:00 "
7:15 "	9:45 "
9:10 "	

Sunday cars leave every hour until 9 o'clock p. m. In effect on and after January 5, 1896.

C. A. MILLER, serv.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Furnished Every Week by the Clackamas Abstract & Trust Company.

W. H. Black to T. Buckman, 401.61 a., sec. 21, 3 s 1 e.....$1150 00
L. Robbins to W. H. Vaughn, e ½, sw¼ and lots 1, 2, sec. 30, 6 s, 3 e..... 450 00
State to A. J. Hess, w½ of se¼ and e½ of sw¼ sec. 6, 4 s, 9 e 200 00
A. J. Hess to T. H. Ward, 160 a. sec. 6, 4 s, 9 e..... 200 00
S. D. Hedges to T. H. Ward, 280 a., sec. 7, 4 s, 9 e..... 350 00
H. L. Stratton to Ira Lawrence, lots 8, 9, blk. 8, Falls View... 375 00
A. K. Stephens, by sher., to T. Davis, 55 a., sec. 3, 4 s, 2 e... 307 00
T. Davis to J. Davis, 55 a., sec. sec. 3, 4 s, 2 e..... 300 00
W. I. Stratton to A. L. Mattoon, lot 4, blk. 148, Oregon City... 200 00
G. Kuenzi to J. A. Beede, 80 a, H. C. Moody clm..... 1100 00
M. Gladstone to R. Sugarman, 30 a., sec. 25, 2 s, 2 e..... 1 00
P. Coe to G. E. Boese, 100 a., sec. 11, 2 s, 3 e..... 1350 00
G. W. Avery to D. J. Finn, 12 a., J. G. Swafford clm., former deed.
D. M. Osburn to S. J. Dodson, 7 a., near Eagle Creek bridge... 95 00
G. A. Harding to J. M. Lamer, lots 13, 20, blk. 6, Edgewood.. 125 00
H. C. Clements to M. Porter, part of sw¼, sec. 29, 3 s, 1 e.. 500 00
S. J. Dodson to O. D. Burnett, 7 a. near Eagle Creek bridge... 225 00
Ada Norris to T. L. Smith, lots 5, 6, blk. 4, Falls View..... 75 00
J. R. Evans to E. A. Evans, 14.84 P. Welch clm., 2½ a. sde 8, 2 s, 2 e, lots 3, 4, blk. 12, Marshfield..... 400 00
M. Meyer to W. Stuckey, 75 a. R. Larkins clm., 5 s, 2 e..... 1500 00
J. C. Bradley to M. L. Bradley lot 7, blk. 131, O. C..... 500 00
B. T. Tooze to F. Ridder, 40 a., sec 23, 3 s, 1 w..... 12 00

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(Concluded from page one.)

turned the scale and saw loyal men in the senate vote to sustain the administration. The loyalty of the Southern men who were above the mere wish to embarrass the administration will be remembered and recognized. The incident has been worth all its cost; now we must show the world that we know how to govern beneficently as well as to acquire possessions.

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

The action of the house in refusing to carry out contracts for improvements in Oregon and make other appropriations, should be a practical lesson to the people of the state. The 54th congress made appropriations and laid plans for future work to the amount of $1,926,610. At that time Mr. Hermann was on the river and harbor committe; not only so, but he was next to the chairman on that committee and in line of promotion to be chairman. His age made him member of all conference committees and gave him wide influence, that only old members can attain. It is no disparagement to new members to say that they must acquire influence by experience; this will apply to their cases when time comes to elect another delegation. The fact that Dolph and Mitchell served so long in the senate gave them great influence; Mr. Hermann had the same prestige? The important places these gentlemen held on committees they owed to the long time they had served. As a state we cannot afford to be changing congressmen all the time. The new appropriations made for Oregon amount to less than a tenth of those made by the 54th congress, to wit: Upper Columbia, $5,000; Lower Willamette, $100,000; Coquille $2,5000; Upper Columbia, $6,000; Columbia to Vancouver, $40,000. These form the total for the present year. Those omitted are: The laws being repealed that authorized them; Yauquina, a million dollars; Port Orford, 200,000; boat railway at Dalles, $150,000; Coos bay, Cascades, Siuslaw, Umpqua, Coos river, Alsea, Nestucca, the Willamette and Yamhill, Tongue Point to Astoria. All these are ignored and it remaines to be seen if any part will be restored by the action of the senate. In the senate we count as many as any other state, but in the house we have little influence with but two members. The position Mr. Hermann held on the river and harbor committee was of immense importance to Oregon. Our politics may retire a faithful servant, but the policy of older states is to put good men in congress and keep them there as long as they are useful. The world was surprised to see so good a man as Hermann left at home. The same may apply to changes that may occur or that have occurred. The future should profit by past experience and keep good men in congress for common sense reasons. Mr. Tongue ably showed that the states represented on the committee were but one-third of the union but received two-thirds of the appropriations.

This interests Oregon as the commerce of our state decides its wealth and prosperity. The Columbia entrance, that was very dangerous, by government aid has become one of earths safest harbors; the river improvements make Portland the metropolis of the Pacific Northwest. Congress will have too much to do in the three months left of the session to devote time to the wants of the states. Many questions of interest will be left over to another session. Mr. Simon has got acquainted and will be in good form for business when the next congress meets. The Oregon delegation get along well and act harmoniously. Our state has always been ably represented. It has commanded much more influence, in past time, than any other on the west coast. This was due to the quality of the men we have sent; Lane, Nesmith, Grover, Williams who stood as high as any Dolph, Mitchell all these had influence and gave Oregon honorable standing. We are ably represented at this time; no more industrious and capable man than Senator McBride ever represented Oregon; his tact and political sense make him respected and influential. Senator Simon has shown efficiency in his connection with Oregon legislatures, where he has always been a governing power. He will be sure to accomplish results here.

Colonel James J. Kelly, who was prominent in early Oregon history, and was connected with early Indian wars, lives here, he and his son being in the practice of law. Last Sunday, in company with H. H. Gilfrey, I called on him and had a talk of Oregon in the olden age. Col. Kelly is now 80 years of age and likes to meet his old time friends. We met there Mrs. J. N. Dolph, who is visiting Mrs. Kelly. Few men deserve to be more kindly remembered by old timmers than does Col. Kelly.

S. A. CLARKE.

VOCAL CULTURE.

The First Step is Keeping the Mouth Shut, Asleep or Awake.

"Proper breathing is so essential in voice production that it must receive first attention, and the first requirement is to keep the mouth shut," writes Katharine E. Junkermann in The Woman's Home Companion.

"Of course no tone can be either strong or pure if the lungs are cramped so that the air cannot find room. In order to increase the size of the lung capacity raise the chest and keep the body well and strongly poised.

"So much harm has been done to voices by allowing the mouth to become the regular air passage that the need of care cannot be too frequently emphasized. Besides the injury done by the unwarmed air entering the lungs the mucous membrane is hardened by the saliva being dried up, and the muscles of the tongue and throat grow stiff and less responsive. It is comparatively easy to control one's breathing when awake, but when asleep the harm goes on. To remedy this involves a slight discomfort, but one can endure it patiently looking to the end. Cut court plaster into little strips about one-fourth of an inch in width and paste several across the lips, placing them up and down, with the lips held naturally. If one is tempted to give up rather than endure the discomfort this method involves, a walk through an ordinary day coach or a night made hideous by the presence of a snorer in a near berth will cause a solemn vow to be taken never to do likewise."

The Magic of Rome.

The story of Rome is a tale of murder and sudden death, varied, changing, never repeated in the same way; there is blood on every threshold; a tragedy lies buried in every church and chapel, and again we ask in vain wherein lies the magic of the city that has fed on terror and grown old in carnage, the charm that draws men to her, the power that holds, the magic that enthralls men soul and body, as Lady Venus cast her spells upon Tannhauser in her mountain of old. Yet none deny it, and as centuries roll on the poets, the men of letters, the musicians, the artists of all ages, have come to her from far countries and have dwelt here while they might, some for long years, some for the few months they could spare, and all of them have left something, a verse, a line, a sketch, a song that breathes the threefold mystery of love, eternity and death.—"Studies From the Chronicles of Rome," by Marion Crawford.

The Spider's Elastic Appetite.

The spider has a tremendous appetite, and his gormandizing defies all human competition. A scientist who carefully noted a spider's consumption of food in 24 hours concluded that if the spider were built proportionately to the human scales he would eat at daybreak (approximately) a small alligator, by 7 a. m. a lamb, by 9 a. m. a young camelopard, by 1 o'clock a sheep and would finish up with a lark pie in which there were 120 birds. Yet, in spite of his enormous appetite, a spider has wonderful power of refraining from food, and one has been known to live for ten months when absolutely deprived of food. A beetle lived in a similar state of unrefreshment for three years.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Expensive.

Mattie—Why, what a beautiful ring you have, dear? What did it cost you?

Myra—My liberty. It's my engagement ring.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

All the suitors for a girl's hand in Borneo are expected to be generous in their presents to her. These presents are never returned. Therefore the wily young lady defers as long as possible a positive selection of the happy man.

There never was a portrait made of Ethan Allen. The heroic style of statue of the hero in the national capitol is an imaginative representation.

A VICTIM OF TELEPATHY.

His Absurd Delusions Finally Banished by the Hypnotic Route.

There came to me late one night a stranger in wildest despair resolved to commit suicide that night if I could not help him, says Professor Munsterberg in The Atlantic. He had been a physician, but had given up his practice because his brother, on the other side of the ocean, hated him and had him under his telepathic influence, troubling him from over the sea with voices which mocked him and with impulses to foolish actions. He had not slept nor had he eaten anything for several days, and the only chance for life he saw was that a new hypnotic influence might overpower the mystical hypnotic forces.

I soon found the source of his trouble. In treating himself for a wound he had misused cocaine in an absurd way, and the hallucinations of voices were the chief symptom of his cocainism. These products of his poisoned brain had sometimes reference to his brother in Europe, and thus the telepathic system grew in him and permeated his whole life. I hypnotized him, and suggested to him with success to have sleep and food and a smaller dose of cocaine. Then I hypnotized him daily for six weeks. After ten days he gave up cocaine entirely, after three weeks the voices disappeared, and after that the other symptoms faded away. It was not, however, until the end that the telepathic system was exploded.

Even when the voices had gone he for awhile felt his movements controlled over the ocean, and after six weeks, when I had him quite well again, he laughed over his telepathic absurdities, but assured me that if these sensations came again he should be unable, even in full health, to resist the mystical interpretation, so vividly had he felt the distant influences.

William Black's Characters.

Sir Wemyss Reid notes that William Black seldom allowed himself to be drawn into conversation about his work. One of Reid's recollections runs thus: "One day, in the faroff past, I was walking along the sea front with Black, at Brighton, when he said abruptly and with reference to nothing that had been passing between us: 'We are not all engaged in running away with other men's wives. There are some of us who are not the victims of mental disease or moral deformity. I do not even know that anybody of my acquaintance has committed a murder or a forgery. Yet people are angry with me because I do not make my characters in my books odious in this fashion. I prefer to write about sane people and honest people, and I imagine that they are, after all, in a majority in the world.'"

Some Went to Glory.

I once asked a district nurse, says a writer in The Cornhill Magazine, how the various sick cases had been going on during my absence from the parish. At once the look which I knew so well crossed her face, but her natural professional pride strove for the mastery with the due unctuousness which she considered necessary for the occasion. At last she evolved the following strange mixture, "Middling well, sir; some of 'em's gone straight to glory, but I am glad to say others are nicely on the mend."

Starting Him Right.

"Ah!" sighed the sentimental youth. "Would that I might install a sentiment in your loyal heart"—

"Sir," interrupted the practical maid, "I'd have you understand that my heart is no installment concern."—Chicago News.

Distinctions.

"Did our friend retire from politics?"

"Well," answered the practical worker, "it wasn't what you'd call a 'retire.' It was a knockout."—Washington Star.

The chief ingredients in the composition of those qualities that gain esteem and praise are good nature, truth, good sense and good breeding.

WITH A PAIR OF SCISSORS.

The Wonderful Artistic Feats Performed by Joanne Koetren.

More than 200 years ago a little girl was born at Amsterdam, Holland, whose name was Joanne Koetren. She was a peculiar child in that she cared nothing whatever for play and sport, but found her greatest delight in making copies of things about her, imitating in wax every kind of fruit and making on silk, with colored floss, exact copies of paintings, which were thought wonderful.

But after she had become very accomplished in music, spinning and embroidery, she abandoned all these for a still more extraordinary art—that of cutting. She executed landscapes, marine views, flowers, animals and portraits of people of such striking resemblance that she was for a time quite the wonder of Europe. She used white papers for her cuttings, placing them over a black surface, so that the minute openings made by her scissors formed the "light and shade."

The czar, Peter the Great, and others of high rank paid her honor. One man high in office vainly offered her 1,000 florins for three small cuttings. The empress of Germany paid her 4,000 florins for a trophy she had cut, bearing the arms of Emperor Leopold, crowned with eagles and surrounded by a garland of flowers. She also cut the emperor's portrait, which can now be seen in the Royal Art gallery in Vienna. A great many people went to see her, and she kept a book in which princes and princesses wrote their names.

After she died, which was when she had lived 65 years, her husband, Adrian Block, erected a monument to her memory and had designed upon it the portraits of these titled visitors. Her cuttings were so correct in effect and so tasteful as to give both dignity and value to her work and constitute her an artist whose exquisite skill with the scissors has never before or since been equaled.—Lewiston Journal.

Belts and buckles are special features for the blouse and tiny waist. The blouse itself must be tightened at the waist by a firm band, then the belt adjusted without the thought of making the waist any smaller.

Mrs. Franc Slocum has been elected truant officer in Danville, Ills., at a salary of $40 per month. It is the first time a woman has been selected for that office in Danville.

Best shave in the city at Johnson's barber shop.

A fine parlor organ for sale on easy terms at the Oregon City Auction House.

Money to loan at lowest rates. HEDGES & GRIFFITH.

A fine parlor organ for sale on easy terms at the Oregon City Auction House.

Three papers for $2. Read our offer on eighth page.

The Homeliest Man in Oregon City.

As well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any druggist and get free a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, a remedy that is guaranteed to cure and relieve all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Price 25c and 50c.

Sunday Services.

GERMAN EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN IMMANUAL CHURCH—Corner Eighth and J. Q. Adams streets; Rev. Ernest J. W. Mack, pastor. Sunday school at 10 A. M., weekly services every Thursday at 8 P. M. German school every Saturday from 9 to 12. Everybody invited.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, CATHOLIC.—Rev. A. HILLEBRAND, Pastor. On Sunday mass at 8 and 10:30 A. M. Every second and fourth Sunday German sermon after the 8 o'clock mass. At all other masses English sermons. Sunday School at 2:30 P. M. Vespers, apologetical subjects and Benediction at 7:30 P. M.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Rev. H. Obery, Pastor. Morning service at 10:45; Sunday School at 10:00. Class meeting after morning service. Evening service at 7:30. Epworth League meeting Sunday evening at 6:30; Prayer Meeting Thursday evening at 7:30. Strangers cordially invited.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Rev. A. J. Montgomery, Pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 10 A. M. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meets every Sunday evening at 6:30. Thursday evening prayer meeting at 7:30. Seats free.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH—GERMAN—Rev Erlen, Pastor; J. R. Ebbert Assistant. Preaching services every Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath school every Sunday at 10 A. M., Mr. Zimmerman Supt. Prayer Meeting every Thursday evening.

ST. PAUL'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Rev. P. K. Hammond, Rector. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m, and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 10 o'clock. Service every Friday evening at 7:30. Other services as may be announced. All seats free. Strangers cordially invited.

GERMAN LUTHERAN ZION'S CONgregational church.—Rev. F. Sack, pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 A. M. Sunday school at 10 A. M.

Christian Science meetings at Willamette hall, Sunday morning service, 11 o'clock; Sunday school, 12; weekly meetings. Wednesday evening at 8, except first week of each month, when meeting will be held on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.

Lodges.

A. O. U. W. meets every Saturday evening in the A. O. U. W. Temple.—Geo. R. Califf, secretary.

Rebekahs—Willamette Rebekah Lodge No. 2 meets second and fourth Friday of each month at I. O. O. F. Temple.—Matta Godfry, secretary.

Court Robin Hood No. 9, Foresters of America, meets first and third Friday in the month in Red Men's Hall.—W. B. Stafford secretary; F. T. Rogers, chief ranger.

Meade Post No. 2, G. A. R., meets first Wednesday in each month at Willamette Hall.—G. A. Harding, commander.

Clackamas Chapter No. 2, R. A. M., meets on the third Monday of each month in Masonic Hall.—M. Bollack, secretary.

Pioneer Chapter No. 28, O. E. S. meets the second and fourth Tuesdays in each month at Masonic Hall.—Miss Jennie Rowen, secretary.

Oregon Lodge No. 3, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday in Odd Fellows' Hall.—T. F. Ryan, secretary.

Falls Encampment No. 4, I. O. O. F. meets first and third Tuesday in each month.—J. A. Stuart, secretary.

Redmen—Wacheno Tribe No. 13, Imp. O. R. M., meets Saturday evening 7:30, at Red Men's Hall.—N. M. Moody, C. of R.; Chas. Woodward Sachem.

Multnomah Lodge No. 1, A. F. A. M., meets first and third Saturdays in each month at Masonic Hall.—T. F. Ryan, secretary.

Mead Corps No 18, W. R. C., meets 1st Monday in each month at the Willamette Hall.—Mrs. Fouts, president. The Auxiliary meets the third Monday, at Willamette Hall.

Artisans meets first, second and fourth Thursdays in each month at Red Men's Hall.—J. T. Searl, secretary.

Catholic Knights of America St. John's Branch No. 647, meets every Tuesday of the month.

Tualatin Tent, K. O. T. M., meets in Red Men's Hall, on second and fourth Wednesdays—G. H. Hyatt, record keeper.

Willamette Falls Camp No 148, W. O. W. meets 2nd and 4th Fridays in the Willamette Hall.—Clerk J. K. Morris.

Plenty of money to loan at 8 per cent on long or short time. Apply to G. E. Hayes.