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Have just been placed in stock and will be sold at most bottom prices. Please give us a call and be convinced.
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What Everybody Says Must Be So!
They all say that
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Carries the most complete stock of First-Class Groceries to be found in the City.
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THE BORDEREAU
Wrote at the Request of Col. Sandherr.

THE UNKNOWN VEILED LADY.
Was No Other Than the Wife of Col. Paty du Ciam—A Beautiful Souvenir.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—The Observer this morning continues its Esterhazy revelations, begun last Sunday, in a long article, the most salient feature of which is Count Esterhazy's disclosure, made, it is asserted, in the presence of more persons than one, that he was the author of the famous Dreyfus bordereau, which he wrote "at the request of Colonel Sandherr, now dead."
"It was intended," he said, "to constitute material proof of Dreyfus' guilt. It was known through a French spy in the service at Berlin that certain documents had reached the German general staff, which Dreyfus alone could have obtained. It was a list of these documents which constituted the bordereau."
"Dreyfus had been tested in several ways. For instance, a plan for the concentration of the troops on the southern frontier had been dictated to him, which was quite fantastic. A short time afterwards our spies in Italy informed us that the Italian staff was making modifications in the fortifications around Nice, which corresponded with the changes announced in the imaginary scheme dictated to Dreyfus."
"Then Dreyfus managed to spend long holidays in Alsace without being apparently found out by the German authorities, a very suspicious sign, for it was almost impossible for a French officer to remain for any length of time in the conquered provinces without being found out. In fact, there was considerable moral proof against Dreyfus before the trial took place, but no material proof."
"Colonel Sandherr, who was an Alsatian, like Dreyfus, but intensely anti-Semitic, determined to form his proof. He was convinced of the accused man's guilt, but it was necessary, for the purposes of the court-martial, that documents should exist."
"I was attached to the intelligence department, my duty being to watch the movements of the military attaches accredited by the powers of a triple alliance. When Colonel Sandherr told me to write out the bordereau I did so, without the slightest compunction. I am one of those men who, by profession, cling to old mediaeval traditions of military discipline. When I receive an order I obey it implicitly and without question. I wrote the bordereau because Colonel Sandherr told me to do so. I knew, of course, the purpose it was intended to have. I knew it was committing a forgery; but I also knew that all intelligence departments in all countries were run on precisely the same line, and that it was impossible to achieve the results in any other way. In the Von Tausch case, for instance, which made so great a sensation in Germany, Major Von Tausch confessed to having committed forgery, adding that that crime was nothing to the infamies the Berlin staff had forced him to commit in connection with the other matters. Therefore, the court attempted to silence him. He ultimately received the minimum punishment prescribed and has since been released long before his time."
"It is nearly always necessary to manufacture material evidence against spies, because otherwise they would never be punished. The bordereau having been written, it became necessary to give it the indispensable air of an authentic document. As you know, it was supposed to have been stolen from the German embassy. Colonel Schwarzkoppen (formerly German military attache in Paris) denied ever having seen it. What he said was perfectly true. The bordereau was handed by an agent of our intelligence department to the porter of the German embassy, who was a spy in our service. The porter gave it to another agent named Genest, and by him it was brought to the intelligence department; and there docketed and numbered as a document obtained from the German embassy in the usual course. It thus received official baptism."
"It was exclusively upon the evidence of the bordereau that Dreyfus was condemned. The document privately shown to the officers of the court-martial was fetched from the war office during the buies odes, with the object of convincing the judges, should they show signs of wavering. It was the letter containing the phrase, 'Decanaille D—.' Now, this letter, which is genuine, and was really written by Colonel Schwarzkopf, did not refer to Dreyfus at all. The general staff was absolutely aware of the fact that 'D' was a certain Dollfus, a building contractor, who, years before, had supplied the German attache with plans of the fortifications near Nice."
The ex-major added that the case

against him was quashed in defiance of all law and justice. He said the veiled lady who appeared in the case was no other than the wife of Colonel Paty du Ciam.

From the Cristobal Colon.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—The most beautiful of the souvenirs of the great naval battle of July 3, off Santiago, reached the navy department today from Captain Converse, commanding the Montgomery, Guantanamo. It is a bronze bust of Christopher Columbus, taken from the flagship Cristobal Colon, which lies below the surface of the ocean, 20 miles from Santiago.

POSTPONED UNTIL MONDAY.
Cabinet Will Then Decide the Question of Revision.

PARIS, Sept. 24.—The cabinet today decided to postpone its decision on a revision of the Dreyfus case until Monday next. This action was due to the fact that the civil commission, which has been examining the documents in the case, with a view to reporting to the government on the advisability of reopening the same, is equally divided for and against the revision. Therefore, the cabinet will reassemble Monday with a full attendance and decide the question.

SITUATION IN FRANCE.
Military Coup d'Etat Among the Probabilities.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—The alarming situation in France rivets the attention of Europe. The excitement is increasing hourly, new revelations and developments are expected, and a military coup d'etat would not surprise anybody. The weakness of M. Brisson, the premier, over the affair of Lieutenant-Colonel Picquart, who is now in secret confinement in the military prison of Cherche Midi, placed there apparently without the knowledge of the government and in spite of the fact that he was in the hands of a civil court, has disgusted even his own personal friends, who call him a coward and a dolt, while the enemies of a revision of the Dreyfus case accuse him of being a hypocrite and of having sold himself to a Dreyfus syndicate, an organization which is undoubtedly existing. General Zurlinden, who is once more military governor of Paris, with the cognizance of General Chanoine, who succeeded the latter as minister of war, acted entirely without reference to the premier, M. Brisson, who, with a majority of his colleagues, was completely dumfounded at his proceedings. The supporters of the cabinet declare that Mr. Brisson, in order to save the constitution, should dismiss General Chanoine and General Zurlinden and even arrange them for treasonable conduct. Only bold action will secure the supremacy of civil law.

One satisfactory feature of the prosecution of Colonel Picquart is that the war office has engaged to give him an open trial, which M. Brisson insisted upon before he consented to the prisoner's transfer to the military prison of Cherche Midi. The friends of Colonel Picquart declare that if he is publicly tried he will throw floods of light upon the whole mystery.
A former parliamentarian, who has figured in all the political events in France since 1869, in an interview published in today's Daily News is quoted as expressing opinions regarding the role that President Faure is playing, confirming previous statements on the same subject. He says that General Zurlinden enjoys the full confidence of the French president, who is in love with military glamour. President Faure, he adds, has but to say the word and have France at his feet, and, he further says, if he does not say this word and declares himself in favor of a revision of the Dreyfus case, he will have the whole French mob in hue and cry against him, and he will have to go. But if, in order to oppose a revision, he resigns the presidency, the national assembly, or congress for the election of presidents, will meet at Versailles within 24 hours, and M. Faure will be re-elected by a crushing majority of those who are hostile to a revision. He will then form a ministry with M. Barthou as premier, and, with an ambitious, strong general at the head of the war office, he will be able to do what he likes with France.

BRYAN IS SICK.
Suffering From an Attack of Low Fever in Washington.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—Colonel Will J. Bryan, of the Third Nebraska, is still confined to his bed at the home of his friend, C. T. Bride. He is suffering from an attack of low fever, but his physicians do not regard his condition as serious or alarming, and believe that with rest and quiet the patient in a few days will have recovered fully.

THE LEGISLATURE
Many Bills Have Been Introduced.

THE WORK IS PROGRESSING FAST.
Sayings and Doings Around the State House—Everything Serene.

At an early hour Monday morning the State house was thronged by an anxious people from all sections of the state to witness the organization of the special session of the legislature which was accomplished without any friction and by a little afternoon both houses had completed their organization and was ready for work.

The senate organization is as follows: President—Joe Simon, of Portland; chief clerk—S. L. Moorehead, of Junction City; assistant chief—J. F. Yates, of Multnomah; reading clerk—J. D. Lee, of Multnomah; calendar clerk—Francis C. Middleton, of Multnomah—sergeant-at-arms—Joseph S. Pardom, of Grants Pass; doorkeeper—W. W. Smith, of Clackamas; mailing clerk—H. H. Humphrey, of Salem—Harvey Belt and Frank Hartman.

The officers of the House are as follows: speaker—E. V. Carter, of Jackson; chief clerk—A. C. Jennings, of Lane; assistant chief clerk—A. V. R. Snyder, of Yamhill; reading clerk—Frank Motter of Multnomah; sergeant-at-arms—A. D. Griffin, of Multnomah; doorkeeper—M. P. Eisenger, of Wasco; calendar clerk—D. B. Mackie; mailing clerk—B. Curry, of Oregon City.

At 2 p. m. the senate was called to order and at once entered on the work of the session. Introduction of bills being in order, Senator Brownell was the first to secure recognition from the chair when he introduced the first bill at 2:10 o'clock. This is a bill for the repeal of the law creating the railroad commission. Senator Brownell has other bills No. 9, 16 and 56, which will be mentioned later on. At about 2:30 the senate adjourned until Tuesday morning. At 10 the house, after passing a few resolutions stood adjourned till 10 o'clock Tuesday.

Senate Tuesday—At 10 o'clock after the roll call and reading Monday's Journal, the president of the senate announced the standing committee, of which Brownell is chairman on railroads also a member of the Judiciary and Elections and Privileges. Senator Porter is chairman of Public Lands, a member of Education and Assessment and Taxation. After the reading of the list of committees the introduction of bills was resumed until the number reached 28, when the senate adjourned until 2 p. m. The governor then read his message, which was very short and full of excellent matter.

The first bill to pass the senate was of a local nature being for the creating of the office of recorder of conveyances for the county of Polk. This bill was introduced, read first time and under a suspension of rules read a second and third time and passed in ten minutes from the time of its introduction.

PERSONALS.
Hon. C. B. Moores was watching the organization of the legislature Monday.
John Pillsbury was renewing old acquaintances about the state house the first of the week.
Mrs. R. D. Wilson was noticed watching the working of the senate Tuesday.
Miss Beatrice Barlow was watching the working of the senate Tuesday.
Hon. Wm. Galloway was shaking hands with old friends at the state house Tuesday.

Wednesday.
The house was gotten nicely to work and will soon be up with the senate. Kruse has two bills passed; first reading the first No. 8—relating to the election of U. S. senators, the other, No. 16, relates to the practice of medicine. Thompson is at work on measures that will come up in a day or two and Knight is busy looking after the contest for his seat by Denison. O'Ren is familiar around the state house, but has not got the swing he had during the "hold up."
Senate Wednesday—Adjourned at 11:30 until 10 Thursday. Before adjourning, however, the introduction of bills had reached 44.
Senator Porter has a number of good bills, which he will soon present and push to their final passage.
Brownell introduced his fifth bill. This bill relates to the election of road supervisors by precincts. This bill will certainly suit the wishes of at least some of the farmers of the rural district.

SENATE STANDING COMMITTEES.
Agriculture and Forestry—Loweey, Kelly and Clem.
Assessment and Taxation—Melkoy, Mackay, Porter, Cameron, Taylor.

(Concluded on page six.)