

STRIVING TO PLEASE.

THE ADVANCE AGENT TELLS HOW HIS FRIENDS OBSERVED THIS RULE.

A Manager of a Pyrotechnic Show Who Didn't Want to Disappoint His Audience—A Monument Which Proves That His Efforts Were Appreciated.

"I always strive to please," remarked the dramatic editor, as he scratched the words "big thing" out of the advance notice he was writing and substituted "megatherian aggregation."

"Thanks, I am sure," said the advance agent, as he read over the ten lines the dramatic critic was giving to him, and carefully put back into his pocket the half column notice he had first drawn on the d. c.

"I presume," smiled the d. c., "that you always strive to please, too, don't you?"

"Not always"—in a semidissatisfied tone—but I used to have a friend who did. He really was the most self denying chap I ever saw, and what he wouldn't do to please an audience wasn't worth doing."

"Where is he now?" "Dead."

"Dead?" "Dead?" "Yes, it killed him. It was this way: He was in the pyrotechnic branch of the dramatic art and used to give shows at one of those imitation Coney Islands to be found on nearly every sand bar in nearly every river tributary to the Mississippi. He had been the originator of the fireworks feature at this place, and his phenomenal success had made him so proud that he would sooner have died than had a failure. One Fourth of July he was going to give the grandest display of his life, and the feature in the biggest letters on the bill was a set piece, 100 feet high, with an enormous balloon loaded with fireworks to go up from the top as a grand finale. There were ten times as many people there that night as there had ever been, and my friend was feeling so good you could see it in his walk.

"Everybody was on edge, too, for the grand blaze of glory the management had been advertising for weeks, and when, promptly at the hour of 10 o'clock, my friend stepped forth like a peacock to set off the great display with his own hand there was a round of applause, followed by a dead silence as the audience sat breathless watching for the burst of blazing glory. But somehow it didn't burst. The professor fired the train and retreated to a safe place, but the powder wouldn't burn. It fizzled and went out instead. Once, twice, thrice, it fizzled, sputtered and went out, and then the crowd began to growl and gey, as crowds always will, and the professor began to get wild.

"Several other attempts to set the piece off were no more successful, and at last, with a smothered scream of crazy rage, he shot up the ladder of the tower to its very top, where he had a platform stored with all sorts of inflammable and explosive things arranged to go off at the proper time. He stood there a moment silhouetted against the sky, the crowd indulging in gibes and jeers, with now and then a threat as to what he might expect if he would only come down to the ground. This was his time to show what he could do to please his audience, and in a minute, and before anybody had any idea what he would do next, he caught up an armful of the explosives about him, fastened them to his clothes and hung wreaths and rings over his neck and shoulders, and setting the whole thing afire, he swung out into the air in the balloon, which was already tugging at its anchor.

"As the balloon shot up it was a terrific sight, and the poor devil's shrieks added to the intensity of the scene, already lurid with red and blue lights, while the air was filled with all manner of bursting bombs and crashing explosives. Women fainted, men ran helplessly about shouting, and still the balloon swept upward with its fiery freight and passenger, until, when it had reached a point 1,000 feet above the earth, it caught fire and the whole burning mass shot like a blazing ball straight to the ground.

"You will be safe in betting those people never saw such an exhibition as that before, nor will ever again in all probability, and when it was over," concluded the agent, "the audience seemed to realize that the professor had done to please them, and they chipped in and built him a monument where he fell, having on it, besides his name and the proper dates, no other inscription except 'He strived to please.'"

The dramatic critic was at least half a minute in recovering his speech after the recital of this remarkable tale, and before he could ask any questions the advance agent had folded his tent like a circus and stolen away to the office of the next dramatic critic he had to call upon.—Washington Star.

A Toad as a Talisman.

The Western Morning News reports a remarkable case of superstition. A young woman in Penzance had suffered from fits, and she adopted a remedy which would be to most people almost as repulsive as the disease itself. She procured a live toad, placed it in a bag, hung it around her neck and carried it next her body. The woman was cured of her fits, but she was being medically attended at the Penzance infirmary at the same time. The woman believes, however, that this was a coincidence and that her strange talisman was the instrument of her cure.—South Wales News.

Send the ENTERPRISE to your friend in the East and thus give him an idea of what is going on in Clackamas county, It may induce him to locate with us.

FARM-FIELD AND GARDEN

A THREE FIELD ROTATION.

It Increases the Annual Yields and Secures More Leisure Time.

Notwithstanding the difference of opinion that exists in regard to the best system of rotation where the staple crops are wheat and corn, the fact remains that the true test of any system is its continued success. By the adoption of the three field system, and not overstocking the farm, the annual bills for commercial fertilizers can be reduced to the minimum, provided only enough stock is kept to consume and convert into manure the crops raised, excepting the surplus of grain, pork, beef and wool sold off the farm. Thus writes a contributor to The American Agriculturist, authority for the following: Such a rotation must include red clover and intervals of rest from the constant productions of wheat and corn. Begin it by dividing the tillable land into three fields of equal size and proportion, and stock the tillable acreage about as follows: For each 100 acres of tillable land, 20 head of cattle, 80 sheep, 4 work horses and 25 hogs will be sufficient.

The proper rotation is begun by seeding field No. 1 with wheat, to be followed in the spring with a seeding of one bushel timothy and eight quarts red clover to every eight acres. The clover should not be pastured the first year of its growth, except for a sufficient time for the hogs to pick up the scattered grain after harvest. The second year field No. 1 may be pastured from and after June 1, but a sufficient quantity of that in which the most timothy appears should be reserved for hay.

Where one has a good barn and sheds extending back from each end, with eave troughs to conduct away the water that falls upon the roofs, a level barnyard having raised sides so that no liquid manure can escape, and the straw stacked in the center, a large quantity of manure can be made each year by the 1st of August from the straw and refuse cornstalks, together with the droppings and urine of the animals kept in the basement of the barn and those in and about the yard.

Now, instead of breaking up the clover sward in August, when heat and drought prevail and the cost of the preparation of the land for a wheat crop is doubled, adopt the following method: Begin in August by applying ten four horse loads of manure to the acre on the field where most needed, making of each load six or eight piles 12 feet apart each way. Let this remain in piles until the following spring, then spread it and plow the land to a depth of eight inches, and plant very early to corn. In the fall cut the corn nearly knee high, and shock it in rows, which should be as far apart as practicable. Harrow down the high stubble with a heavy, sharp toothed harrow, which, preceding the wheat drill, puts the soil in the best possible condition for the quick and vigorous growth of the wheat plants.

By this system of seeding the cornfield with wheat, labor is not only completely economized, but the high cut stalks, when harrowed down, act as a mulch to the wheat plants and measurably prevent washing on high points and knolls, which would otherwise wash badly during the winter if the field were allowed to remain in the condition that it ordinarily is. The following spring sow again to clover and timothy. By this plan one plowing serves for three crops—one of corn, one of wheat and one of clover and timothy.

Hog Cholera.

After a third of a century of hog cholera we are still groping in the dark for a cure or a way to stamp it out. Breeding, feeding and sanitation all fail to bring immunity. The scrub, razor back and thoroughbred are all hogs, upon a common level, whenever or wherever hog cholera makes a call. Isolation is the best preventive. Quarantine to keep it from spreading. No one having the care of an infected herd should be allowed to leave the premises to go to any gathering, town or neighbor's, without an entire change of clothes. The law should be changed to burning the dead ones as soon as they die as well as all bedding used in a sick herd not less than once every week, with a thorough cleaning up after the disease has done. If these things were done and thoroughly done, and then safeguards provided against its introduction through transportation from place to place—making it a crime for any man to sell hogs for market after the disease was introduced into his herd—if we did not stamp it out we would, in my judgment, avoid any such widespread disaster as our state has just felt from hog cholera.—Cor. Iowa Homestead.

Experiment With Nitrogen.

The editor of The Rural New Yorker is experimenting with the new bottled bacteria of leguminous plants. He secured a bottle of the special bacteria of red clover, and the plan is to work a poor, sandy field well and add a good dressing of basic slag and kainit. The clover seed will then be soaked in a solution of the nitrogen and sowed in the usual manner. The theory is that these bacteria will at once begin their work on the clover plants and enable them to absorb nitrogen from the air. If this is what really happens, such seed ought to produce a good crop without any nitrogenous fertilizer. It is an interesting experiment, and will be watched with interest.

Irrigation For Cabbage.

At the Wisconsin station last season irrigation appeared to increase the number of plants heading by 12 per cent in the cabbage and 14 per cent in the cauliflower and to increase the average weight of heads 50 per cent in the cabbage and 60 per cent in the cauliflower.

DIABETES

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JOHN LYONS, deceased. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has filed his final account as executor in the above entitled matter and that Monday the first day of November, 1897, at 10 o'clock, a. m. at the court house in Clackamas county, Oregon, has been fixed upon by the judge of the county court of Clackamas county, Oregon as the time and place for hearing any and all objections to said account and to the final distribution of said estate in accordance with terms of said last will and testament of said John Lyons, deceased. Dated, Sept. 20, 1897. JESSE COX, Executor.

CURED

I have been troubled so much with kidney ailment for several years, often with diabetes, that I was forced to get out of bed from two to four times from 11 p. m. to 6 a. m. every night. Since using one box of Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills, bought of Wood Bros., Druggist, I can remain in bed all night without any trouble. I can safely recommend the pills for kidney trouble. H. W. Jaquet, 781 Chapel St., New Haven, Conn.

HOBBS Sparagus Kidney Pills.

HOBBS REMEDY CO., PROPRIETORS, CHICAGO. Dr. Hobbs Pills For Sale in OREGON, CITY, ORE., by C. G. HUNTLEY, Druggist.

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DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE FREE

And what a Magazine it is! For 1897 it will be more brilliant than ever before. New management, new methods, new ideas. Each copy contains an exquisite reproduction in colors of some celebrated picture by a famous artist, woven to adorn the walls of the most refined home. It is affirmed that Demorest's is the only complete family Magazine published combining all of the most excellent points of its contemporaries, besides having inimitable features of its own. Demorest's is actually a dozen Magazines in one. It is a Digest of Current Events and Ideas for the busy man or woman, a Review and a Storehouse of Interest for all. Wives, mothers, sisters and daughters can find exactly what they need to amuse and instruct them, also practical helps in every department of domestic and social life, including the furnishing and ornamenting of the home, embroidery, bric-a-brac, artistic and fancy work of all kinds, etc., etc., and suggestions and advice regarding the well-being and dressing of their own persons. The scope of the articles for 1896 and 1897 will cover the whole country and its varied interests, and the articles will be profusely illustrated with the finest engravings, and in addition, it will publish the best and purest fiction. It treats at length Out-of-Door Sports, Home Amusements and Entertainments; it gives a great deal of attention to the Children's Department, and "Our Girls," and has a Monthly Symposium by Celebrated People, in which are discussed important questions of the hour of interest to the older readers.

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Legal Notices.

Notice of Final Settlement. IN THE COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, in and for Clackamas county. In the matter of the estate of Ambrose S. Lawton, deceased. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has filed his final report as administrator of the estate of Ambrose S. Lawton, deceased, and the court has fixed Monday, the 4th day of October, 1897, at ten o'clock, a. m. of said day, as the time to listen to the final report, and to hear any objections to the same if any there be. Dated at Oregon City, Oregon, this 30th day of August, 1897. WARD B. LAWTON, Administrator of the estate of Ambrose S. Lawton, deceased. 9-3, 10-1

Notice. IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JOHN LYONS, deceased. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has filed his final account as executor in the above entitled matter and that Monday the first day of November, 1897, at 10 o'clock, a. m. at the court house in Clackamas county, Oregon, has been fixed upon by the judge of the county court of Clackamas county, Oregon as the time and place for hearing any and all objections to said account and to the final distribution of said estate in accordance with terms of said last will and testament of said John Lyons, deceased. Dated, Sept. 20, 1897. JESSE COX, Executor.

Summons. IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON for the county of Clackamas, ss. D. W. James, plaintiff, vs. Wm. Oblenkamp & J. H. Dalke, Defendants.

To Wm. Oblenkamp and John Dalke said defendants in the name of the state of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the first day of the next term of the circuit court of the said county and state which will begin at Oregon City, Oregon, on the first Monday of November, said day being the first day of said month, A. D. 1897, and if you fail so to appear and answer said complaint the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein, which is for the foreclosure against you of a certain mortgage on real property dated Dec. 9, 1892, and recorded in Book V, page 230 mortgage records of said county, given by Clak. A. W. Cooke to secure a purchase money debt of \$1200.00 and interest, on the following tract of land to-wit: Beginning at a point on the section line between sections 21 and 22 in T. 33. R. 2 E. of the Willamette meridian in Clackamas county, Oregon, far enough south of the quarter section corner on said line to a 1 1/2 in running east from such point across the donation land claim of R. A. Worsman to the west boundary of the donation land claim of Lorenzo D. Kirk will include 22 acres of the latter part of the said Worsman D. L. C. line north of such east and west line exclusive of 7.56 acres heretofore sold and conveyed by Isaac Farr to P. Reardon, and for an order of the court for the relief demanded in said complaint, to-wit: For the sum of twenty-five dollars and forty-five cents and interest thereon, at the rate of eight per cent per annum, from the 1st day of March, 1897, until paid, and for the further sum of ten dollars and fifty cents, with interest thereon, at the rate of eight per cent per annum, from the 1st day of July, 1897, until paid, and for the further sum of eight dollars and fifty cents, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum, from the 1st day of June, 1897, until paid, and for the further sum of eight dollars and twenty-five cents, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum, from the 1st day of January, 1897, until paid, and for the further sum of one dollar and five cents, and for his costs and disbursements in this action, the said plaintiff will apply to the said court for an order to sell lots 9 and 10, block 7, Gladstone, Clackamas county, Oregon, which are now under attachment in this action, to satisfy said judgment. Hon. T. A. McBride, judge of the 5th judicial district, being a court for the county of Clackamas, this time, summons is published by order of Hon. Alfred F. Sears, judge of the circuit court of the Fourth Judicial District, of the state of Oregon, in and for the county of Clackamas, on the 16th day of September, 1897. G. B. DICKER & J. W. LODGE, Attorneys for plaintiff. 9-17, 10-29

Summons. IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, for the county of Clackamas, ss. A. Knapp, plaintiff, vs. George W. Owen, defendant.

To George W. Owen, the above named defendant. In the name of the state of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled action within ten days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, or if served within this county, if served within the county court of this state, then within twenty days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, and if served by publication then by the first day of the next term of the circuit court of this state, to-wit: the 1st day of November, 1897, and if you fail so to answer for what thereof the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint, to-wit: For the sum of twenty-five dollars and forty-five cents and interest thereon, at the rate of eight per cent per annum, from the 1st day of March, 1897, until paid, and for the further sum of ten dollars and fifty cents, with interest thereon, at the rate of eight per cent per annum, from the 1st day of July, 1897, until paid, and for the further sum of eight dollars and fifty cents, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum, from the 1st day of June, 1897, until paid, and for the further sum of eight dollars and twenty-five cents, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum, from the 1st day of January, 1897, until paid, and for the further sum of one dollar and five cents, and for his costs and disbursements in this action, the said plaintiff will apply to the said court for an order to sell lots 9 and 10, block 7, Gladstone, Clackamas county, Oregon, which are now under attachment in this action, to satisfy said judgment. Hon. T. A. McBride, judge of the 5th judicial district, being a court for the county of Clackamas, this time, summons is published by order of Hon. Alfred F. Sears, judge of the circuit court of the Fourth Judicial District, of the state of Oregon, in and for the county of Clackamas, on the 16th day of September, 1897. G. B. DICKER & J. W. LODGE, Attorneys for plaintiff. 9-17, 10-29

Summons. IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON for Clackamas County. Robert J. Beutel, plaintiff, vs. Philip S. Bates, Jane M. Bates, O. C. McLeod, Florence M. McLeod, Henry W. Cox, Viola M. Cox, and D. W. Waite, defendants.

To defendants Philip S. Bates, and Jane M. Bates: In the name of the state of Oregon, you are hereby notified and required to appear in the above entitled court on or before the first day of the next regular term thereof, to-wit, on Monday, November 1, 1897, to make answer to plaintiff's complaint filed in the above entitled cause; and if you fail so to appear and answer plaintiff will apply to said court for the relief demanded in his complaint, namely: For a decree annulling and setting aside a certain decree (recording a certain mortgage) of the probate court of Clackamas county, Oregon, made by said court on April 20, 1896, wherein the said Robert J. Beutel was plaintiff and said Philip S. Bates, Jane M. Bates, and Henry W. Cox, were defendants, and in which the sale of the mortgaged premises made under said decree; for a decree awarding judgment against said defendants for the sum of one hundred dollars, with interest thereon at eight per cent, per annum from June 1, 1894, in U. S. gold coin, less forty-six and 88-100 dollars, with interest thereon at eight per cent, per annum from December 3, 1894, and one hundred and twenty-five dollars attorneys fees; for the further sum of sixteen hundred dollars, with interest thereon at eight per cent, per annum from June 1, 1894, in U. S. gold coin, and for one hundred and twenty-five dollars attorneys fees; and for the further sum of sixty-two and 80-100 dollars as taxes, with interest thereon at eight per cent, per annum from February 13, 1895, and for plaintiff's costs and disbursements of this suit; for a decree foreclosing a certain mortgage given by you to plaintiff on March 30, 1893, to secure the sums above named, on the following described real property situated in Clackamas county, in the state of Oregon, and more particularly described as follows: A portion of the George Abernathy D. L. C. lying and being in section twenty-nine (29) township two (2) south, range two (2) east of the Willamette meridian, described as follows: Beginning at a point on the south boundary line of the George Abernathy donation land claim, twenty-four and 90-100 chains westerly from the northeast corner of the Ezra Fisher donation land claim; thence north forty-two (42) degrees east fourteen (14) chains to the north boundary of the Abernathy claim; thence westerly by judgment of the circuit court of the state of Oregon for Clackamas county; thence westerly on said north boundary line north eighty-three (83) degrees and thirty-four (34) minutes west to the center of the county road eleven and 20-100 chains; thence south forty-two (42) degrees west along said county road to the south boundary of the Abernathy donation land claim; thence westerly along said Abernathy claim line to the place of beginning (less four acres on the east side of this tract sold by J. M. Taylor to Robert Findley); counting eight and one-half acres, more or less, together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any way appertaining, excepting therefrom lots one and two in block A, in Frank T. Stokes' addition to Oregon City, in Clackamas county, Oregon, according to the map and plat of said addition on file in the office of the recorder of Clackamas county, Oregon; beginning at a point on a decree that said mortgaged premises be sold as on execution, and the proceeds of said sale applied to the discharge of the costs of suit and of said and of the judgment to be awarded plaintiff, including attorneys fees and taxes; and that if said proceeds be insufficient to satisfy said judgment, in full, plaintiff may have present judgment and execution against you for such deficiency; and that you and all persons claiming under you or either of you shall be bound to the execution of said mortgage, and all other defendants in said suit, be barred and foreclosed of all right, title and interest and equity of redemption in and said mortgaged premises and every part and parcel thereof; and for such other and further relief as to the court may seem equitable.

This notice is published by order of Hon. E. D. Shattuck, judge of the Fourth judicial district of the state of Oregon, acting in the absence of Hon. T. A. McBride, and on account of his inability to act, said order being made at Chambers on September 9, 1897. COX, COTTON, TRAL & MINOR and C. Moore, Attorneys for Plaintiff. 9-11, 10-22

The Marketing Point OF CLACKAMAS COUNTY

The factory towns of the East are noted for affording the best market to the neighboring farmers and gardeners in proportion to the population of any of the towns in that section. The reason for this is that the people of these towns have a fixed income upon which they can always depend, and, as a consequence, they are liberal buyers, paying cash for all their purchases.

As the Great Manufacturing Center of the Pacific Coast

OREGON CITY.

Is Coming to be One of the Best Marketing Towns in the State

This is proven every day by the number of farmers, who are to be seen on its streets selling their produce, who, until just the last few years, sought the markets of other towns. The system of macadamized roads that is being built into all parts of Clackamas county, will enable all the people of this county to share in the profitable market that Oregon City affords. If, as it is sure to do, the demands of Oregon City increase in the next five years as it has in the past five years, this city will rank next to Portland as a market place for

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