

Oregon City Enterprise.

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CHAS. MESERVE,
PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR.

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FRIDAY, JANUARY 17, 1896.

AGENTS FOR THE ENTERPRISE.

Beaver Creek	Dr. T. B. Thomas
Cady	Geo. Knight
Clackamas	A. Mather
Clatsop	Oscar Wissinger
Clatsop Mills	G. J. Trullinger
Meadow Brook	Chas. Holman
New Era	W. S. Newberry
Wilsonville	Henry Wiley
Park Place	F. L. Russell
Gladstone	T. M. Cross
Stadium	J. G. Gage
Carus	C. T. Howard
Molalla	R. M. Cooper
Marquam	Annie Stubbs
Butteville	E. M. Hartman
Astoria	B. Jennings
Orville	Ed Muecke
Eagle Creek	L. J. Perkins
Damascus	H. Wilburn
Sandy	J. C. Elliott
Seaside	F. Gotsch
Currsville	Mrs. W. M. McIntyre
Cherryville	Geo. J. Curran
Marmot	Mrs. M. J. Hamner
	Adolph Aschoff

The way to build up Oregon City is to give Oregon City people your patronage.

AN EFFECTIVE WORKER.

Senator Mitchell is a tireless worker for his Oregon constituents, and is constantly alive to their best interests. He never leaves a stone unturned to do some effective work in the interest of the people whom he represents, and his long experience in national legislation and high standing at the capital of the nation redound to the advantage of the people of Oregon. Here are some of the important bills recently introduced by Senator Mitchell, which have been read twice and referred to their respective committees:

For payment of balance unpaid on Oregon and Washington Territory Indian war claims for suppression of Indian hostilities in 1855 & as found by commission appointed by secretary of war, consisting of General Rufus Ingalls, Captain A. J. Smith and Hon. L. P. Grover, pursuant to act of congress, and disallowed by third auditor of the treasury, as per his report of February 7, 1890.

Another bill is to amend an act entitled an act for the relief of certain settlers on the public lands, and to provide for the repayment of certain fees, purchase money, and commissions paid on void entries of public land.

A bill entitling veterans of Indian wars to admission to the soldiers' homes in the United States on the same terms and under the same conditions as veterans of the late war of the rebellion.

A bill to secure the efficiency of the national guard of the different states, by authorizing the secretary of war to furnish the national guard of each state with the forty-five caliber Springfield rifle upon requisition from the governor of said state. Such arms to be in lieu of those now belonging to the United States in the possession of such guard.

A bill extending the privilege of bounty land to persons who served in the Indian wars of the United States subsequent to March 31, 1855.

A bill pensioning soldiers who served in the Cayuse war, the same to be extended to all survivors who served 15 days or more in the Cayuse Indian war of 1857.

A bill pensioning the survivors of all Indian wars, who served 15 days or more in any Indian war since the year 1815, whether as soldier, wagon master, teamster or packer.

A joint resolution authorizing the issue of duplicate medals where the originals have been lost or destroyed.

A bill to forfeit certain lands heretofore granted for the purpose of aiding in the construction of railroads and other purposes.

A bill to provide for the construction of a military and commercial telegraphic line along the coast in Oregon from Yaquina to Coos Bay.

A bill to amend an act entitled an act to provide for the adjudication and payment of claims arising from Indian depredations, approved March 3, 1891.

A bill fixing the northern boundary line of the Warm Springs Indian reservation.

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution of the United States, providing for the election of senators by the qualified electors of the states.

A bill for the relief of the citizens of the states of Oregon, Idaho and Washington, who served with the United States troops in the war with the Nez Peres, Bannock and Shoshone Indians, and for the relief of the heirs of those killed in such service, and for other purposes.

A bill fixing the time and manner of regulating the accounts between the United States and the several public land states, relative to proceeds of sales and other dispositions of public lands.

A bill explanatory of an act to settle certain accounts between the United States and the state of Mississippi and other states and for other purposes.

A bill to establish postal savings depositories and sub-depositories, and for other purposes.

A bill to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States.

A bill for the relief of Sidney W. Moss, of Oregon City, Oregon. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the sum of \$7000 be and the same is hereby appropriated to be paid to Sidney W. Moss, in full compensation for lots 2, 3, 6 and 7 in block six, in what was

known as Pacific City, in Lewis county, then territory of Oregon, now state of Washington, taken by the government for military purposes, and included in Cape Hancock military reservation, Pacific county, state of Washington.

A bill for the relief of William A. Starkweather in the sum of \$2,170, being the amount paid out by him to Owen Wade for clerk hire in the United States land office at Oregon City, while the said Starkweather was register of said land office.

The county court did the proper thing in ordering a survey and estimate of the proposed road extending southward from the upper end of Main street and crossing the railroad track by an elevated roadway and ascending the bluff on an easy grade. It is a fact that does not reflect much credit to the enterprise of Oregon City people, that there is no safe thoroughfare leading immediately into the city from the eastern and southern sections of the county. The farmer who drives into town on the New Era road, or comes in by way of Seventh street down the Singer hill, does so with possible danger to his team and vehicle, as well as to the persons who ride behind the team. No one realizes this danger more than those who have to travel over the roads named; and the possible danger is magnified, until it materially redounds to the commercial disadvantage of Oregon City. People do not care to risk their lives where they consider there is a possible danger of receiving fatal injuries, and the terrible fate of Blackburn, who was run over by the cars and killed last summer, is still fresh in the minds of the public. It is to be wondered at that Oregon City has never heretofore taken steps in the direction of making a safe and easy thoroughfare over the railroad track and on an easy grade up the bluff. This route is practicable in every way, and is worthy consideration.

The county court has made a levy of 20 mills, which is two mills higher than last year. This will strike the average taxpayer on the first impression as being an exorbitant levy; but figures show that the levy is only two mills higher than last year, and besides the state board of equalization reduced the total valuation of all property in the county about \$600,000. And another fact to be taken into consideration is, there is about \$6,000 less to be raised than last year. The unusual high state tax too, adds to the burden of county taxation. These figures show that upon the whole, taxes in a general way will not be any higher than they were last year, and the problem of raising money to pay taxes will not be a more difficult problem to solve than it has been for several years past.

The secretary of the navy has sent to the senate a letter in which he says, to equip the guns and machinery and put in first class condition for purposes of harbor defense all monitors now in commission or undergoing repairs, would cost \$1,580,000, and to place the same in excellent condition would cost \$1,895,000. He further says if the department were called upon by a sudden emergency to use these vessels immediately, it would expend only the sum needed by the bureau of ordnance, namely, \$20,000 and possibly \$20,000 for turrets.

THE GRANGE AS AN EDUCATOR.

To THE EDITOR: The educational features of the Grange are the foundation stones upon which the Order is built. In every age and condition of human life in its normal state, from the cradle to the grave, the development of the mind is carried forward to a greater or less degree. The child receives first impressions from the mother. He learns to talk, to read, to think, to act. All through life he continues to receive impressions from others. By thought, and continually accumulating experience, he arrives at conclusions, and acts in accordance with these conclusions, whatever they may be. This, in short, is education in its broadest sense, and it can no more be confined to mere book lore than the sunlight to the dew drop. The Grange accepts this broad view of the word education, and applies it to every line and department of its work. It recognizes that the opportunities of the farmer for social culture, intellectual development, a knowledge of existing commercial laws and conditions, and an understanding of the political and economic questions of the day were, in former years, limited to the extreme. By means of organization and co-operation the Grange seeks to overcome these hindrances to the highest degree of success in farm life, and to give the farmer an opportunity to become the peer of any man in ease of manner, fluency of speech, practical common sense, and logical conclusions in regard to current topics and questions of state or national importance. To this end the Grange educates its members. Along social lines they are continually brought in contact with others, and from their frequent intercourse they learn to practice the social amenities and courtesies of life which adorn society and give refinement and charm to the home life of any class of people. No other organization extant possesses such valuable opportunities for self development in this direction, and no other class in the community stands in greater need of this kind of an education.

The farmer needs the Grange to assist him to become a better farmer, and the farmer's wife to become a better homemaker. No farmer in this country has reached the highest possibilities of farming. In this occupation as in most others, we learn from study, observation, experience, and the teaching of others. Individually and alone, we can hope to get but little from the great storehouse of wisdom and knowledge in regard to the intricate science of farming whose marvelous mysteries

have scarcely yet begun to be unfolded. The laboratories of nature are too numerous and life is too short to enable us to make a special study of all soils, plant growth, food nutrition and animal life. Much of this needed knowledge must come from the study and experience of others. The Grange has become the special educator of the farmer in this direction, supplying his needs in the most systematic and practical way that could be devised.

The farmer's wife, also, whose opportunity for obtaining a knowledge of many of the niceties of the home art may have been limited, receives most valuable lessons from her sisters in the Grange who perchance have had better opportunities and a wider experience in life. In a purely intellectual way the farmer needs and must have the mental discipline and opened thought which may be obtained in connection with the Grange work in order to give him an equal chance with other men from favored classes for positions of trust and honor within the gift of the people. By study and application the ambitious farmer can do much by himself, but he cannot become the ready thinker and easy speaker without discipline and public experience in this direction, and the Grange is the only organization which affords him ample opportunities for the development of the latent powers of thought and speech which he may possess.

In former times the education of the farmer was sadly neglected along commercial lines. A few years ago he was not supposed to know much about the market value of even farm products, and much less could he have any definite knowledge of the world's commodities and of the laws of trade and commerce which govern the same. But the Grange through its associated efforts and co-operative methods enables the farmer to obtain a knowledge of the market value of every farm product and of every article of supplies for the farm and household from a paper of pins to a mowing machine or self-binder; and more than this, he has been taught to estimate the amount of farm products in this and other lands; to study the law of supply and demand; to investigate the manipulations of the market, and to apply this knowledge as best he may to his own conditions of farm life. But the Grange goes further than this by enabling the farmer to become familiar with the great economic questions which a few years ago were as Greek and Latin to him.

This education is making him a thinking, active, potent factor in the solution of the currency question which is agitating not only this nation but the nations of the world at the present time.

The tariff question is of great interest to the farmer, and the Grange teaches him to study it in all its phases that he may fully understand its effects upon all the industries of the land.

The transportation question, which is of great interest and importance to the farming and all other interests of the country, is receiving much thought and investigation, and farmers are thus preparing themselves to act with wisdom and discretion in the solution of this mighty problem.

The immigration question with its far-reaching consequences is also a topic for study and discussion in Grange work.

But education in the Grange does not even stop here. No American farmer can be true to the best interests of his country until he thoroughly understands what an enlightened citizenship means, and acts in accordance with that knowledge and understanding. During the past twenty years or more the Grange has been teaching the farmers of the nation some of the rights, duties and responsibilities of citizenship. Intelligence, and virtue among farmers are essential elements of good citizenship; but these count for little in the enactment and execution of wise and just laws if the farmers permit themselves to be so dominated and directed by party leaders as to become as plastic clay in their hands, to be used for selfish ends or party supremacy, regardless of the interests of the people.

On the other hand, that country has the most equitable laws and is best governed whose rulers are under the direct control of an enlightened and loyal people. During the entire existence of the Grange it has been a prominent part of its educational work to teach the farmer that he has a personal duty and responsibility in state and national legislation, and that this duty consists in fealty to the principles of good government rather than in blindly following the mandates of party leaders.

The above are some of the leading educational features of the Grange.

Letter List.

The following is the list of letters remaining in the post office at Oregon City, Oregon, on January 15, 1896:

- MEN'S LIST.**
- Abriel, L.
 - Bell, G. W.
 - Bunch, L. A.
 - Colson, Clay
 - Flynn, John
 - Griess, P. G. and Son
 - Hass, K.
 - Hepler, John
 - Le Due, Phillip
 - McDowell, John
 - Mass, Ernest
 - Root, M. T.
 - Schilling, Albert
 - Stapp, Neal
 - Thomas, Lewis
 - Townsend, J. C.
 - Trembath, Humphrey
 - Walker, P. W.
 - Wise, Peter
 - Wood, G. O.
- WOMEN'S LIST.**
- Baker, Myrtle B.
 - Dodge, Mrs. Allie
 - McFee, Mrs. A.
 - Matthews, Mrs. Geo.
 - Newsome, Mrs.
 - Neilvine, Clara
 - Williams, Mrs. Grace
 - Wolf, Mrs. E.
- If called for state when advertised.
- S. R. GREEN, P. M.

Wife—Here's an account of a man who shot himself rather than suffer the pangs of indigestion. Husband—The tool! Why didn't he take DeWitt's Little Early Risers? I used to suffer as bad as he did before I commenced taking these little pills. For sale by C. G. Huntley, druggist.

Any remedy that will relieve a teething baby or a feverish child is invaluable Stegman's Soothing Powders have done this for fifty years.

The latest in visiting cards at the ENTERPRISE OFFICE. Prices to suit you.

MOLALLA AVENUE STORE.

G. W. GRACE & Co.
NEW GOODS,

Complete stock of every thing needed in the home.

A good serviceable mackintosh for \$5.

Umbrellas, good quality, from \$1 up.

Long wearing wool socks per pair 20 cents and up.

A fine fleeced lined glove for 50 cents. Other good glove at proportionate prices.

Those are but a few of the bargains we can give. If you can do better in Portland let us know it. Come in and examine the goods.

Glass & Smyth.



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THE FASHION PAPER OF THE DAY.
Superb, Strictly Up-to-Date Designs, Illustrations and Fashion Notes.
Reliable, Bright and Clean.

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Celebrated McCall Bazar Patterns, and all patterns to subscribers

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FOR ABSOLUTELY PURE DRUGS

—GO TO—
G. A. HARDING.

NONE BUT COMPETENT PHARMACISTS EMPLOYED

Fine Perfumeries and Toilet Articles.

Also a full stock of

PAINTS OILS ETC.

NOBLITT'S STABLES.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable

OREGON CITY.

LOCATED BETWEEN THE BRIDGE AND DEPOT

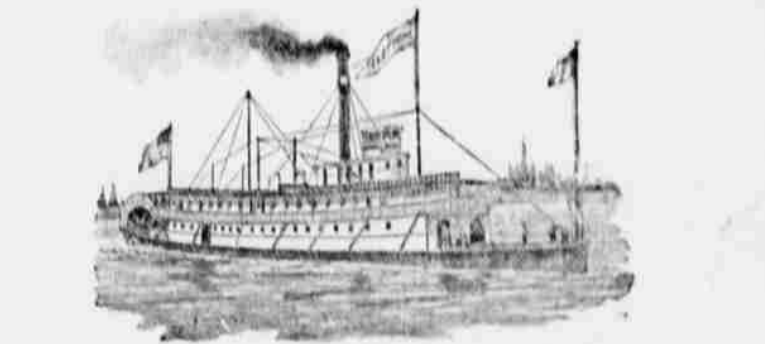
Double and Single Rigs, and saddle horses always on hand at the lowest prices. A corral connected with the barn for loose stock.

Information regarding any kind of stock promptly attended to by person of letter.

Horses Bought and Sold. Horses Boarded and Fed on reasonable terms.

WHITE COLLAR LINE. Sts. Telephone and Bailey Gatzert.

Columbia River & Puget Sound Navigation Company.
Alder Street Dock, Telephone No. 351.



Portland, Astoria and the Ocean.

Telephone leaves Portland 7 A. M., daily except Sunday. Telephone leaves Astoria 7 P. M., daily except Sunday.

Runs direct to train for Clatsop beach and connects with Str. Ilwaco for Ilwaco trains running to all points on North beach.

Bailey Gatzert leaves Portland 8 P. M., daily, except Sunday; on Saturday 11 P. M. Leaves Astoria daily at 6:45 A. M., except Sunday and Monday; on Sunday 7 P. M. Connects with all trains for Clatsop beach and Ilwaco beach.

This line has a boat connecting with both beaches, returning from Astoria every night in the week.

U. B. SCOTT, President.
E. A. SEELEY, Agent.

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Need Cash more than the goods I now have.

For the Next Thirty Days

I will sell for cash, no deceiving, all goods in my store—Everything goes.

Stock Must Be Reduced

This unexceptional opportunity for bargains will only last for thirty days, so

COME EARLY.

JAS. HODGES, CANBY, OREGON.

Swing Machines And all accessories. White, Standard and others. E. B. Lighter & Co. 23 First Street, For sale only.	The L. & Z. Swett Co., New and Second Hand Furniture, Carpets, Bedding and Stoves. 201 & 203 Front, 202 Taylor Sts. At the boat landing.	Jno L Oline Watch Maker. 224 First Street. All work first class Prices Low.
F. E. CHOWN, DEALER IN Hardware and Stoves 212 First Street, Portland, Or.	Green & Knibler, Prescription Druggists 34 and Main St Family & Country Trade Solicited.	Dr. E. C. Brown Eye and Ear Surgeon. Glasses Fitted and Prescribed in First Street
FORBES & BREEDEN FURNITURE Carpets, Shades, Lace Curtains, Portieres, etc. 114 First Street, 112 Front Street.	Lipman, Walls & Co. Dry Goods 46 First St. LEADERS OF LOW PRICES	Denver Kitchen. Best Sewing Machines 228 First Street Near Calhoun.
OLDS & KING Offer Best Bargains CAPS AND... TICKETS 307 & Washington Sts.	BUYERS The names of the Portland (West Side) Business Houses here given are for reference and guidance of country and suburban buyers. They are recommended as reliable firms to deal with.	Hardware Avery & Co. 82 Third St Near Oak
TITLES Abstracted and guaranteed by The Title Guarantee & Trust Co. Chamber of Com- merce Building	Books and Stationery GILL'S. 31 and Alder Sts.	POTTER, Artistic Photographer. 25 Third St. Photos \$1.50 per doz. Kodak work.
Books Stuart & Thompson Co 245 & 271 Morrison Street Portland.	Finest Photos 50c Per Doz. at Mesarvey's Gallery. 165 1/2 Third St.	E. H. Moorehouse & Co WALL PAPER Paints, Oils, Brushes, Etc. 223 Alder Street
LADIES' Wigs, Switches and Bangs. Also Gents wigs. Get our Prices. Paris Hair Store 208 Washington St.	John S. Meek Co., 82 Sixth St., Photographic & Magic Lantern SUPPLIES.	Books Bought, Sold and Ex- changed at the Old Book Store 263 1/2 Yamhill St., Near Third.
F. E. Beach & Co Dealers in PAINTS AND OIL And General Building Materials. E. Corner First and Park Street. Opposite Ladd and Titler's Bank.	Newest Things in Wall Paper Prices to suit the times. Sprinfield & Moran 192 Third St. Send for Samples	FOR SALE OR TRADE, House and two acres near Park Place. J. K. GROOM, 482 East Pine St. Portland, Oregon.