

### COURTS.

Circuit court convenes first Monday in November and third Monday in April.  
Probate court in session first Monday in each month.  
Commissioners court meets first Wednesday after first Monday of each month.

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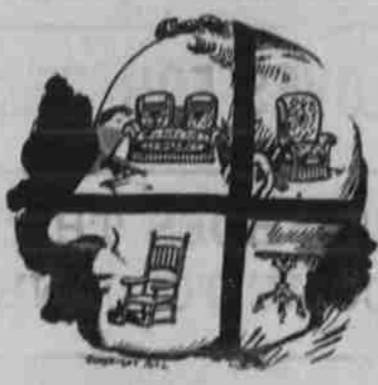
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All work executed in the best manner possible. Promptness guaranteed on all orders.

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Prices the lowest to be had in Portland. Shop on Fourth Street near Main, Oregon City, Oregon.

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When your children need a laxative or stomach and bowel regulator, buy

BABY'S FRUIT LAXATIVE.

Fifty doses for twenty-five cents. The season for colds and coughs is upon us. In order to be prepared for an emergency, get a bottle of

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The best in the market. Price 25 cents. For sale at the CANBY PHARMACY, Canby, Or.

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Doors, Windows, Mouldings,

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Special sizes of doors and windows made to order. Turning of all kinds.

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Furnished on application. Builders give us a call and see if our work is not of the best, and our prices as low as the lowest. Price sent on application.

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Prices to Your Address.

### PEKING IN A PANIC.

The Chinese Army at Wiju, on the Yalu River, has Mutinied.

CHINA IS PERFECTLY HELPLESS.

Throwing Away their Arms, Because They Have No Ammunition and can get None.

New York, Sept. 28.—A special from Shanghai says that the Chinese army at Wiju, on the Yalu river, which is opposing the advance of the main Japanese army, has mutinied. The men are throwing away their arms, because they have no ammunition, being cut off from supplies. The Chinese defenses have completely collapsed and are now only a farce. There is a panic in Peking, and the very name of Japan inspires terror everywhere. China is perfectly helpless.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—A dispatch from Vienna says a semi-official telegram from St. Petersburg announces that the Russian government has learned of a rebellion against the Manchurian dynasty.

LI HUNG CHANG TO TAKE THE FIELD.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 28.—It is reported that the emperor has granted Li Hung Chang's request to be allowed to take the field in person, and that Chang will make his headquarters at Lu Tai, near Tien-Tsin, the present headquarters of the provisional commander-in-chief of Chi Li. It is also reported that the Chinese troops evacuated Corea, and are now massed at Chiu Lies Chang, 30 miles westward of the Yalu river. It is stated that the numerous desertions from the Chinese army of late is because of the faulty condition of the arms and ammunition supplied to the troops. Another junk that was sailing through the North channel, in order to evade the guard boats, struck a torpedo and was blown to pieces. Several men were drowned.

JAPAN'S NEXT MOVE.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The Times publishes this morning an article by an expert, in which the writer compares and collates the Times' advice from Chee Foo and the Central News dispatches from Tello. The writer concludes that it may be safely affirmed that modern weapons have not materially modified the conditions of naval warfare and he adds:

"Japan's next movement is now a question of importance. China's fleet is virtually paralyzed, and the Japanese are free to transport a force in any direction. There are two principal courses for them to pursue—to strike direct for Peking, or to occupy Formosa. Either course is more probable than a march to Moukden. It seems certain that 25,000 Japanese could take Peking, when Japan could obtain, so far as China is concerned, any terms she is likely to demand. On the other hand, the time available is very short owing to the approach of winter, and the venture, though not impracticable, would be very risky. A force of 20,000 would suffice to occupy Formosa, and a decent outpost that place is certainly among the immediate possibilities. Japan seeks territorial expansion, and Formosa offers obvious advantages."

ADVANCING ON MONKDEN.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—A dispatch from Shanghai says it is reported the Japanese have succeeded in entering the Chinese province of Manchuria and are advancing upon the capital of Moukden. It is also said fighting has taken place between the invaders and Chinese at a town between that city and the frontier. The engagement is said to have ended in a decisive victory for the Japanese, who established themselves in the position previously occupied by the Chinese troops. No details of this report are given and the Chinese at Shanghai discredit the report.

HOSTILE TO EUROPEANS.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 1.—Dispatches from Tien-Tsin says private advices have reached the latter city from Peking warning all foreigners from proceeding to the capital. The roads and waterways from Lung Chow to Peking are alive with soldiers hostile to all Europeans. Several British residents in Peking have been assaulted, including Mrs. Tourse, interpreter of the British legation, Dr. Dudgeon and others journeying south. It is rumored the British steamer Irene, which arrived at Tien-Tsin September 15th from Shanghai, having on board a number of Maxim rapid-firing guns, and ammunition for the Chinese, has infringed the neutrality laws. Representatives of the British government are understood to be taking action in the matter.

Judge Jenkins' Famous Order Modified.

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—In the United States court of appeals today Judge Harlan, of the United States supreme court, severely handled the famous strike injunction of Judge Jenkins. Harlan held

that a body of men had a right to quit, irrespective of the discomfort which might result. They had, however, no right to conspire, do damage or embarrass. He did not agree with Jenkins' famous definition of a strike, "that it was necessarily illegal." Judge Harlan held that there was such a thing as a legal strike. Judge Jenkins' decision was modified. The opinion was rendered by Justice Harlan, of the supreme court, and Judges Wood and Bunn. The bench was occupied by Justice Harlan and Judges Wood, Bunn, Jenkins and Grosscup. Jenkins appeared undisturbed by the decision.

That part of Jenkins' decision which restrained employees of the road from striking, or, in the language of the injunction, "from so quitting the service of the said receiver, with or without notice, as to cripple the property or prevent or hinder the operation of the road" the court of appeals declares was a violation of the rights of the employees, who could not legally be restrained from leaving the employ of the receivers and the company when they saw fit to do so, whether they saw fit to quit in a body or individually. That part of the injunction which restrained the employees from entering into a combination or conspiracy to quit, with the intention of crippling the property and preventing the operation of the road, is sustained. On the whole, the decision is a clear recognition of the right of the employees to strike.

The court says: "It would be an invasion of one's natural liberty to compel him to work for or remain in the personal service of another. One who is placed in such restraint is in a condition of involuntary servitude, a condition which the law of the land declares shall not exist anywhere within the jurisdiction of the United States."

CANADIAN LUMBER IN CALIFORNIA.

How the Havemeyer Tariff is Injuring Puget Sound.

PORT TOWNSEND, Sept. 30.—The new tariff law is beginning to have an undesirable effect on Puget Sound lumbering interests. The schooner, Sadie, now in San Francisco, has been chartered to load a cargo of lumber on Fraser river, British Columbia, for California. The vessel carries about 42,000 feet of lumber valued at not less than \$3,000, which amount is thus taken from Puget sound lumbermen and distributed among cheap Chinese and Indian laborers of British Columbia. Several California shipping firms are arranging to make further and larger lumber importations this year for the reason that lumber buyers save about \$1 a thousand on the Fraser river lumber.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Furnished Every Week by the Clackamas Abstract and Trust Company.

F. Badkman to Chas Urfer n 20 acres of w 1/2 of e 1/4 of ne 1/4 sec 2 t 2 s, r 2 e. \$1400

A. W. King to Neils Peterson w 1/2 of ne 1/4 sec 4, t 3 s, r 4 e 20 acres. \$40

J. and P. A. Krashus to Kenney & Koefad lots 36 and 37, blk 71 Minthorn. 250

Minnie F. Lind to Fred Lind 10 acres in sec 4, t 2 s, r 2 e and sec 33, t 1 s, r 2 e. 1

D. Robeson to W. F. Vanhooser ne 1/4 of nw 1/4 sec 4, t 5 s, r 3 e. 400

John Kekel et al to John Sagar 36.50 acres in sec 4, t 3 s, r 1 e. 510

S. M. McCown to J. J. Burgess lot 10 blk 8 in Gladstone. 150

Delliah Sargent to M. Pratt lots 7 and 8 in blk 28 Millwaukee. 1

N. P. Sorenson to C. E. Ronnell lots 3 and 4 in Orchard Hill. 1100

J. B. Day to school dist. No 30 1.11 acres in sec 18, t 2 s, r 3 e. 1

J. W. Watto to J. G. Mumpower 18.45 acres in claim 68, t 2 s, r 2 e. 1

Jane H. Baker to J. G. Mumpower 150 acres in Horace Baker D L C t 2 s, r 2 e. 1

Portland Trust Co to Annie R. Ball land in Mill Reserve Oregon City. 1

J. L. Sperry to T. Stahlmicker et al 10 acres in sec 30, t 1 s, r 2 e. 500

W. W. Davis to Fred H. Davis s 1/2 of sw 1/4 sec 35 t 3 s, r 4 e and w 1/2 nw 1/4 sec 1, t 4 s, r 4 e. 300

A. L. Thompson to G. W. Gwynne 1 acre in sec 32, t 1 s, r 2 e. 200

Geo. W. Maxen to W. H. Sliters lot 9 blk Washbank's. 1

Oak Grove Land & Imp Co to Bertha Vierbacher lots 12 and 13 blk 93 Oak Grove. 2

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Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

### HIS THIRD STATE.

McKinley Establishing a Record as a Campaign-Opener.

HE AND VEST SPOKE LAST NIGHT.

Ohio's Popular Governor Expounds Republican Doctrines, While the Senator Talks Democracy.

St. Louis, Oct. 1.—While Senator Vest was opening the democratic campaign in Missouri at Kansas City tonight, Governor McKinley, facing a vociferous crowd in a large hall here, made the opening address of the republican campaign. It was the third state campaign which he had opened in a week. The Hon. Chauncey L. Filley, chairman of the republican state committee, ex-Representative Neidringhaus and a committee of reception met Governor McKinley at the depot and escorted him to the Planter's hotel, where he held a public reception. The governor paid a visit to the Merchants' Exchange, W. G. Boyd, president of the exchange, introduced him in a feeling speech, Governor McKinley said:

"I consider it a great honor to be presented to the Merchants' Exchange of the city of St. Louis, composed of as it is of representative business men of a strong and progressive city. I bring to you the good will of the state of Ohio, assuming that whatever differences we may have, you are all of the city of St. Louis and for the state of Missouri. What we want in this country, no matter to what political party we may belong, is business prosperity, and whatever will bring that about we mean to have. This country is too great, its resources too mighty, to permit of anything permanently standing in the way of its progress and prosperity, and whatever stands in the way must get out of the way, for whatever else we may be, Ohioans and Missourians, we, all of us are for our country first, last and all the time. I congratulate the citizens of St. Louis upon their splendid conservatism in the last eighteen months, a dreadful panic, and yet the business men of this city, resting as they did upon conservative business integrity, survived that panic and, as I am informed, in your mercenary institutions you did not have a single failure. It was a remarkable history to make, and I congratulate you upon it."

Governor McKinley next was taken to the fair grounds, where Children's day was being celebrated. Some 50,000 youngsters were on the grounds, and they all cheered lustily for "McKinley." Then came a visit to the exposition, where, in response to a storm of cheers and demands for a speech, the governor spoke for a few minutes.

The crowd in Suburban hall tonight overflowed the large building. Ex-Secretary of the Interior Noble was one of those on the stage. The Hon. Chauncey L. Filley, called the meeting to order and presented as chairman Charles Parsons who amid uproarious cheering, mentioned Governor McKinley as his choice for the presidency in 1896. The cheering of the great audience became almost cyclonic when Gov. McKinley continued for several minutes. With an expression of amazement on his face, the speaker began:

"Your chairman said this was the opening of the republican campaign in Missouri. I wonder in my heart what its close will be. The truth is, that no hall is large enough for republican meetings this year."

A contrast was made between the industrial conditions that existed under republican tariff law and those existing at present, the result, it was charged of democratic legislation, and he inquired whether the audience thought it the business of congress to legislate for the business of the United States or for foreign nations. Then continuing, he said:

"Nobody has heard of any industries being revived in the United States since the Wilson tariff law became effective. If anybody in this audience knows of one, let him name it. On the other hand, they are being revived in Europe. Has it built you a single fire or given employment to a single idle workman? Has it given you better prices for the products of your farms? No, no. They say the law of 1894 is better than the law of 1890 because it has reduced duties. It reduced the duty on tin-plate, and Mr. Neidringhaus, who sits beside me, can tell you what the result has been. He closed his tin-plate works because under the tariff law of 1894 he cannot compete with the cheap labor of Wales and pay the wages he paid under the law of 1890. I would rather make it hard for foreign products to get into this country than to make it hard for American citizens to live in this country."

While Governor McKinley spoke inside the hall, Charles F. Joy and Representative Bartholdt held an overflow meeting of 2500 people outside.