

Oregon City Enterprise.

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CHAS. MESERVE,

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FRIDAY, JULY 20, 1894.

AGENTS FOR THE ENTERPRISE.

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Clackamas	A. Mather
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Union Mills	J. Trullinger
Alma	E. S. Bramhall
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Sunnyside	John Welsh
Damascus	J. C. Elliott
Sandy	F. Giesch
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Curtisville	Geo. J. Curran
Cherryville	Mrs. M. J. Hamner
Marnot	Adolph Asshoff

The way to build up Oregon City is to give Oregon City people your patronage.

THE HOME MARKET.

While congress is quarreling over the tariff question and discussing the foreign market and our relations to the producers of other countries, our people should not lose sight of the important home market which consumes the great bulk of our productions. The following facts may help to give an idea of the markets which free trade would open up to foreign producers:

We find that our entire crop of oats, the annual value of which averages more than \$20,000,000, finds a home market. We import a good many oats from Canada and export sparingly in our years of greatest plenty. As a rule, there is none exported. All our barley and buckwheat, and by far the greater part of our rye crop, is consumed at home, with the addition of liberal imports of barley from Canada in ordinary years.

Our immense crop of flaxseed is consumed at home, and the statement is nearly true for all other seeds, of which large quantities are grown by our farmers.

Hay, of which large quantities are sold to domestic consumers, values towards \$70,000,000 each year. We export hay only in those years when it is plentiful with us and unusually scarce in Europe, and then but small quantities. Its market is the home one.

Of our fruits raised, only a few of the largest northern crop, apples, are shipped abroad. The fruits of the United States will aggregate an annual value of \$150,000,000, and practically all of our apples, cherries, peaches, plums, blackberries, strawberries, raspberries, currants, cranberries, etc., are consumed by the home market. The south sends to the northern states its early berries and peaches, with thousands of carloads of watermelons and muskmelons, and later in the season takes return consignments of northern products.

California sends out annually some \$15,000,000 worth of pears, grapes, and wines made from them, oranges, lemons, plums, cherries, strawberries, figs, olives, peaches, apricots, etc., and we have the great peanut crop of the country reaching from Virginia to Georgia, and hickory nuts, walnuts, etc. The fruits of the United States of all descriptions rise well toward an aggregate annual value of \$150,000,000, practically all finding a home market for home consumption.

Another great value of home-market material is contributed by the potato fields of the United States, and the sweet potatoes, cabbages, turnips, parsnips, beets, celery, onions, peas, beans, and other garden truck, making an aggregate value of \$30,000,000 in the markets of the country.

The crop of chickens, turkeys, geese, ducks, rabbits and wild fowl, with hundreds of millions of dozens of eggs raised by the farmer, supplemented by importations from Canada, are worth an immense yearly sum. There is our immense crop of mutton, all of which is eaten at home, with great quantities of veal and flesh of the young pig, millions of cans of milk, and so much of our butter and cheese consumed here that practically prices for the dairy products are fixed by the home market, and not by what foreigners are willing to pay for them.

POPULISM ARRIGNED.

FRANK PIXLEY, in the Argonaut of July 16, discusses the strike and the populists' support it is receiving in the following plain manner: He says:

There is but one political party in the United States, or in any of the several states, which has declared its sympathy with and approval of the acts of the sadly misguided men who are setting the laws of the land at defiance, and that is the populist party. The republican and democratic parties differ widely on national and state issues, especially on economic questions which affect the nation as a whole, but each vies with the other in its devotion to law and order and its loyalty to the Union. The populist party, on the contrary, stands ready to take up, endorse, and embrace the extreme doctrines of the strikers, the socialists, and even the anarchists, the only condition being that such action shall offer a reasonable promise of success. The platform of the party in this state, with its 39 articles, is broad enough to embrace the anarchistic utterances of Johann Most and the sophistical arguments of Eugene V. Debs. It is so framed that every one who reads it may

construe it to suit himself. It means whatever the reader may wish it to mean, but, at the same time, there runs through it a strain of that sentiment which has recently found expression in Illinois in the burning of railroad bridges, the destruction of cars, and armed and open resistance to the lawfully constituted authorities of the United States.

Has it occurred to the populists that their open and undisguised sympathy with rank and avowed law-breakers at the present moment will hardly commend them to the confidence of the American people as a party to make wise laws and provide for their enforcement? Have they never heard that before one is fitted to command he must have learned to obey? Can they be so foolish as to imagine that their support of Debs and his schemes can win for them the esteem and support of the law-abiding and law-loving citizens of the United States? If they have one single gleam of political intelligence, one iota of sagacity, they should be able to see that at this moment the people of the United States are in no mood to temporize with the turbulent classes, and that even a crowd of lunatics out of an insane asylum would not add fuel to the flame by putting into office a party which is professedly in sympathy with the apostles of arson, bloodshed, murder and rapine. The people of the United States have not spoken on this matter yet. We have had shrill and hysterical utulations from Debs, Sovereign, Knox, Roberts, and the rest of the small fry whom events have pushed to the front, but the voice of the people has not been heard. When it shall be, it will be like the voice of God, and anarchy and misrule will flee affrighted to hide themselves. We have come nearly to the point where we must decide between government and no government, and does any thinking man, any good citizen, any patriotic American, believe for a moment that the determination of that great and all-important question is to be left to the populists? We might as well have committed the preservation of the Union in 1861 to copperheads and northern doughfaces, and intrusted the putting down of the rebellion to the Knights of the Golden Circle. These are times which call for devotion to law and order, for regard for rights of person and property, for patriotism in its deepest and widest sense, and who can be so childish, so silly, as to believe that these qualities characterize a party which numbers among its most bright and shining lights a Peffer, a Waite, a Tillman, a Lewelling, and a Penoyer?

MONEY IN HOPS.

J. P. Stewart, of Puyallup, Washington, gives his experience in hop raising, as follows:

"In 1871 I planted some hops. The result as shown in Journal of October, 1890, of my experience in the hop business for nineteen years, from 1871 to 1890, is as follows: October 22, 1890.—Had this year 32,941 pounds of hops on 13 1/2 acres of old yard and 5 of new yard. The new yard yielded 1600 pounds per acre and the old 2254 pounds. Sold 6900 pounds for 15 cents per pound, balance for 32 cents; total receipts for the crop \$9,521.12. Average price, 22.8 cents. Total receipts on hops to date from 1871, \$61,981.45. Total pounds of hops raised and sold to date, 307,829 pounds. Average price to date, 20.17 cents. The average cost of putting hops on the market has been 9 cents per pound; average amount of money received yearly, \$3,292.18; average net annual profit, \$1,866.93; average number of acres, 8.09; average profit per annum per acre, \$223.23; average number of pounds per acre, 2080.

THE ENTERPRISE has several times stated that the end of populism is anarchy and has cited proofs and indications pointing to that conclusion as being just. Here is another proof that the two go hand in hand.

The so-called "New Populist" convention, which met at Springfield, Illinois, on Tuesday, the 19th, was called for the avowed purpose of political co-operation with the populists of the state. The convention lost no time, however, in making it perfectly plain that it was playing the part of the charming snake and that the only way the two could get together would be for the serpent to swallow the songster. It organized by admitting to membership and giving special prominence to Schwab and Neebe, the anarchists pardoned by Governor Alfeld. Commenting on this fact the Chicago Inter Ocean makes the same point that the ENTERPRISE made prior to the June election when it said that the more sensible farmers were deserting the populist ranks because they saw that it was leading to anarchy for which they had no place in their make-up. The Inter Ocean says: "No class of the American people have more abhorrence of anarchy, both its object and its method, than the farmers. They may be ever so restive under the small profits of agriculture and the accumulation of vast fortunes by middlemen, but they are not at war upon the institutions of the country, nor in sympathy with any of the ideas which are distinctly anarchistic. They will no more affiliate with the enemies of law and order than water will mix with oil."

Now that this city has a decent street along the principal business portion of the town the utmost pains and pride should be had in maintaining it in neat and presentable appearance. The city council we believe find that the constant and heavy washings to which it is subject at times for the purpose of sprinkling is injurious and that they will take measures to stop it. It is evident that the street should be cleaned in such a manner as will remove all refuse without taking off the sand and exposing the brick. Another thing which should be carefully avoided is the throwing of refuse paper and sweepings out in the street as both give it a bad appearance.

THE Albany Herald says that "the statement going the rounds about there being an anarchist organization in Albany with 100 members is a canard. There is no such organization here that anybody knows of, and besides there are not 100 people in this city of the kind required to make anarchists. Such bloodthirsty, unprincipled, murderous villains as Herr Most will find no following in Albany."

It is daily becoming more evident that strict provisions against anarchy in this country are necessary since in spite of the privileges enjoyed in America these foreign law-haters are constantly resorting to this country to promulgate and practice their nefarious teachings. Americans are not usually anarchists and America has no need of any representatives of that class. Not one should be permitted to land on the shores of this continent, and now that other countries are adopting more rigorous methods in dealing with them our own government should be actively on the alert to prevent their coming here. The bill now before congress defining anarchy and providing for the punishment of crimes committed or attempted by anarchists is up for consideration none too soon, since it is better to keep this class of immigrants out than it is to permit them to gain entrance, do their work, and then punish them for it. The bill defines an anarchist as one who belongs to, or is appointed or employed by, any society or organization existing in this or any foreign country which provides in writing, or by verbal agreement or instruction, for the unlawful taking of human life, or for the unlawful destruction of property where the loss of life is a probable result of such destruction.

In an article in the North American Review Tom Reed of Maine says: "The history of the last year must have been a bitter disappointment to many good men who, not satisfied with a reasonable amount of good government, sought to find a future better than the past, by throwing themselves into the hands of a party which was and is the creation of pure opposition, a party which had never been for anything in particular, but simply against everything in general. How these men could have hoped for anything but the dismal result which now darkens the country they are probably now asking themselves with more of anger than sorrow. Of course these men, and with them many partisans of long standing are now repenting with exceeding bitterness of spirit. They are also bringing forth words meet for repentance. No election, however trivial, which gives men a chance to show their feelings has been neglected. Wherever the elections have been on a scale great enough, the disgust of the people has taken on the largest possible proportions, and the people have not failed to emphasize what they meant. In Oregon, where the populists hoped to render the verdict uncertain, the voters have left no doubt and given no sign which could be mistaken."

THE new anti-anarchist measures to be adopted in France provide for trial of this class of criminals without the intervention of a jury. The reason for dispensing with jury trials in cases of persons charged with the above offenses, is that the juries have always hesitated to convict because the assizes judges are empowered to inflict the heaviest sentences. Among the offenses covered by the ministers are incitement through the press to outrage or crime, speeches advocating theft, murder, robbery, incendiarism, crimes against the state and the defense of such crimes. The publication of reports of anarchists' trials is forbidden under heavy penalties.

SACRAMENTO people are indignant—not that a body of armed strikers seized railroad property and prevented trains from moving and others from working—but that soldiers have preserved the peace, and the city council thus expresses itself: "Resolved, That investigation has not developed to our minds, any cause or just reason for the exercise of extreme military measures in this community, and we expressly repudiate the asserted power of the United States army to wrest prisoners from our police force, or to assume the power of the local authorities in the enforcement of our police regulations."

MUCH of the damage to our magnificent forests is due to the carelessness of campers at this season of the year who go away from a spot when breaking camp leaving their fires burning and not guarded at all or only carelessly looked after. Thousands of acres of valuable timber worth many dollars are thus destroyed every year. There is a law against leaving camp or other fires burning so that danger is liable to result; but with or without such a law all citizens of the state who have occasion to kindle fires should use the utmost care to keep them from spreading.

It is said that the authorities at Washington have a complete list of all the anarchists in this country. It is extremely doubtful if this is correct as the maintaining of such a list even in this country would involve a deal of labor and expense. It is a shame that there is any need of maintaining a list. There is no occasion for anarchists in this country.

THE Ashland Tidings says that the Ashland populist club endorsed the strike but that the people of Ashland have not done so yet and asks the public not to confuse the two. We are glad to have the difference noted.

THE Pacific Insurance Union announces a reduction of 25 per cent. on hop house insurance for this season.

Letter List.

The following is the list of letters remaining in the post office at Oregon City, Oregon, July 19, 1894:

Michael Burnly, Mrs. Tillie N. Eckert, Maggie Harrison, T. Lalend, Mrs. Carrie Parker, Jim Stobes, Mis Hattie Wampler-2, Yuen Kee.

If called for please state when advertised. E. M. RANDS, P. M.

A Bushel of Pills.

and every one wants to stick fast in the throat, and feels as though they did stick somewhere. Away with them and take Simmons Liver Regulator. One-half table-spoonful is a dose, and it goes down pleasantly. You'll find it a mild laxative, and no griping, and does not debilitate. It quickly relieves the system of malarial poison, and cures Constipation, Indigestion, Biliouness and Sick Headache.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Furnished Every Week by the Clackamas Abstract and Trust Company.

- A & F Kuhnhofer to R Rypczyński w 1/2 of w 1/2 of lot 1 and 2, sec 32, t 3 s, r 2 e, 146.12 acres..... \$ 800
- E E and C Kellogg to Mary E Weber lot 2, blk 31, O I & S Co's ad to Oswego..... 210
- R L Hawthorn to U S Blakney 41 a in sec 4, t 2 s, r 2 e..... 4500
- J W Norris and wife to Thos Charman lot 5 and 6, blk 172, Oregon City..... 1
- G Green to D H Hunter 1/2 acre in Mountain View ad to Oregon City 500
- C Marco to Peter Roberts lots 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 blk "G," Clackamas Heights..... 600
- John Coberg to Mary Cobery lot 12 blk 23, Falls View ad to Oregon City..... 1
- John Coberg to Mary Coberg lots in Oregon City and 120 acres in t 3 s, r 5 e..... 1
- John Coberg to Mary Heley 15 acres in S D Francis, D L C, t 3 s, r 2 e..... 1
- W G Hall to Hall & Curran lot 4 and 12, blk 1, Mountain View ad to Oregon City..... 700
- M H Fleck to H C Andersen, sw 1/4 of sec 25, t 1 s, r 3 e, 40 a 1200
- Jas Shaw to John Basta ch lot 9, blk 7, Shaw's first ad to Oregon City..... 250
- Chas McCown to J P Warnock n 1/2 ne 1/4, sec 23, t 5 s, r 1 e, 80 acres 600
- J P Warnock to Chas McCown n 1/2 of following ne 1/4 of ne 1/4 and w 1/2 of ne 1/4 and lot 1, sec 23, t 5 s, r 1 e..... 600
- O & C R R Co to I L Clarke s 1/2, sec 23, t 4 s, r 2 e, 80 acres 200
- O & C R R Co to I L Clarke w 1/2, sec 23, t 4 s, r 2 e, 80 acres 200
- J O Wetherell to Nellie M Wetherell lot 3, 4, 5 and 6, blk "B" Canemah..... 1500
- C P Merrill to Davis Ambler Merrill Lumber Co, lot 3, blk 120, Oregon City..... 1300
- Peter Anderson to Ruth Nelson 2 1/2 acres in A P Smith D L C, t 2 s, r 2 e..... 250
- F Vancranenbrock to F Vanderkelen lot 5 and 16, blk 13, O I & S Co's first ad to Oswego..... 300
- F Vanderkelen to L and P Vanderkelen lot 5 and 6, blk 13, O I & S Co's first ad to Oswego..... 1
- D F and M A Lehigh to J A and F E Thayer, lots 9 and 10, blk 36, Central ad to Oregon City with 12 acres in unplatted portion of Oregon City, Or..... 1

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CLACKAMAS ABSTRACT & TRUST CO.

KEUSE'S HEADACHE CAPSULES—Warranted.

WILLIAMSBURG Ohio Oct. 7, 1891. NORMAN LIGHTY Mfg Co. Des Moines, IOWA.

GENTLEMEN: I can positively say KEUSE'S Head ache Capsules are the best headache cure I ever handled and I have a dozen different kinds.

Respectfully, S. B. WALKER. For Sale by Charman & Co. City Drug Store.

Have you seen the latest? The place to find it is at the mammoth store of Charman & Son where they have just received a fine stock of the latest novelties in dress goods together with a full line of the latest novelties in trimmings, including the celebrated Hercules braid. The buttons to match are something new and unique which you should not miss seeing.

Blank note, receipt and order books at the ENTERPRISE office.



THE WEAKEST SPOT in your whole system, perhaps, is the liver. If that doesn't do its work of purifying the blood, more troubles come from it than you can remember.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery acts upon this weak spot as nothing else can. It rouses it up to healthy, natural action. By thoroughly purifying the blood, it reaches, builds up, and invigorates every part of the system.

For all diseases that depend on the liver or the blood—Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliouness; every form of Scrofula, even Consumption (or Lung-scrofula) in its earlier stages; and the most stubborn Skin and Scalp Diseases, the "Discovery" is the only remedy so unfailing and effective that it can be guaranteed.

If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back.

On these terms, it's an insult to your intelligence to have something else offered as "just as good."

124-26 Fourth Street PORTLAND, OR. Open from 6 A. M. to 8 P. M. The only first class and absolutely temperance restaurant in the city. Superior accommodations for ladies and families. G. C. Rider, Prop.

LEVI STRAUSS & CO'S
COPPER RIVETED OVERALLS AND SPRING BOTTOM PANTS
EVERY PAIR GUARANTEED.
ADDRESS SAN FRANCISCO CAL.

DO YOU NEED ANY DOORS, WINDOWS, MOULDING, Or Building Material?
Go to **C. H. BESTOW.**
—Lowest cash prices ever offered for—
FIRST - CLASS - GOODS.
Also combination wire and picket fence,
HARTMAN - STEEL - PICKET - FENCE.
And best farm fencing made. Prices to suit hard times.
Shop Opp. Congregational Church, MAIN STREET, OREGON CITY.

HARNESSES AT BEDROCK PRICES.....
Concord Team Harness with 2 1-2 inch traces and 1 3-4 inch points, made of A No. 1 Selected Oak Tanned Leather, with breeching and Boston Team Collars, \$25.00
Same with hipstraps and crupper \$22.50. Same without hipstraps and breeching \$21.00.
An Immense Stock of Buggy Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Halters, Blankets, Robes, Whips, Etc., at a great reduction.
FIRST CLASS GOODS. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
Call on or write to **C. L. HOGAN,**
Dealer in Harness and Saddlery in all its Branches, 93 and 95 Second Street, Portland, Oregon.

Furniture and Undertaking.



R. L. Holman carries a fine line of Furniture, Lounges, Wall Paper and Carpets at lowest possible living rates, also a fine line of Caskets and Coffins, Ladies' and Gents' robes, which ARE NOT EXCELLED OUTSIDE OF PORTLAND. Cut of hearse in this advertisement.

2000 KEGS OF NAILS

SLIGHTLY DAMAGED BY WATER
\$1.25 Keg 1000 Kegs Suitable for Sidewalk and Bridge Work
O. B. STUBBS, 289 WASHINGTON ST.

CLUBBING OFFER!

The best county paper in the State with the best metropolitan paper on the Coast.

The Oregon City Enterprise

Will give all the local news of Clackamas county and Oregon City with the court proceedings and matters that are of vital interest to farmers of Clackamas county. The WEEKLY OREGONIAN will give the news of the State and nation and the doings of the world each week.

All Successful Men Keep Posted.
The ENTERPRISE and the Weekly Oregonian one year for \$2.50.
All old subscribers paying their subscription one year in advance will be entitled to the same offer.