

Oregon City Enterprise.

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FRIDAY, JULY 6, 1894.

AGENTS FOR THE ENTERPRISE.

Oswego,	G. W. Prosser
Canby,	Geo. Knight
Clackamas,	A. Mather
Milwaukie,	Gary & Wistingger
Union Hill,	G. J. Trullinger
Aims,	E. S. Bramhall
Meadow Brook,	Chas. Holman
New Era,	W. S. Newberry
Wilsonville,	Henry Miller
Park Place,	Hamilton & Washburn
Barlow,	Mrs. G. A. Sheppard
Gladstone,	T. M. Cross
Stauford,	J. G. Gage
Multno,	C. T. Howard
Carus,	R. M. Cooper
Molalla,	Annie Stubbs
Marquam,	E. M. Hartman
Butteville,	B. Jennings
Aurora,	F. Giesey
Oreille,	L. J. Berdoo
Eagle Creek,	H. Wilbern
Sunnyside,	John Welsh
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Salmon,	Mrs. W. M. McIntyre
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Marmot,	Adolph Aschoff

The way to build up Oregon City is to give Oregon City people your patronage.

AN ANARCHIST'S VIEW.

When anarchists in this country give utterance to expressions, such as Most of New York used upon the death of President Carnot, and such as the following which he published in his paper last week, it is time that this government dealt vigorously with him and all men of his class. The day has gone by when under the guise of personal liberty a being who respects neither God, man, the devil, nor the organized forms of society, should be permitted to stir up and embitter public feeling against the government and all social institutions of a civilized country. His words in public following the assassination were much more antagonistic to law and society than the following, taken from his paper:

"This was not only the stonement for the official murder of Ravachol, Vaillant and Henri, but also for the innumerable judicial and police barbarities practiced during Carnot's administration upon innumerable anarchists and other workmen. Carnot did not only sign the questionable death sentence in cold blood, he was also in perfect accord with the scurvy trickery of reactionaries and the enemies of freedom. He declared himself the helper of his associates in crime of the reactionary party and at the same time himself as the representative and the personification of class rule of the French bourgeoisie, which at the present shows itself the dirtiest and bloodiest mass of corruption that ever encumbered the crust of the earth, just as the bloody week in May looms conspicuously forth.

"Who shed tears over the body of the executed one? Only rascals and assassins; but not one among the oppressed and suffering mourned the tyrant's death. Rather tears of joy and thanksgiving were shed by the enlightened of all countries.

"Then know, O ye rich and ye powerful, ye have yourselves brought it about that there is only one feeling left on the earth of those ye have trodden down—a burning sense of rage and hatred. When the time comes for you to be purged from the face of the earth like the poisonous worm with pitch, sulphur and fire, then you will hear nothing but songs of rejoicing and singing in your ears."

Herr Most concludes with a glowing eulogy of the anarchist assassin and talks of him as "a brave, good fellow," whose martyrdom, when it comes, will be well worthy of revenge.

THE DELAYED MAILS.

In the light of the present difficulties, when the Canadian Pacific is carrying mails as usual, the following from the Victoria Colonist is not as much of a commendation for Uncle Sam's mail service as it was at the time of the flood, when it was written:

We find that Montreal letters and papers dated the 7th instant were received in Seattle on the evening of the 13th. How is it that a Canadian mail is received in an United States city of the Coast some days before it reaches the Canadian cities? We say nothing about the non-arrival of the mails that were on the way when the floods first rendered the C. P. R. impassable; but surely the post office authorities might have bestirred themselves to have the later mails forwarded by the first road that was open. It is not pleasant for the inhabitants of Canadian cities who are put to great inconvenience for the want of their letters that are on their way to the Coast to find that their neighbors of the Sound cities get their mails from Eastern Canada long before theirs reach the Coast.

IN A NUT SHELL.

This is the way the Astoria Budget states the labor problem which is just now agitating and inconveniencing the public on account of the railroad tieup. It says:

"The right of every man to refuse to work for another for any reason, for the merest fancy or whim, is absolute, and it is not only unquestionable, but in the fullest measure frankly conceded. The right, however, of every man to employ whom it pleases him to employ, or the right of any man to work for any one whom he pleases, is unquestionable and should be as freely conceded. If any person or persons should dispute this privilege of the employer to employ whom he pleases, or of the employe to work for whom it pleases

him to work, it is the first and greatest obligation of the law to maintain it inviolate for him. That is what the law is for, and if lawlessness invites and compels the use of lawful force against itself, the entire power of the state should be exerted in the effort to protect the rights of all its citizens.

NO ROOM HERE.

Under this appropriate heading the Telephone-Register of McMinnville says: Unless our country refuses admission to the horde of anarchists, socialists, and other enemies of society who will now be driven from Europe by the various governments, the United States will be the scene of crimes similar to the one committed in Lyons. There must be a limit to the liberties of men, who, when given the free exercise of speech and the expression of thought, commit crimes against a government based upon the greatest good to the largest number. This country has witnessed the assassination of two presidents, and in its present condition, with a party that has incorporated in its platform all the ideas of cranky men in order to add to its strength, these foreigners will naturally drift to it because of its opposition to the present system. Unknowingly, Americans, as members of the populist party, and interested in good government, are sowing the seeds of anarchy, socialism and discontent. Under our system of government there is no place for a third party. Republicans and democrats are alike interested in good government and a continuation of the rights and liberties decreed to the people by the constitution. The parties differ in but the method of carrying out the spirit of the constitution, and would unite as one mass in opposition to anarchy. There should not be an atom of sympathy in the heart of the true American citizen for anarchy, and he should most assiduously apply himself to the extirpation of this most un-American theory of the rights of others.

WHY CHEAP WHEAT?

The Toledo Blade, in discussing the financial depression, says:

It is strange that so many of our farmers endeavor to find a political reason for the low price of wheat, instead of informing themselves on the facts which govern the market. How many of them know that Argentina is exporting more wheat to Europe than is the United States—not counting the flour we send? Yet it is a fact—a stubborn fact, and one which means injury to our farmers.

Not only has Argentina already surpassed us as a shipper of wheat to Europe, but she has attained to her present superiority so rapidly that if she maintains her pace we shall be hopelessly left in the rear. Why is Argentine wheat preferred to ours? Because her finances are so deranged that she must sell at any sacrifice—at any price. It takes \$20,000,000 a year to pay the interest on the national debt to foreigners and on the English capital invested in private enterprises. The depreciation in her paper currency aids the export trade, and the farmers of the United States are made to suffer. As a result, 50 cent wheat at Chicago is among the probabilities.

On Monday there was a change in some of the offices in the court house as a result of the recent election. Owing to the fact that most of the officers had served but one term, and were therefore re-elected, the changes are fewer than usual. The only exception to the second term rule which is usually conceded to officers by the republican party, was in the case of the county judge, against whom there was so much censure that he was not re-nominated. While the ENTERPRISE did not fully agree with Judge Meldrum in his administration of the county's affairs, it appreciated the fact that he was striving faithfully and conscientiously to do the business intrusted to him in such a way as should best promote the county's good. We believe that his plan for the improvement of the county roads should have had a fair and impartial trial instead of being subject to blind opposition and unjust criticism. Notwithstanding the fact that he was turned down in obedience to this clamor we believe that time will yet demonstrate that his plan or a modification of it will yet be found to be the best for the roads of the county. Mistakes he doubtless made, but we believe that the ultimate verdict on his administration will be much different from the opposition which resulted in his retirement, and that as the result of his policy, especially in road matters, is felt, he will be commended.

The Astoria Budget says that the sensational and rabid sentiments concerning the assassination of Carnot, in an interview with Johann Most, the wild-eyed leader of the New York anarchists, is ample assurance that the time has arrived when the strong arm of the law should throttle the last one of these long-haired and murderous devils. It shows a lack of nerve or something equally as essential on the part of the government, when bodies of fanatics, composed of such blood-thirsty fiends as Most, can openly proclaim their joy at the cruel murder of the French president, and advocate that the same methods be employed in the extermination of other officials.

The evils of bad roads are admitted by everybody. Unfortunately we are unable to give the necessary data as to the actual money loss which they entail. This loss consists in the unnecessary wear and tear of horses, harness and vehicles, the delays in getting to market and from place to place, and the inability to haul more than half loads; which several items, it is perhaps entirely safe to say, aggregate every year a sum amply sufficient to pay the annual interest on a loan of money that would suffice to put all the public roads of the country in a first-class condition for fifty years to come.

COMMISSIONER BAIR closes a four years term of office as county commissioner with credit to himself. He has essayed no brilliant methods but has sought by painstaking business methods to do his work well, and he leaves the office pretty generally esteemed by the people of the county.

COMMENTING on the governor's pernicious policy in turning out the inmates of the pen, the State Journal says: A few days ago Governor Penoyer pardoned out of the penitentiary nine convicts, including several murderers. Last Tuesday he pardoned out six more. One was a murderer and the others were burglars and thieves. This makes fifteen desperate criminals turned loose on society by the governor in about two weeks, or at the rate of one or more each day. This is faster than the courts and officers of the law can "run the scoundrels in." If the governor keeps up his present activity he will empty the penitentiary during the next six months.

One of the noted Studebaker brothers said at Tacoma the other day: "I trained every one of my children to work. My boy I put in the blacksmith shop as a helper and let him work his way to the front. He is now cashier. A more serviceable man I could hardly find. He neither drinks, chews nor smokes, nor does he swear. My wife taught our daughters to do all kinds of housework. They go into the kitchen and put up a meal fit for any taste. They sweep and straighten up the house generally." Ruin cannot come upon this land as long as its people exalt patriotism and labor. Children thus brought up are fitted to cope with life no matter in what station their lot may fall.

ANOTHER of the outgoing officers in this county is C. W. Ganong who has served as sheriff for the past two years. While he has doubtless made mistakes which no man perhaps appreciates more than himself, it may be said of the office during his incumbency that it has been well conducted with no bad breaks to mar it. In this connection the ENTERPRISE wishes to commend the faithful, painstaking and efficient service rendered by Mr. E. C. Hackett who so courteously filled the position of clerk in the sheriff's office. He was the right man in the right place.

Will Employ New Men.

TACOMA, July 2.—The Northern Pacific began operating trains today with non-union crews, the engineers having refused individually, out of sympathy, to work. Two trains were sent to Seattle, one to Portland, and one arrived from Seattle, all with non-union engineers and firemen. A train arrived from Portland at 9 P. M., with union men in the cab. One switch engine is working with a non-union crew. Assistant General Superintendent Dickinson today ordered all superintendents to employ new men, guaranteeing them employment under the same rules and regulations that previously governed employees, and telling them that they will receive all the protection that the federal courts can give them. Up to 6 P. M. nearly 100 applications had been received, the applicants being engineers, firemen, wipers, switchmen, etc. The 6:20 train from Seattle brought 25 non-union applicants two of whom, 10 minutes later, took the second train out to Seattle.

Anarchists Assassinated Carnot.

PARIS, June 28.—Detectives in Montpelier decided to search the house of a man named Granier, who was heard to remark last Sunday: "By this time Carnot must have received his quietus." When Granier's house was surrounded and the detectives broke in the door, Granier, who was eating supper, sprang to his feet. He picked up a long and sharp knife, plunged it into his abdomen, with a few swift turns disemboweling himself. He expired almost immediately.

The police authorities say they have established beyond a doubt that Santo, Granier, Laborie, who was arrested Monday and others not yet in custody, plotted the death of President Carnot, in order to avenge the execution of Ravachol, Vaillant and Henri. Santo will be tried July 23d for parricide, instead of murder. The penal code decrees an attempt against the head of the state shall be so described and punished. Santo will be conducted to the place of execution in a shirt, barefooted and with his head covered by a black veil.

A Western Flyer.

OMAHA, June 28.—"Flying Jib" went the fastest mile ever traveled by a horse west of the Mississippi river. He made the journey without a pacemaker and went from wire to wire without a skip in 2:05½.

Following are the names of pupils in district No. 18, near New Era, who were neither absent nor tardy during the month ending May 23; Maggie and Doris Briggs and Daisy Phelps. Those neither absent nor tardy during the month ending June 20 were Johnnie Richter and Daisy Phelps.

ALEXIA PHELPS, Teacher.

Following is a report of school taught in district No. 35 for the month ending June 29: Number of days taught 19; number days attendance 375; number days absence 24; average number belonging 21 average daily attendance 19, 14-19. Those who have been neither absent nor tardy during the month are Annie Schults, Alivina Schults, Ray Cooper, Sarah Davies, Lewis Davis. Annie Schults was neither absent nor tardy during the entire term.

JENNIE E. ROWEN, Teacher.

According to the Troutdale paper Multnomah roads must suffer on account of lack of funds since it says that the county roadway to the Columbia river over the Columbia slough country is wrecked, and the prospects of getting it repaired this year are very slender. The county has no money for making repairs.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

Among the exceptions from the income tax in the proposed tariff bill are savings and loan societies which only make loans to their own members. This is eminently just, since the members of these associations are of that thrifty class that plan for the future to provide a home out of their sometimes small earnings, or to lay up something for a "rainy day." To tax the savings and accumulations of such people would be to place a burden on thrift and to discourage economy. Savings and Loan Associations or Building and Loan Associations have now been in existence for over fifty years in the United States, and for a much longer period in Europe. There are, at the present time, over 5000 associations in the United States with a membership exceeding 600,000 and an aggregate capital of \$750,000,000.

The unequalled success of well-conducted associations has justly earned and well deserves the respect and confidence of all classes. No other form of investment of savings has proved so uniformly successful and profitable.

An eminent jurist says: "The idea which first gave rise to their institution, which furnishes their ostensible and legitimate reason for existence, and which secured to them their popularity, and, in many respects, their exceptionally favored existence before the law, is that of enabling persons belonging to a class whose earnings are small, and with whom the slowness of accumulation discourages the effort to become, by process of gradual saving, either at the end of a certain period or by anticipation of it, the owners of homesteads. They are another form of savings bank system with, as experience has shown, even more safety against loss, and with the advantage of allowing a member to anticipate the eventual profit."

And Justice Sherwood of Pennsylvania said: "Thousands of these associations have been organized and been wound up without their names ever appearing on the docket of the court, and millions of dollars have been accumulated of scanty wages. However it may be elsewhere, Philadelphia has become emphatically a city of comfortable homes for the poor by means of these organizations."

An Association of this kind, Willamette Savings and Loan Association, was recently organized in this city, and we have already given the names of the incorporators in the ENTERPRISE. The object of this association is:

First—To provide a safe and profitable investment for the earnings of its members and to loan its capital and accrued profits to members who desire to own their own homes, and

Second—To keep at home the funds which otherwise would be absorbed by outside corporations.

The capital stock of this association is to be \$50,000.00, divided into 500 shares. The capital will be paid up by monthly instalments of sixty cents per month, and it is expected that the shares will mature before nine years.

In order to profit by the experience of other similar associations, it has adopted all of their best features and wisest methods.

Loans will be made to members that build homes in and around Oregon City only, and the rate of interest will be eight per cent per annum.

About one hundred and fifty shares have already been subscribed, and so soon as two hundred and fifty shares are taken the association will organize and issue its first series of shares.

The subscription book is now open and ready for signers to the first series, and application for membership can be made to E. G. Canfield, L. L. Porter and Charles P. Thore.

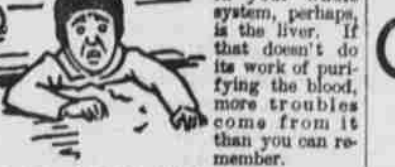
Any one who desires to live in his own home should become a member, and if possible in the first series; and those who have something to lay by every month will find this association a safe and profitable savings bank.

The business of the association will be conducted by the members through a board of directors who will be chosen at the first stockholders' meeting. The by-laws provide for absolute security to the savings of the members. In conclusion, we will say, "Encourage Home Institutions."

Receipt, note and order books at the ENTERPRISE office.

Blank note, receipt and order books at the ENTERPRISE office.

THE WEAKEST SPOT



Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery acts upon this weak spot as nothing else can. It rouses it up to healthy, natural action. By thoroughly purifying the blood, it reaches, builds up, and invigorates every part of the system.

For all diseases that depend on the liver or the blood—Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness; every form of Scrofula, even Consumption (or Lung-scrofula) in its earlier stages; and the most stubborn Ekin and Scalp Diseases, the "Discovery" is the only remedy so unfailing and effective that it can be guaranteed.

If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back. On these terms, it's an insult to your intelligence to have something else offered as "just as good."

124-26 Fourth Street
PORTLAND, R.

Open from
6 A. M.

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8 P. M.

The only first class and absolutely temperance restaurant in the city. Superior accommodations for ladies and families.

G. C. Rider, Prop.

DO YOU NEED ANY

DOORS, WINDOWS, MOULDING, Or Building Material?

Go to C. H. BESTOW.

Lowest cash prices ever offered for—

FIRST - CLASS - GOODS.

Also combination wire and picket fence, HARTMAN - STEEL - PICKET - FENCE.

And best farm fencing made. Prices to suit hard times.

Shop Opp. Congregational Church, MAIN STREET, OREGON CITY.

HARNESS AT BEDROCK PRICES.....

Concord Team Harness with 2 1-2 inch traces and 1 3-4 inch points, made of A No. 1 Selected ak Tanned Leather, with breeching and Boston Team Collars, \$25.00 Same with hipstraps and crupper \$22.50. Same without hipstraps and breeching \$21.00.

An Immense Stock of Buggy Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Halters, Blankets, Robes, Whips, Etc., at a great reduction.

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R. L. Holman carries a fine line of Furniture, Lounges, Wall Paper and Carpets at lowest possible living rates, also a fine line of Caskets and Coffins, Ladies' and Gents' robes, which ARE NOT EXCELLED OUTSIDE OF PORTLAND. Cut of hearse in this advertisement.

2000 KEGS OF NAILS

SLIGHTLY DAMAGED BY WATER

\$1.25 Keg 1000 Kegs Suitable for Sidewalk and Bridge Work

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The best county paper in the State with the best metropolitan paper on the Coast.

The Oregon City Enterprise

Will give all the local news of Clackamas county and Oregon City with the court proceedings and matters that are of vital interest to farmers of Clackamas county. The WEEKLY OREGONIAN will give the news of the State and nation and the doings of the world each week.

All Successful Men Keep Posted.

The ENTERPRISE and the Weekly Oregonian one year for \$2.50.

All old subscribers paying their subscription one year in advance will be entitled to the same offer.