Oregon City Enterprise.

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CHAS. MESERVE,

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FRIDAY, MARCH 23, 1894.

AGENTS FOR THE ENTERPRISE.

Oswego,	G. W. Prosser
Canby,	Geo. Knight
Clackamas,	A. Mather
Milwaukie,	Gary & Wissinger
Union Mills,	G. J. Trullinger
Aims,	E. S Bramhall
Meadow Brook,	Chas Holman
New Era,	W. S. Newberry
Wilsonville,	Henry Miley
Park Place,	Hamilton & Washburn
Barlow,	Mrs. G. A. Sheppard
Gladstone,	T. M. Cross
Stafford,	J. Q. Gage.
Mulino,	C. T. Howard
Carus,	R. M. Cooper
Molalla,	Annie Stubbs.
Marquam,	E. M. Hartman
Eutteville	B. Jennings
Aurora,	F. Glesy
Orville,	L. J. Perdue
Eagle Creek,	H. Wilbern
Sunnyside,	John Welsh
Damascus,	J. C. Elliott
Sandy,	F. Gotsch
Salmon,	Mrs. W. M. McIntyre
Currinsville,	Geo. J. Currin
Cherryville,	Mrs. M. J. Hammer
Marmot,	Adolph Aschoff

BLAINE'S PROPHECY.

The fact that James G. Blaine predicted the exact condition of things now prevailing in this country, and as accurately showed the causes which would lead up to it, is recalled by the Toledo Blade. Read the words of the greatest of the latter-day American statesmen, and see how clearly the drift of events indicated to him the evils that were to come:

"I love my country and my countrymen. I am an American, and I rejoice every day that I am. I enjoy the general prosperity of my country, and know that the workingmen of this land are the best paid, the best fed, and the best clothed of any laborers on the face of the earth. Many of them have homes of their own. They are surrounded by all the comforts and many of the luxuries of life.

"I shudder, however, at the thought that the time must come when all this will be changed, when the general prosperity of the country will be destroyed, when the great body of workingmen in this land, who are now so prosperous, will hear their wives and children cry for bread; that the day must come when the great factories and manufactories of this land will shut down, and where there's now life and activity there will be the silence of the tomb.

"And the reason why this must be is this: The great southern wing of the democratic party are determined to establish the doctrine of free trade in this land. They will be assisted by their northern allies. There is a great body of visionary but educated men, who are employed daily in writing free trade essays and arguments in favor of the doctrine, which find their way to every newspaper in the land. The great body of our people have never experienced, themselves, the sufferings which always result when the protective principles are laid aside.

"Poisoned and excited by the wild statements of these writers and the demagogic appeals of the democratic speakers, the result will be that in the very near future these forces which are now working will be strong enough to defeat at the polls the party advocating the doctrine of protection. It must inevitably follow that uncertainty and doubt will ensue. The business men of the country, fearing the destruction, will decline to engage in business, consequently mills will have to shut down and the workingment will be thrown out of employment.

"The people will then see, as they have not seen before, that they can't be prosperous and have work while this principle is threatened. In the midst of their sufferings they will learn that the only way they can be prosperous and happy is to vote for the party that has built up the industries by which they have gained a livelihood; because they will then see clearly that when the manufactory is shut down there is no demand for the only thing which they have to sell, and that is their labor."

THE Portland Tomahawk gives this information anent the populist division in Multnomah: Another populist paper has sprung into existance in this city. The Leader made its appearance on Thursday, March 1st, with Rev. Joe Waldrop as editor. There are now two journals in this city devoted to the principles of the Omaha platform. The People's Party Post a resuscitation of the Farmer's Journal; has been published for the past month. The two fight each other more bitterly than the newspapers of the old parties. There are two wings of the new party. One is for Governor Pennoyer and the other is against him. And these factions are represented by the two organs. How much longer the squabble is to continue cannot be learned. However, it is certain that one or the other must succomb before the party can perfect an organization in this county. But this is the history of all movements based on wind and enthusiasm. Personal interests gain the upper hand just as soon as there is the slightest chance of success.

THE Dalles Chronicle gets at the root of the matter when it urges organization as follows: "The Chronicle wishes once again to urge a matter it has many times previously urged—the formation of republican clubs in every precinct in the county. A thorough organization throughout the county by those who believe in republican principles will be a source of vast benefit. There is no discouragement in small numbers. A club of half a dozen will become a power for good in less populous precincts, and it will grow amazingly. With this beginning a president and secretary may be chosen, and correspondence opened with the Young Men's State Republican club at Portland, which body will cheerfully forward all necessary information, including hints for a constitution and by-laws, etc. Every voting precinct should have its club, that its influence for good may be doubled. Each of them should form a republican club and get in touch with the great movement of the times, which is organizing to defeat incompetent democratic rule and restore prosperous government. The dispatches yesterday say that in New Hampshire the trend of public opinion is even being shown in town elections, some of the towns which have been democratic for years swinging into the republican column. This is right. Wherever there is a chance to show disapprobation of democratic methods let it be done, and even the smallest precinct is not too humble to exhibit the proper spirit. The first step toward this end is organization.

MANY of the people's party men of this county who wished to see Will H. Walker nominated for the reason that they believe him to be capable to fill the office in an acceptable manner and thoroughly honest, are criticising the query of the chairman of the convention who asked ostensibly for information if Mr. Walker did not run behind his ticket two years ago. To this question do they attribute Mr. Walker's defeat and the utter lack of recognition which was accorded Clackamas county on the state ticket. As Mr. Walker was within two votes of Judge Boise on the first ballot it is, they say, not out of place to conclude that the question coming from the chairman of the convention, and from a man in Mr. Walker's own county, was sufficient to defeat his candidacy. It has been hinted that the chairman was in sympathy with the machine gang who put up the trades in the convention. Be this as it may Clackamas county, the cradle in which populism was first rocked, was utterly ignored in the formation of the ticket and members of that party can chew their cuds.

HON. THOS. B. REED, in a recent speech, gives his reasons why times are hard. He said: "There is no way to put money in circulation except through wages paid. Issuing government bonds doesn't make circulation. The laborers must earn and spend it, and that will make it flush. The statisticians say the 20,000,000 laboring people in this country earn when they are at work from $30,000,000 to $40,000,000 a day. The Wilson tariff bill will cut these wages from 10 to 25 per cent. The 10 per cent cut amounts to $4,000,000 a day to laboring men, or $1,200,000,000 in a year. A twenty-five per cent cut in wages will take $3,000,000,000 out of circulation. One-third of our labor is idle now. The idleness is costing us probably $10,000,000 a day. I do not wonder that the times are hard and that money is tight. There is money enough in the banks. They are glutted, but labor isn't getting it. It will stay there till labor gets it out."

"BEFORE the steward takes the collection," said a down east preacher the other night, "I would like to make a few remarks. There are over two hundred persons in this house, counting sinners and saints, crooked and straight, big and little, male and female, not including the cry babies. If each person here thinks my sermon worth a glass of beer or a nickle cigar, five red tenth parts of a dime, let them pay that amount. If each pay a nickle it will make a total of ten dollars this evening. This repeated every week would pay my salary. A sermon that isn't worth a nickle isn't worth coming to hear, and the person that will beat the Lord, the preacher or the printer, is a goat of the most odorferous kind."

An exchange notes that a practice common to country postoffices, is for persons who have lock boxes to try their keys in other person's boxes, to see if it will fit or if the box is lockd. Very few know that by doing this they lay themselves liable to prosecution and fine. This act is a violation of "Uncle Sam's" postal law, and is punishable as such. A case occured recently where valuable mail was taken from a box at a postoffice by parties unknown. A young man was arrested for the theft, and although the crime could not be proven it was shown that he was in the habit of opening boxes without permission, and he was fined $300 and given one year in the penitentiary.

JUDGE MCBRIDE, if he has not already done so will probably resign without further delay as soon as he has completed a perusal of these concluding lines of an article in the Pacific Journal against a recent decision made by the judge in a fishing case. "We may remark" says the Journal, "for the benefit of the Oregon jurist, that this law has been held constitutional by a judge whom is as learned, if not the equal, of the Oregon judge, and his name is Judge Langhorne." Should the article from which the above is taken come before the supreme court no further argument would be required to get a reversal.

A FEW days ago, according to Etchings in the Chronicle, I met a good democrat who exclaimed with fervor, "don't this beat—?"

"No, it doesn't said I, "It beats you and helps—. But I have one satisfaction you can't have; I did not vote for it and you did." He looked at me queerly for an instant, and said, "Well, I never thought of it that way before. I'll never vote for it again myself." That man will be carrying a republican torch during the next campaign, and will wear out his lungs trying to shout louder than he did one night two years ago when, with a rooster on his hat, he paraded the streets with a crowd of lunatics, and shouted himself hoarse over the election of Cleveland and the beginning of his own financial ruin.

TOOTHSOME for democrats—The official count places Grow's majority at 187,169, and the Pennsylvania republicans are sorry now that they did not put in a few extra licks and make it 200,000.

ACCORDING to the West Side it is a curious fact that our populist orators show that hard times existed under free trade for the past hundred years, but say it was caused by a scarcity of money in each and every case. The treasury reports show no great change in the per capita of circulation between free trade and protective tariff, except that it is steadily increasing each year, but in one case it shows it to have lain idle in the banks, while in the other it was being paid out to our people in good wages. Give our idle men work, and when the wheels begin to turn scarcity of money will not be so prominent.

ORGANIZATION of republican clubs to work during the coming campaign is of the utmost importance, since through organized effort much more may be accomplished than by individual action. Republicans have a cause worthy of their best efforts, since they are committed to such a policy of administration as will best inure to the renewal of business prosperity. Clackamas county has already a goodly number of live clubs which are doing good work, but the places most needing organization and speakers are those rural communities far back from the towns and railroads. These should not be neglected either at this time or subsequent to the meeting of the convention. The key note to success this year is organization.

REPUBLICANS who desire to have the state government administered in a safe and economic manner will find none of the candidates mentioned in connection with the office of governor so well calculated to secure wise, conservative and economic administration of the business of the state as John T. Apperson of this county. While not penurious he is careful, upright and fully aware of the importance to the people of having every expenditure watched with the closest scrutiny so that not a dollar of the people's money would go out without a full return for value received.

THE Newburg Graphic says: One can very easily get a few lessons in roadmaking "without a master" by taking a trip out in any direction from town. You will invariably find that where the water has been allowed to accumulate in pools at the side of the road, there you will find the most mudholes, and where the water is conducted off rapidly there the roads are best. Drainage and gravel are the two things essential to good roads, and while either will prove beneficial, both must be had to secure the best results.

THE Eugene Guard sizes up the populist candidate for supreme judge as follows: R. P. Boise, people's party nominee for supreme judge, is an old party hack who held office under the republicans for the greater part of his lifetime after arriving at his majority. Beaten for a renomination two years ago, he drifts into the people's party. Anything for office. That $3500 a year would be very acceptable for this practical politician.

THE death of Louis Kossuth removes a prominent figure, who since 1832 had identified himself with governmental reform and the cause of freedom from tyranny. His was an eventful and honored life which will not fail to live long after his ashes are laid to rest.

THE Marion county democrats seemed to have ignored the brethren in this end of the joint senatorial district, since they have nominated Geo. E. Allen for joint senator.

PRESS COMMENT.

Post Chronicle: The Oregon City Enterprise names Capt. J. T. Apperson for governor. Every paper in the state is putting forth good men and it will not be hard to make a selection when the time comes.

Statesman: Let the state republican convention pass a resolution to abolish all the commissions and then nominate men who will stand by this plank of the platform.

Reporter: It is telegraphed from Washington that O. N. Denny, who was there last week consulting the Oregon delegation, has decided to let his name go into the list as a candidate for governor. Present indications are that Denny and Apperson will divide the Yamhill delegation as prime favorites.

Eugene Guard: The people's party has already fallen into the hands of politicians and time-servers. After months of agitation in favor of free coinage of silver, and incidentally tariff reform, neither is mentioned in the platform adopted at Oregon City. The people will not trust power to a party that thus, almost at the outset of its career, ignores the most important principles on which it was founded. Time-serving and political expediency never were successful.

Astoria Herald: The populists at their state convention adopted a platform in which they provide that mortgages shall be taxed, but no mortgage shall be foreclosed for two years, and shall not be sold unless it brings 80 per cent of its value; no attorney fees are to be charged. Just how much money a man can borrow on a scheme like that can be best ascertained by conversing with men that loan money. A more foolish and absurd proposition could not have emanated outside the brain of a crazy populist.

Letter List.

The following is the list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Oregon City, Oregon, March 21, 1894:

Backman, Fred	Kolich, M
Barber, C O	Kohlar, D
Burnsides, Mrs S	Lawrence, Mrs Mary
Bullock, Jacob	Sedgwick, Miss Hettie
Cutting, Miss Lydia	Speer, W H
Ford, Fannie	Sullivan, Mrs J
Heffelfinger, S	Taylor, Lon
Jones, H	Walling, Mrs Lubert
Kerns, J	Wilson, Theadore

If called for please state when advertised.

E. M. RANDS, P. M.

Mid-Winter Fair excursion tickets, Oregon City to San Francisco and return, via Southern Pacific Co's Shasta Route, will be placed on sale January 23rd. Rate $27.50, including five admissions to the fair. Tickets good for thirty days from date of sale.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

Notice is hereby given to all voters who believe in the policy of the republican party and who believe that the industrial system of this country should be upheld and not destroyed, and who believe that the affairs of the county, state and nation should be administered upon safe, sound, conservative and economical principles, and who believe that the interest of the tax payer should be jealously guarded by those fortunate enough to be placed in power by the people, and that every public servant should render a direct account to the people for his official acts, and to those who believe that the financial system of this government should be so managed and conducted as to meet with the approval of honest and conservative men of all classes, and to meet the requirements of the business and laboring world and to those who intend in this year of depression to vote for a change from democratic policies to republican policies, and to those who intend to support the ticket nominated by the republican convention this year, and they are invited to participate in the republican primaries to be held at the usual voting places in the different precincts in Clackamas county, State of Oregon, which are called for March 31st, A. D. 1894, for the porpose of choosing delegates from their respective precincts to attend the republican county convention which is hereby called to meet in Oregon City, on the 4th day of April 1894. That said convention is for the purpose of nominating candidates for the following offices: One state senator for Clackamas county, three representatives, county judge, county commissioner, county clerk, county recorder, sheriff, county treasurer, county assessor, county school superintendent, county surveyor and county coroner and for the nomination of justices of the peace and constables for the several justice districts of the county: and for the further purpose of electing thirteen delegates to represent Clackamas county in the republican state convention to be held in Portland on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1894: and thirteen delegates to attend the republican congressional convention of the first congressional district to be held in Salem, Oregon, on Monday, April 9th, 1894.

The convention will consist of 121 delegates apportioned to the different precincts as shown below, and being based on one delegate at large for each precinct, and one delegate for every twenty votes or fraction of ten or over cast for the Hon. Binger Hermann in the said precincts at the election held in June, 1892.

PRECINCTS,	NO. OF DELEGATES.
Abernethy	3
Barlows	4
Beaver Creek	3
Boring	3
Canyon Creek	2
Cascades	4
Canby	4
Clackamas	4
Cherryville	2
Canemah	3
Damascus	3
Eagle Creek	3
Ely	2
Garfield	2
George	2
Hardings	3
Highland	2
Lower Molalla	2
Upper Molalla	3
Milk Creek	2
Marquam	5
Milwaukee	7
Needy	5
New Era	4
Oswego	6
Oregon City No. 1	7
Oregon City No. 2	7
Oregon City No. 3	3
Pleasant Hill	4
Seviers	2
Soda Springs	3
Springwater	2
Tualatin	3
Union	2
Viola	2
West Oregon City	3
Total number of delegates	121

Said parties for the purpose aforesaid are called to meet at their respective voting places at the hour of two P. M., on Saturday the 31st of March, 1894, excepting in Oregon City, Oswego and Marquam precincts, where such primaries will be held between the hours of 2:30 and 7 P. M. on the same day.

For Marquam precinct the following have been selected as judges by the county central committee: J. E. Marquam, G. F. Myers, R. Thompson and John Labour.

Oswego precinct, J. C. Haines, D. B. Rees, Wm. Dyer, sr. Clerk, A. J. Walling.

Oregon City precinct No. 1, Judges, Thos. Ryan, J. E. Rhoads and M. E. Willoughby. Clerk, J. W. O'Connell.

Oregon City precinct No. 2, judges Geo. Califf, Charles Babcock and A. W. France. Clerk, S. S. Walker.

Oregon City precinct No. 3, judges, J. N. Harrington, J. L. Swafford and Ezra Hutson. Clerk, George L. Story.

By order of the county central committee,

THOMAS RYAN, Secretary. GEO. C. BROWNELL, Chairman.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, February 16th, 1894.

Notice is hereby given, that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver of the land office at Oregon City, Oregon, on April 6th, 1894, viz:

Charles Osborn,

Homestead entry 9116, for the N. W. ¼ of sec 27, Tp. 2 S., R. 7 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Henry Lutgert, Alfred H. Haines, Fred. A. Thompson, Frank L. Eldridge, all of Salmon post office, Oregon.

ROBERT A. MILLER, Register.

2-23:3-30