OREGON CITY ENTERPRISE.

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COURTS.

Circuit court convenes first Monday in November and third Monday in April.

Probate court in session first Monday in each month.

Commissioners court meets first Wednesday after first Monday of each month.

GROVER'S MESSAGE

Upon the Hawaiian Question Sent in Monday.

TRIED TO RESEAT QUEEN LILI.

Minister Stevens Condemned—Treaty Re-Submitted for Rejection—For Governor of Oregon.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The long wished for communication from the president relative to the Hawaiian situation together with the correspondence relating thereto and the instructions to Minister Willis has been transmitted to congress, but aside from the instructions from the secretary of state to Mr. Willis there is nothing new or startling outside of what has been made public.

Secretary Gresham's instructions were as follows:

FIRST INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN.

"On your arrival you will take advantage of the earliest opportunity to inform the queen of this. Make known to her the president's position regarding the reprehensible conduct of the American minister and presence on land of the United States forces. Advise her of the desires of this government to do justice and undo wrong. You will, however, at the same time inform the queen that the president expects she will extend amnesty to all who are against her, including all who are connected with the provisional government, depriving them of no right or privilege. Having secured the queen's agreement to pursue this policy, you will advise the executive of the provisional government and his ministers of the president's determination of this question, which their action and that of the queen devolved upon him, and that they are expected to promptly restore her constitutional authority. Should the queen decline to pursue the course suggested, or should the provisional government refuse to abide by the president's decision, you will report the facts and await further instructions."

TELEGRAM OF NOVEMBER 24.

"The brevity of your telegrams is embarrassing. You will insist upon amnesty and the recognition of the obligations of the provisional government as essential to the conditions of restoration. All interests will be promoted by prompt action."

LATEST ORDERS, DECEMBER 3.

"Your dispatch received by steamer November 25 seems to call for additional instructions. Should the queen refuse to assent to the written conditions you will at once inform her that the president will cease interposition in her behalf, and, while he deems it his duty to endeavor to restore her as the sovereign of the constitutional government of the islands, his further efforts in that direction will depend on the queen's unqualified agreement that all obligations created by the provisional government in the proper course or its administration shall be assumed, and upon such pledges by her as will prevent the adoption of measures of proscription or punishment for what has been done in the past by those setting up or supporting the provisional government. The president feels by our original interference and what has followed that we have incurred a responsibility to the whole Hawaiian community, and it would not be just to put one party at the mercy of the other. Should the queen ask whether, if she acceded to the conditions, active steps would be taken by the United States to effect her restoration, or to maintain her authority thereafter, you will say the president cannot use force without the authority of congress. Should the queen accept the conditions and the provisional government refuse to surrender, you will be governed by your previous instructions. If the provisional government asks whether the United States will hold the queen to a fulfillment of the stipulated conditions, you will say the president, acting under the dictates of honor and duty, as he has done in endeavoring to effect restoration, will do all in his constitutional power to cause the observance of the conditions he has imposed."

THE CONCLUSION OF THE PRESIDENT.

Believing, therefore, the United States could not, under the circumstances disclosed, annex these islands without justly incurring the imputation of acquiring them by unjustifiable methods, I shall now again submit the treaty of annexation to the senate for its consideration, and the instructions to Minister Willis, a copy of which accompanies this message. I have directed him to so inform the provisional government, but in the present instance our duty, does not, in my opinion, end with refusing to consummate this questionable transaction. It has been a boast of our government that it aims to do justice in all things without regard to the strength or weakness of those with whom it deals. I mistake the American people if they favor the odious doctrine that there is no such thing as international morality; that there is one law for a strong nation, and another for a weak one, and that even by indirection a strong power may with impunity despoil a weak one of its territory. By an act of war committed with the participation of a diplomatic representative of the United States and without authority of congress, the government of a feeble, but friendly and confiding people, has been overthrown. A substantial wrong has thus been done which a due regard for our national character as well as the rights of the injured people requires we should endeavor to repair.

For Governor of Oregon.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Representative Hermann is regarded by a number of his friends in the house as a promising candidate for governor of Oregon. Several of his associates have been asking him if he is a candidate, but he refuses to say anything. He will not even say whether he would prefer to be governor. Among the Oregon men here it is the impression that Mr. Hermann will not make a very hard effort to capture the prize, contenting himself to be the candidate of the people of his district for the house, if there should be any particular objection to his candidacy for the governorship. There is no doubt about the usefulness of Mr. Hermann to the people of Oregon. The position he holds on the important rivers and harbors committee alone, would make him valuable. He has done a great deal for them in the past, and will no doubt be able to do a great deal for them in the future if he retains his place in congress.

New Democratic States.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The course of events in the house today resembled the halcyon days of the Reed congress when legislation was rushed at a galloping speed. The bill for the admission of Arizona was put through under whip and spur and that for the admission of New Mexico was well under way when a wrangle over what was to be done with Oklahoma intervened and the debate lasted until adjournment. The bulk of the eastern opposition to the admission of the territories as expressed by Bingham of Philadelphia was predicated on the theory that while the Eastern states were rich in wealth and strong in population their power in the house where the basis of representation was population and that their influence of the great states of the union would be overbalanced by greatly increased state representation in the senate.

The Oregon Pacific Sold.

CORVALLIS, Dec. 15.—At the sale of the Oregon Pacific railroad today Messrs. Hughes & Clarke, the attorneys who bid in the road for $200,000 authorized the following statement: "The purchase of the Oregon Pacific has been made by the united action of responsible parties interested in the development of the property. It is expected that the road will soon be put on a sound basis and operated so as to benefit the communities contiguous to the road as well as its owners."

The parties in whose name the purchase was made are J. J. Belden, Henry Martin, F. V. Pendleton, S. S. Hollingsworth, Joseph Wharton and James A. Blair. The sale has not yet been confirmed by the court.

No Women Attorneys There.

CARLISLE, Pa., Dec. 15.—The Carlisle bar having refused the request of Ida G. East, of Mechanicsburg, to be examined for admission, the lady appealed to the courts. Lawyer Herman, in arguing against her application, said: "Whenever the men stay at home, nurse the children and do the housework, while the women battle with the world, it will be time enough for the Carlisle bar to modify its rules and admit women to membership." Judge Sadler, who presided, reversed his decision.

All doctors agree that there is nothing so dangerous to the health as riding in a cold, wet car with the doors constantly swinging for an hour or two after a person is heated up as one will get, who has much traveling about to do in shopping or transacting business. Many cases of pneumona and consumption, not to count the hundreds of cases of catarrah and bronchial troubles, have been brought on by a severe cold taken on a car.

The Columbia Desk Calendar, which is issued annually by the Pope Manufacturing Company, of Columbia bycicle fame, is out for 1894, much improved in appearance. It is a pad calendar of the same size and shape as those of previous years, having a leaf for each day, but its attractiveness has been hightened by the work of a clever artist who has scattered a series of bright pen-drawings through its pages. It also contains, as usual, many appropriate and interesting contributions from people both bright and wise.

Good Green Tea 25c a pound; 19 lbs Granulated Sugar $1.00; a Gallon Jug 10c: 12½c Wall paper now 9c; mixed Candy 10c a pound. Xmas Goods now ready. The Red Front.

DOLPH ON TARIFF.

Oregon's Senator Addresses the Senate on this Issue.

HE OPPOSED THE WILSON BILL.

Admitting New States — Fiends in Lincoln County — Fought the Sheriff.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The matter next to importance to the president's Hawaiian message, in the senate today, was Dolph's set speech upon the tariff question. The sentator from Oregon reminded the senate of the speech made by him last session on the silver bill, in which he attributed the existing depression in business to the threatened abandonment of the protective system and the fear of hostile tariff legislation, and he proceeded to give a historical sketch of protective legislation, in the United States, beginning with the separation of the colonies from the mother country. Turning his attention specially to the industries of the Pacific coast, the senator exclaimed:

"If some evil genius determined to blast and destroy the Pacific coast had presided over and controlled the house committee of ways and means, no more certain and speedy a scheme could have been devised than the bill reported by the committee to the house. The people of that portion of the Union west of the Rocky mountains are almost entirely engaged in agriculture, lumbering and mining. Manufactures are in their infancy and as yet comparatively unimportant. Wheatgrowing, woolgrowing, the raising of cattle and horses, fruitraising and hopgrowing, fishing, lumbering and mining are the principal industries. Every one of these industries will be stricken down and destroyed or made unprofitable by the passage of the Wilson bill. Suffice it to say that if that bill should become a law it means death to almost all our most important industries. The effect upon the Pacific coast if this proposed legislation should be enacted into a law would be to destroy millions of invested capital, to paralyze and to bring want and bankruptcy upon our people, and to compel us, in order that any industry can be conducted to require American laborers to work for greatly reduced wages, a condition of things never experinced on the coast, and one to which our people will ever be unwilling to submit."

The Work of Fiends.

TOLEDO, Or, Dec. 16.—Miss Cora Mays, the handsome 17-year-old daughter of Mrs. Samuel Logan, residing on the opposite side of the river six miles east of Toledo, during the absence of her parents last night was taken from the house, carried across the river in a boat, tied hand and foot, and is supposed to have been raped by some human fiends. A family living near the Oregon Pacific railroad track were awakened during the night by hearing moans from some one outside, and on searching found the young girl lying on the ground near the track, bound as stated, and in an unconscious condition. They also heard footsteps of two persons running away when they went out to see what caused the moans. Restoratives were immediately applied, but up to the present no one has been able to get anything rational from the victim. Her face and head are considerably bruised up, showing that she had struggled as best she could with her assailants. Information has just been received that two tramps boarded the east-bound train this morning near the scene, and were put off at Nashville. They were probably the perpetrators of the dastardly deed. Logan's boat was found drifting down the river this morning.

Fight for Liberty.

MCMINNVILLE, Or., Dec. 16.—Deputy Sheriff Roswell Connor had a terrible struggle with a burglar yesterday while conveying him from Salem, where he had attempted to dispose of one of the watches stolen from Smith's jewelry store here three weeks ago. When near the spot where Wilson, the murderer of Mamie Walsh, escaped from Sheriff Kelly last year, he attempted to spring from the buggy. Connor seized him by the coat. He fell between the wheel and the buggy, but was pulled back. In fighting and struggling the buggy-seat and top were broken. Finally both plunged headlong between the wheel, with Connor still holding to him. The horses broke away, and then Connor turned his whole attention to the prisoner. He pulled his pistol and struck him over the head. He surrendered and was brought here to jail. Both men are skinned and bruised, but the burglar is the sorer.

Karl's Clover Root, the new Blood Purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the Complexion and cures Constipation. 25c., 50c. and $1.00. Sold by C. G. Huntley.