

OREGON CITY ENTERPRISE.

VOL. 28. NO. 7.

OREGON CITY, OREGON, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1893.

ESTABLISHED 1866

COURTS.
Circuit court convenes first Monday in November and third Monday in April.
Probate court in session first Monday in each month.
Commissioners court meets first Wednesday after first Monday of each month.

D. W. KINNAIRD,
INSURANCE & JOHNSON,
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS.
Railway location and construction, bridges, plans and estimates for water supply, drainage and street improvement of towns, special attention given to draughting and blue printing.

E. HAYES,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OREGON CITY, OREGON.
Will practice in all the courts of the state. Office, corner Main and Eighth streets, opposite post office.

W. CAREY JOHNSON,
LAWYER,
Corner Eighth and Main streets, Oregon City, Oregon.

REAL ESTATE TO SELL AND MONEY TO LOAN.
L. PORTER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ABSTRACTS OF PROPERTY FURNISHED.
Office next to Oregon City bank on 5th street.

C. O. T. WILLIAMS,
REAL ESTATE AND LOAN AGENT.
A good line of business, residence and suburban property.
Farm property in tracts to suit on easy terms.
Correspondence promptly answered. Office, next door to Caulfield & Huntley's drug store.

J. L. VORBURG,
PRACTICAL SURVEYOR,
Jobs solicited. Prompt and careful attention given. Residence two and one-half miles east of Oregon City on Abernathy road.

C. H. DYK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW
Office over Oregon City Bank, OREGON CITY, OREGON.

L. R. JANSKY,
LAWYER, NOTARY PUBLIC & INSURANCE.
Office with W. Carey Johnson.

D. C. B. SMITH,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Eagle Creek, Oregon.

C. D. & D. C. LATOURETTE,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW
MAIN STREET, OREGON CITY, OREGON.
Furnish Abstracts of Title, Loan Money, Foreclose Mortgages, and transact General Law Business.

H. E. CROSS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL COURTS OF THE STATE
Real Estate and Insurance.
Office on Main St. et. bet. Sixth and Seventh, OREGON CITY, OR.

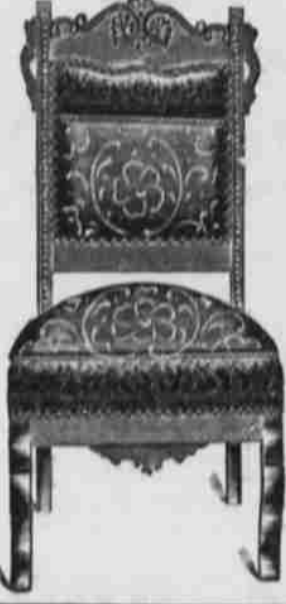
E. M. HANDS,
NOTARY PUBLIC, REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE.
Office in the Post Office Building, Oregon City, Oregon.

B. BROWNELL & DRESSER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
OREGON CITY, OREGON.
Will practice in all the courts of the state. Office, next door to Caulfield & Huntley's drug store.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK,
OF OREGON CITY.
Capital, \$100,000
TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Loans made. Bills discounted. Makes collections. Buys and sells exchange on all points in the United States, Europe and Hong Kong. Deposits received subject to check. Interest at special rates allowed on time deposits. Bank open from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. Saturday evenings from 5 to 7 P. M.
D. C. LATOURETTE, President.
F. K. DONALDSON, Cashier.

BANK OF OREGON CITY,
Oldest Banking House in the City.
Paid up Capital, \$50,000.
PRESIDENT, THOR. CHARMAN.
VICE PRESIDENT, GEO. A. HARDING.
CASHIER, E. G. CAWFIELD.
MANAGER, CHARLES H. CAWFIELD.
A general banking business transacted. Deposits received subject to check. Approved bills and notes discounted. County and city warrants bought. Loans made on available security. Exchange bought and sold. Collections made promptly. Stocks sold available in any part of the world. Telegraphic exchanges sold on Portland, San Francisco, Chicago and New York. Interest paid on time deposits.
Sub Agents of THE LONDON CHEQUE BANK

His Daughter's Letter.



Dear Father:—Christmas is coming; we are all well and happy. The baby has grown ever so much, and has a great deal more sense than it used to have. Hoping the same of you, I remain,
Your daughter,
MOLLIE.

Mollie meant what she said; she had her mind on Christmas. Next time she will write father that Bellomy & Busch are keeping a fine assortment of children's Rocking Chairs, Fancy Rockers, Parlor Suites, Lounges, Bedroom Suites, and an endless variety of Toys.

OREGON CITY IRON WORKS,

New and Enlarged Shop with all appliances for
MACHINE WORK & CASTING.

All work executed in the best manner possible. Promptness guaranteed on all orders.
REPAIRING - A - SPECIALTY.
Prices the lowest to be had in Portland. Shop on Fourth Street, near Main, Oregon City, Oregon.

I. ROAKE & CO., Proprietors.

BUY AN INCUBATOR

FROM
The Portland Seed Co.,
171 Second Street, Portland, Or.

And Make a Living During these Hard times by raising Chickens.

OREGON CITY JOBBING SHOP.

—All kinds of—
Tinning, Plumbing and General Jobbing
—DONE TO ORDER ON SHORT NOTICE.—
SEWER AND WATER CONNECTIONS MADE
At the most reasonable rates.
All work is done with a view to last and satisfy all concerned.
A. W. SCHWAN.
Shop on Seventh St., near Depot, Oregon City.

J. JONES & SON,

DEALER IN
Doors, Windows, Mouldings,
DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES.
Cabinet Work, Fitting up Stores and Repairing of all kinds.
Jobbing Orders Promptly Executed.
PRICES THE LOWEST.
Shop corner Fourth and Water streets, back of Pope & Co's, Oregon City

SEVENTH STREET DRUG STORE.

DR. L. M. ANDREWS, Prop.
A Full Line of Fresh Drugs and Medicines.
Patent Medicines of all Makes, Notions, Optical Goods
Full Stock of Machine Oils, Best and Cheapest.
Fine selection of Perfumery and Toilet Soaps. And Leading Brands of Cigars.
PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY FILLED.
Shively's Block, Oregon City, Or.

GEORGE BROUGHTON,

MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF
FIR AND HARDWOOD LUMBER.
FULL STOCK OF FLOORING, CEILING, RUSTIC AND FINISHING LUMBER, DIMENSION STUFF AND LATH.
Special Bills Cut to Order
Mill and Yard on the River, Foot of Main Street, OREGON CITY, OR.

LATEST STEAMER.

Brings Important News from Hawaii—Still Ex-Queen Lili.

PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT ON TOP

Advices Indicate That President Cleveland Has Been Negotiating With England to Restore Monarchy.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 12.—The steamer Oceanic arrived from the Orient via Honolulu soon after 10 o'clock this evening. A press correspondent at Honolulu writes as follows under the date of December 5: "The 24th ult. the Warrimoo brought from Victoria our earliest knowledge of Gresham's letter and Willis' probable instructions to restore the queen by force. The Monowai, from San Francisco, the same day brought full details. No great surprise was felt. The Irmgard's advices of the 2d had prepared us to expect the facts. The royalists were greatly elated. The Americans were also much inspired by the vigorous denunciations of Cleveland's course by the American press and by the delay of Minister Willis in stating or executing his instruction. One thing became clear, that the ex-queen and her supporters had been, since early in March, supplied with accurate information from Washington of the president's policy and the intention to restore her. T. H. Davies has also evidently been in the president's confidence from the beginning. All the confident boasts of the royalists, so long derided by the annexation party, prove to have been based upon reliable secret information from Washington.

"The people are intensely aroused and mean fight all over. They feel death in battle to be more honorable and more safe than to be remanded under the willful and reckless rule of an impure and semi-heathen queen and her paramour, exasperated by former defeat. A report also emanated from the royalist and was widely believed that after the queen had been restored by the United States forces, British forces were to be landed from the Champion and assume the task of protecting and maintaining her upon the throne. This was said by the royalists to be by special arrangement made by President Cleveland with the British government. The attorney-general this noon expressed his doubt of any such arrangement. He believed the Champion was here merely for ordinary protective work in case of battle or disorder. Many of the most intelligent people believe the report is true. They are of the opinion that President Cleveland must provide for continuous protection of the queen. As he cannot provide so permanently, apart from treaty stipulation by aid of the senate, his most ready recourse would be to British aid.

It has been learned upon the best authority, coming directly from royalist sources, that British Minister Resident Wodehouse has lately stated to different persons in Honolulu there was an understanding between President Cleveland and the English government that the monarchy should be restored. In private political circles here on the annexationist side the opinion has been freely expressed that the presence of the British cruiser Champion, here at the present time, was owing to the fear of the English foreign office that President Cleveland would not be able to carry out his policy. This theory reached the executive, and an advisory council special session was held, in which Mr. Brown introduced the following resolution, which was unanimously recommended by the council to the executive: "Resolved, That the executive council inquire of the American minister whether his instructions were covered by and in harmony with the letter of Secretary Gresham to President Cleveland; if so, whether he was instructed to use force.

"Resolved, That should the answer be in the affirmative, this council recommends that Mr. Willis be immediately given his passport and the ex-queen be made a prisoner of state."

The fear of the council seems to be that the British will offer protection to the ex-queen in case Cleveland fails to restore her. This is the chief reason the notice stated has been given foreign officials not to land troops without permission of the provisional government.

The Program for Hawaii.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—The successive arrivals from Honolulu, without news of importance, has led senators and others to believe that Willis unquestionably left Washington imbued with the belief that the result of his communication to the authorities of Hawaii of the instructions with which he was burdened, would be the immediate and peaceful restoration of the queen. Willis' instructions contemplated the publication in Honolulu of Gresham's summary of Blount's report, as it was afterwards made public here,

and a copy of which was furnished him two days before his final departure for Washington. It was anticipated that on the announcement of the attitude of the United States the provisional government would immediately step down and out. It was assumed the period of the queen's abdication would be considered as having been terminated by the announcement of the president's conclusions on Blount's report; that Willis would recognize the queen; that his action would be followed by the diplomatic representatives of other powers and that there the incident would end. It is conjectured that the "changed conditions" Willis found were, that all the arms and the best fighting elements of the island were at the command of the provisional government, a body made up of rugged and determined men of Anglo-Saxon stock, who would not relinquish what they had gained with out fighting for its retention. This was something he could not overcome without going beyond the constitutional limits of "executive power" and committing an act of war without the authorization of congress. In brief, it is said that Willis reports:

First—A condition of things in the islands which makes it impossible for him to restore the "status quo" without a direct resort to force, which was forbidden him.

Second—An indispotion on the queen's part to resume the government without guarantees of protection from the United States.

Third—A proposition from the queen to condone the wrong which the United States, by its executive, admits to have been done, and to relinquish all her titular rights, as well as whatever claim she may have upon the valuable crown lands, for the lump sum of \$500,000.

From the Middle Pacific.
YOKOHAMA, Dec. 11.—7:45 P. M.—The steamer China, which left San Francisco November 21 and Honolulu November 29, has just arrived here. Correspondents immediately went aboard and had interviews with the officers and passengers regarding the situation in Hawaii. It was stated that when the steamer left the island the provisional government was still in power and was still maintaining a very determined attitude. Much excitement prevailed among the business men and the people generally, and the action of the United States government was awaited with the greatest anxiety. The members of the provisional government were resolute in their declarations against the restoration of the monarchy, and openly expressed their intention of resisting to the utmost any attempt President Cleveland might make to reinstate the queen.

Chinese Smugglers on Trial.
PORTLAND, Dec. 12.—At 10 o'clock this morning the conspiracy-to-smuggle Chinese case, with twenty-one defendants, was called in the United States district court. At the opening of the case this afternoon John M. Gearin stated the case for the government. He said the conspiracy had been entered into by Defendants Dunbar, Blum and Jacklin, partners in the Merchants Steamship company to facilitate the bringing of Chinese laborers into this country from British Columbia. He said the evidence would show the part each defendant played in the conspiracy. The defense claimed it was conspiracy on the part of Blum and Jackling who pleaded guilty, to drag down the other defendants. Nathan Blum was called as a witness by the government but before he was sworn the defense objected to him as a witness on the ground that he had been convicted of an infamous crime, namely smuggling opium and Chinese. The court took the matter under advisement. If the judge sustains the objection it will be a virtual abandonment of the case as the government based its case almost entirely on Blum's testimony.

When Judge Bellinger opened court yesterday morning he announced that he had considered the matter referred to him the evening before in the Chinese smuggling cases, in regard to allowing testimony to be introduced to prove overt acts not charged in the indictment, and had decided to overrule the objection to such testimony for the purpose of proving the conspiracy. The defense filed an exception and the trial proceeded.

Chicago Poor in Want.
CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—A resolution was introduced in the city council last night to establish refuges for the poor of the city. The aldermen subscribed \$50 each, a total of \$3400, to the immediate relief fund, and appointed committees to look after sheltering the homeless. An old freight depot has been secured at the foot of Randolph street and preparations are being made to feed 8000 persons. The churches, too have begun the work in earnest.

Good Green Tea 25c a pound; 19 lbs Granulated Sugar \$1.00; a Gallon Jug 10c; 12 1/2c Wall paper now 9c; mixed Candy 10c a pound. Xmas Goods now ready. The Red Front.

PROBABILITIES.

Individuals Favor Protection but Collectively Condemn it.

CLOSE SCRATCHING IN THE SENATE

Lively Fight in the Senate Between Cullom and Hill Over the Federal Election Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—The Wilson tariff bill may be remedied slightly in the house, but the general features will be adopted without much change. Different men from different localities will struggle for protection for their own particular sections, but failing in that will vote a cut all around, or absolute free trade in some things for the balance of the country. There are a large number of representatives to whom protection, up or down, or in fact, any kind of economy, is of not the slightest consequence, because there is nothing in their districts that protection will aid, and they represent a people who, having nothing themselves, wish to see the industries of others destroyed. But, as a matter of fact, there are very few districts in which some particular industry had not been fostered and built up by protection, and even the democratic member representing such a district will do all he can to have the protection retained. He will make speeches and say that protection has done a great deal for this industry, and his constituents still wish it protected. While the bill is being considered amendments will be offered to protect particular industries, but as each is reached it will be treated in the same way. The protective principle will be endorsed individually and condemned collectively.

In the senate it may be different. There the majority is not so large, and if a few democratic senators should kick over the traces there may be a possibility of defeating the bill. If the people of Montana and Wyoming had returned republican senators a year ago, and if the people of Washington would fill the vacancy from that state it is possible the industries of these three great states would not be injured so much, as then their senators would be able to prevent the passage of the tariff bill with the aid of a democrat who cannot stand the cut that has been made in their particular section. The wool and lead, the lumber and coal, the iron and copper industries of the states which have but half their representation in the senate may suffer, but it is well enough to remember that the people of those states have materially assisted in the ruin.

The Election Bill in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Senator Cullom fired the first gun in the battle over the repeal of the federal election laws and succeeded in drawing a sharp return fire from Senator Hill of New York.

After Hoar's second Hawaiian resolution had been laid over until tomorrow Cullom took the floor and spoke at length on the election repeal bill. He asked if the mandate of a corrupt judge like Maynard should determine the complexion of the legislature which elects a senator or the brawn and muscle of a McKane could control an election of a representative in congress and have no power to protect the integrity of its own members. In the course of his remarks Cullom attacked the New York machine and Maynard and was interrupted with a reminder from Hill that the election referred to would not have controlled the New York senate and whether or not there was anything criminal in that election was irrelevant to the present question.

Cullom retorted that the action of Maynard inaugurated the scheme which resulted in changing the character of the legislature.

Kansas Overrun by Tramps

TOPEKA, Dec. 10.—Governor Lewelling's recent plea in behalf of the tramps is bearing unpleasant fruit. During the past two days hundreds of tramps have flocked into Kansas, and people in many towns and cities are demanding that the sheriff's and other peace officers not subject to the governor's orders afford them protection against the idle and begging hordes.

Ex-President Harrison Coming West.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—It has been learned here that ex-President Harrison has about completed the lectures to be delivered at Stanford university. He will leave for California about February 1. The subject of the lectures will be international constitutional law. After the lectures Harrison will visit various points of interest on the coast.

Karl's Clover Root, the new Blood Purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the Complexion and cures Constipation. 25c., 50c. and \$1.00. Sold by C. G. Huntley.