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AGENTS FOR THE ENTERPRISE.

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GRAVE CONDITIONS.

President Cleveland states that the most important question confronting the nation at this time is the financial one. It is probable that he has for some time fully appreciated this fact, but it is not so certain that those who have the making of the laws are yet cognizant of the fact that a grave condition confronts the country—one that requires legislation as well as careful administration of the affairs of government. Until such time as the president is fully convinced that congress is prepared to enact such laws, and only such, as will insure to the general good he would not be justified in convening congress, since that body might be disposed to neglect the opportunity to provide remedial laws, and enact such as would be vicious and detrimental to the best interests of the people. With the state of trade in its present embarrassed and unsatisfactory condition there is no doubt that the president stands ready to convene congress when he is fully assured that the members of that body will act with wisdom and expedition in providing remedial legislation.

Heretofore there has been no settled conviction among the leaders of the dominant party as to what should be done. Some were for one thing and some another, while some did not know what they did want. With this kind of a body to make laws for him to execute the president does not seem to convene the lawmakers, as to meet at a time like this, when trade is depressed and failures of daily occurrence, and yet do nothing for the relief of the country would only result in making bad matters worse.

There seems to be a consolidating of sentiment in progress among the people, and presumably among congressmen, which has a healthier appearance, and which, if it continues, may result in a demand for a certain specified policy in which the people have confidence. When that time comes it will be the president's duty to convene congress and presumably he will not hesitate to perform that duty, since the existing condition of affairs imposes heavy responsibilities upon him which he would much prefer should be borne by congress.

That the present financial depression is largely due to distrust and want of confidence there is every reason to believe. For many years the democratic party has been encouraging all sorts of isms and parties under the impression that by so doing it was helping its own cause. It is quite probable that it did so for the time being and that its present power is due to the promulgation and tacit support given to all sorts of crazy creeds and parties, but with power they have learned for the first time how firm a hold these unsafe theories have acquired, and the conservative and safe element of the party would fain be rid of the burdens and responsibility growing out of the implied alliance hitherto existing between the democratic party and the various organizations which they have aided and abetted. But this is not an easy thing to do, inasmuch as many of the democratic leaders have preached these unsound doctrines till they have become imbedded in their spirit to such a degree that they actually believe them themselves. It is a case of "chickens coming home to roost," and the democratic party is likely to find in the end that the scheme which they have been working so industriously for so many years will not insure to their benefit since the people are likely to return to the party which has for these many years conducted the affairs of state safely and successfully; or, if not that, then the spirit of dissatisfaction and unrest which the democrats have fostered may turn, and, rending the party which gave it succor, seize the reins of government, leaving the democratic party to mourn the loss of power at the hands of an element which had been built up by its own sanction and support.

One of these two things is likely to occur unless in the present emergency the democratic party can agree upon and adopt a wise policy which will restore the confidence of the public so that business will assume its wonted channels and usual proportions. Will it be able to do this? This is the grave question which confronts the president and

the democratic party at this time and which is of the greatest importance to the American people.

NEEDLESSLY ALARMED.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat discusses the financial question as exemplified by the runs on the several savings banks of Chicago, and in reply to the question of gain or loss to the withdrawing depositors it says: They have taken their money out of a place where it was increasing, and will put it in a place where it will decrease. They have lost the interest upon it which has been rolling up since the beginning of the year, and will now keep it where it will draw no interest, but where it will cost them something instead. If they put it into a deposit vault they will have to pay for the privilege. If they keep it at home they will have to pay for the privilege in anxiety about its safety, and in the chances of its loss through robbery, fire or other mischance. Meanwhile they have lost the incentive to save, and are perhaps thus shutting themselves out of the chance of making adequate requirement for the day of need.

These excited depositors are inflicting serious injury on themselves by withdrawing their money from the banks, and are, at the same time, depriving the business community of one of its sources of supply. The rail on these Chicago banks was especially ill-judged and unwise at this time. As the events show, the banks were all in a sound and solid condition. The business people having dealings with them knew this all along, and were carrying money to the banks while surging and panic stricken crowds only a few feet away were drawing money out. Only the smaller depositors, who belonged to the more ignorant element of the community chiefly were alarmed. Those who were unable to get their money because the banks took advantage of the thirty-day notice required will yet rejoice over their good fortune, for before that time expires the financial situation will undoubtedly have changed for the better, and money will be drifting toward the banks again instead of from them.

FADING GREATNESS.

Under this heading the San Francisco Call notes that Mr. Cleveland invited to his cabinet two men of national reputation. These were Mr. Gresham and Mr. Carlisle. Both had been presidential aspirants of more than ordinary pretensions. Gresham was the idol of the anti-monopolists, and popular with the republicans who felt that their party had gone too far in the service of the money power. Mr. Carlisle's reputation was no less secure. The fact of his being a southern man was considered as the chief obstacle he had to overcome on his way to the presidency. He had risen through a series of terms to be speaker of the house and in half a term had become one of the democratic leaders in the senate. In a moment fatal to these two men Mr. Cleveland wanted them. Mr. Gresham left the bench, of which he was one of the brightest ornaments, and Mr. Carlisle gave up his rising career in the senate. Where are these men now? Less than three months in the shadow of Cleveland has shivered them up. Gresham's name will be connected with the loss of Hawaii and Carlisle's with the suspension of the Chinese registration act. Probably Mr. Cleveland is responsible for the policy pursued in each case, but he cannot entirely shield his subordinates.

Under the heading of "CONFIDENCE AND STRENGTH" the Oregonian of June 13th says of the financial situation: It is no boast to say in the present situation Portland is the mainstay of the Northwest. Always solid and conservative, never showy or pretentious, doing business mainly on her own capital and never encouraging any kind of excess in speculation, Portland now is in position to make her strength felt and appreciated; and though she does not boast of her abundance or pretend to unlimited resources, still it may be said that she can take care of her business and lend a helping hand to the support of the country round about her. These things moreover she is doing, and has been doing steadily, ever since the stringency began. Her banks are solid and firm. Administered on banking principles by men who never allow themselves to be infected with the fever of speculation, or to deal in imaginary values, they are at all times prepared to meet the obligations of their position. General knowledge of this fact gives assurance to the public. Our banks have never fostered speculation, but have confined themselves to business purely mercantile and commercial, to accommodation and support of regular and legitimate enterprise; and knowledge of this fact, which, through a long period created confidence in them, now supports that confidence in the midst of unusual disturbances in the financial world. Portland feels the stringency, of course, but pursues her usual business notwithstanding. She has always been the main center of the business of the Northwest, and now is prepared to protect it. During a month past she has done great things for support of the towns and cities of the Northwestern country, and chiefly to her strength is due the general steadiness that prevails. Confidence at Portland makes confidence throughout the Northwest.

THE Commercial Review says of the wheat trade: "For the past week English and Continental markets have continued inactive and prices have ruled easy, while cables have brought us no news of an encouraging nature. Arrivals of cargoes off coast have been heavy and quantities on passage have increased about 75,000 quarters. Weather conditions throughout the United Kingdom and many parts of Europe have continued generally favorable for crops, and to the improved condition of the wheat crops in Russia much of the extreme depression now prevailing in all markets can be attributed. While prices for cargoes have not shown any marked decline, sales are extremely difficult to effect, even when concessions are allowed."

an, or other European demands, and probably only in part to the Australian troubles. The gold, according to the New York Tribune, goes out in large measure because this country has transferred the control of its government to a party which insists upon using its silver instead of gold as the basis of its currency. In anticipation of a struggle in congress, which many apprehend may result in the passage of some dangerous compromise measure, much of the gold of the country is withdrawn from active use, and foreigners are withdrawing part of their capital from American investments.

MONEY continues firm in Portland and banks are making no loans whatever, excepting to renew some paper now falling due, says the Commercial Review. During the past month country bank balances have decreased, but the bottom has been reached and an upward tendency now exists. Jobbers report trade in general as fair and collections in the country are somewhat better. The season has been backward, but hopes are entertained that it will at least finally compare favorably with 1892.

The reduction of the Bank of England's discount rate to 3 per cent is an encouraging feature of the general business situation, and is having a good effect in the United States. Money is plentiful and low in London, and in other of the great financial centers of Europe a like condition of things is present or approaching.

The Horticultural Association.

Four weeks from next Saturday the Clackamas County Horticultural Association will hold its second meeting in this city, and preparatory to the work that is to be done at that meeting the president, Dr. J. Casto, has announced the following as the standing committees for the current year: Orchard and fruits, Seth Lewelling, C. F. Clark and Geo. Randall; Small Fruits, Geo. W. Kidder, C. C. Williams and J. Tompkins; Flowers and Ornament shrubs, A. Lacey, J. C. Walgamot and E. W. Kammerer; Etymology and Botany, J. A. Chase, R. Gilhausen and A. Monks; Nomenclature and New Fruits, A. Walling, E. M. Rande and D. W. Howard; Legislation, W. S. Uren, J. S. Risley and J. G. Zimer; Exhibit, Charles Meserve, Frank Lee and Geo. Nagle.

The by-laws of the society make it the duty of the secretary with the advice of the president to arrange all programs and we presume that one for this meeting will soon be forthcoming, as an early announcement will help all members to prepare upon the subjects to be discussed. The time left for preparation is already short and as it was the intention of the society to make the July meeting a specially interesting one—a sort of ingathering of the good things of the tree, the vine and the mind every member will do well to have the date of the meeting, July 15, in mind and be preparing to do his part in making it a great success.

The officers elected at the last meeting are as follows: President Dr. J. Casto, vice-president, C. C. Williams and J. S. Risley; secretary, G. H. Robbins.

Initiative and Referendum.

The secretary of the state grange has sent a circular letter to all of the subordinate granges from which the following extract is taken: At the twentieth annual session of the Oregon State Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, held at The Dalles, Oregon, May 23 to 26, 1893, the following resolution presented by Molalla Grange, No. 40, was referred to the Committee on Resolutions and the Committee reported the same back to the State Grange without recommendation, and on motion the resolution was referred to the Subordinate Granges for discussion and investigation, to wit:

"Resolved, That we demand the adoption of the system of direct legislation by the initiative and referendum, as the best and quickest way to secure immediate relief from Wall street and the lobbies." W. D. Hare of Hillsboro was appointed a committee of one to confer with other organizations relative to the advisability of adopting this means of legislation.

Saturday June 24, the Teachers Association will meet at Macksburg. Teachers can take the cars to Canby and drive out, or they can obtain three seated carriages at Oregon City that will hold six or eight persons for five dollars. It will be a pleasant drive at a cost of 75 cents or a dollar apiece. An invitation has been sent to several prominent educators to be present, a picnic and general good time is expected.

Shiloh's Cure, the Great Cough and Croup Cure, is for sale by us. Pocket size contains twenty-five doses, only 25c. Children love it. C. G. Huntley.

DISOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between S. M. McCown and H. E. Cross in the Gladstone saw mill company is this day dissolved by mutual consent. H. E. Cross becomes the sole owner of the partnership property, and will collect all accounts and pay all indebtedness. S. M. McCown, H. E. Cross, June 2, 1893. 6-16-

TREASURER'S NOTICE.

I have now in my hands funds applicable to the payment of all warrants endorsed prior to May 1, 1893. Interest will cease from date of this notice. Treasurer of Clackamas county. S. B. CALLIFF, Dated Oregon City, June 16, 1893.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR SALOON LICENSE.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned will apply to the city council of Oregon City, Oregon, at the regular meeting in July for the continuation of the license for a saloon at the corner of Main and Fourth streets in said city. JOHN E. TREMBATH, Oregon City, Oregon, June 16, 1893. 6-16-

Notice of Dissolution.

The firm heretofore existing under the firm name of Wineset & Scripture is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the same will please call and settle by cash or note within thirty days. S. F. SCRIPTURE, C. P. WINSETT, Oregon City, June 6, 1893.

Arbuckle's Lion or Mokaska coffee 25 cents at The Red Front.



A FOOT-HOLD for Consumption is what you are offering, if your blood is impure. Consumption is simply Lung Scrofula. A scrofulous condition, with a slight cough or cold, is all that it needs to develop it. But just as it depends upon the blood for its origin, so it depends upon the blood for its cure. The surest remedy for Scrofula in every form, the most effective blood-cleanser, flesh-builder, and strength-restorer that's known to medical science, is Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. For Consumption in all its earlier stages, and for Weak Lungs, Asthma, Severe Coughs, and all Bronchial, Throat, and Lung affections, that is the only remedy so unfailing that it can be guaranteed. If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back.

No matter how long you've had Catarrh, or how severe, Dr. Saxe's Remedy will effect a permanent cure. \$50 reward is offered by the proprietors of this medicine, for an incurable case of Catarrh.

STEEDMAN'S SOOTHING POWDERS. IN USE OVER 50 YEARS. FOR CHILDREN CUTTING TEETH. RELIEVE FEVERISH HEAT, PREVENT FITS, CONVULSIONS, AC. PRESERVE A HEALTHY STATE OF THE CONSTITUTION DURING PERIOD OF TEETHING.

See that the words "JOHN STEEDMAN, Chemist, Walworth, Surrey," are engraved on the Government Stamp affixed to each packet. Sold by all Leading Druggists.

JAPANESE PILE CURE. A new and complete treatment, consisting of suppositories, Ointment in Capsules, also in Box and Pills; a positive cure for External, Internal, Biloid or bleeding, Itching, Chronic, Hereditary Piles, and many diseases and female weaknesses. It is also a great benefit to the general health. The first discovery of a medical cure rendering an operation with the knife unnecessary hereafter. This remedy has never been known to fail. 4 per box, 6 for \$5 sent by mail. Why suffer from this terrible disease when a written guarantee is given with six boxes to refund the money if not cured. Send stamp for free sample. Guarantee issued by Watson & Lanza & Co., wholesale and retail druggists, sole agents, Portland, Oregon. For sale by C. G. Huntley, Oregon City, Oregon.

CURE THAT COUGH WITH SHILOH'S CURE. THIS GREAT COUGH CURE cures bronchitis, croup, whooping cough, croup, sore throat, hoarseness, whooping cough, and Asthma. For Consumption it has no equal. Has cured thousands, and will cure you if taken in time. Each bottle has a guarantee. For a Large Book, free of charge, send for SHILOH'S BELLAUNION PAIN EXPELLER.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. Have you Catarrh? This is the only medicine to cure you. Prepared by Shiloh's. For sale by C. G. Huntley.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

I hereby give notice that I have filed with the County Court of Clackamas county, Oregon, my accounts and vouchers for the estate of the estate of John Wilson, deceased, and the Court has appointed the first Monday in August, 1893, for the examination and settlement of the same. DAVID B. HUNT, June 8, 1893. 6-10-93

NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, May 11, 1893. Complaint having been entered at this office by Henry N. Johnson against Rollin T. Brooks for abandoning his homestead entry No. 5067, dated December 26, 1890, upon the north-east 1/4 section 30, Township 2 south, Range 5 east, in Clackamas county, Oregon, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 8th day of July, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m. to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment. J. T. APPERSON, Register. 6-19-93 PETER PAQUET, Receiver.

NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, May 11, 1893. Complaint having been entered at this office by George D. Reed against Charles Holm for abandoning his homestead entry No. 7526, dated October 11, 1892, upon the N. W. 1/4 section 14, Township 3 south, Range 3 east, in Clackamas county, Oregon, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 8th day of July, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m. to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment. J. T. APPERSON, Register. 6-19-93 PETER PAQUET, Receiver.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, May 11, 1893. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under section 2901, R. S., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon, on July 18, 1893, viz: William A. Hobbie, Homestead No. 9818, for the south-east 1/4 section 12, Township 2 south, Range 7 east. [Special notice to Daniel H. Bussard, who made pre-emption No. 7495 for same land, who will be required to show why Hobbie should not be allowed to take title under his homestead.] He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Rice T. Montague, Alfred H. Haines, Louis Deaneau, John T. McIntyre, all of Salmon, Oregon. J. T. APPERSON, Register. 6-19-93

Call and see the lounges at R. L. Holman and you will see some good ones which they are selling almost at manufacturer's prices.

COPPER RIVETED OVERALLS AND LEVI STRAUSS & CO'S SPRING BOTTOM PANTS EVERY PAIR GUARANTEED. ADDRESS: SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Now is the time for summer hats. We have just what you want.

Children's Hats in Black or White. Straw with bow or wreath only 50 cents. LADIES AND MISSES SAILORS. In fine black or white trimmed with plaids \$1.00.

The best Sailor Offered Anywhere for 25 cents. Large assortment of trimmed hats in latest colors and shapes from \$1.00 up.

Best Flour, per bbl. \$3.50. Arbuckles or Lion coffee per lb. 25c. Coconut, per lb. 25c. Beans, 25 lbs. \$1.00.

Sugars of all grades by the sack at cost. Remember we keep a fine assortment of the following:

Mens', Boy's, Ladies' and Children's Shoes. MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS. Dress goods and trimmings, underwear, etc., which are the best quality and lowest prices in the county.

Park Place Store

WE SPEAK

Prices on furniture, lounges, mattresses, etc., have taken a tumble. By judiciously buying furniture, and by manufacturing our own lounges, mattresses etc., we are able to sell at the following prices which are 25 per cent. below Portland prices or any ever given in Oregon City Before today.

Lounges, common, \$5.00. Bed Lounges, hard edge, 7.50. Bed Lounges, spring edges, 12.00. Box Mattresses upholstered, 30 springs, 3.75. Woven Wire, 1.50. Bedsteads, 1.50.

We do this in order to keep people from going to Portland, where they, not knowing our prices, are talked into buying at fabulous prices because they are in Portland. Call in and see us when you are in town. We have completely new stock of WALL PAPER which you will find as low as the lowest.

R. L. HOLMAN, Undertaking & Embalming. Can Always turn out a neat outfit on short notice. UNDER THE OREGON CITY ENTERPRISE PRINTING OFFICE.

Clackamas Heights Green House

Joe Collins the florist of Clackamas Heights Greenhouse, has got a lot of fine, strong healthy 3-year-old rose plants for sale at 50c per dozen, or 25c each for a single plant, and a lot of young rose plants at low rates. Also a lot of fine carnations and pinks for sale at 25c per dozen. Also a lot of house plants of different varieties at prices that will tell. Cut flowers made a specialty all seasons of the year.

PLANTS FOR THE GARDEN.

Cabbage plants per hundred 50c; per thousand \$4. Camellia plants per hundred \$1.00; per thousand \$7.50. Tomatoes—Vaughn—early plants per hundred 75c; per thousand \$5. Tomatoes—the new variety red plants per hundred 75c; per thousand \$5. Tomatoes—Ljvingston—red apple plants per hundred 75c; per thousand \$5. Tomatoes—the earliest and best plants per hundred 75c; per thousand \$5.

All Orders Promptly Executed. Post Office address, J. COLLINS, Park Place, Or. E. E. Williams, the Grocer, and C. A. McMillan, Main and Fourth streets, Oregon City Agents.