

# OREGON CITY ENTERPRISE.

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OREGON CITY, OREGON, FRIDAY, APRIL 21, 1893.

ESTABLISHED 1866

**COURTS.**  
Circuit court convenes first Monday in November and third Monday in April.  
Probate court in session first Monday in each month.  
Commissioners court meets first Wednesday after first Monday of each month.

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Will practice in all the courts of the state. Office, corner Main and Eighth streets, opposite court house.

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Farm and City Property for sale. Collections made and taxes paid for non-residents. Money to loan. All business promptly attended to.

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WILL PRACTICE IN ALL COURTS OF THE STATE  
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Choice City, Farm and Suburban Property for sale. City scrips, county warrants and securities of all kinds bought and sold. Taxes paid and business of every description attended to for non-residents.  
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Will practice in all the courts of the state. Office, next door to Caulfield & Huntley's drug store.

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TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Loans made. Bills discounted. Makes collections. Buys and sells exchange on all points in the United States, Europe and Hong Kong. Deposits received subject to check. Interest at usual rates allowed on time deposits. Bank open from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturday evenings from 5 to 7 p. m.

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Paid up Capital, \$50,000.

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A general banking business transacted. Deposits received subject to check. Approved bills and notes discounted. County and city warrants bought. Loans made on available security. Exchange bought and sold. Collections made promptly. Drafts sold available in any part of the world. Telegraphic exchanges sold on Portland, San Francisco, Chicago, and New York. Interest paid on time deposits. Sub Agents of THE LONDON CHEQUE BANK.

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Practical Architects & Builders. Will prepare plans, elevations, working details and specifications for all kinds of buildings. Special attention given to modern cottages. Estimates furnished on application. Call on or address WHITE BROS., Oregon City, Oreg.

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HEADQUARTERS FOR  
Fine Groceries,  
Fruits,  
Feed,  
Meats,  
Baskets,  
Tubs,  
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Tobacco,  
Cigars,  
Confectionery.  
**GROCCER,**  
OREGON CITY,  
Oregon.

**A Question of DOLLARS.**  
**ARE YOU INTERESTED.**  
We shall place on sale this morning an elegant line of Bed and Dining-room furniture, Lounges, etc., at about the cost of production, and the best value ever offered in the city for money.  
Hardwood bedroom suite of six pieces, up from \$13.25  
Fine center tables, up from 1.25  
Bed lounges, hard edge, up from 7.25  
Bed lounges, spring edge, 8.75  
Bed lounges, silk spring edge, 10.00  
Box Mattresses, upholstered, 3.40  
This sale is really a matter of dollars saved to all buyers of these goods. Our furniture is in the latest finish, "the 16th Century."  
**BELLOMY & BUSCH, the Housefurnishers.**

**SEVENTH STREET DRUG STORE.**  
**DR. L. M. ANDREWS, Prop.**  
**A Full Line of Fresh Drugs and Medicines.**  
Patent Medicines of all Makes, Notions, Optical Goods  
Full Stock of Machine Oils, Best and Cheapest.  
Fine selection of Perfumery and Toilet Soaps. And Leading Brands of Cigars.  
**PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY FILLED.**  
Shively's Block, Oregon City, Or.

—THE—  
**Oregon City Sash and Door Co.**  
Carry the Largest Stock of  
**Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Etc.**  
In Oregon City.  
Special sizes of Doors and Windows made to order. Turning of all kinds  
**Estimates for Stair Work and Store Fronts**  
furnished on application. Builders, give us a call, and see if our work is not of the best, and our prices as low as the lowest. Price List sent on application.  
**Factory, Cor. Main and 11th Sts., Oregon City.**

**OREGON CITY JOBBING SHOP.**  
—All kinds of—  
**Tinning, Plumbing and General Jobbing**  
—DONE TO ORDER ON SHORT NOTICE.—  
**SEWER AND WATER CONNECTIONS MADE**  
At the most reasonable rates.  
All work is done with a view to last and satisfy all concerned.  
**A. W. SCHWAN.**  
Shop on Seventh St., near Depot, Oregon City.

**J. JONES & SON,**  
DEALER IN  
**Doors, Windows, Mouldings,**  
**DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES.**  
Cabinet Work, Fitting up Stores and Repairing of all kinds.  
Jobbing Orders Promptly Executed.  
**PRICES THE LOWEST.**  
Shop corner Fourth and Water streets, back of Pope & Co's, Oregon City

## FRUIT INTEREST.

**The Fruit Growers of Clackamas County Meet and Organize.**

### HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY FORMED

**An Interesting and Profitable Meeting—Farmers Alive to the Importance of the Fruit Industry.**

Pursuant to the call published in the ENTERPRISE, a large number of fruit growers met in the county court room last Friday and organized the Clackamas County Horticultural Association. Quite a lively interest was manifested in the proceedings, and the discussions were participated in with an earnestness which presages well for the future fruit interests of the county. The meeting was called to order by Dr. J. Casto who was made temporary chairman. Chas. Meserve was chosen temporary secretary, after which W. S. U'Ren, J. S. Risley and G. H. Robbins were constituted a committee on constitution and by-laws. Pending their deliberations the meeting spent the time in discussing various interesting questions relative to pests and care of trees. The committee were not ready to report till afternoon.

#### AFTERNOON SESSION.

The committee on constitution and by-laws reported a constitution and by-laws which were adopted.

The election of officers was then taken up and the following named chosen to serve till the next annual meeting:

Dr. J. Casto was nominated for president, and the rules being suspended was elected by acclamation. The newly elected president spoke briefly of the benefits to be derived from the maintenance of a horticultural society. He spoke particularly of the safety of patronizing home nurseries, and the danger from buying fruit trees from foreign nurseries.

W. S. U'Ren was nominated for secretary but declined in favor of G. H. Robbins who was elected by acclamation.

C. C. Williams was elected first vice president and J. S. Risley second vice president.

After a short recess, which was devoted to enrolling members, the society reconvened and fixed upon Oregon City as the next place of meeting on the third Saturday in July.

The following named persons enrolled as members:

W. S. U'Ren, J. S. Risley, Jos. Casto, C. F. Clark, George Randall, C. C. Williams, M. Long, D. W. Howard, J. Tompkins, J. H. M. Robbins, J. George Nagle, A. Moutz, R. Gilhousen, J. A. Chase, J. G. Zinsler, G. W. Kidder, A. Lacey, J. C. Wolgamot, G. H. Robbins, Charles Meserve, Ed. W. Kammerer, Frank Lee, E. M. Bands.

W. S. U'Ren moved that a committee of three be appointed to investigate the question of organizing a Fruit Growers' Association and to procure the constitution and by-laws from the California association.

The chairman appointed as that committee Messrs. W. S. U'Ren, Frank Lee and G. W. Kidder.

In order to increase the membership of the association each member was made a committee of one to solicit members and to send their names together with the fee to the secretary.

#### INSECTS AND SPRAYING.

The question of insect pests and spraying to destroy them was taken up and consumed much of the forenoon session. J. G. Sizer asked if the woolly aphid could be destroyed by spraying and R. V. Short in reply stated that his experience with this pest went to show that it thrived in damp cool places, especially where the sun did not shine, and he recommended as a remedy free use of the knife in the orchard. He cited as proof of his statement the case of a tree which grew on the north side of his house where the sun never shone, which when the woolly aphid appeared was attacked and killed by the pest.

Seth Lewelling gave his experience in spraying 40 acres of orchard with a solution of lime, salt and sulphur and found that it destroyed all pests, except the woolly aphid, and codlin moth. His remedy for the woolly aphid is to grease the trees thoroughly with bogs lard. For the codlin moth his remedy is to tie around the trunk of each tree about eight inches above the ground, a gunny sack, then to go around every few days and kill all the moths which have gathered about the folds and under the sack.

R. V. Short stated it as his belief that insects were migratory and that the present visitation of pests would disappear as others have in the past, but the general sentiment of the meeting was that they were here to stay unless eradicated by the application of vermin destroyers.

#### THE GRAPE DISCUSSED.

Mr. Wolgamot—Had a few vines and pruned quite late in the season, and nearly ruined his vines as the sap ran out and dropped to the ground.

J. G. Zinsler, who has had a lifelong ex-

perience, said February is late enough to prune, most seasons, though in a late season like this March would do, but it may be done as soon as the leaves drop in the fall. Grape vines should be trimmed close leaving not over five buds, three is better; then pinch off buds beyond blossoms and between buds. Think it best to trim stocks not over two feet high.

George Randall had been raising grapes twenty years, and finds the Isabella the only variety that does well.

J. C. Wolgamot finds that all varieties do well on the Canby prairies.

C. C. Williams has a fine vine of Concord which trails over a building and is never pruned. Some years the one vine has twenty-five bushels.

J. G. Zinsler said that with pruning the grapes would be larger, better and firmer, and gave an illustration of a vineyard near Portland of four or five acres, the rent of which was \$600, the labor \$300, and the profits over that large.

J. A. Chase stated that the company he represents had investigated the matter, and their conclusion was that none but table grapes would do well here.

Frank Lee of the Northwest Pacific Farmer stated that an analysis of the soil of Clackamas county showed that it was better adapted to grape culture than that of any other county in the state, but that none of the foreign varieties do well here owing to mildew. Several of the American varieties do well however.

#### SMALL FRUITS

The question of small fruits being broached, Mr. Lewelling said that he was testing the raising of small fruits, and had twenty acres of strawberries, and ten of blackberries, favoring the Lawton berry for the latter. Questioned, he said that blackberries should be given plenty of room, say two feet by ten, and trimmed about four feet high. The ground should be kept thoroughly cultivated, say ten times a year. The question was asked, What is the life of a patch of berries? To this Mr. Lewelling said that he planted a patch in 1860 which is in good bearing condition yet.

Speaking of profits from blackberries, Mr. U'Ren stated that \$100 per acre was a fair profit to count on when all the work is hired.

Mr. Lewelling gave as his experience with a single cane of Lawton grafted upon a wild blackberry root. This grew about five feet high with lateral branches about as long, and the one vine produced in one year twenty-three pounds of fruit.

#### ABOUT PRUNING.

There seemed to be considerable interest in the question of pruning and a general discussion ensued. The general sentiment was that old trees should be closely pruned, due care being taken to shape the tree by careful use of the knife.

Mr. Lewelling would trim peaches in the fall and keep the limbs well down.

J. A. Chase, who has set out 100 acres, cut all trees back at time of planting to two feet high; then when the branches grew cut them back to eighteen inches. This gives a stocky tree with strong limbs capable of sustaining a heavy crop of fruit.

Dr. Casto trimmed his peaches back at planting to two feet and a half leaving only the one stem, then in August cut the new growth back, thinning out all superfluous limbs. The only thing that has troubled his orchard is curled leaf, and this he has invariably cut off and buried.

D. W. Howard stated that curled leaf is fatal to seedlings, but that it does not seem to injure Crawford's.

C. F. Clark gave his experience with peach planting and favored close cutting.

G. W. Kidder favored trimming prunes to an inside bud to cause the limbs to stand as straight as possible as in that way the limbs were capable of bearing a greater weight of fruit.

C. C. Williams gave several examples of seedling peaches proving much more thrifty and nearly as good as the budded fruit. J. C. Wolgamot cited a case where Crawford seedlings had proven most successful, the trees being strong, thrifty and hardy.

Mr. Lewelling recommends the Avery peach as being the best peach grown.

#### Getting Ready for May Day.

CHICAGO, April 17.—Work at the world's fair is being pushed with the utmost vigor, and beginning tonight a double force of men will be employed, working night and day. Treasurer Seeberger today denied emphatically the report published in some outside cities that the exposition authorities were hampered for cash to pay the contractors and workmen. There is an ample fund on hand to pay all the contractors and workmen. There is an ample fund on hand to pay all the men until May 1, after which the exposition will be a source of revenue far beyond all current expenses.

#### The Naval Display Fleet.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., April 17.—Before 8 o'clock this morning Colonel Frank, commandant of the army post, was informed by Rear-Admiral Gherardi that the British vessels expected to take

part in the coming World's Fair meeting and naval review were coming up from the capes, and that they would be along in an hour. This was a notification to stand-by to salute the visitors after they had fired 21 guns in honor of the American colors, and the fort was prompt in doing this. Many of the hotel visitors were awakened by the terrific bombardment which ensued, and the reverberation of the big guns of the Blake and the answers that came quickly back from the military post and the flagship Philadelphia. Scarcely had the smoke disappeared from the muzzle of the guns when the Blake began a series of salutes to the French, Russian and Italian flags. During these ceremonies the flags of all ships were constantly changing from that of one country to another. The appearance which the five British ships presented as they moved past the end of the United States fleet to the anchorage grounds designated them by Rear-Admiral Gherardi, was a beautiful one.

#### To Bond or Not to Bond.

WASHINGTON, D. C. April 17.—"Carlisle is understood to be opposed to an issuance of bonds, for the present at least. It is his judgment that it would be preferable to utilize a portion of the gold reserve fund until it becomes apparent that an issuance of bonds was an absolute necessity."

Among the officials of the treasury department, not the least fear or apprehension is expressed of any financial embarrassment growing out of the gold shipments. They are satisfied, they say, that the shipments are being forced by those who will be most benefited by an issue of bonds, and that so soon as the brokers and bankers are positive their attempts to force an issue of bonds is useless. Just so soon will the gold shipments cease. It is understood there is some difference of opinion between President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle, the president rather leaning toward an issuance of bonds, should the free gold be entirely exported. It is thought, however, that if the present month can be tided over, the financial situation will assume a different appearance.

#### Astoria's Railroad Agitation.

ASTORIA, Or. April 17.—There is a report, based upon what appears to be good authority, that Corey Bros. will pay the liens on the completed portion of the Portland & Astoria railroad and resume operations at an early date. As it now stands, the road is graded eighteen miles from Astoria and a few miles of track are laid. The report comes from Tom Ramage, one of the foremen of construction of the road. He went to Salt Lake some time ago and returned here Friday. In conversation with a foreman of a grading gang, who has a claim against the company, he said said the work on the road would be resumed soon. Messrs. Remington and Walters, railroad men and capitalists of Salt Lake, he continued, were en route to Portland with funds with which to discharge the indebtedness of the line. Then Mr. Remington will take charge of the work and will push the road to completion.

#### The Oregon Pacific's Future.

BOISE, Idaho, April 17.—Some time ago E. W. Hadley, receiver of the Oregon Pacific railroad wrote to Mayor Finney, of Boise, for maps and other information regarding this section of the state. The request was complied with, and in a letter acknowledging the receipt of the documents, Mr. Hadley says of the Oregon Pacific: "During all of its vicissitudes I don't think it was ever so near construction and extension toward the promised land of Eastern Oregon and Boise as it is at the present moment, and I feel sure that if we all put our shoulders to the wheel with a long pull and a pull all together we shall ere long be making the dirt fly in your direction."

The fact that such a statement is made by the receiver is thought to indicate that strong parties are preparing to take hold of the road with the view of pushing it eastward to a connection with the Burlington or some other trunk line.

#### The Plams Are Not Falling.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Oregon office-seekers here are in the dumps, and there is little to cheer them. They have been here for some time, and yet very few plums have fallen. Senator Mitchell has been receiving vast quantities of applications from all parts of the state, and has been filing them. The outside office-seekers, however, will not have the benefit of a republican senator in this matter very long, for Senator Mitchell goes to Oregon in a few days. The appointment of a minister to Turkey yesterday was a sore disappointment to Colonel Robert A. Miller, who was here and an applicant for the place.

#### The East Also Suffers.

NEW YORK, April 15.—Advices from various points in the western and northern parts of the state are to the effect that snow began falling last night and still continues with no apparent prospect of ceasing. It is already four to six inches deep. The temperature is down to 30.