Oregon City Enterprise.

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FRIDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1892.

The ENTERPRISE guarantees a larger bona fide circulation than that of the other three papers in the county combined.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For President,
BENJAMIN HARRISON.

For Vice-President,
WHITLAW REID.

For Presidential Electors,

J. F. CAPLES, ... of Multnomah
H. B. MILLER, ... of Jackson
D. M. DUNNE, ... of Multnomah
G. M. IRWIN, ... of Union

McLoughlin Monument Fund.

The following subscription list is made on the plan suggested in the ENTERPRISE a few weeks ago—to raise $10,000 for a monument to Dr. John McLoughlin, the father of Oregon, one-half of which should be by popular subscriptions and one-half by legislative appropriation. No one is employed to solicit subscriptions. The object is to show a popular and spontaneous movement in favor of the enterprise so that when the legislature meets next January something tangible can be presented to induce that body to make the required appropriation. Thus far the subscriptions are:

THE ENTERPRISE,	$50.00
Thomas Charman and wife,	50.00
George A. Harding and wife,	50.00
George C. Brownell,	5.00
George F. Horton,	5.00
S. M. Ramsby,	5.00
P. F. Morey,	100.00
C. H. Canfield,	25.00
H. E. Cross,	25.00
Rev. Fr. Hillebrand,	10.00
J. P. Shaw,	10.00
J. W. Noble,	5.00
W. C. Johnson	25.00
E. M. Rands	10.00
C. O. T. Williams	5.00

An Ingenius Bi-Metallic Scheme.

S. A. Jewett, of Jewett's Mills, Wisconsin, is sending out blank petitions to congress praying "for a currency based equally on gold and silver" which he wants filled with signatures and returned to him. His idea has something of novelty in it. He argues that the true bi-metallic standard has never been tried and that the only way to test it is to make legal tender notes redeemable in gold and silver—half gold and half silver. That is, for instance, a note for $100 would be redeemable $50 in gold and $50 in silver. This might be coined or in bullion form, preferably the latter.

In one important respect Mr. Jewett differs greatly from most of those who ache to reform our money. He is not in favor of an irredeemable currency. Neither is he by any means a gold bug. He recognizes the fact that a stable national currency must have its basis in a stable international money, which is now gold and silver, principally the former. This is upon the same plan that a man's note is good in proportion as he has assets that could under stress be applied to its payment. It is not merely the signature that makes the paper valuable but the backing convertible into cash that lies behind it. And assets that could only be used in his own family would give a man's signature precious little value on a note. So, also, assets that can be used only in this country would give the nation's signature precious little value when placed upon fiat money. But a currency three times as large as the metallic basis might safely be put forth because of the extreme improbability that so much as one-third would ever be presented for redemption at one time.

An absolutely accurate bi-metallic standard is an impossibility because of the fluctuation of the two metals in value. But an approximate one is attainable when a near ratio of value is maintained. This, Mr. Jewett argues, can be done by binding gold and silver together on equal terms and in equal use, which would increase the volume and make it safe.

The Democratic South.

The South is democratic; that is, it belongs to the democratic party by tradition, practice and prejudice.

Republican campaign workers would not be tolerated in that section until it was found that it was easier to fix the majorities at the ballot boxes than to prevent republican proselyting. Then republicans were reasonably free of molestation. There were comparatively few republican whites and the darkies were hunted like beasts at election time.

Now the people's party candidates are having a merry time in Dixie land. Whatever converts they make are mostly from the democratic ranks and a split among the democrats would inure to the benefit of the republicans. The whites, who have been acting together heretofore in fixing things at the ballot box, would be arrayed against each other in the event of the populists getting any strength worth mentioning and that would break up the "solid south"; and that cannot be tolerated for a moment. So, between speeches, Gen. Weaver is occupied in combing fragrant omelet from his hair.

Another instance showing how bitter the South is this year is afforded by a recent utterance of the North Carolina Globe, a leading democratic paper of that state, in connection with a discussion of the pension question. It is a sample of the basis of all democratic hopes of success this year. Here it is:

The whole business
Is
Theft
And pillage
Pure and
Simple.

We wish to God that there had been enough democrats in congress to have slapped the
Lousy beggars
Of the north in their
Dirty faces.
This would have served them right.
They received pay for their red-handed and wicked work—they should now subside.

This is the spirit that keeps the South solidly democratic. Grover Cleveland banks on this to get into the White House.

COMPLAINT is made that animals are frequently sold from the city pound without proper notice of the sale having been given. Sometimes animals belonging in the country stray away from home and land in the city pound. Notices are tacked on boards in two or three places and the animal is sold. The owner may not come to town frequently and thus may never have had an opportunity to see the notice of sale of his beast. It would not be strange if a city man should overlook the notice, in view of the great number that greet his view on every hand, most of which are long out of date. There should be at least one publication of the notice of sale in a county paper so that those living outside of town as well as in the city should have an opportunity to know if their property is in limbo. This would also have the effect of getting more purchasers and getting a better price for the creatures sold.

CHAIRMAN BROWNELL'S policy of taking the prominent workers of the party out among the people is a good one. Farmers cannot neglect their work for politics. When they do this it is evidence that they detect signs of corruption in the republican party and want a two per cent. loan from the government. So it is well to have the speakers go out among them and give all an opportunity to hear the truth.

ALFRED LORD TENNYSON, the British poet laureate, died Thursday morning at Aldsworth, near London, aged eighty-three years. He had been ill since September 27. He outlived Browning, who, it was conceded, would succeed Tennyson as laureate, and leaves England without a poet to receive the laureateship unquestioned.

TO ADAPT an expression that seems to fit the case the opposition to the "cow ordinance" appears to lie dead at the feet of the council.

THE McLOUGHLIN MONUMENT.

Suggestion that a Public Meeting be Called to Push the Matter.

OREGON CITY, Oct. 5.—[TO THE EDITOR:]—Referring to your very laudable effort to secure subscriptions for the erection of a suitable monument in Oregon City to the memory of Dr. McLoughlin, I wish to add my hearty approval. The memory of Dr. McLoughlin is justly revered by all the pioneers of Oregon, but especially so by all "old timers" of Oregon City where the doctor lived and died.

There could be no more fitting tribute paid this good man by his many loving friends, who have nothing but his memory to recall the past, than the erection of an enduring monument to his memory. There should be no hesitancy on the part of our citizens in coming forward with their subscriptions, taking it as a privilege rather than a duty, in assisting in a substantial way, in perpetuating the name of Dr. McLoughlin.

It seems to me that a public meeting might be called, at which your plan could be outlined and books opened for subscriptions, placing no limit upon the amount either as to minimum or maximum. Let all have an opportunity to give their mite. JAS. P. SHAW.

The Same Pennoyer

Several democratic politicians have written letters to the Oregonian which savagely denounce Governor Pennoyer for having left the democratic party. Some of these letters are very long and all of them are acrid We beg to remind these critics that Governor Pennoyer has not changed his principles or opinions, that the doctrines he is now advocating are identical with those proclaimed by him when these critics were giving him enthusiastic support, and that the opinions which they now find so very objectionable they encouraged and applauded so long as he called himself a democrat. Governor Pennoyer is the very same man he was when the idol of the Oregon democracy, and his recent speech at Roseburg is only a repetition of the speeches he delivered in the state campaign of 1890, when his supporters throughout Oregon thought him the greatest and wisest and best democrat of the time.—Portland Oregonian.

RESIGNED.

[The following beautiful little poem was written by Mr. S. W. Moss of this city on the death of his wife in 1878:]

I'll take my flute; 'tis vain to muse
Upon the gathering ills I see;
I'll take my flute and try to lose
All thoughts of ill in losing thee.

I'll play that strain of noble touch
I used to love long, long ago.
Before my heart had known as much
As now, alas! it bleeds to know.

Sweet tones, ye tell of former days,
Of all that looked so rapturous then,
Now withered, lost—O, I must cease!
I cannot bear those sounds again.

O, could I see those smiles again
Once more across that dear face fly,
Then this sad heart would cease to pain—
I'd smile at fate though death were nigh.

Letter List.

The following is the list of letters remaining in the post office at Oregon City, Oregon, October 6, 1892:

Collings, James—2	Preis, J M
Huggins, Chas B	Sprague, M D
James, Miss Susie	Smith, Mrs M E
Jones, Frank	Smith, Miss Millie
Kaufman, P J	Streiff, Tom
May, Mrs Minnie	Strauchacker Nicholas
Minck, Wm H	Williams, Mr Verne
Mooney, John	Wolpert, Fred
Newman, Miss Pearl	

If called for, please say when advertised.
E. M. RANDS, P. M.

MR. BROWNELL CHALLENGES.

Willing to Discuss two Questions at Shiveley's Theater, October 29.

OREGON CITY, Or., Oct. 26.—[MR. MARION JOHNSON:]—My Dear Sir and Friend—I regret that you assume that I meant to slur you because, as you claim, Durand forged your name to a note or notes. I never intended anything of the kind, and my letter will not bear such a construction. My reference was simply to the fact of your wanting something for nothing, and getting nothing from Durand but a piece of paper called stock for something of value. The point was that it didn't show you capable of being a teacher on financial subjects. You know that I am attorney in several cases upon what are called the Durand notes and that I have set up in all of my cases the defence of forgery. I would be the last person on earth to make light of a man's misfortunes not caused by his own act.

I am sincere in believing that the great issue this year is the tariff. It is recognized as such in the East and West. You are the people who are begging the question and trying to divert the public mind from the conceded issues of this campaign. You people, whom I concede to be good citizens—many of you whom I recognize as my personal friends—are unhappy and dissatisfied with something and you attribute it to the policy of the republican party. This, too, in the face of the admitted fact that our country from sea to sea is more prosperous than ever before in its history. I believe you and your friends are honest men and desire good government. I never hauled up a white flag in my life and am in favor of the freest discussion of all proper political questions.

In behalf of the republican county committee of this county I hereby challenge you or any two speakers resident in Clackamas county to a discussion of two general propositions:

1st. That the protective tariff policy of the republican party has been right; that low tariffs, or free trade, is injurious to our people.

2d. That the financial policy of the republican party from 1861 to adjournment of our last congress was the best that could have been adopted considering the circumstances and the different emergencies that presented themselves to our public men during that period.

We to have two speakers; we affirm these propositions and you deny them.

We will furnish the brass band, banjo and fiddle.

This discussion to begin at 7:30 p. m. October 29, at Shively's hall, and to continue until the people become weary and leave the hall. Very truly yours.

GEO. C. BROWNELL,
Ch'n Rep. Co. Com.

MARION JOHNSON REPLIES.

He Says Finance is and Tariff is not an Issue Between the Parties.

CLACKAMAS, Or., Sept. 28.—[Geo. C. Brownell, Chairman Rep. Co. Com., Oregon City, Or.]—Sir: We offered you a debate on the money question which you do not accept, but bring up the tariff which is not an issue between the people's and the republican parties. Our party deals with money, land and transportation.

Yes, sir, my name was forged to notes amounting to $20,000 or $25,000. Am I to blame for some one else's rascality? And you would slur me because of this: to one injustice you would add another; you would add insult to injury and publish your tirade in the press. I maintain that this is not the act of a gentleman.

Do you remember while at Pope's hall at Mrs. Hobart's lecture that you told me in the hearing of several persons that you knew something was wrong with the money question and that it broke you up in Kansas? You admit in private that the money system is not right—what have you to say in public about it? O, you would rather talk about the tariff in public. But it would be far more interesting to hear you on the money question. And if you or your speakers refuse to discuss the money question it is evident that you fear investigation which would, we think, show congress and the president to be involved in the schemes of Wall street to rob the toilers of this land. Either we are mistaken or there have been gigantic frauds in our legislation and those same frauds have been lauded to the skies as blessings and the conspirators hailed as public benefactors by the G. O. P. Will you defend republican financial legislation or will you run up the white flag?

Lincoln saw danger ahead when he wrote the following, and because Barrett's life of Lincoln contained these warnings all the copies of that book that could be found were destroyed by the agents of the money power. Lincoln said: "It has indeed been a trying hour for the republic; but I see in the near future a crisis approaching that unnerves me and causes me to tremble for the safety of my country. As a result of the war corporations have been enthroned and an era of corruption in high places will follow, and the money power of the country will endeavor to prolong its reign by working upon the prejudices of the people until all wealth is aggregated in a few hands and the republic is destroyed. I feel at this moment more anxiety for the safety of my country than ever before, even in the midst of war. God grant that my suspicions may prove groundless." Lincoln was the people's friend. Whose friend is Whitelaw Reid? Here are his words in the Tribune: "The time is near when they (the banks) will feel themselves compelled to act strongly. Meanwhile a very good thing has been done. The machinery is now furnished by which, in any emergency, the financial corporations of the east can act together in a single day's notice with such power that no act of congress can overcome or resist their decision." MARION JOHNSON.

[The ENTERPRISE does not believe in casting mean reflections upon persons for acts or situations they may not be responsible for, and in justice to this paper, as well as to Mr. Brownell, it should be stated that the reference in Mr. Brownell's letter to "Durand's financial conspiracy" as affecting Mr. Johnson had in view the slick stock swindle that Durand induced Mr. Johnson to go into which made possible the successful perpetration of the forgeries. Of course no man is to be held lacking in financial acumen because somebody forges his name. But one who is able to teach his fellow citizens sound finance should not have been caught in so palpable a fraud as that which Durand foisted upon several rich farmers of this locality.

The matter in the last paragraph of Mr. Johnson's letter has been contradicted so often that there appears no good reason for going ever the ground again. If Mr. Johnson will call at the ENTERPRISE office he may have an opportunity to point out the quotation he makes from Lincoln in a volume of Barrett's Life of Lincoln.—EDITOR.]

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENTS FOR SEWERS.

Notice is hereby given, that the following assessments for sewers in Oregon City, Oregon, are now due and payable to the city treasurer Unless said assessments are paid within twenty days from the first publication of this notice, October 7, 1892, a warrant will be issued to the city collector to collect said assessments by sale of the property assessed, as follows:

DESCRIPTION.	OWNERS' NAMES.	SUM ASS'D.
Block 1, lot 1	Oregon City Mf'g Company	$112 90
lot 2	" "	112 90
lot 3	" "	101 61
lot 4	" "	56 45
lot 5	" "	16 93
lot 6	" "	16 93
lot 7	" "	16 94
lot 8	" "	28 23
Block 2—		
Lot 1 north half	Williams and Stratton	62 10
Lot 1 south half	John Schram	62 10
Beginning at the N. E. corner lot 2; thence westerly along the northerly line of lot 2 100 ft.; thence southerly along westerly line of lot 2, 68.2 ft.; thence easterly at right angles 30 ft.; thence northerly at right angles 22.75 ft.; thence easterly at right angles 75 ft; thence northerly along Main st. 45.55 ft. to place of beginning	J. M. Graham	85 80
Beginning at S. E. corner of said lot 2; thence northerly along west line of Main st 22.75 ft.; thence westerly at right angles 75 ft.; thence southerly at right angles 22.75 feet; thence easterly to place of beginning.	Mrs. E. Burmeister	27 10
North half lot 3	J. H. Ayer	56 45
South half lot 3	Thomas Charman	56 45
Beginning at the north east corner of lot 4; thence southerly on the west line of Main st 40 3 ft.; thence at right angles westerly 87 ft.; thence southerly at right angles 29 ft; thence westerly at right angles 18 ft; hence northerly at right angles 68 5 feet; thence easterly at right angles 105 ft.	Thomas Charman	75 27
Beginning at the S. E. corner of lot 4; thence northerly along the west line of Main st 28 ft.; thence westerly at right angles 87 ft; thence southerly at right angles 29 ft.; thence easterly at right angles 87 feet to place of beginning	Giebisch & Broderick	37 63
Lot 5	Portland Flouring Mills Co	28 22
Lot 6	" "	56 54
Beginning at the S.E. corner of lot 7; thence northerly along the easterly lines of lots 7 and 8 to Fourth street; thence at right angles westerly 65 ft.; thence at right angles southerly 106.6 feet; thence southeasterly to a point on southerly boundary of lot 7 49 ft. from S. E. corner of lot 7; thence easterly on line of lot 7 49 ft. to place of beginning	Babette Selling	101 05
Beginning at the S. W. corner of lot 7; thence northerly along the east line of Water st to N. W. corner lot 8; thence easterly at right angles 40 ft.; thence southerly at right angles 106.6 feet; thence south east to a point on the south boundary of lot 7 49 feet westerly from the S. E. corner of lot 7; thence westerly along the south line of lot 7 56 ft. to the place of beginning	Portland Flouring Mills Co	68 30
Block 3—		
Lot 1	Logus & Albright	124 19
Beginning at the north-east corner of lot 2; thence southerly on west line of Main street 20 ft.; thence westerly at right angles 105 ft.; thence northerly at right angles 20 ft thence easterly at right angles 105 feet to the place of beginning	Isaac Farr	32 74
Beginning at the south-east corner of lot 2; thence northerly on west line of Main street 49 70 feet; thence westerly at right angles 105 feet;—thence southerly at right angles 49.7 ft; thence easterly at right angles 105 feet to place of beginning	J. Logus's estate and Mrs. Clara Morey	80 16
Beginning at the N. E. corner of lot 3; thence westerly along the north line of lot 3 105 ft.; thence southerly on west line of lot 3 44.6 ft; thence easterly at right angles 31 ft.; thence southerly at right angles 20 ft; thence easterly at right angles 74 feet to Main st.; thence northerly to place of beginning	T. L. Charman, E. E. Charman, M. M. Charman	105 00
Beginning at a point on the west line of Main st. 33 ft. northerly from the S. E. corner of lot 4; thence westerly at right angles to Main st. 50 ft; thence northerly at right angles 24 ft; thence westerly at right angles 55 ft.; thence northerly at right angles 37 4 feet; thence easterly at right angles 31 ft.; thence southerly at right angles 20 ft; thence easterly at right angles 74 ft; thence southerly to place of beginning	B. Jaggar, H. C. Stevens	51 37
Beginning at the S.E. corner of lot 4; thence northerly on west line of Main st. 33 feet;—thence at right angles westerly 50 ft; thence at right angles northerly 24ft; thence at right angles westerly 55 ft; thence at right angles southerly 57 ft; thence at right angles easterly to place of beginning	Estate of C. W. Pope	80 72
Lot 5	B. Jaggar and H. C. Stevens	124 19
40 feet off the southerly side of lot 6	M. S. Pillsbury	64 55
29.7 feet off the northerly side of lot 6	T. L. Charman	48 65
Lot 7	Reuben Smith	112 90
Lot 8	Logus & Albright	104 19
Block 4—		
25.5 feet off the northerly side of lot 1	Multnomah Lodge No. 1 A. F. & A. M.	45 95
43.7 feet off the southerly side of lot 1	John Schram	78 24
North half of lot 2	E. D. Kelly	56 45
All of the south half of lot 2 south of alley	Oregon Lodge I. O. O. F	37 63
Lot 2, fraction	N. O. Walden, Geo. A. Harding, Clara Morey	7 77
Lot 3	N. O. Walden, Geo. A. Harding, Clara Morey	112 90
Lot 4	N. O. Walden, Geo. A. Harding, Clara Morey	124 19
Lot 5	Owners same as lot 4	124 19
17 feet off the southerly side of lot 6	Geo. A. Harding, N. O. Walden, Clara Morey	36 00
52 feet off the northerly side of lot 6	Mrs. Laura Pope	79 02
All of lot 7 south of present alley	Mrs. Laura Pope	51 93
North half of lot 7	Estate C. W. Pope	56 45
Lot 8	John Schram	124 19
Block 5—		
Lot 1	Sophia Charman	124 19
Lot 2	Stevens, Jaggar, Harding and Morey	112 90
30 feet off the northerly side of lot 3	Jaggar, Harding and Morey	50 80
36 feet off the southerly side of lot 3	Bank of Oregon City	62 10
lot 4	" " "	49 68
lot 5	John Welch	99 35
lot 6	Mrs V. O. Harding	112 90
lot 7	Stevens, Jaggar, Harding and Morey	112 90
lot 8	Mr S. A. Chase	124 19
Block 6—		
lot 1	Estate Robt. Caufield	118 54
lot 2	M. A. Stratton	112 90
lot 3	Miss Kate Barclay	112 90
lot 4	" " "	118 54
lot 5	" " "	95 96
lot 6	" " "	56 45
lot 7	M. A. Stratton	56 45
lot 8	Estate Robt. Caufield	95 96
Block 7—		
lot 1	St. Paul's Parish	124 19
lot 2	M. M. Charman	112 90
lot 3	Clackamas county	112 90
lot 4	" "	124 19
lot 5	" "	107 25
lot 6	" "	56 45
lot 7	St. Paul's Parish	56 45
lot 8	" "	101 61
Block 8—		
lot 1	Archbishop W. H. Gross	124 19
lot 2	" " "	112 90
lot 3	" " "	112 90
lot 4	Trustees Baptist ch'h	124 19
lot 5	Archbishop W. H. Gross	101 61
lot 6	" " "	56 45
lot 7	" " "	56 45
lot 8	" " "	101 61
Block 9—		
lot 3	George Broughton	67 74
lot 4	Archbishop W. H. Gross	101 61
lot 5	" " "	101 61
lot 6	George Broughton	45 16
Block 22—		
lot 3	George A. Harding	45 16
lot 4	" "	101 61
lot 5	" "	101 61
lot 6	" "	67 74
Block 22—		
North half of lot 1	Luke Comer	50 80
South half of lot 1	Archbishop W. H. Gross	50 80
Lot 2	W. H. Gross, trustee	56 45
32 feet off northerly side of lot 3	Mrs H. L. Miln	44 60
14 feet off southerly side of lot 3	E. E. Charman	11 85
Lot 4	" "	101 61
Lot 5	" "	124 19
14 feet off southerly side of lot 6	E. E. Charman	23 71
32 ft. off northerly side of lot 6	Mrs H. L. Miln	89 19
Lot 7	Archbishop W. H. Gross	112 90
South half of lot 3	" " "	62 10
West 65 ft. off the north half of lot 8	Albert Schilling	38 50
East 40 feet off north half of lot 8	Luke Comer	23 60
Block 23—		
Lot 1	Estate J. Logus	101 61
2	Mrs F. E. Caldwell	56 45
3	" "	56 45
4	Estate J. Mader	56 45
5	" "	118 50
6	Mrs F. E. Caldwell	112 90
7	" "	112 94
8	Estate J. Logus	124 19
Block 24—		
Lot 1	Mrs Margaret Wygant	56 45
Beginning at S. E. corner of lot 2;—thence along alley northerly 70 feet; thence at right angles easterly 32 ft.; thence southerly 70 ft. at right angles; thence westerly 30 ft. to place of beginning	Charles Bolds	18 82
Beginning at the south-west corner of lot 2; thence east on the northerly line of alley 35 ft.; thence at right angles northerly 32 ft.; thence at right angles easterly 70 ft.; thence at right angles northerly 93 ft.; thence at right angles westerly 105 ft.; thence southerly to place of beginning	B. Jaggar	37 63
Beginning at S. E. corner of lot 4;—thence westerly along the northerly line of Seventh st. 65 ft.; thence at right angles northerly 66 ft.; thence at right angles westerly 7 feet; thence at right angles northerly 25 feet; thence at right angles easterly 70 ft.; thence southerly 91 feet to place of beginning	Mrs Elizabeth Fuchs	75 70
Beginning at the south-west corner of lot 5; thence easterly along the north line of Seventh st 147 feet; thence northerly at right angles 66 ft.; thence westerly at right angles 7 ft.; thence northerly at right angles 25 ft.; thence easterly at right angles 70 ft; thence northerly at right angles 41 feet to alley; thence westerly along alley 105 feet; thence southerly along west line of lot 3 33 ft.; thence westerly at right angles left; thence along Main st. to place of beginning	M. A. Stratton	263 63
North half of lot 6	Oregon City	56 45
Lot 7	B. Jaggar	112 90
Lot 8	Mrs Margaret Wygant	118 54
Block 25—		
Easterly 20 feet off lots 1, 2 and 3	Oregon and California Railroad	38 88
Beginning at a point on the south line of Seventh st. 20 feet westerly of the north east corner of lot 1; thence westerly on south line of seventh st. 40 ft.; thence at right angles southerly 115 ft.; thence at right angles easterly 40 feet; thence at right angles northerly 115 ft	John Welch	60 05
Beginning at the N. W. corner of block 25; thence easterly on south line of Seventh st. 150 ft.; thence at right angles southerly 115 ft.; thence at right angles westerly 150 ft. to Main st.; thence along Main st. to the place of beginning	M. E. Church	284 87
Lots 3 and 4 and the alley as dedicated and 17 ft. off southerly side of lots 2 and 5 except portion owned by Oregon & California Railroad	H. C. Stevens	157 85
Block 26—		
63 feet off easterly end of lot 1	Mrs Jane Kudey	66 05
37 feet off westerly end of lot 1	A. Varty	30 56
Lot 2	B. & I. Jaggar	56 45
3	Commercial Bank	56 45
4	Barlow & David	101 61
5	" "	124 19
6	Commercial Bank	112 90
7	B. & I. Jaggar	112 90
8	H. C. Stevens	124 19
Block 27—		
North half of lot 1	H. W. Ross	50 80
South half of lot 1 and frac. of lot 8	J. Johnson	75 64
32.7 feet off the westerly side of lot 2	A. B. Graham	26 54
37 feet off southerly side of lot 2	M. A. Stratton	29 92
Lot 3	M. E. Barlow	56 45
4	E. B. Clements	101 61
5	Johnson & Walden	124 19
6	M. E. Barlow	112 90
37 feet off the southerly side of lot 7	M. A. Stratton	59 83
32 feet off northerly side of lot 7	A. B. Graham	33 07
Beginning at S. W. corner of lot 8;—thence easterly 70 feet on south line of lot 8; thence northerly at right angles 32 feet;—thence at right angles westerly 70 feet to Main st.;—thence southerly to place of beginning	J. M. Graham	57 26
Northerly 37.7 feet off lot 8	H. W. Ross	62 10
Block 28—		
Lot 1	H. L. L. Clark	101 62
North half lot 2	" "	28 22
South half lot 2	Mrs M. J. Shaw	28 22
Lot 3	Portland Flouring Mills Co	56 45
4	Parsons and Royal	101 61
5	" "	124 19
6	Portland Flouring Mills Co	112 90
South half lot 7	S. Pilsbury	56 45
North half lot 7	Mrs H. L. L. Clark	56 45
30 feet off south side of lot 8	A. L. Richardson	41 39
Beginning on easterly line of Main st. 21 feet southerly from the N. E. corner lot 8, block 28; thence southerly on Main st. 21 ft; thence easterly at right angles 105 ft; thence northerly at right angles 21 ft.; thence westerly at right angles to place of beginning	Mrs H. L. L. Clark	41 40
30 ft. off N. side of lot 8	A. L. Richardson	41 40
Block 29—		
Lot 1	W. T. Burney	101 61
2	T. L. Charman	56 45
3	" "	56 45
4	Barlow & Apperson	28 25
5	" "	56 45
6	T. L. Charman	112 90
52 ft. off southerly side of lot 7	W. L. White	93 13
17.2 feet off the northerly side of lot 7	Ladru Royal	31 05
South half lot 8	" "	62 10
North half lot 8	Oregon City	62 10

This notice is published by order of the city council of Oregon City at a meeting held September 20, 1892. [28] L. L. PORTER, Recorder.

A Little Girl's Experience in a Lighthouse.

Mr. and Mrs. Loren Trescott are keepers of the Gov. Lighthouse at Sand Beach, Mich., and are blessed with a daughter four years old. Last April she was taken down with Measles, followed with a dreadful Cough and turning into a Fever. Doctors at home and Detroit treated her, but in vain, she grew worse rapidly, until she was a mere "handful of bones." Then she tried Dr. King's New Discovery and after the use of two and a half bottles, was completely cured. They say Dr. King's New Discovery is worth its weight in gold, yet you may get a trial bottle free at Geo. A. Harding's Drugstone.

The finest line of cigars in Oregon City Seventh street drug store. *

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15c. all silk ribbon, for 05c
Fine dress ginghams, worth 10 to 12½c, ... 08c
Best heavy shirting, worth 12½c, ... 10c
Boys' and Youths' suits, just in, ... $2 and upwards
Boys' boots, ... $1.25 and upwards
Arbuckle Coffee, (advanced), ... 2 lbs. for 85c.
Best coal oil, 5 gal. 65c. Jacketed cans on hand, or bring can

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