



Wheat Dusting Needs Machine Sunday morniing. "No farmer should try to test out copper carbonate dust for wheat smut control unless he has rigged up some ing to school, Friday, the horse be-such dusting machine as a closed drum came frightened and ran away. The marriage of Al volves and let them fall back again injured.

While the Olson children were driv- many more happy years and birthdays such dusting machine as a closed drum buggy wheel struck a pile of ties, Stafford and Gertude Kennedy of Jenwth projecting cleats inside, to pick up buggy wheel struck a pice of the struct and struct a struct in the struct and struct a pice of the struct and struct a struct a pice of the struct and struct a the grain and powder as the drum re- ately none of them were seriously prise to Mr. Wanker's many friends in and again to insure that every grain Mrs. Hale of Crescent City, Calif., ried Friday evening, October 20, at the is completely coated." This is the is staying at the James Love home. White Temple in Portland, and after tion of H. P. Barss of the She is nursing Mrs. Love, who is quite a short honeymoon at the beach, will

reside in Stafford,

sent heartiest wishes to Mrs. Gage for

MENTHOL COUGH OROPS for nose and throat Give Duick Relief

farm or any property, look them

over now and save mone.y.

Insurance that

Insures

burglary, forgery,

accident.

causality, auto.

Come in and see what I have,

Countless thousands of American housewives

omy, convenience and cleanliness in their kit-

chens had they not obeyed the national slogan

Electricity

would never have enjoyed real efficiency, eco Seven strong companies, fire,

O. A C. Experiment Station, who is ill. . recommending that initial tests with records of results be made of the new smut control treatment. The grain should be revolved slowly enough to permit it to fall from the sides, and for about two minutes for each batch. The proper mixture is two ounces high grade copper carbonate powder to one bushel of clean wheat,

MEANING OF THE WORD VEAL

Department of Agriculture Frequently Called Upon to Decide Between Veal and Beef

There seems to be a marked variation of opinion as to what is meant by the word veal. Ordinarily, when one hears the word uttered, he thinks on the carcass or meat of a young bovine. In most cases this conception of the meaning of the word veal is sufficient and it can be dismissed from the mind without further consideration; but, when one is called upon to state just what constitues veal, there may be some difficulty experienced in determining when a bovine carcess is or is not to be regarded as yeal.

Departments of agriculture are sometimes called upon to decide whether or not a rather heavy carcass should be classified as veal or beef and the decision conforms to the conclusion of authorities on the subject, which is as follows:

Calf carcasses weighing less than 300 pounds, with comparatively lightcolored, fine-grained flesh, are classified as yeal.

MISTAKE WITH BEEF CATTLE Many Producers Handle Cows in Same

Manner as High Producing Dairy Animals

The function of beef cattle is to convert cheap roughage into a product that can be utilized by man. Many men entering the business of beef production make the vital mistake of handling their beef cows in the same manner that a high-producing dalry herd is managed, and, because, they fail to realize a profit, condemn the beef business generally. The same thing would happen, however, to the dairy business if dairy herds were subjected to the conditions necessary for profitable beef production. The only difference is that few dairy herds are over placed under these conditions.

In managing a herd of beet cattle, the overhead expense in the form of labor, equipment and concentrated feeds must be kept at a minimum if a substantial profit is to be realized.

TO ESTABLISH COLOR GRADES

Samples Are Being Submitted by Beekeepers to Establish Rank of Extracted Articles

Samples of honey are being received. by the United States Department of Agriculture from beekeepers in all parts of the country in connection with the work of establishing reliable color

In this campaign, Walter Pierce has gone about the country melo-dramatically tearing tax bills in two by way of illustrating what he will do to taxes if elected. The voter, then, should analyze the tax mat-

axes and the Jove

When a candidate for the high office of governor bases his candidacy on certain claims and promises as to what he will do if elected, the public is entitled to have his

ter to the extent of becoming informed as to just what part the governor plays in imposing or reducing taxes.

claims analyzed and examined.

In the first place, the voter should know that the t al levy in Oregon for 1922 is \$40,473,906. This is a reduction of over \$1,500,000 from last year, so that it will be seen the high cost of government following the war is already reced-ing.

Of this 1922 levy of 40 million, over 31 million was for county, city and school district purposes, over which the governor could have no possible control whatever.

Of the remaining 9 million for state purposes, only 31/2 million are taxes over which the legislature has any discretion, and of this amount, only 21/2 million are for the actual expenses of state government and might, therefore, in even the remotest degree, be charged to the methods employed by the governor in administering the state's affairs.

In passing, it should be noted that this state levy is an increase of 41 per cent, since 1916, and not several hundred per cent, as stated on various occasions by the democratic candidate. It should also be noted that less than half of this 41 per cent occurred during Mr. Olcott's administration. This ability to keep down the cost of the state government to so small an increase, when living expenses in the ordinary nome in the same period increased over 100 per cent, is a most creditable showing.

MR. PIERCE'S TAX RECORD

It is proper at this point to examine Mr. Pierce's own record on taxes and see if past actions as a legislator square with his words.

Of the \$9,376,289 of state taxes for 1922, which include the millage taxes, MR. PIERCE SPECIFICALLY HAS APPROVED OF \$8,564,039, or 92 per cent. He had no chance at most of the other 8 per cent.

Of the 1922 state taxes, Pierce introduced bills accounting for \$1,429,126, or 15 per cent. In addition to this, he voted for tax bills introduced by others to the amount of \$6,114109, and he has given his public approval on numberless occasions of measures passed since he was returned from the legislature causing taxes amounting to \$1,020,804, making a total of state taxes approved by Pierce of \$8,564,038, or 92 per cent of the total 1922. There is no telling how much of the remainder he might have approved if he had had a chance, and it may be significant that the state taxes have decreased over 11 per cent since Mr. Pierce was retired from the State Senate.

Mr. Pierce has always been a consistent tax booster. He voted against only three per cent of all the appropriations of the 1919 session of the legislature and voted for all the appropriations of the 1920 special session.

In 1917 Mr. Pierce introduced a bill to exempt money, notes, mortgages and accounts from taxation. Yet he poses as being anxious to take the burden off real estate!

He voted for submission of \$400,000 bond issue to build a new penitentiary.

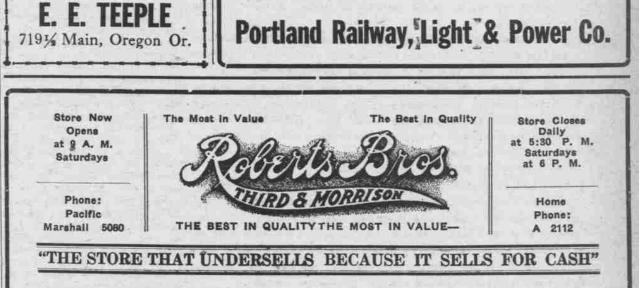
Mr. Olcott, at no TAX expense and with prison labor, has fixed up the old penitentiary in excellent shape for another 25 years.

Mr. Pierce voted against accepting road ma-chinery from the government. That machinery now amounts in value to \$1,800,000.

. GOVERNOR OLCOTT'S RECORD

The above are but a few of the extravagances of Pierce. Mr. Olcott, on the other hand, has conducted the business of the state in an eco-nomical, same and business-like manner. He has saved the state thousands of dollars because of his level-headedness and his intimate knowl-edge of state affairs. He built a new Boys' Industrial School Building by diversion of a millage fund, and therefore, without a single cent additional tax. He has insisted upon devel-opment of the various state farms connected with the state institutions until the present year shows the unprecedented income from this source of \$491,511. He is no talker, no politiclan, no idle promiser and is not seeking re-elec-tion under false pretenses nor catering to prejudice, but is going to the people on his own splendid record, confident that if he can but get that record and Mr. Pierce's record before the voters of Oregon that he will be vindicated on election day, Tuesday, Nov. 7th





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