

# Final Windup of Seasons Business

All Our Present Fall and Winter Stock MUST BE SOLD. Not One Thing Will Be Left Undone to Turn the Present Stock into Cash. The Sacrifice is without Limit

KUPPENHEIMER, SOCIETY BRAND, and SCHLOSS BROS. Clothes, the Best Clothing Brands in the World SACRIFICED at prices of the Raw Material. It is worth your while to look these over

THE FINEST LINES OF HATS, SHOES AND FURNISHINGS and World Famous Brands in BOYS' WEAR are being sold at

## Prices Absolutely Unheard of

The Sale lasts only for a few days longer, so act quickly. Following are a few of the bargains to be found at our store

<b>\$10. Suits and Overcoats sacrificed at</b> <b>\$5.95</b>	<b>\$15. Suits and Overcoats sacrificed at</b> <b>\$8.88</b>	<b>\$20 Suits and Overcoats sacrificed at</b> <b>\$11.95</b>	<b>\$25 Suits and Overcoats sacrificed at</b> <b>\$15.35</b>	<b>\$30 Suits and Overcoats sacrificed at</b> <b>\$17.95</b>	<b>\$15 English Slip-on Rain Coats, sacrificed at</b> <b>9.25</b>	<b>\$20. English Slip-on Raincoats sacrificed</b> <b>13.65</b>	<b>\$25 Gaberdine English Slip-on sacrificed</b> <b>15.75</b>
\$3.50 Shoes Clearing at <b>\$2.29</b>	\$3 Hats Slaughtered <b>\$1.88</b>	75c-80c Dress Shirts now at <b>45c</b>	\$1.75 and \$2.00 Wool Flannel Shirts now <b>\$1.10</b>	\$3.50 Heavy Rough Neck Sweaters now only <b>\$2.19</b>	25c Fine Socks Slaughtered at <b>15c</b>	\$15 Trunks now to go Slaughtered at only <b>\$9.25</b>	\$2.50 Men's Waterproof Duck Coats Sacrificed at <b>1.39</b>
\$5 Dress Shoe Clearing Sale <b>3.29</b>	\$1.50 Work Trousers at <b>79c</b>	\$1.50 Dress Shirts now at <b>97c</b>	50c heavy cotton Underwear <b>29c</b>	\$7.50 fine Rough Neck Sweaters sacrificed at <b>4.88</b>	\$1 Horse Hide Gloves sacrificed <b>68c</b>	\$35 Wardrobe Trunks slaughtered at only <b>22.79</b>	\$6.00 All-wool Mackinaw go at a sacrifice <b>4.19</b>
\$6.50 High-top Work Shoe at <b>4.28</b>	\$3.50 All-wool Trousers go at <b>2.28</b>	50c Work Shirt slaughtered at <b>29c</b>	\$1.00 Wool Underwear now sacrificed at only <b>67c</b>	5c-50c heavy Wool Socks <b>21c</b>	35c Suspenders light and heavy <b>15c</b>	\$5 Cowhide Suite Cases <b>2.95</b>	Genuine Paris & Boston Garters <b>15c</b>
\$1.50 Felt Hats Slaughtered at <b>88c</b>	\$3 Corduroy Pants sacrifice <b>1.89</b>	15c black and tan Socks slaughtered <b>7c</b>			President Suspenders now <b>29c</b>		

  

<b>Sacrifice of Boys' Wear</b>	
\$10 youths' Suits and Overcoats, Sizes 14 to 20, sacrificed at	<b>\$6.88</b>
\$7.50 Boys' Suits and Overcoats, sizes 7 to 16	<b>\$4.85</b>
\$5.00 Boys' " " " 7 to 17	<b>3.45</b>
\$3.50 Boy's " " " 7 to 16	<b>2.29</b>
\$1.25 " Knicker Knee Pants, all Wool	<b>79c</b>
\$6.50 high-grade Extragood Brand Boys' Suits and Overcoats at	<b>3.95</b>
\$2 fine grade Boys' Shoes, Sacrificed at	<b>1.39</b>
\$3 Boys' Goodyear welt Shoes sacrificed at	<b>1.95</b>
\$1.50 Boys' High Grade felt Hats	<b>85c</b>
75c Best quality Boys' Knee Pants, at	<b>38c</b>
75c-50c Boys' Mother's Friend Blouses at	<b>39c</b>



**J. Levitt**

Corner Seventh and Main Oregon City, Oregon

<b>Wool Blankets at Half Price</b>	
An extraordinary offer that comes but seldom. We bought the entire lot of seconds from the Oregon City Woolen Mills and will sell these ALL WOOL Blankets, while they last, at $\frac{1}{2}$ PRICE. A large assortment of all colors and weights to choose from.	
25c Boys' Caps go slaughtered at now only	<b>15c</b>
\$1.50 Boys' All-wool Rough Neck Sweaters sacrificed at only	<b>\$1.09</b>

Miss Roberta Schuebel, who went to Salem to visit her parents Mr. and Mrs. C. Schuebel, returned to Oregon City Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Schuebel spent Sunday at their home in Oregon City, returning to Salem Sunday evening.

**NEW YORK GRANGE.**  
Program for the State Meeting to Be Held Next February.  
The executive committee of the New York state grange has just issued the program of the fortieth annual session to be held in Buffalo on Feb. 4-7, 1913. The Broadway arsenal has been secured for the meeting, and the Hotel Statler will be the headquarters for officers and delegates. The rates will be \$1.50 and up for rooms on the European plan. Several other hotels on the same plan are provided and six on the American plan. The rates at the latter hotels run from \$2 to \$3 per day. Rooms cannot be secured until Dec. 15, at which time application should be made to Henry B. Saunders, chamber of commerce, Buffalo.  
The sessions of the grange will open on Tuesday morning, Feb. 4, and the usual order of business will be followed. On Tuesday evening there will be a public meeting under the auspices of the Erie county Pomona grange. The sixth degree will be conferred on Thursday evening. The only officer to be elected this year is one member of the executive committee. The executive committee and grange stenographers will be located at the convention hall, and a restaurant has been engaged to furnish noon and evening meals in the same building, the convenience of the delegates. Efforts will be made to have the sixth degree class the largest ever initiated into this beautiful degree. The fortieth session of the Empire State grange gives promise of being a record breaker in several particulars.

**Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA**

Escaped After Fifteen Years  
W. P. Broyles made a successful escape from fifteen years of suffering from kidney and bladder troubles. Foley's Kidney Pills released him and will do the same for others. He says: "They cured a most severe case of backache with painful bladder irregularities, and they do all you can claim for them." Refuse substitutes.

**Don't You Believe It.**  
Some say that chronic constipation cannot be cured. Don't you believe it. Chamberlain's Tablets cure 50% of all constipation. Don't believe it. Chamberlain's Tablets have cured others—why not you? Give them a trial. They cost only a quarter. For sale by

**Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA**

**HANDLING THE SMOKE PROBLEM OF TODAY.**

State Universities and Government Working to Lessen the Evil.

One of the greatest problems of today is that of preventing the enormous wastes due to smoke and the resultant loss of money and destruction of vegetation and also to lessen the injury to the health of human beings and the number of deaths among animals which come from its action. Discussing this matter in an article in the Popular Mechanics Magazine, William D. Harlins says:  
"It is strange that so little is known in regard to smoke, but that the importance of such knowledge is just beginning to be understood is shown by the very recent establishment in the University of Pittsburgh of a laboratory for the sole purpose of studying smoke from a scientific standpoint. In this laboratory, started less than a year ago, there are already twenty-five specialists studying this problem. The United States bureau of mines is also studying the problem of preventing the escape in cities of the black smoke due to coal, and it has just established a special laboratory in San Francisco for the purpose of studying the smoke given off by copper smelting plants. Chicago is conducting a study of its own problem. Much work is being done by industrial concerns, and abroad the problem is being scientifically attacked.  
"That the work now being done is entirely inadequate may be seen when it is considered that the smoke inspector in the city of Chicago estimates that the damage caused annually in that city by the soot and other ingredients of smoke amounts to \$50,000,000 in ruined merchandise, and on the same basis it is said that the damage in the entire United States would be about \$600,000,000 in one year. This, however, does not by any means represent the entire loss, since the black soot which escapes and does a large part of the damage is really wasted coal, and it is estimated that the coal lost in the smoke amounts on the average to about 10 per cent of all that is used. In other words, the average purchaser of coal, when he pays \$5 a ton for it, tosses 50 cents' worth out of the chimney unburned, to do damage to his neighbors, and then usually wastes a large proportion of the heat in the \$4.50 worth that is left. When it is realized that the purchaser of this ton of coal is also paying for his share of the 300,000,000 tons of coal that are wasted in this country every year some comprehension may be gained of the magnitude of wastes of this nature."

**Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA**

**The Best Cough Medicine.**  
"I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy ever since I have been keeping house," says L. C. Hames of Marlbury, Ala. "I consider it one of the best remedies I ever used. My children have all taken it and it works like a charm. For colds and whooping cough it is excellent." For sale by Huntley Bros. Co.

**Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA**

**WHAT THEY'RE DOING AT SALEM**

Tension Between Legislature and Governor Acute.

**VETOED MEASURES PASSED**

Talk of Organizing Two-Thirds Majority to Pass Possible Vetoes—Governor Will Draw Deadline on Appropriations—Liquor Bills Numerous—Widows' Pension Bill Passes House.

Salem.—The only important work accomplished during the second week's session of the legislature, aside from the election of Dr. Harry Lane to the United States senate, which was a mere perfunctory matter devoid of the old time political interest, was the passage of several vetoed bills of the last session over Governor West's head. The important bills introduced this session are mostly in the committee stage, or have only passed one house.

The vetoed bills passed included the Thompson bill, relative to land drainage, the bill relating to formation of new counties, leaving division to people in counties affected, salary increases for district attorneys in fourth and fifth districts and bill creating livestock sanitary board and appropriating \$5,000 for eradication of contagious diseases.

The tension between the legislature and the governor became acute during the week and the indications pointed to a lively scrap between the executive and the lawmakers. The inception of the warfare was the action of the house in lining up with the senate in passing vetoed bills over his head. The governor was particularly irritated over the prospect of the passage of the Warner Lake bill, which he claimed was not for the interest of actual settlers but for land speculators.

He gave notice that he would use the veto ax freely on bills. There was talk among members of organizing the two branches with a two-thirds majority to pass bills by the wholesale over his veto. It was also suggested that the session might be extended over the usual forty days, in order to override the governor's vetoes.

**Deadline on Appropriations**  
The governor announced that he would draw a deadline on appropriations and that nothing above a certain amount would receive his approval. He explained that he will have a chart drawn, which will be placed in a conspicuous place in the state house, on which a line will be drawn at the top, in red ink, and it will carry in figures the limit he is willing to go on appropriations. This chart will be prepared some time this week, and each day the money bills will be posted on it. As they become laws the total will be shown and after the deadline is passed the ax will fall no matter who is hit.

The temper of the legislature seems to be to take issue with the governor, and unless oil is poured on the troubled waters there will be some fireworks before the close of the session.

**449 Measures Introduced**  
With adjournment at the end of the second week 296 bills had been introduced in the house of representatives and 153 bills in the senate, or a total of 449 bills so far this session. Last session at the close of the second week 172 bills had been introduced in the house and 125 in the senate.

During the second week of the session six house bills passed the senate and two of them were signed by the governor. The two signed by the governor, both repeal old sections of the code. In addition to these two Campbell's bill, relating to the term of office of certain state officers; Lewelling's bill, to abolish the office of state land agent; Heltsel's bill, relating to the manner of executing the satisfaction of mortgages and Hinkle's bill relating to limitation of indebtedness for irrigation districts, all house bills, have passed the senate. The house has so far passed no senate bills.

**Many Liquor Laws Proposed**  
This session of the legislature has seen the introduction of more bills relating to the liquor business and morals than any for several years past. Many of them, in fact a majority of them, have emanated from the governor. This is not true of one of the more important, which came in the shape of a resolution to place before the people at the next general election a constitutional amendment providing for the repeal of the home rule amendment. It is introduced with his approval, however.

Blanchard, still striking at the owners of places of ill repute, and the senate has passed Calkin's bill to give a right of action for damages to the family of an habitual drunkard or intoxicated person to whom liquor is sold in violation of law. This week the senate is expected to pass Hoskin's bill prohibiting the sale of any kind of intoxicants outside the limits of incorporated cities and towns.

Radical changes in the judicial system are proposed by a bill introduced by Representative Latourette, of Multnomah. If it becomes a law, circuit courts and county courts will be abolished, and their places will be taken by superior courts.

Under the terms of the bill, there are to be no judicial districts in the state, but in each of the organized counties of the state there shall be a superior court for which at least one judge shall be elected by the voters of that county, or group of counties.

**Bar Outside Money From Campaigns**  
It will be a felony for any person, firm, association or corporation within the state of Oregon to receive either directly or indirectly any pay, compensation or reward of any kind from any person, firm or corporation from outside the state of Oregon for the purpose of assisting in the adoption or defeat of any measure proposed under the initiative, if a bill in the senate by Thompson becomes a law.

The bill is framed with the purpose of striking at such organizations as the Fels fund commission.

**Will Investigate State Institutions**  
The membership of various committees of investigation of state institutions authorized by the Lewelling resolution, consisting of two from the senate and three from the house, was provided in a joint resolution introduced in the house by Representative Lewelling of Linn.

The house passed the resolution, but the senate voted it down. By special request of Governor West, however, this action was reconsidered and the resolution adopted.

**Widows' Pension Passed House**  
The house passed by unanimous vote house bill 169, which provides for financial assistance from the various counties for women with one or more children who are unable to work, and whose husbands are dead or inmates of some Oregon institution.

By the provisions of the bill, the county is to pay \$10 a month to dependent women having one child under 16 years of age, and \$7.50 a month for each additional child. Women only partially dependent are to be paid enough to bring their incomes to the same figure. Administration of the act is to be under exclusive jurisdiction

of the juvenile court.

**Provides Recall From Congress**  
To make it possible to recall United States senators and representatives in congress from Oregon is the purpose of a bill introduced in the house by Representative Lawrence of Multnomah. The bill requires that any person who shall be a candidate for the United States Senate or for Congress shall, at the time of filing his declaration of intention to become a candidate, sign one of two statements. If he signs one he agrees that if at any election a majority of those voting on the question of recalling him shall vote for his recall, he will resign the office within 24 hours after he shall receive the official returns of the recall election. If he signs the other statement he plainly says that he will not resign in case a majority of the voters shall vote for his recall.

**Marriage May Be Easier**  
Instead of having his operations confined to one county in the matter of uniting two souls with but a single thought, a regularly accredited preacher will be able to perform marriages in any county in the state, if a bill introduced by Representative Howard, of Douglas, himself a minister, becomes a law. The bill also provides that county clerks, or issuing a marriage license, are to obtain from the applicants certain information which preachers ordinarily desire before performing a marriage ceremony, which is to be attached to the license.

**Legislative Brevities**  
A bill to create a state fire marshal, carrying with it an appropriation of \$15,000, was presented in the house. The state senate adopted a memorial addressed to President-elect Wilson, asking him to appoint a man from the Pacific coast as secretary of the

Department of the juvenile court.

Bills to appropriate \$371,000 for the University of Oregon and \$317,833.73 for the Oregon Agricultural college were introduced in the house by the ways and means committee.

No more will the traveler by train or steambag go thirsty for lack of a drinking cup, if a bill introduced in the house by Representative Belland is passed. He would compel steamship and railroad companies carrying passengers to furnish sanitary drinking cups free.

With the passage of Senator Wood's bill for the creation of new counties, which has become a law without the approval of the governor, the way has been opened to the formation of new counties without a vote by the people of the state, and without a fight in the legislature.

A bill that proposes every pound of meat offered for sale in the state of Oregon, and not subject to government inspection, shall be subjected to an inspection to determine its wholesomeness for food, was introduced in the house by Representative Westerlund, of Jackson county.

At the close of the second week the appropriation bills proposed amounted to \$3,422,081, to say nothing of numerous minor demands for per diem and expenses which probably will figure an easy \$100,000 more.

**Out the High Cost of Living.**  
W. H. Chapman, Winnebago, Neb., tells how he did it. "My two children had a very bad cough and the doctor's medicines did them no good. I got a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and before it was all used the children were free and cured of their coughs. I save a doctor's bill for one 25c bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound." No opiates. Huntley Bros. Co.

**Why Women Are Not RICH.**

Man is a millionaire many times over in the possession of blood cells. Women is not quite so rich, for scientists have proven that the normal man has five million—the woman only four and a half million to a cubic millimeter of blood. A decrease in number of red blood corpuscles and a person "looks pale"—in fact, is anemic, the blood does not get the right food and probably the stomach is disordered.

Dr. R. V. Pierce found years ago that a glyceric extract of golden seal and Oregon grape roots, queen's root and bloodroot with black cherry bark, would help the assimilation of the food in the stomach, correct liver ills and in Nature's own way increase the red blood corpuscles. This medicine he called Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. By assimilating the food eaten the system is nourished and the blood takes on a rich red color. Nervousness is only "the cry of the starved nerves for food," and when the nerves are fed on rich red blood the person loses those irritable feelings, sleeps well at night and is refreshed in the morning.

"I was attacked with a severe nervous disease, which was caused by a disordered stomach and liver," writes Mr. J. D. Levelt, of Washburn, Tenn., Route 2, Box 23. "All my friends thought I would die and Golden Medical Discovery, and derived much benefit from same. My case had run so long, it had become so chronic that nothing would effect a permanent cure, but Dr. Pierce's medicine has done much for me and I highly recommend it. I heartily advise its use as a spring tonic, and further advise selling people to take Dr. Pierce's medicine before their diseases have run so long that there is no chance to be cured.

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser, 31 stamps, to pay for wrapping and mailing only.

