

Oregon City Courier

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GREAT PUBLICITY CAMPAIGN.

No less than 25,000,000 people throughout the United States will have their attention drawn to Oregon as the land of opportunity during the coming three months by a great advertising campaign to be conducted by the Portland Commercial Club. The leading agricultural papers and the weekly editions of the big dailies will be used. There is no question that the campaign will direct the movement of thousands of people to this state. The advertisement will carry the familiar oval, with the slogan, "Oregon is the Place For You," in large letters, and those at all interested are urged to ask for literature and information about Oregon. The advertisement informs the reader that railroad rates are the same to all parts of Oregon from the East and Oregon Commercial bodies will be supplied with addresses of all enquirers so that the whole state may profit by this advertising, although Portland will bear the expense. There is probably no other city in the world that has done a like thing.

It is urged that all get in line for this valuable publicity. People from the East who ask about this state should be answered promptly and fully by every commercial body. In this way it is believed, very great benefits will follow for all Oregon.

This is the more important now that the colonist rates for this fall have been decided upon by the railroads. Reduced one-way tickets will be sold to all Pacific Coast points from the East and Middle West for colonists and home-seekers who desire to settle here. The advertising campaign for settlers will be well supplemented by these attractive rates to settlers.

It is true, obviously true to every one who studies the tariff question at close range, that Senators and Representatives enter upon a revision of the tariff with one object in view and that is to gain, not for their constituents but for the more influential few, the largest possible share in the distribution by Congress of governmental favors. Economic reasons find no place except in public debate. Every argument in cloakroom and committee-room is based on what "will do for you if you will do this for me." But that logical man cannot perceive that this is an inherent weakness in the tariff system; that no policy which consists of the distribution of favors to a variety of industries by men who must look to the recipients for their re-election ever will or ever can be other than a scramble for special advantages is more than amazing. The distribution of actual cash, raised by direct taxation, among various industries could hardly be accomplished without injustice and favoritism. But the distribution of what amounts to the taxing power, with no possible method of determining what amounts are transferred thereby from the pockets of the consumers to those of the protected interests is no certain to be based on selfishness and injustice that it is nothing short of remarkable that sensible men can so beguile their reason as to expect the enactment of an equitable tariff bill. Every day of the seventeen weeks of the present tariff consideration has demonstrated the folly of expecting anything other than a mad scramble by the protected interests for duties which will enhance their profits at the expense of the consumers, and even if all Mr. Taft's recommendations are adopted the tariff bill will still contain a host of duties imposed for no better reason than that the interests which demanded them were sufficiently powerful to convince their representatives to their demands was political annihilation.

The same editorial says: "As protection does its work protective rates must fall and the true friends of the protective system must be prepared to adapt its conditions as they change, and not maintain blindly as the framers of the Senate bill have done, that in spite of the enormous industrial advances made since the Dingley bill was passed in 1897, domestic producers still need practically all the high protection given them in the Dingley schedules." But the advocates of protection in Congress, by their friends of the system or the reverse, do maintain that the industries of their respective states and districts require all the protection afforded by the Dingley bill. What else can they do? Their political future depends on their securing the amount of protection demanded by their friends, and the constituents. Of course they must argue their need. It were the protective theory sound and practicable its history would have recorded a gradual but steady lowering of the tariff rates. The promises of its progenitors pledge

ed the system speedily to build up American industries to a point where protection was no longer needed. Those promises have never been fulfilled. There has been no systematic and material reduction of the rates and even the few reductions which have been effected have been wrong from the protected interests despite their protests that they spelled ruin.

One of the leading organs of Republicanism, commenting in terms of highest approval on the stand taken by President Taft for downward revision of the tariff, says: "If a member of congress can get for his state or district what some of his influential constituents demand in the way of protection he is disposed to consider his obligations as a statesman discharged. Seeing what he wants, he is willing to give his associates what they want, and a tariff law is framed which represents not the just and intelligent application of a theory of taxation but a distribution of privileges in which no local interest is neglected. Protection is awarded not because it is needed or in the degree in which it is needed, but as a placing assurance to all claimants that no one is to be deprived of what he regards as his legitimate allotment of governmental favor. That is a method in following which all sense of proportion and equity is quickly lost. Duties are laid not for economical but for political and personal reasons. Schedules are balanced against one another so as to allay antagonisms and gain votes. The Senator or Representative working for local ends comes to think in time that there is no broader aspect than the gold quo one to tariff legislation." No broader or more convincing arrangements of the protective system could have been penned by a free trade newspaper than this indictment framed by one of the most loyal advocates of the policy, a newspaper which is known throughout the length and breadth of the land as the organ of every republican administration.

The Conference, a report relates, will report a duty of 45 per cent on structural steel. The steel trust is controlled by J. P. Morgan. There is not a particle of an excuse for a duty on steel. As Mr. Carnegie said steel can be made cheaper in this country than anywhere else on earth. Its manufacture needs no protection. Steel, made in America, is sold today for \$7 or \$8 less per ton in foreign countries than at home. But Mr. Morgan wants more millions, billions, out of the people, and he writes to tariff bill—or at least the steel schedule.

If necessary to his interests, he may bring on another panic, and save the country again by another bond issue. Morgan is pretty near president, cabinet, treasury department and all. He almost owns this part of the earth.

Every piece of steel put into a bridge or a building in Portland to bring the matter right home—is overcharged to us taxpayers about \$3 a ton—to feet fat this gorgon, Morgan. He dictates a tax of 45 per cent—prohibitive; therefore a monopoly; therefore he is a billionaire.

There's your protective tariff in a nutshell.

Oregon Patents.

Granted this week. Reported by C. A. Snow & Co., Attorneys, Washington, D. C.—O. Harbert, St. Johns. Combined tam-o-shanter and hood. A. S. Kleinsmith, Oregon City. Pruning appliance, R. P. Lyle, Portland. Automatic dental hammer. For copy of any of the above patents send ten cents in postage stamps with this paper to C. A. Snow & Co., Washington, D. C.

When the Hair Falls

Stop it! And why not? Falling hair is a disease, a regular disease; and Ayer's Hair Vigor, as made from our new improved formula, quickly and completely destroys that disease. The hair stops falling out, grows more rapidly, and all dandruff disappears.

Does not change the color of the hair.

Formula with each bottle. Show it to your doctor. Ask him about it, then do as he says.

The little book in each package gives the formula of our new Hair Vigor, tells why each ingredient is used, and explains many other interesting things. After reading you will know why this new hair preparation does its work so well.

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

1909 Nearly Half Gone

And you have not yet opened that Bank account that you have been promising yourself that you would. You have been neglecting one of the essentials to your life's happiness and success in this delay. Do not put off this important matter any longer, but NOW, RIGHT NOW, take the step that will surely lead to success in life. You will never save unless you make a start, and if you wait until you have a large sum the time may never come and the start never be made. Remember that a small beginning sometimes makes a large ending. Do not put it off any longer but make your first deposit today and we will help you save

The Bank of Oregon City

SIGNS OF PROGRESS

Items Concerning Oregon's Advancement Cleared From the Columns of Our Exchanges.

The Woodburn city council recently decided to pave Front street, from Hardcastle Avenue to the northeast corner of Park Addition, with bitulithic pavement.

The Eugene Fruit Growers' Association will complete its work of packing and shipping cherries this week. It has had ten expert packers at work for the past three weeks, and has shipped about 15 tons of cherries to probably every state in the Union outside of some of the Southern states. Alfalfa can be successfully raised in Yamhill county.

Saltmarsh & Snodgrass of Portland have secured a 640 acre tract in Linn county, located 2 miles east of Crabtree in the famous fruit belt of that county and have planted the same into 5 acre tracts which will be placed on the market at once. The land is all cleared and under cultivation and the entire tract will be set out in apple, pear and cherry trees and in small fruits. The ground is now being prepared for early fall planting.

Irrigation in the Willamette Valley is to receive attention at Eugene on Saturday, July 31, when a meeting will be held under the auspices of the Eugene Commercial Club to discuss this important matter. W. W. Cotton, Binger Herman and others have been invited to attend the meeting and make addresses. The gathering will meet in the afternoon.

Secretary Ballinger of the Department of the Interior is visiting Oregon irrigation projects this week. It is the intention of the Secretary to make a close inspection of North-western projects in company with reclamation engineers. After going over part of the state irrigation districts, Secretary Ballinger and his party were entertained at luncheon today at the Commercial Club.

President Taft will visit Oregon this fall. He will come in October and will make stops at Portland and other cities of the state as his itinerary will permit. The President has accepted the invitation of Senator Bourne to be his guest while in Portland.

New record prices were reached in the hog market at Portland during the past week. Last Thursday hogs advanced to \$9 per 100 pounds, this being the highest value ever recorded within the memory of the trade. A shipment of 77 hogs from the Willamette Valley received this attractive figure. The hogs averaged 184 pounds each and brought the unusual price of better than \$16.55 each.

Without the shadow of a doubt the maddest, merriest crowd that ever undertook a pilgrimage since the days when Sherman's bummers went from Atlanta to San Francisco, and staid representatives of the Grants Pass Commercial Club on their way to Wolderville, Kirby, Waldo, Takilma, Holland and Selma.

The Christian church of East Eugene has purchased a lot of Mrs. Belle Sweeney at the corner of Columbia Avenue and Seventeenth street, and has adopted plans for a tabernacle 42x54 feet, especially adapted for Bible school work.

J. V. Reed is down from the Blue Bird mining claim in the Blue River district for a few days. He informed a reporter yesterday that his company is arranging to put in a ten-stamp mill at the Blue Bird this fall. A sawmill is now being erected on the property with which to get out the lumber for the stamp mill. Mr. Reed said the prospects are very bright for the successful operation of the mill after it is set up—Eugene Guard.

More drunkenness is to become a misdeemeanor in the city of LaGrande. Southern Oregon is now in a shipshape to the value of half a million dollars this season. From the present indications, it is thought Southern Oregon will send away 500 cars of pears to Eastern markets. The value of each carload is placed at \$1,000, making the crop worth \$500,000. Other sections of the state will increase the value of their crop largely, making a very large total for this one great Oregon product.

The Ft. Bidwell Gold Nugget of the 18th inst. says the Pearson-Bigley Co. are making a heroic effort to establish a fruit evaporator in Surprise Valley.

For Sale or Trade.

Splendid Mt. Tabor home in Portland. Bath, toilet, hot and cold water, electric light, fine location and good neighborhood. For acreage in Gladstone or Parkplace, address C. V. Lee, 138 Central Ave., Mt. Tabor, Portland, Oregon.

Letter List.

List of unclaimed letters at the Oregon City postoffice for the week ending July 23.

Woman's list—Brown, Mrs. A. W.; Davis, Florence; Green, Nellie; Jones, Mrs. Edith; Julian, Mrs. A. C.; Mattheson, Kate.

Men's list—Cadden, Roy (6); Chapman, B. M.; Clark, W. J.; Dunlap, Frank; Dittman, Bernard; Fitzwater, Jas.; Finch, G. W.; Harris, Wm. B.; Simpkins, C. S.; Smith, W. H.

Third class—Evans, Wm. J.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy the Best and Surest.

"It affords me great pleasure to state that I consider the preparation known as Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy the best and surest of good results of any I have ever used in my family, says P. E. Harrington, of Mount Aerial, Ky. This is the universal verdict of all who use this remedy. Its cures are so prompt and effectual that people take pleasure in recommending it. For sale by Jones Drug Co.,

Electric Bitters

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weaknesses they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified. FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE. It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

MEET TO SAVE OUR RESOURCES

First National Conservation Congress to be Held Aug. 26-28 at Seattle

SPEECHES BY NOTED MEN

Prominent Men of Nation will Inaugurate Campaign to Find Best Uses of gift of Nature

The First National Conservation Congress of the United States will be held in the Auditorium of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition Seattle, Washington, August 26, 27, 28, 1909. Arrangements for the Congress are being perfected under the auspices of the Washington Conservation Association, an organization comprising several hundred prominent citizens of the State. It promises to be the greatest gathering of conservationists since the famous White House Conference of Governors, at Washington, D. C., when former President Theodore Roosevelt launched the campaign for conserving and utilizing the natural resources of our country.

Invitations to attend the congress have been sent to leading men and women identified with the conservation movement in all sections of the country. The Washington State Legislature has memorialized President William H. Taft, requesting his attendance at the great convention. That has been supplemented by a Proclamation Commission, and the Seattle Chamber of Commerce.

A list of probably ten thousand representative people has been made up, and personal invitations mailed to the governors, and members of societies and civic and commercial organizations.

Many have accepted the invitation and informed the Committee in charge, of their intention to visit the Exposition and participate in the Conservation Congress. Among the invited are cabinet officials; United States Senators and Representatives; Governors and members of State Conservation Commissions; Presidents of Colleges and other institutions of learning; Editors of newspapers and magazines; ministers of the gospel; and representatives of various commercial organizations throughout the entire United States. The interest in the cause extends across the continent and into foreign lands.

Many speakers of national importance are among the names on the programme. In that list are such men as Hon. R. A. Ballinger, Secretary of the Interior; Clifford Pinchot, Chairman of the Joint Committee on Conservation between States and Nation; P. H. Newell, Chief of the Reclamation Service; William McCarrall, Commissioner of the Public Service Commission, New York City; Booker T. Washington, President of the Tuskegee Institute; C. C. Dickinson, President of the Carnegie Steel Trust; W. B. Hutchinson, of the Lakes-to-the-Gulf Deep Waterways Commission; James A. Emery, head counsel for the National Manufacturers' Association; Cyrus Northrup, President University of Minnesota; Howard Elliott of the Northern Pacific and James J. Hill, of the Great Northern Railway systems.

Conservation is the live topic for discussion in the new West. It contemplates the inauguration of a general campaign for better use of the gifts of nature. It means a proper knowledge of all that contributes to the health and comfort of the human family. It is a question which must be handled by practical men engaged in utilizing the natural resources of land and sea. The work calls for the combined assistance of producer and consumer to insure protection of the earth that go to make up the prosperity of the Nation. It concerns the happiness of individuals and the progress of the whole country.

Many great questions are involved in the work of the modern idea of Conservation. Such problems will be discussed by competent men, selected from various districts, because of their practical knowledge of the fundamental principles of Conservation.

The topics for discussion during the Congress include: Irrigation, water, forestry, mining, soils, good-roads and other means for transportation; public health and morals; and the relation of capital and labor in the scheme of conserving our natural resources so that the greatest good to the greatest number will be accomplished.

Waste is one of the great enemies to Conservation. It enters into the affairs of individuals and communities and robs thousands of that which they should nourish in order to maintain financial independence.

The Conservation desires to check waste and extravagance in all channels of trade and industry. It is his mission to co-operate in the work of educating the human family in the art of protecting, preserving and conserving the gifts of nature without endangering legitimate industries during the present in the future.

The citizens of the state of Washington have started the Conservation movement for a National organization, that body will elect delegates to attend the International Conservation Conference to be held at The Hague, during the coming autumn, where the problems of universal saving will be solved.

With the platform of principles established by the White House Conference of Governors, the Washington Conservation Association asks the earnest and active co-operation of thinking men and women in all sections of the United States, to the end that the resources of land and sea may be conserved while there is something real to conserve. That Association asks the inhabitants of the Nation to help in the work of replenishing the earth and its resources.

JOEL SHOMAKER, Chairman, Washington State Conservation Commission, 1010 White Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

EVENTS IN OUR STATE OF MINOR IMPORTANCE

La Grande—Fire destroyed about 1000 on coal in O. R. & N. bunkers last week.

The Dalles—Nine saloonkeepers of the city are mourning the loss of nearly \$18 each given to a stranger in exchange for worthless checks.

Roseburg—One week after her wedding day, Mrs. Ole Peterson, of Deer Creek, was committed to the insane asylum by County Judge Vonocast at her own request.

Eugene—The executive committee of the board of regents of the University of Oregon has been increased from three to five members and will hold regular monthly meetings.

Marshfield—Arrangements have been made for the organization of a company of the Oregon National Guard on Coos Bay and 20 young men have signed the roster.

Salem—The Miller & Son sawmill and 300,000 feet of lumber were destroyed Saturday by fire three miles west of Stayton. The loss will approximate \$50,000.

Portland—Knocked 30 feet by a train going at the rate of 35 miles an hour and escaping without a scratch was the experience of Louis Alexander, a lumberjack from North Yakima, Wash.

Milwaukee—The annual convention of the Evangelical Association of the Oregon conference opened with a religious rally on the camp grounds near here Tuesday night, and will continue until August 5.

Portland—Tuesday, August 17, has been set aside as the Portland Automobile Club day at the A-Y-P. Exposition. It is expected that at least 100 machines will make the trip from this city to Seattle.

Medford—The pear crop of the Rogue river valley for the season of 1909 is estimated at 275 cars, which will represent a value of over \$300,000. Very little second-grade fruit will be among that going forward.

Baker City—J. W. Pauley, wanted here for a forgery alleged to have been committed July 13, 1909, is now under arrest in Kansas. Requisition papers for his return to this state have been issued from the Governor's office.

Eugene—The past year has shown a remarkable gain in the amount of the student loan fund at the University of Oregon. From a total of approximately \$800 at the beginning of the year it now amounts in round numbers to \$5000.

Portland—The claims for pay for services in the Cayuse Indian War of 1847 and 1848 in Oregon filed by nine claimants, will be allowed by the national government at the rate of \$1.50 per day during their service period.

Jacksonville—Gov. Benson has ordered a special session of the circuit court for Jackson county to be held at Jacksonville, August 2, to try out the issues between the city of Medford and M. F. Hanley over a right of way for the city through Hanley's ranch.

Portland—A carload of California potatoes, consigned to a local com-

Keep Your Eye Open--There's Going to be A Great Housecleaning in August

We Cannot allow a dull month in our business. If we permit August to drag we will find an immense Fall stock piled up in a store already full. That won't do. REGARDLESS OF PRICE we are going to unload our surplus stock during the month of August.

We are Ready for you Now. Red Price Tags with Prices in plain figures, tell-the Story

We prefer selling at ACTUAL COST to starting in on Fall business with more stock than we have room for. We want you to come in, if only to convince yourself that this is A WONDERFUL BARGAIN SALE.

WE ARE PLACING ON SALE

Furniture of all kinds. Pianos, Sewing Machines, Pictures, Bedding, Curtains, Linoleum, Matting, Etc. Crockery, Glassware, Tinware, Enamelled Ware, Kitchen Utensils. Camp Stoves and Camping Goods.

The next issue of this paper will contain our big sale announcement. Watch for it.

E. W. MELLE & CO.

Everything for the Home

Opposite the Court House

OREGON STATE NEWS

Interesting Happenings From All Parts of the State.

Nehalem Wax Is Golden Stuff.

Portland—If the theories of Col. Kit Carson, 32 years an assayer and now a resident of Portland, are true, the famous Nehalem beeswax is not beeswax at all, but is a product from which hydrocarbon oil, the most expensive lubricant known to man, may be extracted. Its presence on the surface at Nehalem bay is strong indication, say experts in geological formations, that a great lake of this valuable oil underlies the Nehalem country.

Acting upon this theory, a party of Portland capitalists have organized a corporation for the purpose of developing the land and have purchased drills and other necessary machinery with which to bore for the supposed lake of oil.

New Railway Will Cost \$5,000,000.

The Dalles—Porter Bros., are building a new railroad in Central Oregon to be known as the Oregon Trunk Line. It will run south from The Dalles to Madras, a distance of 122 miles. The government has approved the right of way for 110 miles from Celilo to Madras. The cost of this 110 miles will be about \$5,000,000 and it is expected to have the line completed within a year. A line of boats will connect with the road, running to Portland.

Murder Charge Likely.

Baker City—Jake Howard, who shot and killed John Hinds in a saloon at Durkee, 12 miles from Baker City, is now in the county jail in this city. The coroner's verdict places the crime of killing Hinds on Howard, which means there will probably be a charge of murder in the first degree lodged against him.

Just what started the quarrel is more or less an unsettled question. Both men are single.

PHYSICIAN SLAIN BY WIFE

Dr. R. A. M. Collins Shot Down in Portland Home.

Portland—Dr. Roy A. M. Collins, aged 34 years, a physician and surgeon, was shot and instantly killed by his bride of three months in the fashionable Nob Hill district, Saturday morning at 8:20 o'clock. The couple had occupied the residence three weeks as caretakers while its owner and family were at the beach, and when the shooting occurred were packing their belongings in the basement preparatory to leaving the place. An agreement had been reached between them to separate upon leaving and later have their marital relations severed in court.

The pent-up anguish of a woman's heart, produced by constant knowledge of an unreciprocated love and the unfounded belief that the love she had once claimed had been stolen away from her by another was back of the tragedy as it was narrated by an examination of Mrs. Collins after she had been taken into custody. Her jealousy, it is claimed, drove her to madness. Mrs. Collins is 42 years old.

Often The Kidneys Are Weakened by Over-Work.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for much sickness and suffering, therefore, if kidney trouble is permitted to continue, serious results are most likely to follow. Your other organs may need attention, but your kidneys most, because they do most and should have attention first. Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. A trial will convince you of its great merit.

The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest because its remarkable health restoring properties have been proven in thousands of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best.

Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also a pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, and don't let a dealer sell you something in place of Swamp-Root—if you do you will be disappointed.

Buy your Printing from The Courier.

Makers of Good Things with Type, Paper and Ink.

The Family Medicine Chest!

It is Not Complete Until it Contains a Bottle of

Ballard's Horehound Syrup

COMPOUND.

A good housewife will not wait until it is too late, but will always be prepared for any emergency. Prepare yourself today; go at once and purchase a bottle of Ballard's Horehound Syrup Compound, place it in your medicine chest for future use. It is a prompt and positive cure for

COLDS, COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING COUGH, INFLUENZA, CROUP, ETC.

Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 Per Bottle.

Ballard Snow Liniment Co., St. Louis, Mo.

It is also recommended by

The Jones Drug Company, Inc.