

NEWS FROM THE NATION'S CAPITAL

SENATE VOTES TO RAISE THE TARIFF ON HOPS.

OYSTERS ALSO PROTECTED

Duty on Barley and Potatoes Increased—Advance in Lemon Tariff Condemned.

Washington—Despite protests by Beveridge and Root, the duty on barley was increased from 25 cents a bushel, as proposed by the house, to 30 cents, as recommended by the committee on finance.

The tax on hops was advanced. The house made a duty of 12 cents, while the committee on finance had formerly advanced it to 15 cents. The committee brought in an additional amendment, making the rate 20 cents. This action by the senate is largely due to the efforts of Herman Kluber, of Portland, Or., and E. C. Horst, of San Francisco, who appeared before the senate committee last November on behalf of the hopgrowers of the United States.

The duty on potatoes was made 45 cents per bushel, instead of 25 cents, and oysters in the shell were advanced from 3-4 of a cent a pound to 25 per cent. The increase in the rate on oysters was made on motion of Senator Piles, of Washington, who has an industry in bivalves to protect against Canadian competition. Eggs or smelt, fresh or frozen, are taxed 1 cent per pound.

That there should be a duty of 20 per cent on raw cotton merely for revenue was advocated by Bacon.

Root spoke for the New York lemon consumers, insisting that the rate of 1 1/2 cents per pound, as fixed by the finance committee, was too high. Flint, speaking for the lemon-growers, supported the advance and said the lemon industry of California would be wiped out if this duty were not levied.

Memorial day was observed Monday throughout the northern states and three days later a similar holiday was kept by the south in commemoration of the birthday of Jefferson Davis. Both days were marked as usual by the dedication of numerous war and other memorials. Probably the most notable of these events was the dedication of a monument on the Gettysburg battlefield in memory of the "regulars" who fought and fell there. President Taft delivered the oration and the memorial was unveiled by Miss Helen Taft. Another interesting event of similar character was the unveiling of the Lincoln monument at Hodgenville, Ky.

It is reported that President Taft intends calling for the resignation of Judge Silas H. Reid, at Valdez, Alaska, because of charges that have been preferred against him. Delegate Wickersham is known to be active in urging Judge Reid's removal, particularly because Reid appointed his brother receiver of the Alaska Central railroad at a salary of \$750 a month. This, it is charged, was pure extortion.

President Taft has been informed that the English grand lodge of Masons has granted a dispensation for the organization of a blue lodge of Masons at London, Eng., to be composed entirely of Americans. This dispensation was granted by the Duke of Connaught, grand master of the grand lodge of England. Taft will be made the first honorary member of the lodge.

In a bill which gives the federal government jurisdiction over the protection of migratory birds, such as ducks, snipe, plover and pigeons, in those states in which the birds do not remain the entire year, Representative Weeks proposes that the department of agriculture shall establish regulations fixing close seasons during which it shall be unlawful to shoot, kill or capture migratory birds.

After a long and distinguished career in the army, Lieutenant General Arthur MacArthur was placed on the retired list Wednesday on account of age. As a result of General MacArthur's retirement, Major General Leonard Wood, now in command of the military department of the east, became the senior officer of the army.

For the purpose of providing for more defense for Atlantic and Gulf points, Representative Weeks, of Massachusetts, has introduced a bill in the house authorizing the construction of submarine boats at a cost of not to exceed \$4,000,000, of which the measure appropriates \$1,000,000.

Real Estate Transfers

W. H. Van Wey to Carrie L. Adx, 58.12 acres in Claim No. 57, township 2 south, range 4 east; \$2000.

A. H. Bartan to Ellen M. Rockwood, land in section 25, township 1 south, range 1 east; \$5.

J. W. Partlow to Sarah A. Chase, 8 acres of J. S. Howland and wife D. L. C., township 3 south, range 2 east; \$700.

John D. Stites and Catherine Stites to E. M. and T. C. Howell, 10.9 acres of Peter M. Rinearson and wife D. L. C., township 2 south, range 2 east;

LARGEST AUTO TRACK

Indianapolis to Have the Most Remarkable in the World.

COURSE FIVE MILES LONG.

Spectators Will Have a Clear View at Any Time of the Cars Racing at Their Highest Speed—Whole Track to Be Brilliantly Lighted.

Indianapolis is soon to have the largest and most remarkable motor racing track in the world. Instead of being circular or elliptical, it will double on itself, and as a result the racers will be in full view of the grand stand almost constantly.

Engineers are now at work staking off the course and arranging for the clearing of the ground. Active work of building the speedway will be begun as soon as the weather will permit, and not later than Feb. 15. The track and the entire grounds are under contract to be completed by May 15, so that the first public event may take place early in June.

The speedway will be built on a tract of land known as the John Pressley farm, just northwest of Haughville and adjoining the county asylum grounds. The tract is a mile long and half a mile wide.

The entire cost of the speedway, with the grand stands and other buildings, will be nearly half a million dollars. The speedway will consist of an outside track two miles in circumference, fifty and sixty feet in width, with suitably banked turns that will allow a speed of more than 100 miles an hour. From this outside track runs an inside snake-like track three miles long, which will enable the promoters to give every style of combination track and road racing in clear view of the grand stands.

The general detail of the equipment will be far more complete than ever before attempted on speedways. The easy access to the city will enable the promoters to accommodate great crowds of people.

The main grand stand will have a seating capacity of 35,000, and besides there will be twenty additional grand stands, each with a seating capacity of fifty, placed at different points about the speedway. The small grand stands will make it convenient for clubs to attend the meets in a body and have their own seating reservations.

All the grand stands will be at an elevation that will enable those inside to see all parts of the five mile course at any time. The track will have the unique distinction of being the only speedway or racing course in the world where the spectators can see the cars at their highest speed at any time during their flights about the track. Arrangements will be made to park 1,500 private automobiles.

The promoters say that the general plan of the track will insure the safest high speed racing. The flat of ground is level, and there will be no fences or buildings to obstruct the view of the spectators. The parking spaces and grand stands will be subdivided from the main grounds by wire fences, making it impossible for spectators to get on the track at any point.

The entire course will be brilliantly lighted in order that twenty-four hour record trials may be given. The plans provide for 420 independent electric arc lights furnished with reflectors stationed about the track and arranged in such a manner that the light will be thrown away from the eyes of the drivers.

J. P. MORGAN'S PARTING JEST.
Not to Corner Pyramids, For They Haven't Any Corners, He Said.

Before sailing for Europe the other day for a long stay abroad J. Pierpont Morgan, the financier, laughingly confided to the reporters who met him on the pier that he did not intend to form a corner in pyramids, at least not at this time, but that he might be tempted to purchase a few art treasures before his return.

Mr. Morgan, who was in great good humor, said:

"I will probably remain on the other side for many weeks. I am going abroad for the sake of a rest and for enjoyment. My immediate plans are not very definite. I may even get as far as Egypt. Yes, I am going to look around, and if I see anything I want to add to my collection of art objects—well, I might be tempted to buy. However, I am not going abroad to make purchases."

A cheerful person was moved to ask him if he intended to corner the pyramids.

"Pyramids haven't any corners," was his reply. "Then as an after thought he added, with a smile, 'Besides, I never corner anything.' He declined to discuss the financial or business situation.

Prize For Yale Life Story.
Through the generosity of Thomas De Witt Cuyler, '78, of Philadelphia the Yale Alumni Weekly is able to offer a cash prize to undergraduate or graduate students for the best descriptive article bearing on Yale life. The prize is to be known as "the Thomas De Witt Cuyler alumni weekly prize." It is \$50, to be paid in gold, and will be awarded to the writer of the most acceptable contribution received not later than March 13, 1909.

Billiard Table Novelty.
A new wrinkle in the bench billiard table. When not in use it can be pushed back against the wall, the table forming the back, and the standards form a massive settle.

3600.
Eastern Investment Company to Katherine Beck, block 123, Gladstone, and lots adjoining block 122, Gladstone Park; \$1.

Harvey N. Everhart and Gertrude L. Everhart to C. H. Marsh, 160 acres of Benjamin B. Jackson and wife No. 41, township 5 south, range 2 east; \$6000.

Eastern Investment Company to F. L. Shindler, lot 12, block 29, H. of subdivision of blocks 18, 29, 30 and 39, Clackamas Heights; \$1.

E. T. and Martha Riley, lot 12, block H. of subdivision of blocks 19, 28, 29, 30, 39, Clackamas Heights, be-

ing lot No. 12, block 29; \$457.
Ellen M. Rockwood to Emily Nimmer, lot 6, blocks, Ardenwald; \$427.
Charles W. Risley and Alice Risley to George A. and Jessie Moulton, 3.58 acres in J. S. Risley D. L. C. No. 58, township 2 south, range 1 east; \$900.

C. F. Wetzel to Oregon Realty & Trust Company, tract of land in section 15, township 2 south, range 2 east; \$3173.
Nelle R. Howard and J. B. Howard to J. H. Sutherland, lots 10, 11, 12, block 3, Weed's Addition to Canby; \$1120.
Elizabeth and Wintworth Lord, to

UNION OF ALL NATIONS

Dr. W. O. McDowell's Scheme For Abolishing War.

WANTS UNIVERSAL EXECUTIVE

His Title to Be Peacemaker—World-wide Agreement Planned to Do Away With Armies and Navies. The Hague Court to Be Judicial and National Parliaments' Legislature.

For some time William Osborne McDowell, L. L. D., has been at work developing a most far-reaching plan for universal peace, by which he hopes to avert all war, to abolish standing armies, to stop the building of battle-ships and to substitute justice for force all over the earth.

As a part of this plan he urges that on the Lincoln centenary, Feb. 12, the first meeting shall be held to inaugurate the "United Nations of the World," with the permanent international court at The Hague as the judicial department, the united national parliaments of the world as the legislative department, and an executive, whose title shall be "the peacemaker." It is said many well known men have given approval of Dr. McDowell's proposition. In telling of his plan Dr. McDowell says in the New York World:

"Since the entire civilized world is now united by electric bonds into one body, in constant and instant communication, it is largely interdependent and is rapidly becoming more so. War now involves the interests of all, and therefore one nation has no longer the right to break the peace without reference to others.

"To that end there has been drawn up the first draft of a constitution for the United Nations of the World. My desire is that both may be given to a movement that will ultimately become the practical solution of not alone the cessation of war, but the foundation upon which the economic, moral and intellectual as well as political future will be based. Effort has been given to make this first draft a document of world democracy, giving representation to the organized movements in the various nations tending toward the betterment of humanity.

"After the preamble the three departments of world government are provided for—the legislative, the executive and the judiciary. Judiciary and legislative are provided for about as they are here now, but section 3, dealing with the executive, is as follows:

"Section 3. The executive department shall be vested in one individual, whose title shall be the peacemaker, and five associate individuals, the first of whom shall be the coadjutor peacemaker. The second associate shall be a woman, and the other three associates shall consist of one selected from each of the three great races of the world—the Caucasian, the Mongolian and the Ethiopian. Their titles shall be respectively first, second, third and fourth assistant coadjutor peacemaker, and in case of vacancy in the office of peacemaker the right of succession shall be in the order above named. The rate of one-half the amount paid him during his term of office, and if upon his decease he shall leave a widow surviving him, then she shall receive during her life an annuity equal to one-sixth of the salary of the peacemaker. Elder statesmen shall have no executive power or authority whatever, but shall act solely in an advisory capacity. The executive peacemaker the benefit of their knowledge and experience gained and being subject at any time to his call for the purpose of giving counsel."

"The peacemaker shall, with the assistance of his coadjutors and of the members of his cabinet, be responsible for the execution of all duties of an executive in their nature, and he shall nominate to the congress or parliament all officers authorized by law, these to be confirmed or rejected by a majority vote of a quorum of congress before entering upon their duties, except when vacancies occur during an adjournment of congress, in which event these may be filled by executive appointment until congress shall meet and shall take action on the same. Inaugurations shall be made on the 30th day of April after the election is held.

"Then come the secretaries, all but three of whom shall be president of some international organization. These are secretary of state, secretary of peace, secretary of the treasury, attorney general and secretaries for a number of departments.

"The peacemaker is to be elected by a majority vote, taken by mail, of the intellectual leaders of the world, not to exceed 100,000, to be approved by the members of a committee or by the temporarily selected peacemaker, this committee to consist of one member from each nation with a population exceeding 25,000,000.

"The entire draft of the constitution has been published by the Journal of American History, which has been made our repository. To Great Britain belongs the credit of having taken up the financial side of the peace movement first. It has appropriated \$250,000 to be used in the discussion of its premier. This followed a resolution adopted by a unanimous vote by the interparliamentary conference held that year in the parliament house, London, the motion for its adoption being made by the president of the French group and seconded by the president of the American group.

"The success of the United States of America not only justifies but calls for the United Nations of the World."

Baths in Radium Mine.
A spring in an imperial radium mine at Joachimsthal contains so much radium that the Austrian government will establish baths there so that sufferers from certain diseases may obtain relief.

R. S. Hansen, lots 9, 10, block 20, Robertson; \$500.

R. L. Hanson to F. A. Bailey, west 30 feet of lots 9, 11, block 20, Robertson; \$1.

Frank and Edith Shaw to James Roley, northwest quarter of north-east quarter of section 22, township 4 south, range 2 east; \$1250.

George and Minnie Blew to Margaret Biddle, 40 acres of sections 1, 2, township 2 south, range 2 east; \$7500.

W. H. and Gussie Bard to Charles L. Minkler, parts of tracts P. and I. Riverside; \$4,900.

A. H. and Anna Sage to A. W. Dav-

EVENTS IN OUR STATE OF MINOR IMPORTANCE

Baker City—The new county jail has been completed and turned over to the county court.

Hillsboro—Victor Nord, aged 37, and Mrs. Anna Paulson, aged 39, were married here Monday.

Portland—President Taft has sent to the senate the nomination of Arthur W. Orton, of this city, to be register of the land office at Lakeview, Or.

Salem—State Superintendent J. H. Ackerman and Assistant E. F. Carleton have shipped to Seattle the exhibit of the state educational department for the Seattle Fair.

Hillsboro—John D. Roselair, confessed murderer of his girl-wife, waived examination when taken into court last week and was remanded to jail to await trial at the next term of court.

Pendleton—At a meeting of the executive committee of the eastern division of the State Teachers' Association, held in this city, it was decided to hold next year's meeting in Pendleton during Easter week.

Weston—The largest crowd ever in Weston, 4000 people, attended the pioneers' reunion Saturday. The leading feature was a parade of automobiles driven and owned by farmers. The automobiles were all occupied by old pioneers.

Portland—Sheriff Stevens of Multnomah county, is a patient at a local hospital for the purpose of having his eyes treated. An infection has arisen, which is believed to have been contracted through association with some prisoner.

Gervais—Indications are for a record-breaking crops of prunes, in the Willamette Valley. While growers have been greatly worried by the frosts and dry weather, it appears to be the general opinion that the crop has been the best in years.

Corvallis—Advices from the exposition authorities at Seattle received here make certain the proposed trip of the cadet regiment to the Seattle fair. The cadet regiment, 500 strong, will leave here on the afternoon of June 4 in a special train for Seattle.

Gold Beach—Representatives of Guggenheim, who has large fishing interests in Alaska, are here looking over the canner property of the late R. D. Hume, and there is little doubt that he will take over the plant, together with the large holdings of timber and farming lands.

Portland—The removal of Major McPartridge from the office of Indian agent at Umatilla, was based solely upon an act of insubordination which was proven against him. Major McPartridge will be tendered another, though less important, position in Oregon and will suffer a slight reduction in salary.

Marshfield—The national waterways commission, which will take a western trip during the coming summer, has been invited to visit Coos Bay and other Oregon points. It is expected that the entire commission, which is composed of members of the senate and house, will not visit the Pacific Coast, but that a sub-committee will go to places west of the Mississippi.

Salem—Eugene Bosse, of Salem, has received from the United States patent office complete rights on a new flax machine, which it is believed will make flax-growing feasible and profitable in this country. The machine will do away with the present expensive process of retting the straw. It is said the machine will turn out from 1300 to 1500 pounds of clean fibre in ten hours and can be operated by four men.

La Fayette—Charles Mitchell, a well to do farmer near Amity, saw a pack of hounds on a chase pass through his fields. Taking his shotgun he followed them to his sheep pasture, where he shot and wounded two of them. He was brought before a justice of the peace and fined \$5 and costs. The shooting is the first incident of its kind in Yamhill county. Fox hunting has become one of the most popular sports in the Willamette valley.

Salem—Attorney-General Crawford has rendered an opinion to the effect that the master fish warden of Oregon may lawfully collect for all licenses for the operation of stationary fishing gear and equipment on the Columbia river south of the Oregon-Washington boundary line, and that for the operation of all floating equipment a license may be granted by the authorities of either Oregon or Washington, and that such license is sufficient.

Lebanon—Fiva thousand cords of pulp wood belonging to the Lebanon Paper Mill, were destroyed Saturday, making a loss of \$22,500. Added to this loss is approximately \$6000 expended by the company in getting firemen here from other cities and in keeping a big force of men fighting at 50 cents an hour all night and day. This expenditure saved about \$40,000 worth of wood and in keeping the \$1,000,000 paper mill plant out of danger.

Wenport, land in First Addition to Barlow.

J. Henderlee and Jennie Henderlee to Edward Henderlee, 25 acres of sections 4 and 9 T8S, R1E; \$625.

Mary A. Morse to Portland Seed Company, lots 10, 18, 19 First Addition to Jennings Lodge; \$2200.

Edwin Hedges et al. to Reuben Steadman, lots 6, 7, block 50, Gladstone; \$250.

Harvey E. Cross, attorney and abstractor, Oregon City, Oregon. Abstracts of real estate in Clackamas county promptly made; charges reasonable. 30 years' experience.

NOTED VETERAN ACTOR

How Denman Thompson Welcomed a Distinguished Visitor.

HIS QUICKNESS AT REPARTEE

Neat Illustration of It on a Railway Journey—Why a Janitor Declined His Generosity—His Great Love For Animals.

One summer Senator and Mrs. Jacob H. Gallinger of New Hampshire visited Keene, N. H., and learning that Denman Thompson, the veteran actor of "Old Homestead" fame, was at his home in Swansey and being a great admirer of Mr. Thompson and his play, the senator expressed a wish to meet him off the stage and to see his fine home. An old friend of Mr. Thompson offered to drive down. Thereupon on one fine morning they drove down to Mr. Thompson's house. He came out without coat or hat, hands behind his back, as usual. The following conversation ensued:

Denman—How do you do, Bill? Bill—How are you, Den? Mr. Thompson: I want to introduce Senator and Mrs. Gallinger.

Senator Gallinger—Mr. Thompson, I have witnessed your great production, the "Old Homestead," many times and always with the greatest pleasure, but I want to say it is with still greater pleasure that I am permitted to greet you in your own beautiful home in old Swansey.

Denman—Yes; it's cheaper. Mr. Thompson's quickness at repartee is well illustrated by an incident which took place during a run from Detroit to one of the smaller towns in Michigan. Mr. Thompson had hired a sleeper to get him to the company's destination, and while making a stop at one of the intermediate stations Uncle Josh left the car and, going into the depot, satisfied his craving for some raw oysters. On coming out he noticed one of the railroad employees underneath the sleeper measuring the distance between the wheels.

"What are you doing there, my friend?" asked Uncle Josh.

"Measuring the tracks to see if this car will run O. K. on the side branch that you have got to travel over."

"That's all right, but I've hired this car to get me to a certain point, and if you don't get me there it will be 'no pay.' That's what you might call 'measure for measure.'"

The following incident occurred when Mr. Thompson was playing one night stands through the middle west. The night the performance was to be given in a certain town there was such a terrific snowstorm that no one ventured out to the theater with the exception of one man.

"Undaunted by a 'one man audience,' Thompson, stepping before the curtain, told the lone listener that they intended to give the performance from beginning to end, as though the hall were packed; that they had advertised to play that night and that, to prove the company was thoroughly honest and always ready to give a 'fair deal,' they would start the performance at the usual time.

This was too much for the audience, who had listened nervously to the remarks, so he shouted out: "Say, cut it out, will you? I am the janitor, and I want to get home early."

A few years ago Denman Thompson was discussing with a party of friends a certain automobile race.

"They hadn't any right," said one of the party, "to deprive the farmers of the highway which they are paying taxes for."

In reply the actor told this story: "A few days after the race," he said, "I happened to be driving over part of the same course. I stopped at a farmhouse and asked to be allowed to give the horse water. I got some cider.

"What did you think of the automobile race?" I asked my genial host.

"The best thing for me that ever happened," replied the farmer.

"What?" I exclaimed. "I thought all you farmers were against it?"

"Not me," said the farmer. "You see, I got a bulky mule that draws my stuff into market every morning. Yesterday morning that mule balked half way to the market. Couldn't get him to stir. While I was trying to coax him I saw a strange thing lying in the roadway—sort of a rubber thing. I picked it up and accidentally squeezed it. It let out a terrible noise, just like one of those machines, and that mule started, me on the tailboard, and never stopped till it got to the ferry. I brought it home, and I showed it to Mandy, and we squeezed it and every darn chicken ran to the coop, every darn pig hid in the pen, every darn cow ran to the barn, the cat got behind the stove, the dog got in his house, and Mandy and me spent the quietest night we've had in many a day. No, sirree, of all the labor saving machines I ever did hear of, this is the best."

An incident illustrating Mr. Thompson's love for animals took place one summer at his home in Swansey, N. H. He was alone in the house when some neighbor called, and as the friend came up the walk to the house Mr. Thompson's dog ran out, barking at the supposed intruder.

"Why do you keep such a surly animal?" asked the friend.

"Man must have something to love," replied Mr. Thompson. "When alone I can give expression to my thoughts in the presence of that dog, and I sometimes find myself in tears when alone with him. He is my friend, as are all my cattle and every other animal here on the farm."

Spain to Try Reform.

Madrid, June 2.—A bill providing for the reorganization of the Spanish postal service has been adopted by the chamber of deputies. The bill provides for lower postal rates, a parcels post, a money order system and a postal savings bank system.

1909	JUNE	1909				
SUN.	MON.	TUE.	WED.	THU.	FRI.	SAT.
	1	2	3	4	5	
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30			

Real Estate Transfers
G. B. and Frona Dimick to Jacob and Margaret Steiner, lot 7, blk 165, Oregon City; \$1250.

Eastern Investment Company to H. and Henrietta Coffey, lot 27, block 1, Edgewood; \$1.

M. C. and E. H. Burton to S. C. Alexander, lots 6, 7, block 99, Second Subdivision of a portion of Oak Grove; \$100.

John W. and Grace E. Loder to C. A. Davis, lots 28, Apperson Addition to Gladstone; \$10.

L. H. Kirchem to W. H. Wells and Kate Wells, tract of land in Oak Grove; \$150.

Eastern Investment Company to Rose Gibson, lot 12, block 39, Clackamas Heights; \$1.

Levi E. Bean to Sarah Bean, lots 3, 4, 5, 14, 15, 16, block 14, Milwaukie Park; \$170.

Samuel and Elizabeth Shanbeck to Joseph Shaner, 40 acres of east half of south half of SE 14 of section 36, T4S, R1E; \$900.

W. A. Hoskin and T. B. Donaldson to Charles M. Schultz, 3.50 acres of section 8, T5S, R1E; \$4800.

Perry A. Hunter and Sabina Hunter to M. Undermeth, 10 acres of section 31, T1S, R3E; \$500.

Adolph and Helen E. Forster to G. H. Scott and Myrtle M. Scott, tract 68, Pruneland; \$1500.

William M. Githens to Walter H. Douglas, 89 acres of section 10, T3S, R4E; \$2500.

Alfred S. Bennett and Mary V. Bennett to W. H. Douglas, 100 acres of section 30, T2S, R5E; \$4000.

William H. and Lillian L. Morehouse to F. I. Fuller, 28.66 acres of sections 24, 25, T2S, R3E; \$2250.

FOR SALE
Eighty acres—70 acres fenced, 14 acres in cultivation; 20 acres pasture, 30 acres timber, well watered, moderately good buildings, good orchard, free access to good range, on R. F. D. No. 1 from Molalla, Ore., also five good fresh milk cows. Terms cash or part cash, balance on time. Call on or address for prices, Elvira Miller, R. No. 1, Molalla, Ore.

Bids for Street Improvement.
Sealed proposals for furnishing all labor and materials for improving Water Street of Oregon City, Oregon, from the South line of Fifth Street to the North line of Sixth Street will be received by the undersigned committee until Saturday, June 19, 1909, at 4 o'clock P. M. Plans and specifications containing further information as to the kind of improvement will be furnished upon application to the Recorder of Oregon City.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check equal to 5% of the amount of the bid, which sum will be subject to forfeiture to Oregon City in case of the failure of the successful bidder herein to furnish the required bond and enter into a written contract for said work within the time specified for the same in the Time and Manner Ordinance governing said improvement. Proposals must be made upon blanks furnished by the City Engineer. The right to reject any or all bids is hereby reserved to Oregon City and the undersigned committee.

Each proposal must state the time required for the completion of the entire improvement work of said street and which improvement work must be in accordance with the plans and specifications therefor and in accordance with all ordinances of Oregon City which are connected with or govern said street improvement.

Address all proposals to the Committee on Streets and Public Property of the Council of Oregon City in care of the Recorder.

This notice is published pursuant to an order of the Council of Oregon City, Oregon, made at a regular meeting of said Council, held June 2, 1909. Date of first publication June 4, 1909.

A. KNAPP,
J. J. COOKE,
EDW. SHEAHAN,
Committee on Streets and Public Property of the Council of Oregon City, Oregon.

Summons.
In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Clackamas, Sidney E. Cornish, Plaintiff,
vs.
Martha Cornish, Defendant.

To Martha Cornish, the above named defendant:

In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and