

## \$2,000,000 POWER PLANT

Immense Station Will Be Constructed Here.

## ENORMOUS WATER POWER

Wooden Dam to Be Replaced With Concrete This Year at an Expenditure of \$100,000.

In addition to other extensions recently announced, the Portland General Electric Company has adopted plans for an immense power plant at Oregon City, which will involve a total expenditure of \$2,000,000. It will be situated at the east end of the Willamette River Falls, opposite the present plant, known as Station B. Work preparatory to beginning the construction of the building will be carried on during low water this summer and a portion of the plant will be erected next year. Additional sections will be added from time to time as the business of the company demands them, the plan being a comprehensive one, aimed to furnish facilities for providing the city with power and light for many years.

During the low-water stage this year, the company will tear out the wooden portion of the dam and replace it with concrete. The eastern half of the present dam is built of wood, and the remainder of concrete. The wooden part will be torn away and rebuilt in a manner that will assure its permanency. This change will necessitate the expenditure of \$100,000.

The new power-house is to be constructed on the site of the old station A. This building, which was abandoned as a power plant ten years ago, and was since used for a pulp mill, will be torn down during the coming year to make room for the new plant. The site is on the top of the huge rock ledge at the side of the falls, where a building can be constructed only at great expense.

When the plans of the company have reached completion, the plant will have a capacity of 50,000 horsepower at fresh head and 40,000 horsepower at flood head. The specifications provide that it shall be built in 20 sections of 2500 horsepower each, and each section will cost approximately \$100,000. Four sections of 10,000 horsepower will be installed next year, and from two to four additional sections will be built on each of the following years as the business of the company increases. In the past the company has found it necessary to increase its capacity an average of 2500 horsepower each year, and the demand from now on will, doubtless, grow still more rapidly.

**OPERATES THREE-FOURTHS OF YEAR.**

Because of the low stage of the river in the summer, it will be possible to operate the new plant only about nine months of each year. During the time that it is forced to shut down, power will be furnished by the company's steam plant, in North Portland. The capacity of this plant will soon be increased from 15,000 horsepower to 20,000 horsepower.

The Portland General Electric Company at present, in addition to its North Portland plant, has a water-power house, station B, at Oregon City which has a capacity of 12,000 horsepower. Beginning October 1, it will receive 7000 horsepower from the Oregon Water Power Company, and at the end of next year, with its new improvements, will have a total capacity of 49,000 horsepower. When the plant of the company shall have been completed in accordance with the specifications which have been adopted, the total generating force in Portland and Oregon City will be 89,000 horsepower at the highest stage of

## RICH STRIKE AT OGLE MINES

Ledge of Free Milling Ore Runs Up to \$3000 a Ton.

## STOCKHOLDERS JUBILANT

Report Says Ledge Is Four Feet In Width and Eighteen Inches Thick.

Director Charles Albright, of the Ogle Mountain Mining Company, has received a report that a ledge of free-milling ore was encountered a few days ago at the Ogle mines, which are situated in the southeastern part of the county. The ore runs from \$1000 to \$3000 per ton, and news was brought to this city by L. W. Rivers, who came direct from the mines and brought with him samples of the ore that are convincing proof of the strike.

Stockholders of the Ogle Creek mines, who live in Oregon City and Portland, are much excited over the probable rich prospects, and the stock has increased in value. It is stated that the ledge is four feet in width and 18 inches thick, and the discovery was made while making a raise from the lower to the upper tunnel. The mountain is penetrated by the lower tunnel to a depth of from 400 to 500 feet.

A crew of men has been at the mines for some weeks, and are arranging to start a stamp mill, which will be placed in operation as soon as an ore chute can be constructed. There is a large amount of ore on the dump that goes from \$50 to \$300 per ton.

the river. The new plant has been designed by the engineering force of the company, and will take the old name of Station A.

## ACQUIRES SALEM AND SILVERTON PLANTS.

President H. W. Goode last night confirmed the report that the Portland General Electric Company has closed a deal whereby it assumes the ownership of the Citizens' Light & Traction Company, of Salem, and the Union Light & Power Company, of Silverton, both of which it purchased from Bartow & Chambers. The two plants will be consolidated under the name of the Citizens' Light & Power Company, of Salem, and the headquarters and management will remain in that city.

The steam plant at Salem and the water plant at Silverton will hereafter be operated in conjunction. The company will immediately add to the Salem plant a compound condensing engine of 500 horsepower, connecting with a dynamo of equal power.

"It is our intention to build up an extensive system throughout the Valley," said President Goode last night. "We shall begin a pole line from Portland to Salem within the next 30 days and furnish power to every town along the way. The other cities of the Valley will have exactly the same light and power service as Portland. Our extensions are very great and the entire system will surpass any similar plant in the West."—Oregonian.

## BRIDGE ACROSS PUDDING RIVER.

County Court Opens Bids for Lumber on Highland Road.

The county court held a special session Monday and opened bids for the construction of a joint county bridge across Pudding river near Aurora. The proposals have been referred to the county engineer and later will be sent to the Marion county court, as the adjoining county will share in the expense of building the new bridge. The bids were:

Oids & Harris, of this city, one Queen truss, uncovered, 96-foot span, \$1194.85; one 64-foot span, uncovered, \$862.49.

C. F. Royal & Son, of Salem, 100-foot Howe truss, covered, \$1249; uncovered, \$1047; 120-foot Howe truss, covered, \$1457; uncovered, \$1240; 72-foot Howe truss, covered, \$1140; uncovered, \$996; 100-foot improved Howe truss, covered, \$1500; uncovered, \$1319; 64-foot pony truss, covered, \$975; uncovered, \$851.

Proposals for lumber for the Highland road were opened and were taken under consideration by the county court. The bids were:

Fred Heft, \$3.40; Cummins & Jones, \$7; Dix Bros., \$6.75; Albert Durst, \$5.75; Milo Pollock, \$6.50.

## Fishermen May Indorse Candidate.

Clackamas county fisherman will meet next Saturday evening for the purpose of discussing the fish laws of the state. The fishermen are anxious to secure some amendments to the existing laws, providing for an earlier commencement of both the spring and fall seasons. It is probable that they will endorse some candidate for legislative nomination who promise to advocate their contentions at the state legislature.

Now is the time to subscribe for the Oregon City Courier. Best clubbing offers we have ever had may be obtained now.

## JONATHAN BOURNE, JR.



## Republican Candidate for United States Senator

## Champion of Statement One

Jonathan Bourne, Jr., candidate before the Republican primaries for the nomination of United States Senator in Congress, for the long term commencing March 4, 1907, was born in New Bedford, Mass., February 23, 1855; was a member of the class of 1877 at Harvard University; came to Portland May 16, 1878; was a Republican member of the Oregon Legislature in the session of 1885 and the extra session of 1886; was one of Oregon's delegates to the Republican National Convention of 1888 and Oregon's member of the Republican National Committee from 1888 to 1892, and a delegate to the Republican National Convention of 1892; and was elected as a Mitchell Republican to the Oregon Legislature in 1896.

Mr. Bourne has been more prominently identified with the development of the mineral resources of Oregon than any other man in the State, having expended in the last 20 years over \$100,000 of his own money in the acquisition and development of Oregon mines.

While Mr. Bourne has had his residence and main office at Portland since 1878, he has had another office at New Bedford, Mass., and has carried on the business of his father's estate since 1889, which makes him familiar with many of the large interests and leading men in the East. These qualifications, in conjunction with his tremendous energy, originality, executive ability and experience in business and political affairs pre-eminently qualify him for making an able and influential Senator for the State of Oregon.

Mr. Bourne has always favored extending the direct power of the people over their government as far as possible. He was one of the leading spirits in the Initiative and Referendum movement from 1896 until it was approved by the voters at the June election in 1902. In 1904 he was a member of the executive committee of the Direct Primary Nominations League, and holds the same position with the People's Power League at this time. In all these movements he has been one of the few to guarantee the necessary expenses of preparing and proposing their measures to the people.

He says that the choice of United States Senator should be by direct vote of the people, and that the Legislature should be compelled to elect the man the people select. To accomplish this result, he is championing Statement No. 1, of the primary elections law as the only method by which public opinion may be crystallized and made effective upon the Legislature.

In his petition for nomination he says:

**IF I AM NOMINATED AND ELECTED I WILL, DURING MY TERM OF OFFICE, FAVOR**

- REPUBLICAN POLITICS.
- AMENDING NATIONAL CONSTITUTION FOR PEOPLE'S ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATORS.
- PUBLICITY POLITICAL CAMPAIGN EXPENSES.
- NATIONAL CONTROL OF CORPORATIONS IN INTERSTATE COMMERCE.
- RIGID EXCLUSION OF ASIATIC COOLIE LABOR; GOOD WAGES MAKE GOOD CITIZENS.
- LEGAL LIMITATION LABOR HOURS FOR SAFETY ON RAILROADS.
- PARCELS POST, INCLUDING RURAL DELIVERY.
- PURE FOOD LAWS.
- LIBERAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR PANAMA CANAL, COAST DEFENSES, RIVER AND HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS, INCLUDING COLUMBIA, WILLAMETTE RIVERS, COOS, YAQUINA AND OTHER HARBORS, CELILO CANAL, GOVERNMENT CANAL AT OREGON CITY.
- FAIR SHARE OF IRRIGATION FUND FOR OREGON.
- LOYAL SUPPORT OF SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES.
- RIGID ENFORCEMENT STATEMENT ONE.
- ROOSEVELT FOR SECOND ELECTIVE TERM.
- I DESIRE THAT THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT BE PRINTED AFTER MY NAME ON THE NOMINATING BALLOT:
- "I WILL SUPPORT PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S DETERMINATION THAT JUSTICE BE DONE ALL MEN."

## TIME NEARLY UP

### TWELVE DAYS LEFT TO FILE

Petitions Must Be Complete By Wednesday, April 4.

### CANDIDATES BY SCORE

Registration Books Close April 10 and Primary Election Is Ten Days Later.

Wednesday, April 4, is the last date that candidates have to complete petitions for nomination. With this date less than two weeks distant, the political situation in Clackamas county begins to assume definite shape and it will be on a short time when the long-suffering public will be spared the necessity of having to retrace the spasmodic, but perhaps well-meant, utterances of many candidates for nomination.

The registration books will close April 10 and ten days later the sovereign people will, for the first time in the history of Oregon politics, nominate candidates by direct vote, instead of resorting to conventions.

No less than 339 candidates have filed petitions up to the present time for nominations on the Republican ticket, and the end is not yet, though it is believed that nearly all of the petitions are in. Candidates for representative lead off with 13 petitions, but Clackamas county is entitled to three members in the lower house of the state legislature. There are five candidates for the nomination of sheriff and the same number for commissioner, two for state senator, three for treasurer, two for county judge, three for clerk, two for recorder, three for coronator and one for surveyor.

With a normal Republican plurality in Clackamas county of from 300 to 500, it can only be expected that there will be a sharp contest for nominations. The petitions that have been filed are:

- Republican.
- State Senator—L. L. Porter, Geo. C. Brownell, Oregon City.
- Representatives—E. P. Carter, Abernethy; C. H. Dye, Oregon City; Henry E. Stevens, Milwaukie; John H. Gibson, Harmony; Gordon E. Hayes, Abernethy; C. G. Huntley, Oregon City; Frank Jaggard, Beaver Creek; Linn E. Jones, Oregon City; J. L. Kruse, Tualatin; George Randall, Oregon City; W. W. Smith, Abernethy; C. B. Smith, Eagle Creek; John Talbert, Clackamas.
- Coroner—Frank Newton, R. L. Holman, W. M. Shank, Oregon City.
- Recorder—E. P. Dedman, Clackamas; Chauncey E. Ramsby, Oregon City.
- Treasurer—J. A. Tufts, O. A. Cheney, Oregon City; J. C. Paddock, Clackamas.
- Judge—Richard Scott, Oak Grove; G. B. Dimick, Oregon City.
- Commissioner—John Lewellen, Oregon City; F. J. Harkner, Estacada; W. S. Rider, New Era; W. H. Counsell, Harmony; W. H. Mattoon, Viola.
- Sheriff—R. E. Woodward, Eli Maddock, John K. Morris, Oregon City; Richard Greaves, West Oregon City; D. R. Dimick, Canby.
- Surveyor—S. A. D. Hungate, Molalla.
- Clerk—F. W. Greenman, George L. Story, Oregon City; I. D. Taylor, Abernethy.
- Justices of the Peace—District No. 4: Livy Stipp, P. D. Curran, A. M. Sisson; No. 5: T. G. Jonsrud; No. 7: J. J. Sandness; No. 2: John W. Van Horn; No. 11: J. C. Jubb.
- Constable—No. 4: H. W. Trembath, S. Mosier; No. 3: Bert Jonsrud.
- Democratic.
- State Senator—J. E. Hedges, Oregon City.
- Representatives—O. D. Eby, Oregon City; C. N. Wait, Canby.
- Judge—H. G. Starkweather, Oak Grove.

Clerk—H. F. Latourette, Oregon City.  
Sheriff—R. B. Beatie, Beaver Creek.  
Recorder—William Shannon, Beaver Creek.  
Justices of the Peace—No. 4: J. C. Sawyer; Molalla, F. H. Dungan.  
Constable—No. 4: Charles F. Ely; Molalla, J. F. Adams.  
Committeeman—Sidney Graham, Union Precinct.

It is considered likely that all of the petitions for the nomination of representative on the Republican ticket have been filed. They total 13, and as Clackamas county is entitled to a representation of three members in the lower house of the state legislature, no less than ten of these gentlemen will secure tickets for Salt River on the morning of Saturday, April 21, the day following the primary election. Much interest is being taken in the contest for the nomination and some bets are being made, a wager of \$20 being staked Saturday that Charles H. Dye would secure more votes in the primary than W. W. Smith.

Personal popularity will out a big figure in the fight for nomination and residence will also be a factor. It is reasonable to assume that a great majority of the voters of this city will vote for men who reside here, and this will give them a leverage that may result in the nomination of some of them. Clyde G. Huntley, Linn E. Jones, Charles H. Dye and George Randall live in Oregon City, though the latter recently came from New Era. Gordon E. Hayes and Henry E. Stevens, who do not live in Oregon City, have their offices here, and so far as political prospects go, have probably an equal chance with residents. W. W. Smith and E. P. Carter, of Abernethy, are close enough to Oregon City to have a wide acquaintance here, which will work to their advantage. J. L. Kruse, of Tualatin, and J. A. Talbert, of Clackamas, are ex-members of the house, and of course are generally known among the party, while Dr. C. B. Smith, of Eagle Creek, and John H. Gibson, of Milwaukie, are old Republican war-horses.

Talk of combinations is everywhere denied, as is natural, and from the information obtainable it is believed that no combination has yet been made that will prove effective. Later in the campaign, it is not unlikely that some of the candidates will get together and pool their strength. In a field of 13 aspirants, a strong combination would stand an excellent chance of winning out.

There seems to be a remarkable scarcity of timber for the offices of justice of the peace and constable for the various districts of Clackamas county, and few petitions have been filed for these offices. J. W. Graale, of Milwaukie, who has been justice of the peace there for several years, will file his petition for nomination on the Republican ticket in a few days. J. H. Dungan, justice, and J. F. Adams, constable at Molalla have already filed petitions for nomination on the Democratic ticket. J. W. Van Horn, of Oswego, filed his petition for justice of the peace on the Republican ticket, and in the Oregon City district there are four candidates for the nomination of justice of the peace, three Republicans and one Democrat. Two Republicans and one Democrat have filed petitions for the nomination of constable. Justice Jonsrud and his son, Constable Jonsrud, of Sandy, have filed petitions for the nomination on the Republican ticket for the offices they now occupy.

There are fourteen justice districts in Clackamas county, but C. Schubel, deputy district attorney for the county, is authority for the statement that the number is by far too many. "Two districts would be quite enough," he said, "and it is a fact that fully nine-tenths of all the cases come to Oregon City. With the exceptions of such places as Needy, Canby, Milwaukie and perhaps one or two others, there is practically no business done by the justice of the peace and constable, and there is no necessity for these officials in many cases."

Mr. Schubel stated that he favored an amendment to the law, dividing the county into two districts. Under the provision of the direct primary nominating law all vacancies in the offices of justice of the peace and constable will be filled by appointment from the county court. It is possible that in some districts in

Continued on page 10

### Pale, Thin, Nervous?

Then your blood must be in a very bad condition. You certainly know what to take, then take it—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. If you doubt, then consult your doctor. We know what he will say about this grand old family medicine. Sold for over 60 years.

This is the first question your doctor would ask: "Are your bowels regular?" He knows that daily action of the bowels is absolutely essential to recovery. Keep your liver active and your bowels regular by taking laxative doses of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

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HAIR VIGOR,  
SKIN CURE,  
CHERRY PECTORAL.

## MISS MOODY CLOSE SECOND

Miss Dora Moody, of Molalla, is only 150 votes behind John Stornor, of Estacada, in the contest for the cream separator, having made a heavy gain this week. Miss Moody's Molalla friends are working hard for her, evidently, as several residents of that section paid a year's subscription ahead and gave their votes to her. Mr. Stornor has 775 votes, and Miss Moody follows with 625. E. P. Dedman, of Clackamas, comes next with 430, and L. D. Mampower is not far behind Mr. Dedman with an even 400 votes. John Damm has 318, J. W. Stone 240, and Orin Hammond 235. A large number of people have less than 100 votes.

It is very probable that many votes will be cast the coming week, as the contest is nearing an end. All votes must be in by 5 o'clock on the afternoon of Saturday, April 7, which is only two weeks distant. The leaders will do some earnest work among their friends before that time, in an endeavor to secure an \$85 cream separator for nothing.