WITTE IN RUSSIA

RETURN OF THIS SUCCESSFUL DIPLOMAT NOT A MARCH OF TRIUMPH.

Despicable Manner in Which Divine Royalty is Wont to Accept Valuable Services of Subjects.

Charles E. Kern.

for an American to understand the nature of this meeting between Czar and honor for his diplomacy, was quick to subject, and although we as a people disavow being worthy of the least cannot admire M. Witte's braggadocio, credit for his labors, stating in effect we must in fact feel sorry for a man who returns to his country after ac-complishing so much in her behalf and finds it at once necessary to plan an had done in connection with the peace intrigue in order to prevent effacement, negotiations was merely in obedience

ing upon the return of M. Witte to his

Would have Presidential Bee.

"The men who make European and Asiatic history to-day can never hope to approach their royal masters, who are in many cases mere puppets, except in a manner indicating the utmost humility. The American who would perform such service as that of M. Witte would return home with a straight backbone and with the presi-dential bee buzzing under the crown

Atlantic ocean, when accorded deserved that he was a miserable creature who breathed because of the goodness of his "august master" and that anything he had done in connection with the peace



Only those who have been within to the will of his master, the Czar. the charmed circle of the court at St Petersburg can imagine the conditions influencing this interview between the Czar and his representative who has carried off the honors of the diplomatic game that has recently been played to determine the terms on which peace could be concluded between Russia and

The American imagines the Russian statesman and diplomat returning to the presence of the Czar with form erect and countenance beaming with just pride in having performed service for which he would naturally expect to be received with honor. But those who have been at the Imperial scene is enacted upon the return of M. Witte.

With Bowed Head and Humbly

They know he will return to the presence of his royal master, the Czar, if he has already reached St. Petersburg with bowed head, regretting that he has been unable to serve his master in a more worthy manner, and praying, with the hunted countenance of a criminal, that he be forgiven for having performed so poor a service. He will protest that if there can be found any act of his own worthy of favorable comment that that act is due wholly to having obeyed the royal will ness of his august master for his shortwill the distinguished diplomat M.

masters is one that cannot be under-stood by Americans and is known only to those who have been in close touch words of self depreciation which he to those who have been in close touch words of self depreciation which he

Expectations That He Would Fail.

The return of M. Witte to St. Pe tersburg also has a special interest because, as is fully understood in the inner circles of the Diplomatic Corps at Washington, his appointment as a peace commissioner to represent the Czar was given him not for his benefit but was brought about by his enemies. who expected that his failure to effect a successful peace negotiation would be his permanent political undoing. It Witte who opposed the war and favored its conclusion long before peace was arranged. He was detested by the military party, and the intrigues of the Court of Russia know that no such Russian court placed him in an uncomfortable position before the Czar. it was argued that if he could be sent on the impossible mission of making peace when the entire court was conmake the peace conference a failure, he would return discredited and forced for the first time in his career to approve the continuance of the war, which was desired by certain of the court digni-

taries up to the time peace was de-

Still Working for his Downfall. artful diplomacy of M. Witte have con-fused his enemies he is no better loved for employment as bookkeeper, clerk, not actually forced upon him. by them than he was when they con- agent, stenographer, saleswoman, etc. and having properly interpreted the by them than he was when they con- agent, stenographer, saleswoman, etc. royal purpose. He will conclude that spired to intrust him with a mission At that time less than one per cent, of act of humiliation by begging forgive-ness of his august master for his short-perform. It is learned at Washington ployed in clerical positions. In twenty where two men want the same place comings. No menial in America could that even now those same enemies are years the percentage of women in this I have seen the increase in cost grow comings. No mental in America could that even how those same enemies are years to play the part of humility so earnestly planning future traps for the eminent class increased to five per cent. of the and grow. What I hear asked now as will the distinguished diplomat M. statesman who has been favored by the total employed, while the figures of the Witte.

"The attitude of statesmen of monarchical governments toward their royal ditional attitude of a slave there will shown that in the last decade of the men can think of running for election

WORKING GIRL'S CHANCES.

CHOOSE CONGENIAL OCCUPATION THEN HOLD FAST TO THE FIRST GOOD JOB.

It is Not the Kind of Work but the Manner of Working That Brings Forth the Dollars.

"It is not my specialty, madame," said the little French milliner who had Charles E. Kern,

There is pathos in the attitude of the great Russian statesman, M. Witte, largely to whose diplomacy the Czar owses the favorable conclusion of the war with Japan, in his presentation in person to his majesty, of a report on the details of whose historic meetings at Portsmouth which were so managed as to "save the face" of Russia, as they say in the far Eart. It is difficult for an American to understand the natural coefficients of the part of the part of the presence of the President of the presence of the President of the Czar at all times as his at living or a name; whether in Paris, London, New York, Chicago, San Francisco, one must have one's highly perfected separately in order to win eyen at all times as his act of the Czar at all times as his act of humility while in this country. He referred to the Czar at all times as his act of humility while in this country. He referred to the Czar at all times as his act of humility while in this country. He referred to the Czar at all times as his act of humility while in this country. He referred to the Czar at all times as his act of humility while in this country. He referred to the Czar at all times as his act of humility while in this country. He referred to the Czar at all times as his all ving or a name; whether in Paris, London, New York, Chicago, San Francisco, one must have one's highly perfected several time.

moderate recognition.
"Don't scatter" is the very best advice to the girl worker. "Oh, I know how to do ever so many things," says the latest entry on the books of a big

employment agency.

"Can you cook?" asks the manageress with breathless eagerness. "Yes," is the reply rather shame

"Good! I'll put you down under

"But, I don't want to cook. I've been through our academy and I've graduated in all the latest accomplishments. Besides, I've come up to the city to make money—a lot of money." "You'll make a lot of money if you'll

cook," says the manageress in her take-my-advice tone, "Why, any girl that can pretend to cook, if she don't know a souffle from a hoe cake can make more money in this town than a whole class of academy graduates with ten recomplishments aplece."

It is not the kind of work, but the manner of working that brings in the

A girl of twenty-three, thrown sud-denly on her own resources, made the lives of her friends miserable by a constant cry of "What can I do?" A yellow streak of snobbishness made it all the more difficult to help her. Withjust three days later than her date of set out on a quest for a place as nursery governess. A practical friend met her just after her first rebuil, and much against her will pushed her for a place as nurseling an exceptional clear cut expenses and prominent men at Washington, as being an exceptional clear cut expenses and prominent men at Washington, as being an exceptional clear cut expenses and prominent men at Washington, as being an exceptional clear cut expenses and prominent men at Washington, as being an exceptional clear cut expenses and prominent men at Washington, as much against her will pushed her into a situation in a fashionable millinery establishment, at \$3 a week. Now it developed that trimming hats is that

It usually takes about three years in the workshops of the swell milliners to arrive at the degree of proficiency which commands a salary of \$25 per week, but the girl in question made hats for her friends evenings. Her friends sent their friends, and inside of a year she had saved enough to take trip to Paris during the summer She bought not a single model but gathered impressions, went back to New York, rented a couple of rooms in a side street between the shopping and the residence sections, dropped a little note to each of her patrons saying she had taken a flyer abroad-and the

Choose a Congenial Occupation. The secret of success is finding out one's special bent or talent. Usually the thing that it is easiest to do, that one likes best to do, is the work in which one will be able to make greatest progress. A very few are favored with inspiration along original lines. unfortunates commit the folly of choosing a profession or trade because of the results secured in it by others, rather than because of any personal

inclination or adaptability. Voluminous statistics show that a girl need not be limited in her choice of work, for some one hundred and fifty occupations, meeting every need or de sire of existence-from doctor to undertaker-have already been exploited by women. However, for the average girl, comparatively few trades and professions seem within her scope. Outside of the enormous number who become teachers, very few women are afforded the opportunity to acquire a profession; consequently, certain trades required for carrying on of routine work in business offices, shors and Might Have Cost Thirty Thousand. factories, have come to be regarded as the only money-making channels open peace when the entire court was con-vinced that the attitude of Japan would their school days confronted with the question, "What shall I do for a liv-

Always Room for Good Ones.

Now that the good fortune and the years ago the same statement was with them abroad," said a high official must utter to conform to court eti- woman clerks by over 10,000, the num- affairs? and if so, what is the remedy; of the State Department in comment- quette are in fact only plain truth. ber of saleswomen by over 100,000, the what can we do about it?"

number of stenographers and type-writers by 65,000; and the list might be continued through every profession or trade entered by women. All show a greater or less increase, proving that there is always room for the com-petent. It is only by adding real effort. perseverance and determination to a natural talent, however, that the to s reached. The woman who spends months, even years, in acquiring skill or knowledge in some line of work that ppears attractive because of the few women in it, and not because she has any special talent for it, makes a fatal

Stick to a Good Job.

A weary little public school teacher, worried into a state of hysteria by a long year with a class of unruly slum children, threw up her position, and, misled by the success of a friend, un-dertook to become a stenographer. She had just the qualities that make a good teacher, but hone of the alertness, endurance and steady nerve that are indispensable in the shorthand writer. She remembered that her friend had spent only three months on a course of ssons, but forgot that at the end of the three months had come a position at \$5 per week with eight hours of unnterrupted typewriting each day, after which, in order to make headway to-ward a better salary, every evening from half past seven to eleven was spent in speed practice. The little teacher put in a hot summer in a private business hool and later, through the kindness of friends, obtained a position in a section of the country most unhealthy The choice of the right work deter-

SENATOR MARTIN'S CASE.

mines at the start the measure of

Renomination of Virginia Statesman Cost a Small Fortune.

Senator Martin of Virginia is out of pocket \$11,500 in expenditures to secure a renomination to the United States Senate. This is more than onethird of the salary he would receive during the whole six years of his new The expenditure, it seems, was out even facility in writing, she begged necessary. The Senator had a popular assistance in becoming a paid contributor to a scandalmongering newspaper. Fortunately, she lacked as much in perseverance as in literary the State from end to end and this. much in perseverance as in literary the State from end to end and this, ability. Her next venture was in trained nursing; but, being placed in the colored ward, her southern prejudices drove her out of the hospital sary large expenditure, which is looked upon as entirely legitimate and free from any corruption, has aroused con-

"Martin's troubles are now practi-cally over," said a prominent Southern-



SENATOR MARTIN.

er, stopping at the national capital, who has all his life been familiar with the practical methods of political nomina-tions and elections. "Martin can draw a check or two more and then close ur his book because Virginia is not a close State; but suppose it were, and that Senator Martin was now obliged to meet a Republican antagonist, able to give him the fight for the election that Governor Montague gave him for the nomination, so that he had to spend \$11,500 additional—a total of \$23,000. This would leave him \$7,000 of salary for his full time of six-years of ser-

"Nay, more. Virginia is a State where campaigning is rather primitive. Money still has a good value in most of the sections. There is not the holding up and bleeding of candidates at every turn that there is in some of the more closely contested States, so that it is entirely conceivable that Senator Mar-Most discouraging of all the obstacles tin might have legitimately expended to the girl seeking her living is the more than his entire \$30,000 in order to constantly repeated falsehood that the be re-elected; a man, too, of character occupations open to the average female and ability, who has served his State intelligence are overcrowded. Thirty so well in the Senate that people might have thought he could have had the

> "But the case is typical, although i may not be usual. Politics are every

FORTY PIES A MINUTE,

PITTSBURG MAN INVENTS A MA-CHINE TO MAKE PIES BY THE MILLION.

Annual Output Would Reach Half Across the Continent - Would Drive Mother Out of Business.

"Pies like mother used to make!" "Ples like mother used to make!"
Is that possible? And yet it is learned by dispatches from Pittsburg that a growth experience.

Which permits the pie dough to enter the pans, shaped something like waffle irons, and they then pass between two



H. L. SONS, THE PIE MAN. everybody even following fiercest political campaigns. The statement made by the inventor from the Smoky City certainly is a marvel when it is figured just what the machine's capacity for pie-making is, Suppose we have the machine running ten hours a day, six days in the week, allowing for holidays and breakdowns, making the lemon meringue pies, for which the machine is specially adapted,

continent and furnish ple to every man, woman and child in the United States.

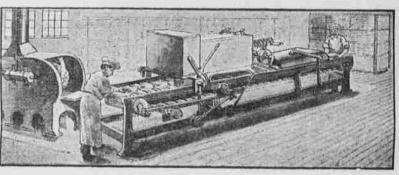
The story of the actual performance of the pie machine is truly wonderful. In fact two machines are necessary. In the first the crust is produced. Instead of pie pans, molds like waffle irons are used to form the crust. Ar the molds pass along on an endless chain, they move a lever at one end by dispatches from Pittsburg that a man there can make such appetizing delicacies at a rate of twenty-four thousand pies in ten hours, or forty in a minute through the aid of a machine which he has just perfected. If the machine can do what is claimed for it and turn out good wholesome pies there should be enough to go around the stokes of the piston, fust enough the good wholesome pies there should be enough to go around the pieston are so regu-The strokes of the piston are so regulated as to be timed with the arrival of each pan under the pipe. As soon as the crust is baked they are removed by an attendant who stands at one end of the machine. These crusts are then arranged on a large pan which is taken up by another attendant who places the crusts in the second machine.

> Filling by the Ton.
> This is also of the endless chain type. with two vast vats at one end, one of which contains the lemon filling and the other the meringue. By carefully regulated ratchets the filling and the meringue are fed alternately. The ples then pass on to an overhead burner which gives the top of the meringue a rich brown. The ples they meringue a rich brown. The pie, thus completed, is passed out from under the baker and is ready for disposal by The the American ple eater.

A RUG FIT FOR A KING.

Shah's Gift to Edward of a Wonderful Product from the Eastern

Hand Looms Never outside fairyland has been seen such a wonderful carpet as that which King Edward received the we have, with say 300 working days a which King Edward received the year, the sum total of 7,200,000 pies a other day as a present from the Shah year. If these pies are like mother used of Persia—a token of his appreciation to make, then of course they are each about nine inches in diameter and an inch and a quarter thick. Mother aid to England.



AT THE RATE OF FORTY A MINUTE.

ways used a couple of eggs and a | When this marvelous production of ways used a couple of eggs and a viter this marvelous production of the littsburg persian artists and weavers was baker would use 7,200,000 lemons, and 14,400,000 eggs. Laying these 7,200,000 Buckingham Palace he must have been supported by the scenes. are a distance of about 1,022 miles depicted in the "Arabian Nights."

From the first ple in the row to the last.

It had been known for some days from the first ple in the row to the last. A reckless chauffeur in an up-to-date

A Pie Tower Magnificent.

a year, if piled one on the other would give us a monstrous column over 142 little army of designers and weavers miles high. Of course a generous has been constantly at work upon housekeeper would divide the ples in the carpet, and the result has been the fifths, so that if our 7,200,000 pies production of what even in Persia were so shared, we would be able to must be considered a royal masterfeed 36,000,000 people, or nearly one-half the population of the United States, or more than 100 times the number of people living in Pittsburg. By using different shifts and working blended; and the manufacture is flawthe machine to its full capacity the less. The rug has been made entirely ple line would extend nearly across the by hand.

A reckless chauffeur in an up-to-date automobile, traveling at a rate of 25 the Persian monarch was to wait upon miles an hour, including necessary stops, could make the journey across these ples in a little less than three days.

The secret was well kept, and it was days. past that a special Ambassador from at the palace that any information could be gained as to the contents of the great packing case over which he Again taking "Mother's pies" as a the great packing c basis, the products of this machine in kept vigilant guard.

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