

Oregon City Courier-Herald
By A. W. CHENEY

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PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY
OREGON CITY, SEPT. 6, 1901.

Among the possibilities is the exportation of breeding animals from the Pacific coast to Eastern Siberia. A recent consular report from Vladivostok says there is a great demand for cattle in that country, and intimates that sheep and swine might be introduced from the United States.

There is nothing more valuable in this world than youth and health and a protective tariff. Mr. Carnegie said the other day that he would willingly part with all of his millions to be put back as he was fifty years ago. The old skinner is sorry because of the opportunities he neglected to fleece the country.

The Coast Seamen's Journal of August 28th asserts, practically, that victory is in sight for the army of strikers in San Francisco. Two hundred vessels are tied up. The Examiner's most valuable aid to the strikers' cause will be remembered by laboring men throughout the entire Pacific coast region.

HENRY L. NELSON, in a letter to the N. Y. Evening Post, sums up the Philippine policy of the Administration by saying that "the Filipinos are rebels for political purposes and belligerents for taxing purposes." The tobacco, sugar and hemp interests are not ready for the application of the Porto Rico policy to our Eastern possessions.

The best of commercial authorities have proven that only one man in twenty-five who engages in business can succeed; all the others must fail sooner or later. This is the history of commercial enterprise in the United States for a hundred years. Any system of industry which can make no better showing than this is a failure. We are in the stress of a crisis, and we are fools if we shut our eyes to the fact.

Though the national government owns navy yards valued at \$150,000,000, during the past ten years it built but four ships in them of the total total of \$7,200,000. During the same ten years contractors built for the government 139 ships, and were paid for hull and machinery \$131,120,000. Millionaire shipbuilders with a pull have shoved their paws into the people's treasury up to their elbows. The capitalists run the government, and no mistake.

MONEYCRACY, the reign of money will, comparatively speaking, be short-lived, for it must cease when it has reached a certain point of accumulation and becomes openly antagonistic to the welfare of the community. A generation or so may pass away before the end is reached, but economic forces are at work which will not permit much longer of its postponement. With the evolution of these economic forces will come the class consciousness of the worker and the realization of Social Equality.—Ex.

This multi-millionaire are rolling up ill-gotten profits in ever increasing volume. The 40 trust companies doing business in New York city reported their profits for the six months ending July 1 as 4 1/2 per cent, or 89 per cent. per annum. As these combinations of money-grubbers accumulate their stolen millions, they are accumulating wrath against the day of wrath. The day will come when humanity will demand a reckoning from them, granting no mercy, for they grant none. As one sows, so he reaps, is a law of nature.

The English and Irish cattlemen have petitioned parliament for the redress of a great grievance. They allege that the Americans have by foul means obtained control of Smithfield, London's central meat market. They say that British cattle raisers are absolutely excluded from that market; that the Yankees get together at 2 o'clock every morning and fix the London price for meat for the day, thus robbing consumers; that they have secured possession of the market "by means of unlimited expenditure backed by shrewd brains," and that they have done other dreadful things. "They have held their pernicious monopoly long enough."

The agricultural interest in Germany has secured a complete victory. The government has acceded to all the demands of the agrarian party, and the new German tariff is specially designed to protect German farmers against foreign competition. It will operate to restrict the German market for American produce, in some ways quite unjustly. That farmers have thus been able to dominate one of the most monarchial of governments, is an indication of what they can do in state or national affairs in this country if our farmers are united. The trusts, promoters and politicians who are so eagerly planning to induce the next congress to admit tropical produce duty free, may wake up to find themselves disappointed. And if our farmers in any state fail to secure just laws, equal taxation and equal privileges with others, it is largely their own fault. They only need to use their power.

When Hanna was speaking in Ohio during the last campaign, writes H. G. Wilschre in the Challenge, Davenport's cartoons worked on his nerve. He would ask his audiences if any one could see any dollar marks on his coat; then when nobody spoke up he would "smile" a great smile. However, when he spoke in Tiffin and asked the question, one fellow on the front benches yelled out, "Yes, I see them all over you." Hanna was discomfited a moment. Then stepping forward on the stage he turned out his coat for closer inspection to the fellow who said he saw them, asking him to pick them out, so the audience could see them also. The man then cried out, "They are not on your coat, d—n you; they are on your hide." Hanna did not pursue the subject further.

The secretary of the interior has decided the case of two homestead entries carried on appeal from a California land office, that it requires residence, cultivation and improvement, says the Eureka Standard. The residence must be continuous or as nearly so as the circumstances will admit. A person who has a homestead entry can go to some other place and work to earn a living for a

The middle class has had ever as its salubrious cry that "competition is the life of trade!" It realizes that the trust destroys competition; that the stage of competition in industrialism is rapidly giving way to the monopolistic. Of the business failures, which amounted during the last decade of the nineteenth century to, on the average, 14,000 per year, 87 per cent. were of those whose capital was under \$5000, and 9 per cent. those whose capital was over \$5000, but less than \$20,000. Therefore, of the total failures only about 4 per cent. had a capital in excess of \$20,000. More of the 1,168,343 firms during business in the United States and Canada in the year 1897, 223,332 either failed or went out of business because their funds were exhausted. In five years at this rate the whole middle class would be wiped out if it were not for the fact that there are men with small surpluses who think they can beat the game and who fill up the vacant places. But the gambler's axiom that a "sucker is born every minute" can't hold good much longer in the business world. These statistics give an idea of the methods and progress of the trust. What monumental gall, then, for the Morgans, Rockefellers, Schwabs and their ilk to deny the right of labor to extend its organization by all the kind of pressure that the law will allow!

THE STEADFAST SEA.

That the sea has ever maintained the even and level tenor of its way, while the level of the land has been and is constantly changing, says the London Mariner, admits of easy and incontrovertible proof. It is only a century ago since marks were cut in the rocks on the shore of Northern Sweden, near the ocean level, and these marks are now about seven feet above the level of the Baltic. It is found that the coast of Sweden on the North Sea rises at the rate of one foot in ten years. At that time, also, corresponding marks were made on the southern extreme of the Province of Scandia, and these are now found to be three feet below the level of the Baltic. Even the most ardent advocates of the everlasting

THEN AND NOW.

When, years ago, County Judge Matlock had given the county road between Oregon City and New Era to the Southern Pacific railroad, the people of the southern part of the county expressed their indignation by saying that if a county judge ever committed such a high-handed act of injustice again they would mob him.

Recently our county board gave to an electric railroad company the right of way from Oregon City to Canemah over the public highway, for which said board could have exacted and received about \$8000.

No effort has been made to mob the board for thus giving away the people's property. This \$8000 would have built a road over the bluff to replace the road given away. But now, if we want that road built, another sum of thousands of dollars must be piled on our county indebtedness. Say, are not the taxpayers getting tired?

Mobbing public officials faithless to their trust might become as popular in Oregon as the lynching of negro ravishers in the Southland. J. Voorhees, of the grange legislative committee, does not hesitate to express the opinion from the rostrum that corrupt legislators should be hung.

time, if necessary; but his home must be on the land and nothing else will take the place of actual residence and improvement. Those who tell homestead entrymen that they only need to visit the land occasionally and stay over a night or two in the cabin erected as an excuse for a dwelling, do injustice to the entrymen, who often lose their claims by accepting it. Because some entries are made and the land patented under such circumstances, when no contest is made, it must not be inferred that the law requires nothing more than a cabin, a little fence or clearing and an occasional trip to the land embraced in a homestead entry.

PERHAPS the most remarkable of the sixty different substances obtained from coal tar is saccharine, 220 times sweeter than cane sugar, useful for sweetening fruit preserves, jams, jellies, etc., where ordinary cane sugar would mold and ferment in course of time. A most interesting and important property is that it does not nourish and fatten the body as cane sugar does; hence it is of value in certain troubles like diabetes, where it is often recommended by the physician for sweetening tea or coffee in place of cane sugar. Vanilla, now obtained from this tar, is a delicate flavoring essence resembling the true vanilla from the vanilla bean, and the cultivation of the plant in the Cordilleras and Mauritius has been greatly restricted from the introduction of this artificial vanilla. By mixing essence of mirbane with a certain proportion of this coal-tar vanilla, Lord Roscoe has prepared a delightful perfume known as white heliotrope, and many of the pleasant perfumes which play an important part in the toilet of every pretty maiden and courtly dame are extracted, by the magic of chemistry, from that black and ill-smelling substance, tar.

stability of the land will not expect us to believe that the level of the ocean could fall in the north and rise in the south, and we may take it that the land in Northern Sweden has risen, while that in the southern portion has sunk. Many other similar instances might be cited, notably the observations of Admiral Fitzroy and Mr. Darwin on the western coast of South America, observations which tend to show that the greater part of the South American coast has been raised by a succession of upheavals. But our endeavor is only to prove that the sea is the stable element and does not change like the land, and that a "tidal" wave in mid-ocean and in fine weather is an impossible condition, unless set up by some upheaval.

Bids Wanted for Building Filter House.

The Board of Water Commissioners of Oregon City, Oregon, will receive sealed bids until 1 o'clock p. m. on Saturday, September 7, 1901, for the labor and material for constructing a building for the filter plant of the City Water Works, according to plans and specifications to be seen at the office of the secretary. A certified check must accompany the bid, equal to 10 per cent. of the amount of the contract, as liquidated damages, in case the successful bidder fails to enter into a contract and give a good and sufficient bond for the faithful performance of the contract. The building must be completed within thirty days time, from the time the foundation is ready to receive the structure, under a penalty of \$10 per day for each day thereafter. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Address, T. L. CHARMAN, Sec. Board of Water Commissioners, Charman Bros. Bldg., Oregon City, Or. Mark. Bid for Building, August 29th, 1901. A fine Upright Piano at Block'



While they are accumulating knowledge on the profound sciences, are often so ignorant of their own natures that they allow local disease to fasten on them to the ruin of the general health. Backache, headache, nervousness, point to a disordered or diseased local condition which should have prompt attention. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription may be relied upon as a perfect regulator. It stops enfeebling drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong and sick women well. There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription" and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics.

"Four letters just received," writes Miss Rose Kiltner, of 45 West Sharpack St., Germantown, Philadelphia, Penna. "Words fail to express how thankful I am to you for your advice. I must confess that for the length of time I have been using your medicine I have found it to be the most wonderful and best remedy for female trouble that I ever have tried. Sorry I did not know of your 'Favorite Prescription' years ago." Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

A Knight of Terror. "A awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she would die from pneumonia before morning," writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, which had more than once saved her life, and cured her of consumption. After taking, she slept all night. Further use entirely cured her." This marvelous medicine is guaranteed to cure all throat and lung diseases. Only 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Geo. A. Harding's drug store.

MARKET REPORTS. PORTLAND. (Corrected on Thursday.) Flour—Best \$2.65@3.50; Graham \$2.00. Wheat—Walla Walla 55@56c; valley 50c@57; bluestem 57c. Oats—White, 1 10 per cental; gray, 1 10 @ 1 12 1/2 per cental. Barley—Feed \$1.15; brewing \$1.16 per t. Millstuffs—Bran \$27; middlings 2 1/2; shorts \$20; chop \$16. Hay—Timothy \$11@13; clover, 7@9; Oregon wild \$8. Butter—Finney creamery 45 and 50c; store, 20 and 25. Eggs—17 1/2 cents per doz. Poultry—Mixed chickens \$3.50@3.75; hens \$4.50@5; springs \$3@3.50; geese, \$5@6; ducks \$3@3 1/2; live turkeys 8@10c; dressed, 10@12c. Mutton—Gross, best sheep, weathers and ewes, sheared, \$3.25; dressed, 5 and 6 cents per pound. Hogs—choice heavy, \$5.75 and \$6.00; light, \$5; dressed, 6 1/2-7 and 7 cents per pound. Veal—Large, 7 and 7 1/2 cents per pound. Beef—Gross, top steers, \$3.50 and \$4, dressed beef, 6 and 7 cents per pound. Cheese—Full cream 11 1/2c per pound Young America 12c. Potatoes—\$1.00@1.10 per hundred. Vegetables—Beets \$1.50; turnips 90c per sack; garlic 7c per lb; cabbage \$1.25 @1.50 per 100 pounds; cauliflower 75c per dozen; parsnips 85c per sack; celery 80@85c per dozen; asparagus 7@8c; peas 2@3c per pound. Dried fruit—Apples evaporated 6@7; sun-dried sacks or boxes 3@4c; pear sun and evaporated 8@9c; pitless plums 7@8c; Italian prunes 5@7c; extra silver choice 5@7.

OREGON CITY. (Corrected on Thursday.) Wheat, wagon, 50. Oats, 1 10 per cental. Potatoes, 95 cents per sack. Eggs—17 cents per dozen. Butter, country, 35 to 45c per roll; creamery, 45c. Dried apples, 5 to 6c per pound. Dried prunes—Italians, 5c; petite and German, 4c.

How To Gain Flesh

Persons have been known to gain a pound a day by taking an ounce of SCOTT'S EMULSION. It is strange, but it often happens.

Somehow the ounce produces the pound; it seems to start the digestive machinery going properly, so that the patient is able to digest and absorb his ordinary food, which he could not do before, and that is the way the gain is made.

A certain amount of flesh is necessary for health; if you have not got it you can get it by taking

Scott's Emulsion. You will find it just as useful in summer as in winter, and if you are thriving upon it don't stop because the weather is warm. Soc. and Dr. Co., all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

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CITY MARKET SCHULTZ & CARLS, Props. Opposite Huntley's First-Class Meats of All Kinds Satisfaction Guaranteed Give Him a Call and be Treated Right

Foresight Means Good Sight If there ever was a truism it is exemplified in the above headline. Lack of foresight in attending to the eyes in time means in the end poor sight. We employ the latest most scientific methods in testing the eyes, and charge nothing for the examination. Dr. Phillips, an expert graduate oculist and optician, has charge of our optical department. A. N. WRIGHT The Iowa Jeweler 293 Morrison Street, PORTLAND, OREGON

For all kinds of Building Material CALL AT THE Oregon City Planing Mill F. S. BAKER, PROP. SASH, DOORS, MOULDING, ETC.

We carry the largest stock of Caskets, Coffins, Robes and Lining in Clackamas county. We are the only undertakers in the county owning a hearse, which we furnish for less than can be had elsewhere. We are under small expense and do not ask large profits. Calls promptly attended night or day. R. L. HOLMAN, Undertaker Phones 476 and 305. Two Doors South of Court House.

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