

Oregon City Auction House
Opposite Postoffice



That we are the cheapest CASH or CREDIT house in the city is most POSITIVELY PROVED by the fact that we are the busiest store in our line in Oregon City, and the vast number of intelligent buyers who have patronized us are so many recommendations for us. If you are wise and have your own interest at stake, you will at least see our goods and prices before purchasing, so that, even if you do not buy, you will be POSTED as to goods and values. Remember,

A DOLLAR SAVED IS A DOLLAR MADE
NOTE THE FOLLOWING

Table listing various items for sale with prices: Baby Buggies from \$2.00 and upward; Chairs from 25c and upward; Sewing Machines from \$5.00 and upward; Ingrain Carpets from 30c per yd and upward; New Model Sewing Machine Improved 10 years guarantee \$24; 3 Piece Bed Room Set from \$7.00 and upward; The Only Reliable Stove on Earth The UNIVERSAL also STEEL RANGES; A Nice Tea Set of 44 Pieces Only \$3.00.

W. L. Block's Furniture and Carpet House

Our Money System.

[Written for the Courier-Herald by Argus.]
But our finances are run by Wall street, who laid down their platform, or formulated their demands through McKinley at the manufacturers' banquet in 1878, as follows:
"There is another duty resting upon the national government—to coin money and regulate the value thereof. This duty requires that our government shall regulate the value of its money by the highest standard of commercial honesty and national honor. Nothing should ever tempt us, nothing ever will tempt us to scale down the sacred debts of the nation through a legal technicality. Whatever may be the language of the contract, the U. S. will discharge all its obligations in the currency recognized as the best throughout the civilized world at the time of payment."
McKinley was set up to make this declaration, but it reminds us of the story of Esau and Jacob in the old book. It was the face of Esau but the voice of Jacob. So this utterance by McKinley was the real voice of Wall street cunningly stealing the very birthright of the people while trying to hide its trickery under such cant phrases as commercial honesty, national honor, sacred debts, &c. Take away the cant embellishments and the plain statement is: "That notwithstanding the law of the land, and the very face of the bonds provides our debts to be paid in silver, yet this government will pay everything in gold."
The law enacted by large majorities of both houses and signed by a former president is enacted as a mere legal technicality. A contract is a sacred thing in the eyes of an honest people and defines the rights of both contracting parties, but it must be broken to satisfy the double demands of Wall street.

Mr. McKinley and his cabinet were sworn to protect the people's interests. They were elected to procure bi-metalism, if possible, with the consent of Europe, because the public welfare demands it, yet under the influence of Wall street, they turn traitors to their country's interests, trample on the law of the land, and break a solemn contract made in the very interests of bi-metalism, which they were elected to support. How deplorably McKinley has exemplified in his own experience the power of gold as an inexorable master. Only a few years ago he told us that silver was the regulating medium, and that its demonization made gold the master and everything else the servant, but in the interests of the gold oligarchy he is made to stultify himself.

Regulate our money by paying in the highest or best money! You might as well tell the clockmaker to regulate his clock by raising the pendulum disc to the highest notch, or the engineer to regulate the speed of his engine by tying down the governor balls, as talking of regulating in the highest money. There is no highest or low est when money is to be regulated. As the pendulum swings an equal distance on each side the pivot, so our values must be equally poised on gold and silver the two great monies of commerce to regulate values. This is the way McKinley pointed out a few years ago. This is the way the Bank of England, the most trustworthy and conservative financiers known, demanded the restoration of values when they made an agreement with the McKinley delegates for carry-over in silver.

It is this neglect to regulate, or as Wall street puts it, regulating in the highest values, or in the plainest words, in the gold standard that is playing havoc with our people.
With bi-metalism, or our money values regulated, we should have twice the amount of real money, about 1300 millions with only about 4000 millions credit on it, instead of, as claimed, about 9000 millions with about 1000 millions credit money on it.
Our bonded indebtedness, with the option used by the creditor, would be reduced 57%, or more than one half.
(Continued next week.)

REALTY TRANSFERS.

Table of realty transfers including names like E. Ogilbee to J. I. Henderson, J. M. Sperl to C. Weimann, A. Brix to N. P. Sorenson, etc., with associated acreage and legal references.

Parsnip Complexion

A majority of the ill-afflicting people to-day can be traced to kidney trouble. It pervades all classes of society, in all climates, regardless of age, sex or condition.
The fallow, colorless people you often meet are afflicted with "kidney complexion." Their kidneys are turning a parsnip color, so is their complexion. They may suffer from indigestion, bloating, sleeplessness, uric acid, gravel, dropsy, rheumatism, catarrh of the bladder, or irregular heart. You may depend upon it, the cause is weak, unhealthy kidneys.
Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble and both need the same remedy. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy will build up and strengthen weak and unhealthy kidneys, purify the diseased, kidney-poisoned blood, clear the complexion and soon help the sufferer to better health.
The mild and extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases, such as weak kidneys, catarrh of the bladder, gravel, rheumatism and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble. At druggists, fifty cent and dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.
When writing please mention this paper.
N. Y. World and Courier-Herald \$1.75

Dr. Strickland Replies to Dr. Carll.

Editor COURIER-HERALD:
A recent verdict of a jury of honorable men of Clackamas county has again set grinding the venomous prating machine of our Shakespearean chimera doctor. In terms of his characteristic vituperation how has he vindicated himself against a possible judgment of his peers and possibly the hauntings of dying patients?
Concerning that verdict and poor pauper, let the facts be submitted to a candid people, and let them then censure him to whom censure is due.
During the month of February last at Clackamas station a tramp became disabled, and out of the charity of that community a purse of \$3 was made up, and with the pauper was sent by Mr. Wash Smith to the writer, with the request to prescribe and buy for him necessary medicines. The man was then in a paroxysm of cardiac asthma, having a valvular disease of the heart, left from an attack of acute rheumatism when a child. Dilatation of his heart and his swollen extremities indicated plainly that his disease was fatal, and to make the best of available means for the good of the man was the only thing remaining to be done. After paying \$2.50 for medicines, which the county doctor will sell you for 25 cents, there was little remaining in the purse with which to provide lodging for the patient. However, by the kindness of E. L. Shaw, city night watch, we arranged a comfortable spring bed in the city jail for the unfortunate fellow, who thanked us cordially for our kindness, as hitherto he had slept under sidewalks, trees, etc. Mr. Shaw furthermore volunteered to constantly visit him during the night and administer the medicines, which were of three different kinds, one to be given every hour, the other every three hours and the third every six hours.
Meanwhile the man improved considerably, but it was evident that he could not again go on his journey. The writer then insisted upon the county doctor taking the man, for it was evidently a county charge, and forthwith instructed Chief of Police Burns to notify the county physician to care for the patient, but the "proud man," in total disregard of his "little brief authority" as county doctor, gave no response to the notice of Chief of Police Burns, and not until night, when the poor fellow was again seized with paroxysms and the city night watch ran for the county doctor, did this county doctor heed the notice of either chief of police or night watch. The alarming condition of the tramp finally succeeded in touching a responsive chord in the makeup of the county doctor, who, as he says, then ran to the man, threw his elastic arms around him and kept him from dying, ordered an express wagon and jostled him in it off to Green Point, where the man died while being removed from the wagon.
The writer then said, and still declares, that the removal of that man was the immediate cause of his dying and hastened the death of the man at least two weeks. An investigation of the cause of death of this man was only averted by the hope that such treatment of the dying should not occur again.
However, in a brief time thereafter, at the inquest of Jacob Stuckey, deceased, it was again found that the deceased, while in the throes of death, was removed from a comfortable and ample resting place to Green Point, at Oregon City, to die within 36 hours; and again, shortly following this atrocity, at the recent inquest of Solomon Beachert, deceased, it was found that while the deceased lay at his father's house dying in the presence of members of his own family and comfortably situated, the mandatory decree of the county doctor, playing "such fantastic tricks before high heaven as makes the angels weep," flashed with lightning speed "Bring him down to Green Point." The "proud man, dressed in a little brief authority," was promptly obeyed and the dying

man accordingly placed in a wagon, hauled three miles to Aurora, put aboard the cars there for Oregon City, then expressed to Green Point, where within an hour thereafter he died; and now that Shakespearean chimera wonders why the jury should "recommend that hereafter no person be removed an unreasonable distance while in a dying condition."

The writer insists that the dying should rest, as well as the dead, and let the county doctor, and all others, if any there be, see to it that such barbarous inhumanity never hereafter occurs in Clackamas county while the writer is coroner. "Because, authority, tho' it err like others, hath yet a kind of medicine in itself that skins the vice of the top."
As to the county doctor's criticism on frequent requests, the law prescribes that the coroner has power to inquire into the cause of death or injury of a person, when the person has been killed, dangerously wounded, has suddenly died under suspicious circumstances, or suicide, and, strange to say, the kind legislature declares that the county doctor has not a word to say about whether the inquest was or was not useless, nor does it provide for the county doctor to "spit venom" at an officer while the officer is discharging his duty, and the writer has only to say that probably this "proud man," too, is "most ignorant of what he's most assured," and the facts hereinbefore stated are ample provocation for the unwarranted criticism.
And, again, what satisfaction to the paupers generally does this county doctor give? When his pauper patients apply for relief he avoids them and often makes it so embarrassing that the poor people frequently come to the other doctors of the town with plaintive descriptions of how the county doctor treated them. They say he curses and swears at them and doesn't even provide them with the comfortable quarters of the city or county jail or with treatment or other quarters fit for a dog, as he greets the writer did.
Again, the writer was elected to the office of coroner of Clackamas county by a complimentary vote of his constituency; but what about the appointment of the county doctor? How dare we mention that the county doctor's bid was \$180 higher than any other bid for the position of county physician, and he "got these just the same"? How about the caucus composed of the county doctor, a county commissioner and a senator, called to arrange a "pull" for the petty appointment? and by what mysterious contortion of reason and fairness do the "highest bidder," the "best friend" and the "county doctor" all coincide so harmoniously? A man who would be guilty of such "fantastic tricks" the writer cannot compare with an ape and do the ape justice. Better call him plainly a fraudulent hog, and in general might describe him as the sneak.
On the road, the lonely road,
Under the cold, white moon,
Under the rugged trees he stands,
Whistled and shifted his heavy load,
Whistled a foolish tune.
There was a step timed with his own,
A figure that stooped and bowed,
A long white bludge that flashed and shone
Like a splinter of daylight downward thrown,
And the moon went behind a cloud.
But the moon came out as broad and good,
The barn fowl woke and crowed,
Then ruffled his feathers in weary mood,
And the barn owl called to his mate in the wood
There's a man lying dead in the road.
Respectfully submitted,
DR. M. C. STRICKLAND,
Coroner.

Several days labor wanted at COURIER-HERALD office on account.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order of sale and execution duly issued out of the circuit court of the state of Oregon for Clackamas county, to me directed and filed on the 20th day of May, 1899, upon a judgment and decree rendered and entered in said court on the 26th day of April, 1899, in favor of J. H. Pomeroy, plaintiff, and against D. D. Magone, H. S. Magone, W. F. Whitlock, Jacob Raueh, Henry F. Yezzer, E. K. Jones & Co., a corporation, D. B. Dees and J. W. Stuart, partners as D. R. Rees & Co., and G. Gallego, defendants, for the sum of \$9500.00 and \$4234.00 and \$20.20 costs and disbursements, I will on

Saturday, the 1st Day of July, 1899,
at the hour of one o'clock p. m., at the front door of the court house in Oregon City, in said county and state, sell by public auction, subject to redemption, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest of the said defendants in or to the two parcels of real property situated in said Clackamas county, of which one parcel is described as the undivided seven-eighths of two tracts of land situated respectively in the Tompkins and George Walling donation claims, described as follows:
The one being that in the northwest corner of the D. D. Tompkins and wife D. L. C., in township 32 south of range 1 and 2 east of the Willamette meridian, thence south forty-nine degrees thirty minutes east twenty-eight and seventy-one one-hundredths chains (28 1/2 ch.); thence east sixty-six and seventy-five hundredths chains (66 7/5 ch.) to the Willamette river; thence along the bank and derings of said river, north thirty-six degrees west, nine (9) chains; thence north twenty-two degrees west eight and seventy one hundredths chains (8 7/10 ch.); thence north nine and eighty-eight hundredths chains (9 8/10 ch.) to the northeast corner of said claim; thence west along the north line of said claim eighty-four and ten hundredths chains (84 1/10 ch.) to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and thirty-seven and seventy hundredths (137 7/10) acres (except a conveyance by said Magone and wife to the said D. D. Magone and H. S. Magone, and three hundredths (2/3) acres by deed recorded in book 33, page 91, of the records of deeds of said county.)
And the other of said two parcels is described as all the right, title and interest that the said D. D. Magone and H. S. Magone, or either of them, had on October 4, 1894, in the donation claim of Waters Carmen and Lucretia Carmen, his wife, being notification No. 335, certificate 1663, in township two south of range one east of the Willamette meridian.

J. J. COOKE,
Sheriff of Clackamas county, state of Oregon.
Dated, Oregon City, Ore., May 23, 1899.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I have been appointed administrator of the estate of John S. Dugan, deceased, by the Honorable County Court of Clackamas county, Oregon. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same to me for payment at my home at Molalla, Clackamas county, Oregon, with proper vouchers therefor, within six months from the date of this notice.
J. J. COOKE,
Administrator of the estate of John S. Dugan, deceased.

TREASURER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT COUNTY WARRANTS endorsed prior to December 31, 1898 are now called. And interest will cease on the same on the date of this notice.
JACOB SHADE,
Treasurer of Clackamas County.
Oregon City, May 25th, 1899.

CONTEST NOTICE.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Oregon City, Oregon, May 29, 1899.
A SUFFICIENT CONTEST AFFIDAVIT, dated Oct. 3, 1898, having been filed in this office by George A. Bell, contestant, against home-stead entry No. 11,873, made June 4, 1896, for SE 1/4 section 32, township 2 s., range 7 e., by Minnie Patton, contestee, in which it is alleged that "the said Minnie Patton has wholly abandoned said claim for more than one year prior hereto; that for over one year prior this date said entryman has not resided on said claim or viewed said claim, or any one for her, that for over one year last past homestead claimant has not in any way cultivated or improved said claim, and her absence has not been owing or due to her employment in the military or naval service of the United States in time of war," said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations at 10 o'clock a. m., on July 14, 1899, before the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Oregon City, Oregon.
The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit filed March 16 and May 17, 1899, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice cannot be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.
CHAS. B. MOORES,
Register.
WM. GALLOWAY,
Receiver.

Astoria & Columbia River Railroad Co.

Table with columns: LEAVES UNION DEPOT, For Maygers, Rainier, Clatskanie, Westport, Clifton, Astoria, Warrenton, Flavel, Gearhart Park and Seaside, Astoria and Seaside Express, Daily, 8:00 A.M., 7:40 P.M.; ARRIVES UNION DEPOT, 11:15 A.M., 9:40 P.M.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Clackamas.
J. N. Harrington, executor of the will and estate of Joseph Walton, deceased, Plaintiff,
vs.
John B. Jackson, Ova Jackson, his wife, H. M. Jackson, David Turney, and McMinnville College, Defendants.

State of Oregon, County of Clackamas, ss.
BY virtue of a judgment order, decree and an execution, duly issued out of and under the seal of the above entitled and in the above entitled cause, to me duly directed and dated the 3rd day of May, 1899, upon a judgment rendered and entered in said court on the 22nd day of April, 1899, in favor of J. N. Harrington, executor of the will and estate of Joseph Walton, deceased, plaintiff, and against John B. Jackson, Ova Jackson, his wife, H. M. Jackson, David Turney and McMinnville College, defendants, for the sum of \$968, with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from the 22nd day of April, 1899, and the costs, and upon this writ, commanding me to make sale of the following described real property, situate in the county of Clackamas, state of Oregon, to wit:
Being a part of the donation land claim of William Holmes and Samuel Vane in township 3 south, range 2 east of the Willamette meridian, and bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at the center of the Molalla and Oregon City county road at the northwest corner of a tract of land decided to Gustav Schorer, by deed recorded on page 100 of the records of deeds for Clackamas county, and running thence north 76 deg. 45 min. east 1068 ft. to an iron pin; thence north 21 deg. 45 min. west 463.7 ft. to a stake; thence south 68 deg. 15 min. west 1061.45 ft. to the center of the county road; thence south 28 deg. 03 min. east 223 ft. to the place of beginning, containing 8 1/2 acres, more or less, all in Clackamas county, Oregon.
Now, therefore, by virtue of said execution, judgment order and decree, and in compliance with the commands of said writ, I will, on

SATURDAY, the 10th DAY OF JUNE, 1899,
at the hour of 1:30 o'clock p. m., at the front door of the court house in the city and county of Oregon City, in said county and state, sell at public auction, subject to redemption, to the highest bidder, for U. S. gold coin, cash in hand, all the right, title and interest which the within named defendants, or either of them, had on the date of the mortgage herein or since had, in or to the above described real property, or any part thereof, to satisfy said execution, judgment order, decree, interest, costs and all accruing costs.
J. J. COOKE,
Sheriff of Clackamas county, Oregon.
Dated, Oregon City, Ore., May 9, 1899.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Clackamas.
Gambrium Brewing Company, a corporation, Plaintiff,
vs.
John A. Nilson and John F. Shea, Defendants.

State of Oregon, County of Clackamas, ss.
BY VIRTUE OF A JUDGMENT ORDER, DECREE AND AN EXECUTION, duly issued out of and under the seal of the above entitled and in the above entitled cause, to me duly directed and dated the 12th day of May, 1899, upon a judgment rendered and entered in said court on the 10th day of April, 1899, in favor of Gambrium Brewing Company, a corporation, plaintiff, and against John A. Nilson and John F. Shea, defendants, for the sum of \$292.48, and the further sum of \$22.38 taxes and costs, and the further sum of \$24.08 as attorney's fee, and the further sum of \$14.35 costs and disbursements, and the costs of and upon this writ, commanding me to make sale of the following described real property, situate in the county of Clackamas, state of Oregon, to wit:
The northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section sixteen (16), township 4 south, range 2 east of the Willamette meridian, containing forty (40) acres, situated in Clackamas county, Oregon.
Now, therefore, by virtue of said execution, judgment order and decree, and in compliance with the commands of said writ, I will, on

SATURDAY, the 17th DAY OF JUNE, 1899,
at the hour of one o'clock p. m., at the front door of the court house in the city and county of Oregon City, in said county and state, sell at public auction, subject to redemption, to the highest bidder, for U. S. gold coin, cash in hand, all the right, title and interest which the within named defendants, or either of them had on the date of the mortgage herein or since had in and to the above described real property, or any part thereof, to satisfy said execution, judgment order, decree, interest, costs and all accruing costs.
J. J. COOKE,
Sheriff of Clackamas county, Oregon.
Dated, Oregon City, Ore., May 16, 1899.

The Dalles, Portland and Astoria Navigation Co's

Strs. Regulator & Dalles City
Daily (except Sunday) between
The Dalles,
Hood River,
Cascade Locks,
Vancouver
and Portland
Touching at way points on both sides of the Columbia river.

Both of the above steamers have been rebuilt, and are in excellent shape for the season of 1899. The Regulator Line will endeavor to give its patrons the best service possible.
For Comfort, Economy and Pleasure, Travel by the steamers of The Regulator Line.
The above steamers leave Portland 7 a. m. and Dalles at 8 a. m., and arrive at destination in ample time for outgoing trains.
Portland Office, The Dalles Office, Court Street, Oak St. Dock.
A. C. ALLAWAY
General Agent.