

OREGON CITY COURIER

OREGON CITY HERALD

CONSOLIDATED.

A. W. CHENEY, Publisher

Legal and Official Newspaper of Clackamas County.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Spaid in advance, per year, \$1.00
12 months, 75
Three months, 25

The date opposite your address on the paper denotes the time to which you have paid.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Standing business advertisements: Per month
1 inch \$1, 2 inches \$1.50, 3 inches \$1.75, 4 inches \$2.00, 5 inches \$2.25, 6 inches \$2.50, 7 inches \$2.75, 8 inches \$3.00, 9 inches \$3.25, 10 inches \$3.50, 11 inches \$3.75, 12 inches \$4.00, 13 inches \$4.25, 14 inches \$4.50, 15 inches \$4.75, 16 inches \$5.00, 17 inches \$5.25, 18 inches \$5.50, 19 inches \$5.75, 20 inches \$6.00, 21 inches \$6.25, 22 inches \$6.50, 23 inches \$6.75, 24 inches \$7.00, 25 inches \$7.25, 26 inches \$7.50, 27 inches \$7.75, 28 inches \$8.00, 29 inches \$8.25, 30 inches \$8.50, 31 inches \$8.75, 32 inches \$9.00, 33 inches \$9.25, 34 inches \$9.50, 35 inches \$9.75, 36 inches \$10.00, 37 inches \$10.25, 38 inches \$10.50, 39 inches \$10.75, 40 inches \$11.00, 41 inches \$11.25, 42 inches \$11.50, 43 inches \$11.75, 44 inches \$12.00, 45 inches \$12.25, 46 inches \$12.50, 47 inches \$12.75, 48 inches \$13.00, 49 inches \$13.25, 50 inches \$13.50, 51 inches \$13.75, 52 inches \$14.00, 53 inches \$14.25, 54 inches \$14.50, 55 inches \$14.75, 56 inches \$15.00, 57 inches \$15.25, 58 inches \$15.50, 59 inches \$15.75, 60 inches \$16.00, 61 inches \$16.25, 62 inches \$16.50, 63 inches \$16.75, 64 inches \$17.00, 65 inches \$17.25, 66 inches \$17.50, 67 inches \$17.75, 68 inches \$18.00, 69 inches \$18.25, 70 inches \$18.50, 71 inches \$18.75, 72 inches \$19.00, 73 inches \$19.25, 74 inches \$19.50, 75 inches \$19.75, 76 inches \$20.00, 77 inches \$20.25, 78 inches \$20.50, 79 inches \$20.75, 80 inches \$21.00, 81 inches \$21.25, 82 inches \$21.50, 83 inches \$21.75, 84 inches \$22.00, 85 inches \$22.25, 86 inches \$22.50, 87 inches \$22.75, 88 inches \$23.00, 89 inches \$23.25, 90 inches \$23.50, 91 inches \$23.75, 92 inches \$24.00, 93 inches \$24.25, 94 inches \$24.50, 95 inches \$24.75, 96 inches \$25.00, 97 inches \$25.25, 98 inches \$25.50, 99 inches \$25.75, 100 inches \$26.00

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY.

OREGON CITY, APRIL 7, 1899.

To Subscribers.

The COURIER-HERALD has put no accounts in any agent's hands for collection, but we understand Mr. Fitch has attempted to collect some of his back accounts in this way. We have nothing to do with these. The date opposite your name on the paper represents the time to which you have paid. If any errors occur we are ever ready to correct them.

We often hear men talking about "sound money" and saying that this country "must have a money that is good in Europe," who would not know a ten dollar gold piece from a dog tag.

Let no "imperialism" or "embalmed beef" draw your attention away from the 16 to 1 idea. When men who are MEN are elected to office, such scandalous matters will be no longer incubated into the national capital.

We predict that more than ninety percent of the delegates to the next national democratic convention will favor the re-adoption of the financial plank of the 1896 platform—and vote for the nomination of William J. Bryan, for president, on the first ballot.

We have known merchants who allowed their partisan views to so far outweigh common sense as to refuse to advertise in papers that do not pander to their political views. Now suppose the customers of such merchants should practice the same narrow contracted course—how would the merchant feel about that?

The Missouri house has ordered a bill engrossed which provides for the submission to the voters in 1900, of an amendment to the constitution, providing for legislation by the Initiative and Referendum. This is a process by which the legislature must, on the petition of 4 per cent of the qualified voters of the state, order a measure submitted to a vote of the people and if it receives a majority it becomes a law.

"Here are some of the terrible things" says the K. C. Times, "which according to a county exchange, are likely to befall a delinquent. Last week a delinquent subscriber said he would pay up Saturday if he lived. He's dead. Another said: 'I'll see you tomorrow.' He's blind. Still another said: 'I hope to pay you this week or go to the devil.' He's gone. There are hundreds who ought to take warning by these procrastinators and pay up their subscriptions now.

It seems as though the "white man's burden" was, of late being gaged as to what he is fool enough to stand. In the closing days of the last congress, the gold buzzards who were in control and who had already plundered the people of the United States into bankruptcy; just to show their growing insolence and defiance of decency, honesty, economy, or ability to avoid stealing, voted a little purse of three million dollars of the people's money to the advance agent of prosperity, on the side, for "miscellaneous expenses" which means, to keep up the gold bug fences, to buy booze for the royal snobs while galavanting over the country, in varnished cars, etc. Oh yes, you bet, prosperity has returned—to McKinley and his gang.

In the realms of nature there are certain unerring laws, and the farmer who did not know that the kind of crop he would raise depend entirely on the kind of seed sown would be a fit subject for the insane asylum. Nothing is more true than man will reap what they sow. Therefore it is preposterous for one to sow oats and expect to reap wheat. In the realm of politics the same rule holds good, and our republican fellow citizens who have been sowing the seed from which the modern trust has developed are reaping just the kind of a crop ordinary, common sense mortals would have expected. The republican voters have

sown their ballots in rich trust soil and we are now reaping a large harvest of trusts, and the main query now is what shall be done about it. If the republican party can construct a machine which will as successfully thresh, the trust crop as the one used in producing it, it will be able to perform all kinds of miracles in the near future. It is believed, however, by some very good intelligent men, that if confidence can be fully restored in Mark Hanna, everything will come out all right.

SOME people seem surprised to find that a paper opposed to the party of corruption and trusts can live without receiving financial support from some source other than from legitimate business, but the COURIER-HERALD is a living example of such, and will always be found advocating reforms for the common people and giving all the local and county news possible and it circulates purely on its merits.

An amendment to the constitution of North Carolina limiting suffrage has been adopted by both branches of the general assembly. It passed the house by a vote of 81 to 27, and the senate by a vote of 41 to 6. It will be submitted to a vote of the people in August, 1901, at the same time state officers are voted for. The avowed object of the amendment is to eliminate the ignorant negro vote. To do this educational, property and poll tax qualifications are prescribed. These are made ineffective to white people by the further provision that any person can vote who was entitled to vote on January 1, 1867, or any time prior thereto, or whose ancestors were entitled to vote.

The statistics for the year 1898 will reveal a startling state of affairs—in fact will knock the props completely from under the fanatical temperance lecturers who have in the past claimed that alcoholism was the cause of more deaths than any other plague. But the statistics of 1898 will refute this idea and place Algerism in the lead as a destroyer of human life. For absolute proof look at the record during the late war with Spain! The number of men killed in battle in the army was only 239 and those who died from wounds was 125. But the number that succumbed to Algerism—while in camp, was 5,277! Now who is responsible for Alger? Solve this question and then see who is responsible for all these deaths.

Some people think it is woefully wrong to criticize such august bodies as the batch of old grafting grannies that are called the Supreme Court. But when it takes these hoboes from two to five years to render a decision in a case that any school boy could decide in ten minutes—and decide right, it is high time such demagogues and trimmers were severely criticized and denounced. The law declares a certain act a crime; yet our supreme court will ponder over the matter for years, especially when some sleek political parasite of their stripe is charged with such a crime. It is about time for the people who pay the freight to come to the conclusion that our supreme court, as at present constituted, is a supreme fraud, a useless and expensive parasite and a stranger to justice, and could well be dispensed with.

The gold bug banker will scratch his head, swell up like a poisoned pup, look as wise as a coze oyster and tell you that "this government cannot issue legal tender paper money that is good, that paper money must be issued by the banks." They mean the banker's trust. But they all agree that interest bearing government bonds are just the thing—and good as gold—for the banker. Now tell us, if you please, why a government bond—a piece of paper that compels all producers to pay tribute to shynock, the non-producing banker and money gambler, is better than the government notes that do not bear interest, and which circulate among the people, performing all the functions that any money can perform? You can't do it. It is strange that men who are ordinarily enlightened on many other questions cannot see this matter, and the silver issue is their true light.

The statement of the national treasury shows an available cash balance of \$290,726,045. Nearly \$5.00 for every man, woman and child in the country stowed away where it does no good! The retiring of that vast sum from circulation certainly does harm. It is the gold standard policy that claims that the treasury must have coin enough to meet possible demands by presentation of greenback and treasury notes for redemption. Yet the paper money is preferred to gold, and no one demands gold for paper, that paper circulated at par without question before there was ever a dollar in the treasury. Every action of the treasury is in the direction of riveting the gold standard more firmly on the people. The constant accumulation and accretion to this vast reserve, that comprises nearly one-fourth of our available circulating medium, of all kinds, cannot but be a menace to business and fix the control of the finances of the country in the grasp of financial magnates. The government is in partnership with them instead of representing the people.

We sometimes wonder if there is still an intelligent working man in the land that is so blinded by partisanship as to yet believe the hirelings of plutocracy, when they, in their stump speeches and in their gold plated press, tell the workmen how they love them—and because of this great anxiety for the welfare of the laborer they do not want them swindled by having the stipend they get for their labor, paid them in silver! Is it possible for an intelligent man to believe such tommyrot? It can only be the blindly partizan and the grossly ignorant that swallow such gush. The idea of a Shylock or his henchmen loving, eye weeping for the poor laborer! If they would better their condition, American workmen must disillusionize themselves of such a belief.

The Enterprise in its last issue feebly denied that it furnished large lots of unnecessary blanks for the court-house. We admit it has not furnished many of late, because it "loaded" up every case in the office with blanks several years ago and they have not been emptied yet, and some will not be for years to come. Some of the blanks printed by the Enterprise four or five years ago are still there, others are but little used, and the amount of old blanks on hand that are worthless and that were printed when republicans were in power is a caution. We know the present publisher of the Enterprise does not know much about the printing business and is not responsible for his absurd statements. As a politician, lawyer and real estate promoter he's all right, and will no doubt soon shine in the newspaper business.

A press dispatch from New York city of recent date states that "the Board of Health of the city is engaged in an examination of the 'sweatshops.' Thus far of 300 tenement house sweatshops examined 29 have been found in such bad sanitary condition that the board has been asked to order radical alterations. In the Italian quarter the inspector found men, women and children working from 5:30 in the morning to 11:30 at night, and the highest wages received was 45 cents a day." Now pause and ponder over the prosperity of these poor people under the beneficent reign of Mr. Hanna's advance agent. Then pause again and consider how loyal Mr. Hanna's administration is to the working man and women of this country, as many of the contractors who furnish the clothing for our soldiers have the work done in these Chinese breeding sweatshops, or by Chinamen, in order to satiate their appetites for greed.

If our public officials were chosen more from the producing classes, instead of, as is now almost unanimously the case, from the ranks of the drones and political trimmers, who have no sympathy for labor or laborers, much of the evils of government would be overcome. Most of our public officials, especially those who "manufacture laws" are chosen from the ranks of the truckling tools of plutocracy—hence they have no sympathy for, or owe no allegiance to, the producing classes who elect them. Whose fault is this? Clearly it is the voters who are to blame—but it is a sad confession to have to make, that "the people" won't vote for one of their own number, because he is generally too poor to "blow himself" for bust-head booze during the campaign. This order should be reversed at once. Let it be done in future campaigns and note the beneficial results.

RUDOLPH KOERNER, he who thinks he is, came out in last week's Enterprise with a letter jumping onto the editor of the COURIER HERALD for publishing an article criticizing him while acting in a public capacity. Mr. Koerner can rest assured that we will not hesitate to criticize him or any other public official if we think he is not doing right. Mr. Koerner is mistaken when he states we have any ill feeling toward him, as we pride ourselves on the fact that we bear malice toward none, much less a man who thinks he is head and shoulders above his fellow-men because he is a straw boss in a corporation mill. He goes on to say that this paper was instrumental in defeating him last fall for mayor. If we did we are proud of the fact that we did what we could to elect a man that is not narrow-minded and does not let personal spite interfere with public affairs. We thank you, Mr. Koerner, for the compliment. He also claims he was instrumental, while chairman of the finance committee, in throwing the bid of this paper, which was lower, out, because he did not like us, and giving the job to a small organ that gave him "taffy" through its columns, and that we feel sore over it. We still claim Mr. Koerner was wrong, but as to feeling sore, we had not the least thought of such a thing. Mr. Koerner seems to think a man is not worth mentioning unless he belongs to the party of trusts and combines and can be "voted" as the bosses wish.

Ninety per cent of the people have some kind of humor in the blood, and this causes many diseases. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures these diseases by expelling the humor.

Hood's Pills are non-irritating and the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Weekly Crop Bulletin.

CROPS.—The condition of fall and winter sown grain is fair. In some localities the grain was frozen out in February; in others, seeding was delayed by one cause or another, and the soil is not now in condition to be worked, it being too wet. With a few weeks of fair weather during the current month the usual average will be sown. The grain not injured (and the amount injured in comparison with the total is very small) is in a most promising condition. The cool weather retards growth, but assists in stooling, so that later the stand will be excellent. As a whole, the grain crop is in fair to good condition.

In the Willamette Valley fruit bloom has commenced, but it will not be general for a week or more. Fruit trees in this valley, where planted in wet soil, were killed by the February freeze. The damage was not so great as was at first anticipated. Many trees that were supposed to be injured are now showing life, and while the crop this year may be reduced, the trees will live. The injury will not have a material effect upon the total fruit crop; it is confined almost entirely to prunes and plums, and in a few localities to peaches.

Garden making and spring work are delayed. Onions, radishes, peas, and other early vegetables have been planted but general garden work will not commence until the soil becomes warmer. Strawberries are making slow growth and no blossoms are yet reported. Raspberries, gooseberries and currants are in leaf.

Lambing is in progress and no loss reported. Stock wintered well and is now in good condition. Grass is making slow growth. A late season is always discouraging, but it is not always a detriment to the quantity or quality of the crop to be harvested. While other seasons have usually been more auspicious at the current date, there is nothing in the many reports received to cause any anxiety or alarm.

B. S. Pague.

Grange Notices.

The next regular meeting of the Clackamas District Pomona Grange will be held with Harding Grange, at Logan, on Wednesday, April 12, 1899, at 10:30 a. m. All Patrons of Husbandry cordially invited to attend.

MARY A. WALDRON, Secretary.

Clackamas District Pomona Grange will hold its regular quarterly session Wednesday, April 12, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., with Harding Grange, No. 122, in their hall at Logan. A pleasant time is anticipated, and a cordial invitation is extended to all members in good standing.

MARY S. HOWARD, Master.

MARKET REPORTS.

PORTLAND. (Corrected on Thursday.)

Flour—Best \$2.90@3.20; Graham \$2.65.
Wheat—Walla Walla 56@57c; valley 58c; bluestone 59@60c.
Oats—White 44@45c; gray 41@43c.
Barley—Feed \$22; brewing \$22.
Millstuffs—Bran \$17; middlings \$22; shorts \$18; chop \$16.
Hay—Timothy \$8@9; clear \$7@8; Oregon wild \$6.
Butter—Fancy creamery 50c; seconds 40@45c; dairy, 32@42c; store, 20@27c.
Eggs—13c.
Poultry—Mixed chickens 4@4.50; hens \$4.50@5; springs \$3.50@4; geese, \$6@8; ducks \$4@7; live turkeys 12c@13c; dressed, 14@16c.
Cheese—Full cream 12c per pound; Young America 15c.
Potatoes—Burbanck \$1.50@1.75; Early Rose \$1.25@1.50; sweets 2@2.5c per pound.
Vegetables—Beets 90c; turnips 75c per sack; garlic 7c per lb; cabbage \$1.25@1.60 per 100 pounds; cauliflower 75c per dozen; parsnips 75c per sack; celery 70@75c per dozen; asparagus 6@7c; peas 6@7c per pound.
Onions—75c@81c.
Apples—\$1.25@1.75.
Dried fruit—Apples evaporated 4@5c; sun-dried sacks or boxes 3@3.5c; pears sun and evaporated 6@6c; pitless plums 4@5c; Italian prunes 3@4c; extra silver choice 5@6c.

OREGON CITY. (Corrected on Thursday.)

Carrots, parsnips and beets are in brisk demand at 1c per pound. There is also a lively demand for eggs.
Wheat, wagon, 52c.
Potatoes, \$1.20 to \$1.35.
Eggs, 13c to 15c per dozen.
Butter, 30 to 50c per roll.
Onions, 70 to 90c per sack.
Dried apples, 4 to 5c per pound.
Dried prunes—Italians, 3c; petite and German, 1c.
Green apples, 85c to \$1.25 per box.

Two Millions a Year.

When people buy, try, and buy again, it means they're satisfied. The people of the United States are now buying Cascares Candy Cathartic at the rate of two million boxes a year and it will be three million before New Years. It means merit proved, that Cascares are the most delightful bowel regulator for everybody the year round. All druggists and 10, 25, 50c a box, guaranteed.

N. Y. World and Courier-Herald \$1.85

No Scandal Can Arise



From the use of our CANNED BEEF or other canned goods, because there is no diversity of opinion as to its quality. The unanimous verdict is one of approval. Those who use them freely are pleased with the freshness, richness and delightful flavor of every article. And our prices give satisfaction, too. HEINZ & CO., Bakers and Grocers, Opposite Postoffice - Oregon City

Advertisement for Applegath & Prasil, Fashionable Furriers, 143 Third Street, Portland, Ore. Includes details about seal skin garments and remodeling services.

Advertisement for 'A Flying Top Free!' from Harding's Drug Store, featuring 'The Latest Fad' and 'Oh, My Headaches!' with a pair of glasses illustration.

Advertisement for J. Henri Kessler, M.D., a Scientific Optician, located at 293 Morrison St., Portland, Oregon.

Large advertisement for Dr. Kessler's Tape Worm medicine, including a portrait of the doctor and detailed text about its efficacy for various ailments.

Advertisement for Geo. Reddaway, Confectionery and Cigar Store, Sole Agent in Clackamas County for our Native Herbs.

Advertisement for Otto Schumann, Manufacturer of Monuments and Headstones, located at No. 204 Third Street, Near Taylor, Portland, Oregon.