

# SHIP ANDELANA GOES DOWN

Wrecked at Tacoma With Fifteen Men Aboard.

SUFFERED A SWIFT DEATH

Met Their Fate While Asleep—Captain and Mate Among Those Lost—Vessel Capsized During a Heavy Gale.

Tacoma, Wash., Jan. 17.—The most appalling marine disaster that has ever occurred in the history of Tacoma happened early this morning. During a terrific gale which swept over Puget sound, the British ship *Andelana*, anchored in this port, awaiting cargo, capsized, and Captain G. W. Staling and his crew of 16 men, who were asleep below decks, were dragged down to a sailor's death without an instant's warning. The full list of those lost is as follows:

Met Their Fate While Asleep—Captain and Mate Among Those Lost—Vessel Capsized During a Heavy Gale.

Just what time the disaster which resulted in such appalling loss of life occurred is not known, as every person on board the vessel went to the bottom of the Sound with it.

The ship, which was of English build, and worth probably \$150,000, entered this port several days ago. She was to have loaded wheat under charter to Eppinger & Co., of San Francisco, for Europe. Yesterday she was taken to the Eureka dock and all ballast removed and the hold cleaned, preparatory to receiving cargo.

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One of the ballast logs was found. To it dangled part of the chain by which it was originally fastened to the ill-fated ship. In addition, one of the lifeboats, a mattress with the name of the ship on it, and several oars, were found. Beyond these no other wreckage has been discovered.

As all on board perished, only surmises as to the cause of the disaster are prevalent. Judging from indications, shipping men say, the ballast log found was from the port side of the vessel. She ship, according to all accounts, was headed in a southerly direction, or toward the head of the bay, at the time the gale swept down the Sound.

The heavy winds caused the ship to strain on the chains, making the log on the weather side taut and giving a tendency to lift the log from the water, but the strain was too great for one of the chains, and it snapped.

This released the taring craft from the greater restraint on the weather side, and she lifted with the wind, and there being little restraint from the other end of the log, raised it enough to allow the right or mooring chain to slip off.

The situation was further aggravated by the fact that the tides were just setting in at the time the ship went down. This in all probability forced the stern of the vessel around and exposed the broadside to the gale's fury.

Late this afternoon the ill-fated vessel was located. She lies on the bottom of the Sound, on her broadside, under 23 fathoms of water, close by the spot where she had been anchored.

Lived Over 100 Years.

Utica, N. Y., Jan. 17.—Mrs. Emily J. Moseley, who would have been 103 years old had she lived until April, died at the Home for the Homeless tonight.

Storm in Switzerland.

Berne, Switzerland, Jan. 17.—A heavy gale is blowing today, accompanied in different parts of Switzerland by torrential rains and snow.

The United States gunboat *Helena*, reported at Port Said today, and, having coaled, proceeded on her way to the Philippines.

# GO ON THEIR MERITS.

Oregon Legislature Will Closely Consider Appropriation Bills.

Salem, Or., Jan. 14.—The first week of the legislative session closes with 91 bills introduced and read in the senate, and 184 in the house.

The house passed the bill to add two judges to the supreme court, and there is little doubt that the measure will pass the senate in due time.

A bill to correct the committee clerkship abuse further for future legislation is before the senate, and is likely to pass both houses.

WASHINGTON LAWMAKERS.

Mantz, Whose Seat Is Contested, Asks to Be Taken Off Committee.

Olympia, Jan. 14.—Senator Mantz today asked to be excused from serving on the committee of elections and election contests, inasmuch as his seat was to be contested, and that, in all probability, the matter would be referred to that committee.

The chair stated that it was expected that the contest in Mantz' district would be referred to a special committee.

Eight hundred and forty-two citizens of Walla Walla petitioned for an assembly hall in the Walla Walla state penitentiary.

The request was made on the ground of public morals, as it was claimed an assembly hall for the inmates of the penitentiary would tend to improve their morals.

For a State Road.

The house a bill was introduced by Moore, establishing a state road down the Columbia river from Lyle, Klickitat county, to Washougal, Clark county, and appropriating \$25,000 therefor.

A concurrent resolution relating to the wealth of Washington coal mines, and requesting the secretary of the navy to use Washington coal in preference to British Columbia coal, and calling upon said secretary of the navy to notify the legislature if any reason exists why this cannot be done.

House bill No. 78, offered by Bedford, who moved its advancement to third reading after the title had been read. It is an appropriation bill, carrying \$1,500 for the transportation of prisoners, \$500 for transporting juvenile offenders, and \$200 to pay traveling expenses of superior court judges.

Senate concurrent resolution No. 2, authorizing the purchase of a suitable flag for the capitol, was taken up and passed under suspension of the rules.

The senate concurrent resolution for the printing and publication of 2,500 copies of Governor Rogers' message was passed.

# RAILROADS TO POOL ISSUES.

Report That Great Northern and Northern Pacific Have Combined.

New York, Jan. 16.—The Times says: The announcement of the settlement of recent disagreements between the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific railroads proved to be one of the most interesting statements Wall street has lately had to consider and enthrall over.

In Northern Pacific common stock there is reason to believe that a pool has been formed, including in its membership the strongest financiers of Wall street, among others, friends of J. P. Morgan, Governor Flower and John D. Rockefeller.

This pool, credited with a capacity beyond any such recent combinations, is believed to have as the basis for its organization knowledge of plans which will practically make the Northern Pacific and the Baltimore & Ohio one property.

Some reports, probably distorted, have it even that Northern Pacific property would actually absorb the B. & O. Under any circumstances, it is declared there will be direct management and personal supervision of policy by James J. Hill.

Klondike at Home.

Hillsboro, Jan. 16.—While ditching on his beaverdam at Farmington, five miles southeast of this city, George Robinson struck a gold-bearing quartz ledge which assays \$42 to the ton.

The ledge is between two and three feet in width. The lead runs north and south, pitching east. Near it are two other ledges, the rock from which has not yet been assayed.

The ledge was discovered several days ago, but the matter was kept very quiet until today, and the only trouble to be encountered is in getting water.

No gold had ever before been found at Farmington, but old miners considered the indications there very good.

General Egan Censured.

Washington, Jan. 16.—The war investigating commission today passed a resolution censuring Egan for the language he used when he appeared to answer charges made against the commissary branch of the army by Miles, and returned to him the carefully prepared typewritten statement which he left with the commission after reading it to that body.

General Egan has concluded to exclude the matter complained of.

# NO TROUBLE AT MANILA

But Nevertheless the Situation Is Critical.

A REBEL ATTACK RIDICULOUS

Good Results Are Expected From the Conference Between Otis and Aguinaldo's Representatives.

Manila, Jan. 16.—The situation here is undoubtedly critical, but Major-General Otis has it well in hand, and there is no such certainty of trouble as many believe.

The rebels are concentrated on the outskirts of the town, and their leaders have issued strict orders that they shall act only on the defensive.

An accident might precipitate trouble, but the idea of a rebel attack upon Manila is ridiculous, as the Americans control the position.

Aguinaldo has republished the second manifesto in reply to the proclamation of General Otis, which was recalled on its first appearance, but it has proved ineffectual.

On Wednesday, a false alarm, due to trivial incidents occurring simultaneously in opposite parts of the city, led to a general call to the United States forces.

In 15 minutes the entire city was covered. The promptitude of the Americans, while it created a scare for the moment, effectually restored confidence throughout Manila, and dispelled the excitement due to a passing fear on the part of the citizens that an outbreak was imminent.

It is possible that the Filipinos, after the diplomatic conferences that have been held between the representatives of General Otis and Aguinaldo, have finally come to understand that the cautious and conservative policy of the Americans is not due to fear, and they may accept the inevitable with good grace.

It is evident that at present they are unable to appreciate the full meaning of the independence demanded, and when they do understand its extent, the American proposition will be acceptable.

# HOUSE PASSES ONE BILL.

Senate Discusses the Question of Open Executive Session.

Washington, Jan. 16.—The house today passed the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill without an amendment. During the general debate two set speeches were made against imperialism by Carnack and Gaines, of Tennessee.

The diplomatic and consular bill is the sixth of the regular appropriation bills to pass the house. Seven budgets yet remain to be acted upon. The bill as passed carries \$1,751,533.

Washington, Jan. 16.—Little business was transacted by the senate in open session today. Sixteen bills on the private pension calendar were passed, and a joint resolution extending the thanks of congress to Miss Clara Barton and other officials of the Red Cross Society for their beneficent work in Armenia and Cuba was adopted.

Cockrell entered a motion to recall the bill which passed yesterday, authorizing the president to appoint Brigadier-General T. H. Stanton a major-general, and place him on the retired list with that rank. At 5 o'clock the senate adjourned.

Debate in Open Sessions.

Washington, Jan. 16.—The supporters and opponents of the peace treaty in the senate had their first contest over that document today in executive session.

While the debate technically was upon Senator Berry's motion providing for the consideration in open session, the entire question at issue was gone over to a considerable degree. The discussion continued for a few minutes past 11 until 5, when the senate adjourned for the day without reaching a vote upon the Berry motion.

# TO ORGANIZE A CABINET.

General Brooke Has Decided to Have Four Civil Secretaries.

Havana, Jan. 16.—Gen. Brooke has carefully considered the formation of a cabinet of civil advisers, and has decided to have four secretaries—the first of state and government; the second of finance, the third of justice and public instruction; and the fourth of agriculture, industry, commerce and public works.

Only prominent residents of the islands will be invited to join the cabinet. The governor-general has received acceptance from two, whose names are reserved until all four can be announced. One of the other two may be a Spaniard, though it is probable that all four will be Cubans.

Oregon Soldiers Will Come Home.

Washington, Jan. 16.—Representative Tongue today saw Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn and asked him if the recent turn of events in the Philippines would mean that the Oregon volunteers would be retained in those islands longer than was originally intended. He was informed that the outbreaks would not change the department's plan, and that the Second Oregon would be sent home as soon as relieved by regulars.

Cheering-Gum Trust Formed.

New York, Jan. 16.—A combination of chewing-gum manufacturers of the United States was practically consummated today, when the last contracts necessary to amalgamation were executed in this city.

The capital involved amounts to about \$15,000,000. The naval board on promotion will recommend that rewards be given to Ensigns H. B. Ward and W. W. Buck, who acted as spies during the war with Spain.

# VETO MESSAGES RETURNED.

Governor Rogers Sends the Wanted Documents to the Senate.

Olympia, Wash., Jan. 13.—Immediately after the reading of the minutes in the senate, Lieutenant-Governor Daniels announced the standing committees.

Plummer called for a committee of five to group the committees and recommend the number of clerks. Carried. High presented a memorial from Clark county settlers. He asked that the memorial be referred to the committee on memorials, but that, inasmuch as a similar document had been introduced in the house, he did not desire the state put to the expense of printing the memorial.

On motion of Yeend, W. C. Gray, of Stevens county, who is contesting the seat of Senator C. A. Mantz, was allowed the privilege of the floor of the senate.

The committee on the compensation of senate employees reported as follows: Secretary, \$5; assistant secretary, \$4.50; sergeant-at-arms, \$3; assistant sergeant-at-arms, \$4; minute, journal and enrolling, engraving and assistant engraving, bill and docket clerks and stenographer, \$4 each; judiciary clerk, \$4.50; pages, \$2; all other employees, including committee clerks, \$3.50.

The vetoes of Governor Rogers on bills acted upon since the adjournment of the last legislature were presented, together with the names of the appointees of the governor. The confirmation of appointees was made a special order for January 20, at 11 A. M.

On motion of Megler, the vetoes were made a special order for January 17. The votes cover, among others, the general appropriation bill. The exceptions are: "The appropriation of \$25,000 for the Cheney normal school, \$17,500 for the maintenance of the Whatcom normal school, and \$20,000 for the equipment and improving the grounds of the said Whatcom normal school are hereby objected to and disapproved, the reason for such disapproval being such appropriations are opposed to a just public policy at the present time. With these exceptions the bill is hereby approved."

Senate bill 250 appropriated \$1,745 for the relief of George W. Babcock. The governor's objections are: "From information and belief, I consider this claim unjust. The claimant has his remedy in the courts."

Senate bill 194, relating to tidelands, the chief executive considers unconstitutional.

The committee on grouping committees was named as follows: Plummer, Wilshire, Paul, Megler and Carper.

Clerk's Salaries Fixed.

The first business of the day in the house after invocation by Rev. Henry L. Badger, rector of St. John's, was upon the special order involving the adoption of the committee report scheduling salaries of employees.

Mr. Bellows submitted an amendment horizontally reducing the schedule 50 cents on each employe, but allowing the proposed \$3 extra compensation to the speaker to stand. Roll-call on the proposed amendment on salary of chief clerk showed the relative strength to stand about 47 to 23 in favor of sustaining the committee. After one more test of strength, the amendment was withdrawn by Mr. Bellows, and the committee report was adopted.

The speaker was authorized, on motion of Smith of King, to employ a secretary at a salary of \$4 per day.

Beals presented a petition from engineers and steam users of Skagit and Snohomish counties for a law compelling inspection of boilers.

A resolution prevailed, offered by Gunderson, calling upon the state land commissioner's office for information concerning value of the state's granted capitol lands. The speaker appointed Gunderson, Minard and Bedford as such committee.

A memorial was offered by Daniels, praying for the pensioning of Indian war veterans.

# APPOINTMENTS CONFIRMED.

Governor Geer's University Regents Satisfactory.

Salem, Jan. 13.—Governor Geer sent to the senate this morning the appointment of Dolph, Bean and Senator William Smith, of Baker, as members of the board of regents of the state university, and Holt as trustee of the soldiers' home, the same as Governor Lord had named, and which were withdrawn yesterday except Smith in place of Kincaid. The nomination of Smith "took the wind out of the sails" of the opposition to the governor, as Selling expressed it, and instead of a fight all were confirmed immediately.

Two Additional Justices.

Upon the assembling of the house the committee on resolutions reported back a resolution providing for an examination of the books of the state board of school land commissioners, with an amendment that the committee be allowed only one clerk, at a salary of \$3 per day. The resolution was adopted as amended.

After the first reading of the bill by Beach of Multnomah to regulate building and loan associations, Moody asked the consent of the house to take up and place on its third reading the bill providing for relief of the supreme court, and an increase of the number of justices of the supreme court to five. The bill passed by a vote of 37 to 17.

Plan to Modernize Rome.

Rome, Jan. 13.—The Marquis di Medici has prepared for the government his plans of a project to make Rome a seaport. He estimates the cost at \$12,000,000. Medici is one of the wealthiest men in Italy, and is prominent as an engineer. He has already executed gigantic works regulating the flow of the river Tiber, at a cost of over \$60,000,000, and constructed a number of railroads and other feats of engineering.

# NEWS OF NORTHWEST

Items of General Interest Gleaned From the Thriving Pacific States.

A Wheat Producer.

Unlontown, Wash., claims for the southeastern corner of the Palouse country the distinction of being the greatest wheat-producing section of the world. Within a radius of six miles of that thriving town there were raised this year upwards of 1,500,000 bushels of wheat, with good crops of barley, oats, hay, vegetables, etc. Fall wheat averaged from 42 to 53 bushels to the acre and spring wheat 23 to 30 bushels. If any other ambitious corner of the world desires to contest honors for supremacy in grain-raising the opportunity is offered.

Telephone Extension.

The Rocky Mountain Bell Telephone Company will soon connect Halley, Idaho, with all prominent places by long distance telephone. A line will be constructed from Boise to Camas Prairie, thence to Halley by the Gold Belt, and then to Blackfoot. Halley will be the headquarters of the 300-mile line between the Utah & Northern and Boise. Telephone lines are being extended over the principal parts of Burns, Or., and the Primeville Telephone Company is making extensive improvements.

Hops.

A contract to sell 12,000 pounds of the 1899 hops at 10 cents per pound has been made by Daniel Cavanaugh to Faber & Neis, of Albany. Prospects for fair prices for this year's crop are very flattering. Hop men in Oregon who held their crops and thus obtained better prices are now out of debt for the first time in several years.

Horst Bros. bought several lots at North Yakima within 10 days at 12 1/2 and 13 cents.

Advance in Eggs.

Eggs are worth 50 cents a dozen at Colfax, Whitman county. It would seem policy for the Whitman farmers to raise a million or two bushels less wheat and put in a few acres of hens. It is much cheaper to raise a dozen eggs than a bushel of wheat, yet Whitman and other Eastern Washington counties, which produced nearly 15,000,000 bushels of wheat last year, import thousands of dollars' worth of dairy and hog products and eggs every year.

Canyonville Industries.

The growing and shipping of fruit in the vicinity of Canyonville is now so far advanced as to bring in considerable amount of a revenue. Prunes to the amount of 1,500,000 pounds have been sold at the average rate of over three cents per pound, bringing in over \$45,000. Shippers are now getting ready large consignments of winter apples, and the prevailing price for turkeys is from 9 to 10 1/2 cents gross. Lime, sulphur and salt for spraying purposes are now in demand.

Bromine-Chlorine Plant.

An innovation in mining that will be of the greatest value to the people of Eastern Oregon is the establishment at Baker City of a bromine-chlorine plant, for the working of refractory ores, which have hitherto been considered as worthless. The Golconda plant, being erected by J. G. English and others, and which is expected to be in operation very soon, will increase to a great extent the business of the Baker City merchants.

Line Shippers.

The Tacoma & Roche Harbor Lime Company, which is the chief lime works in the Northwest, shipped 100,000 barrels last year, against 90,000 in 1897. The increase was both foreign and local, and the president, J. S. McMillin, says he expects an increase this year of at least 50 per cent, basing his estimates on trade conditions and orders now on hand. This business is a fair indicator of the demand for building material.

Big Cargo to the Orient.

The N. Y. K. steamship *Riojun* Maru sailed from Seattle last week for the Orient, with one of the heaviest cargoes ever taken from that port. The freight included 4,000 bales of cotton, 18 carloads of pig lead, 14 cars of wood pulp, besides a great quantity of flour and miscellaneous goods. Another cargo soon to be shipped to the same port will contain 700 tons of salted salmon, brought over from the Fraser river.

Bids for County Bonds.

The county commissioners of Gallatin county, Mont., received bids last Monday for the purchase of funding bonds to the amount of \$137,000. These bonds are made payable in 20 years, and are to bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually in the city of Bozeman. The county reserves the right to redeem any of the bonds after 10 years, by giving 60 days' notice.

Flax Industry Growing.

A result of recent agitation throughout Oregon for the cultivation of flax, as a commercial commodity, is the sowing of a considerable acreage this fall to flaxseed. The Portland Linsseed Oil works is furnishing seed to farmers on application, agreeing to take their pay from proceeds of crops raised, for which crop they will contract at prices that mean handsome returns.

New Bank Proposed.

A new bank, the second in the town, is a new project now being planned for Lewiston, Mont. The capital is expected to be \$100,000, of which amount Fergus county people have already subscribed for \$60,000 worth.

George Bach, formerly of Utica, will be cashier, and the principal promoters are H. Hodgson, David Hilger, Herman Otten and Louis Landt. The bank will open its doors in perhaps a week or two.

# PACIFIC COAST TRADE.

Portland Market.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 60c; Valley, 62c; Bluestem, 63c per bushel. Flour—Best grades, \$3.20; Graham, \$2.65; superfine, \$2.15 per barrel. Oats—Choice white, 40c; choice gray, 39c@40c per bushel.

Barley—Feed barley, \$22@24; brewing, \$23.50 per ton. Millstuffs—Bran, \$17 per ton; middlings, \$22; shorts, \$18; chop, \$16.00 per ton.

Hay—Timothy, \$9@10; clover, \$7@8; Oregon wild hay, \$6 per ton. Butter—Fancy creamery, 50@55c; seconds, 45@50c; dairy, 40@45c store, 25@30c.

Cheese—Oregon full cream, 12 1/2c; Young America, 15c; new cheese, 10c per pound. Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$2.25@3 per dozen; hens, \$3.50@4.00; springs, \$1.25@1.35; geese, \$6.00@7.00 for old, \$4.50@5 for young; ducks, \$5.00@5.50 per dozen; turkeys, live, 15@16c per pound.

Potatoes—70@85c per sack; sweets, 2c per pound. Vegetables—Beets, 90c; turnips, 75c per sack; garlic, 7c per pound; cabbage, \$1@1.25 per 100 pounds; cauliflower, 75c per dozen; parsnips, 75c per sack; beans, 8c per pound; celery, 70@75c per dozen; cucumbers, 50c per box; peas, 3@3 1/2c per pound.

Onions—Oregon, 75c@81 per sack. Hops—15@17c; 1897 crop, 4@6c. Wool—Valley, 10@12c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 8@12c; mohair, 23c per pound. Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 4c; dressed mutton, 7 1/2c; spring lambs, 7 1/2c per lb.

Hogs—Gross, choice heavy, \$4.25; light and feeders, \$3.00@4.00; dressed, \$5.00@5.50 per 100 pounds. Beef—Gross, top steers, 3.50@3.75; cows, \$2.50@3.00; dressed beef, 5@6 1/2c per pound. Veal—Large, 6@6 1/2c; small, 7@8c per pound.

Seattle Markets.

Onions, 85@90c per 100 pounds. Potatoes, 20@25c. Beets, per sack, 75c. Turnips, per sack, 50@75c. Carrots, per sack, 45@60c. Parsnips, per sack, \$1. Cauliflower, 50@90c per doz. Celery, 85@40c. Cabbage, native and California \$1.00@1.50 per 100 pounds.

Apples, 35@50c per box. Pears, 50c@1.50 per box. Prunes, 50c per box. Butter—Creamery, 27c per pound; dairy and ranch, 18@22c per pound. Eggs, 27c.

Cheese—Native, 12@13 1/2c. Poultry—Old hens, 14c per pound; spring chickens, 14c; turkeys, 16c. Fresh meats—Choice dressed beef steers, prime, 6 1/2@7c; cows, prime, 6 1/2c; mutton, 7 1/2c; pork, 6@7c; veal, 6@8c.

Wheat—Feed wheat, \$23. Oats—Choice, per ton, \$24. Hay—Puget Sound mixed, \$20.00@11; choice Eastern Washington timothy, \$15. Corn—Whole, \$23.50; cracked, \$24; feed meal, \$23.50.

Barley—Rolled or ground, per ton, \$25@26; whole, \$23. Flour—Patent, per barrel, \$3.60; straights, \$3.25; California brands, \$3.25; buckwheat flour, \$3.75; Graham, per barrel, \$3.60; whole wheat flour, \$3.75; rye flour, \$4.

Millstuffs—Bran, per ton, \$14; shorts, per ton, \$16. Feed—Chopped feed, \$20@22 per ton; middlings, per ton, \$17; oil cake meal, per ton, \$35.

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A Good Showing.

The Whatcom creamery has turned out 22,340 pounds of butter, or over 16 tons since May 1, 1898. Patrons deliver their cream and receive 24 cents per pound for the butter yielded.

The sum of \$6,803 has thus been paid out to Whatcom county residents since May. The creamery will continue in operation all winter.

It is said that the electric cars in New York city did a record business during the blizzard and proved their entire efficiency.

The Golden Spike.

February 1 the citizens of Globe, Ariz., will celebrate the completion to that point of the Gila valley, Globe & Northern. The regulation golden spike will be driven, and the citizens of Globe will make the event an auspicious one.

The probabilities are that the Southern Pacific will make special rates to Globe from all points between Los Angeles and El Paso, and that the inhabitants of that section of country will turn out in gala attire.